

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, SENIOR OFFICERS' QUARTERS
DISTRICT, QUARTERS NO. 1
(Nimitz House)
(Naval Station Treasure Island, Commander's Quarters)
Naval Station Treasure Island, 1 Whiting Way, Yerba Buena Island
San Francisco
San Francisco County
California

HABS CA-1793-B
CA-1793-B

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1793-B

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
PACIFIC GREAT BASIN SUPPORT OFFICE
National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior
600 Harrison Street
San Francisco, CA 94103

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

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HABS No. CA-1793-B

Location: Naval Station Treasure Island
1 Whiting Way
Yerba Buena Island
San Francisco
San Francisco County, California

UTM: 10.556131,4185003
USGS Quad Oakland West, 1959 (rev. 1980)

Present Owner: Base Realignment and Closure
Program Management Office West
1455 Frazee Road, Suite 900
San Diego, California 92108-4310

Present Occupants: At the time of recordation, the Treasure Island Development Authority (TIDA) occupied the building under a lease with the U.S. Navy.

Present Use: Vacant

Significance: Quarters 1 is significant as part of the Senior Officers' Quarters District at Yerba Buena Island. Although short-lived as a training station (1898-1923), Yerba Buena Island was essential in the establishment of a modern American naval presence on the West Coast. One of four such facilities, Yerba Buena Island quickly became a key naval training station while it operated, and continued to play an important role in the military presence on the island after it was decommissioned in 1923. The Senior Officers' Quarters district represents the major nexus of the historic building stock on the island during this period and is significant for its association with the establishment of the Navy training station and its role as a World War II-era "Receiving ship." The district is also significant as a representative example of the Classical Revival style, which was popular in the Bay Area during the 1890s and prevalent in late nineteenth and early twentieth century officers' quarters throughout the armed services.

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PART I. HISTORICAL INFORMATION

A. Physical History

1. Date of erection: 1899-1900. The Navy completed construction of Quarters 1 on January 23, 1900.¹
2. Architect and Engineer: The construction of Quarters 1 is attributed to the Bureau of Yards and Docks (BuDocks), the department in the Navy which handled design, construction, and maintenance of all naval facilities. Civil engineer F.C. Prindle and Captain F.W. Dickens are credited with initial planning of the Naval Training Station, and together the two selected building sites, drew plans, and prospected for a water supply. The extent of their role in the designs of the Senior Officers' Quarters district on the station is not known, because original plans do not exist. With some larger and more prominent buildings on Navy stations, designs were occasionally contracted out to a private architect. It does not appear that this was the case with Quarters No. 1, as it bears a striking resemblance to officers' quarters at Mare Island Naval Shipyard in Vallejo, designed by the BuDocks during the same period.
3. Original and subsequent use: Quarters 1 was constructed as the Naval Training Station Commandant's residence in 1900 and was used by the station commander until 1945. From 1945 to 1997, the residence served as the Flag Officer's Quarters. It was during this period, from 1963-1966, that Admiral Chester Nimitz resided in the house, and the residence received the name "Nimitz Residence." After Naval Station Treasure Island was closed in 1997, the residence remained vacant.²
4. Builder: BuDocks.
5. Original plans and construction: Historic photographs of Quarters 1, taken soon after its completion in 1900, show that the three-story building was symmetrical in plan with a central block flanked by two, one-story wings. The earliest photograph, dated 1901, shows that the attached wings functioned as side porches and were both covered by a flat roof. A small shaped wing sat on the northwest side building with an adjacent small outbuilding. The original roof was a high hip roof with a decorative ridge roll, and had three dormers centered on the front facade. The central dormer was larger than the two flanking dormers and covered with a gable roof with a prominent boxed cornice. Additionally, the building had

¹ E. Hice and D. Schierling, "Historical Study of Yerba Buena Island, Treasure Island, and Their Buildings," Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Base Realignment and Closure, Revision 1, prepared for Environmental Department, Naval Station, March 1996, Table 2, 1-48.

² Quarters 1 was previously recorded in Historic American Engineering Record, HAER No. CA-233-A, Quarters 1, San Francisco, California, April 1998.

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three chimneys, two located on the southwest side and one on the north side. Fenestration throughout the building consisted of double-hung wood one-over-one, with an upper sash featuring a decorative light pattern, similar to those seen in several of the Senior Officers' Quarters today. On the front façade, the two outer windows on the second floor were bay windows with elaborate window hoods and scrolls.³

6. Alterations and additions: Alterations to Quarters 1 have been numerous over the years and the turn-of-the-century appearance of the residence has been substantially altered. By far the most drastic of the alterations occurred when the top two floors were destroyed by fire in 1934, and were rebuilt. Although there are no plans or historical records documenting this reconstruction, it appears that the building was largely rebuilt to original shape and plan with several exterior modifications. The third floor, which prior to the fire served as servant's quarters, was sealed off, preventing future use. The roof may have been rebuilt with a shallower pitch although this is difficult to tell given the varying perspectives of historic photographs. The dormers on the front side of the building were reconstructed so that each was identical in appearance and covered with a shallow hip roof and simple cornice. The flanking wings were enclosed, and the wing on the south side included the second-story enclosed sleeping porch. The chimney on the southwest side of the building was not reconstructed. With the absence of early plans, it is difficult to assess the level of change to the interior plan and finishes of the house.

During the 1950s, the Navy made several changes to the interior of Quarters 1. The kitchen was remodeled and new appliances installed, as well as new flooring and counters. Bathrooms were also updated and old fixtures replaced. Other changes to Quarters 1 which can not be dated include: replacement of the original floor materials, with the narrow oak floor boards, construction of interior stairs connecting the basement and the kitchen, and the addition of an elevator to the stair hall and base. Based on its appearance the elevator appears to date to the 1930s, and was possibly installed when the building was reconstructed.⁴

³ Officers and Admiral Jaynes House "Goat Island" California, Naval Reserve Day, March 27, 1920. The photograph shows Quarters 1 and Quarters 2 (on the right side of photograph) in the background, Treasure Island Museum Collection, Unit 1, Shelf A, Yerba Buena Island Folder; Quarters 2 as it appeared after the 1934 fire and subsequent reconstruction, May 1935. Treasure Island Museum Collection, Yerba Buena Island folder; "View of Quarters 1 with Naval recruits. This photograph shows the front side of the building before the fire of 1934. Treasure Island Museum Collection, Unit 1, Shelf A, Yerba Buena Island Folder.

⁴ Navy Public Works, "Basement Plan, First Floor Plan, Second Floor Plan, Quarters 1," undated; Officers and Admiral Jaynes House "Goat Island" California, Naval Reserve Day, March 27, 1920. The photograph shows Quarters 1 and Quarters 2 (on the right side of photograph) in the background, Treasure Island Museum Collection, Unit 1, Shelf A, Yerba Buena Island Folder; Quarters 2 as it appeared after the 1934 fire and subsequent reconstruction, May 1935; Treasure Island Museum Collection, Yerba Buena Island folder; "View of Quarters 1 with

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B. Historical Context

Note: Please refer to **HABS No. CA 1793-A** for a detailed historical context of the Senior Officers' Quarters District. For additional documentation pertaining to Quarters No. 1, please see **HAER No. CA- 233-A, Naval Training Station, Quarters 1**. Additional documentation for Yerba Buena Island can be found in **HAER No. CA-232, Torpedo Assembly Building**, and for Naval Training Station on Treasure Island in **HABS No. CA-2785, Golden Gate Exposition**.

The Naval Training Station at Yerba Buena Island was established pursuant to an executive order from President McKinley on April 12, 1898. Although the Army continued to occupy and operate the Torpedo Station, the Navy was granted "a goodly portion" of the island for use as a training station. The need for a western training station was demonstrable and the Navy's efforts to establish other small various training stations, such as Mare Island Station, had proved unsatisfactory.⁵ The Yerba Buena Island Naval Training Station became one of four Navy training facilities in the United States, and the only one on the West Coast.⁶ An ambitious project from the outset, the small island had limited usable land, only approximately 150 acres with no room for expansion, and remained ill-suited for use as a training station. Even so, the island remained a key facility from 1900 to 1923, when Navy training operations were moved to San Diego. This transfer represented an important step in the shift of major Navy installations from northern to southern California, specifically to San Diego.

The island remained a Navy facility, however, in a more limited capacity as a "Receiving Ship." A "Receiving Ship" was a transient station for sailors awaiting assignment to duty on ships at sea. The Navy re-designated the Receiving Ship at Yerba Buena Island to Receiving Station, Treasure Island in 1946.⁷ The Navy continued to use Yerba Buena Island for various functions, although it never served as headquarters for a Navy command again. New functions were assigned to the training station, unrelated to any previous uses there, and Yerba Buena Island effectively functioned as part of Naval Station (NAVSTA), Treasure Island.

Twenty-seven buildings were built on Yerba Buena Island during the initial period of construction of the Naval Training Station between 1900 and 1905.⁸ They ranged from

Naval recruits. This photograph shows the front side of the building before the fire of 1934. Treasure Island Museum Collection, Unit 1, Shelf A, Yerba Buena Island Folder; Sally Woodbridge, National Register of Historic Places Registration Form, "Quarters 1, Yerba Buena Island, Naval Training Center," January 1991.

⁵ JRP Historical Consulting Services, "History and Historic Resources of the Military in California, 1796 to 1989," Volume II of *California Historic Military Buildings and Structures Inventory* Prepared for the US Army Corps of Engineers, Sacramento District, March 2000, 5-7.

⁶ E. Hice and D. Schierling, "Historical Study of Yerba Buena Island, Treasure Island, and Their Buildings," 1-14.

⁷ E. Hice and D. Schierling, "Historical Study of Yerba Buena Island, Treasure Island, and Their Buildings," 1-41.

⁸ E. Hice and D. Schierling, "Historical Study of Yerba Buena Island, Treasure Island, and Their Buildings," 1-48 – 1-79.

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simple utilitarian structures such as the island's powerhouse to the elaborate training barracks building, the first building constructed on the island. As the construction on this enlisted barracks hall progressed, the Navy began to build a series of officers' quarters just up hill from the barracks. The Commander's Quarters, Quarters No. 1, was completed in 1900, and Captain Henry Glass (later Rear Admiral) moved command of the Naval Training Station from his ship anchored in the cove, to Quarters 1.⁹ Quarters 1 continued to function as the Commandant's residence until the residence was moved to Building 62 in 1946.¹⁰ The Navy re-assigned Quarters 1 as the Flag Officer's residence and it continued as such until 1997. The building became known as the Nimitz Residence after five-star Fleet Admiral Chester Nimitz, who took residence in 1963 and remained there until his death in 1966.

PART II. ARCHITECTURAL INFORMATION

A. General Statement:

1. Architectural character: Quarters 1 is a significant example of a Classical Revival style building in the Bay Area and a representative example of its use in naval residential architecture.
2. Condition of Fabric: Quarters 1 remains in good condition although it was heavily damaged by a fire in 1934, and has been subject to periodic interior changes.

B. Description of Exterior:

1. Overall dimensions: This building is rectangular in plan with two flanking wings and a small ell on the rear side, totaling 5,886 square feet. The main building measures approximately 100' long, with five bays on the central block and two on each flanking wing. The building is approximately 30' wide with three bays on both the north and south sides. The ell on the northwest side is two bays wide and two deep. Quarters No. 1 is 50' tall with two stories.
2. Foundation: This residence rests on a perimeter brick foundation, which varies in height from approximately 2' to 4' above grade. A wood water table is set at the top of the foundation and separates the foundation from the wall cladding. Spaced throughout the foundation are openings that consist of wood hopper windows and louvered vents. Each window is capped with a simple concrete lintel.

⁹ E. Hice and D. Schierling, "Historical Study of Yerba Buena Island, Treasure Island, and Their Buildings," 1-15.

¹⁰ There is a conflict of dates regarding the Commandant's move from Building 1. While the Navy re-designated the Yerba Buena facilities in 1946, the Environmental Department, Naval Station, Treasure Island report "Historical Study of Yerba Buena Island, Treasure Island, and their Buildings" (1995) states that the Commandant moved from building one in 1945 and that same year the building became the Flag Officer's resident.

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3. Walls: The exterior walls are clad with beveled wood siding with wide corner boards. Elaborate paneled corner boards topped with capitals are found on the front side of the building. On the rear side wide unadorned corner boards are used.
4. Structural systems, framing: Quarters 1 is constructed of wood platform frame with load-bearing walls. Both the floor and roof framing type are unknown.¹¹
5. Porches, stoops, balconies: A one-story portico is located on the east side of main facade and is three bays wide. A prominent flat roof is supported by paired columns, which rest on a low wall that runs the length of the porch and wraps around the sides. Two attached porches are located on the north and south sides. On the north side, the porch is one-story and enclosed with glazing. Columns similar to those found on the main portico are located at the corners of the enclosed porch. The porch on the south side is two stories and also enclosed with glazing. Both the north and south side were enclosed after 1934. On the rear side, there is a brick stoop covered with a canvas awning.
6. Chimneys: Two brick interior-end chimneys are set on the north and south sides of the building. Each has a simple stack without a cap and is braced with metal supports. Originally, each had an elaborate corbelled cap and decorative anchor pins, as the rear chimney does. A third chimney is located on the rear side of the building and is topped with a decorative corbelled cap. An anchor pin is also located on the stack and the chimney is also braced.
7. Openings:
 - a. Doorways and doors: The main entrance is composed of a half-glazed door flanked by sidelights with both wood panels and upper lights. A curved light imitating a fan light is located above the door. Rear doors on the building are French doors, each with divided lights. On the northwest side of the building, a single-leaf half-glazed door is located in the ell. A single-leaf half-glazed door is located on the rear side at the basement level as well.

Doors on the second story are double-leaf, glazed doors. They are located on the northeast side of the building and exit onto the roof of the porch. A set is also located above the main portico.
 - b. Windows: Windows are predominantly wood one-over-one double-hung. Also on the rear side, there is a small square window with radial muntins that create eight divided lights and one central square divided light, and a wood six-over-six double-hung in the ell. Windows are also

¹¹ Bureau of Yards and Docks, "Basement Plan, First Floor Plan, Second Floor Plan, Quarters 1," undated.

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found in the enclosed porches and consist of multi-light windows framed with wood muntins. Window surrounds are simple, wide, wood boards with a slip sill. The exception to this is on the front side of the building, where the two outer windows have highly decorative balconettes with star motifs and scrolls. They are all that remain of the original bay windows.

8. Roof:

- a. Shape, covering: The main portion of the building is covered with a hip roof with flat roofs over the wings. An attached hip roof covers the two-story ell on the west side. Originally, the roof on Quarters 1 was sheathed with wood shingles; the standing-seam metal roof was put on after the 1934 fire.
- b. Cornice, eaves: The roof has a wide frieze board, boxed eaves, and a wood cornice.
- c. Dormers, cupolas, towers: Three hip-dormers are centered on the front side of the roof. Each has a four light window centered in the dormer face. The roof of the dormer has a simple cornice and boxed eaves.

C. Description of the Interior:

1. Floor plans: See floor plans included at the end of this report.

- a. Basement: The full basement consists of five rooms, including two bedrooms, with two access points, one exterior staircase located on the west wall and an interior staircase in the kitchen. The kitchen stairs were added in the 1950s during remodeling of the kitchen.
- b. First Floor: The first floor of the Nimitz Residence is based on a center-hall plan, typical of a formal Classical Revival house. Thus, the first floor plan revolves around the entrance hall and contains the public rooms, such as the living and dining rooms at the front, and at the rear, the library and service/utilities rooms. The entry is divided into the front entrance-hall and the rear reception-hall, so that it extends the entire depth of the house. Flanking the central entrance-hall are the living and dining rooms. Both rooms contain a fireplace located on the exterior wall and open to the solariums.

A service corridor, or cross-hall, intersects the reception-hall and connects the kitchen and other service rooms to the main staircase and library. The kitchen, pantry, pantry office, refrigerator room, and

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servant's staircase are located on the northwest corner of the house, adjacent to the reception-hall at the end of the cross-hall.

- c. Second Floor: On the second floor of the Nimitz Residence are six bedrooms, four bathrooms, and the steward's quarters. These rooms are not arranged on a center-hall plan, but instead are placed along both sides of a double-loaded corridor. The stewards' quarters are located along the northwest portion of the floor, the master bedroom at the southwest corner, and two other bedrooms in between. Three bedrooms are arranged along the front side of the floor and are interspersed with bathrooms. The stewards' quarters also has a separate staircase that leads directly to the kitchen below.
 - d. Third Floor: The third floor is not in use and was sealed off after the fire in 1934. The set of stairs that led to the third floor are still visible, although the stair hall as been closed off. It is located adjacent the main staircase on the second floor.
2. Stairways: There are two stairways, one located in the main entry-hall and a servant's stair hall located in the kitchen. The stair in the entry-hall is an open newel staircase located near the back of the reception hall on the left hand side. It is perhaps the most commanding interior element in the house, with a battered, fluted-column newel post, and square paneled angle posts at each turning point, a balustrade composed of square balusters and an unpainted wood handrail. A later addition to the staircase includes an elevator in the wellhole, and a bathroom under the staircase.

The second staircase is a located in the kitchen and is simpler in design. It is a wall-stringer stair and has a railing composed of square newel posts and balusters and leads to both the basement and second floor.
 3. Flooring: Narrow oak flooring appears in all rooms except bathroom and kitchen which have modern sheet vinyl.
 4. Wall and ceiling finish: Walls in each room on the first floor are finished with smooth plaster, a picture rail, and simple crown molding at the ceiling.
 5. Openings:
 - a. Doorways and doors: Large pocket doors separate the living and dining rooms from the hall and are framed by paneled architraves. Each opening contains one door panel that slides the entire length of the opening. The doors are inset wood panel doors. Multi-light doors flank the fireplace, separating the living and dining room from the solarium. Paneled wood doors are used throughout the second floor.

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6. Decorative features and trim: The front portion of the entry-hall features paneled wainscoting and a molded chair rail. Picture molding and an elaborate crown molding which are more elaborate than in other rooms, complete the decorative finishes in this room. Also notable in the hall is the plaster medallion that surrounds the light fixture on the ceiling.
7. Hardware: A combination of thumb latches and brass handles are used throughout the residence. Simple brass finger holds are used on the wood panel doors. Without plans prior to the 1950s, it is difficult to tell which hardware is original.

D. Site:

1. General setting and orientation: Quarters 1 is located in the Senior Officers' Quarters Historic District which consists of seven residences, two apartments over garages, one five-car garage, and the surrounding landscape features located on Yerba Buena Island, north of Interstate 80 and the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge. These residences sit on an acre of land above what is known as the East Point. This portion of Yerba Buena Island contains the largest section of flat land and historically has served as the main senior officers' housing complex on the island.

The twelve resources that make up the Senior Officers' Quarters Historic District are roughly arranged in a triangular shaped district on a hilltop above the East Point. Quarters 1 is located at the southeastern point of the district and is the largest and most prominent of the residences. The building faces east towards a greensward with a parking lot that originally served as the parade ground at the base of the greensward. Adjacent to Quarters 1 are Quarters 2-4, which are arranged linearly from south to north along Whiting Way and face northeast. Quarters 5 is located at the northern point of the district, adjacent to Quarters 4, and is situated at the junction of Whiting Way and Northgate Road. It faces a more northeasterly direction, and has a view of the bay and parade ground. The last two quarters in the district, Quarters 6 and 7, are sited on the top of the hill on the northwestern side of the district and face north towards Treasure Island and San Francisco Bay. Located behind Quarters 6 and 7 is a central lawn and several terraced gardens that form the interior of the triangular district. On the south side of the central lawn are three ancillary buildings, Building 83, 205, 230, which form the southern boundary of the district.

2. Historic landscape design: On the east side of Quarters 1 is the expansive greensward which slopes down from Quarters 1 to a concrete retaining wall that fronts an unpaved parking lot. A row of eucalyptus trees divides the lot and greensward. At one time, tennis courts (designated as Building 273) were located at the eastern edge of the greensward and were a strong demarcation between the

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Senior Officers' Quarters and the parade ground and enlisted area. A row of mature rose bushes now fills the center of the space. Located on the western edge of the greensward is a row of box hedges, planted in 1970s and thus not part of the historic landscape.

Located behind Quarters 1 is a formal terraced garden designed by Lucille Woolpert, a Bay Area landscape designer. Primarily composed of hardscape, the garden was constructed in 1938 and has central access from the reception hall of the Nimitz House. The garden is set atop a sloped site, and connected to Quarters 1 with brick stairs. The garden itself is divided into three terraces with brick walls bounding each terrace. Each space within the garden has a central focal point, two fountains for the southern terraces and a lime tree for the terrace on the northern space. In addition to the formal garden, Woolpert was responsible for laying out the terraced garden located behind Quarters 2-5 and on the south side of Quarters 6 and 7.

3. Outbuildings: There are no extant outbuildings associated with Quarters 1. However, historic photographs show that in 1935 an outbuilding was located on the north side of Quarters 1. The building was one-story and square in plan, covered with a high hip roof with kick eaves. Two openings were located on the east side.

PART III: SOURCES OF INFORMATION

A. Architectural Drawings:

Original architectural drawings for Quarters 1 were not located. Subsequent drawings for alterations to Quarters 1 are on file with the Bureau of Engineering, Department of Public Works, County and City of San Francisco.

Bureau of Yards and Docks, "Basement Plan, First Floor Plan, Second Floor Plan, Quarters 1," undated.

B. Early Views:

Quarters 1 as it appeared after the 1934 fire and subsequent reconstruction, May 1935. Treasure Island Museum Collection, Yerba Buena Island folder.

View of Quarters 1 with naval recruits. This photograph shows the front side of the building before the fire of 1934. Treasure Island Museum Collection, Unit 1, Shelf A, Yerba Buena Island Folder.

C. Interviews:

Wickson R. Woolpert, son of Lucille Woolpert, personal communication with Amanda Blosser, 15 November 2003.

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D. Bibliography:

1. Published Sources:

Craig, Lois. *The Federal Presence: Architecture, Politics, and National Design*. Cambridge, Massachusetts: MIT Press, 1994.

Gebhard, David, et al. *A Guide to Architecture in San Francisco & Northern California*. Santa Barbara: Peregrine-Smith, Inc., 1973.

LCRD McDevitt, E. A., USNR. *The Naval History of Treasure Island*. Treasure Island: U.S. Naval Training and Distribution Center, 1946.

McAlester, Virginia and Lee McAlester. *A Field Guide To American Houses*. New York: Knopf, 1996.

Rifkind, Carole. *A Field Guide to American Architecture*. New York: New American Library, 1980.

Reinhardt, Richard. *Treasure Island: San Francisco's Exposition Years*. San Francisco: Scrimshaw Press, 1973.

2. Unpublished Sources:

City and County of San Francisco, Department of Public Works, Bureau of Engineering, plan files for Yerba Buena Island.

Hice, E. and D. Schierling. "Historical Study of Yerba Buena Island, Treasure Island and Their Buildings" Revision 1. Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Base Realignment and Closure. Prepared for Environmental Department, Naval Station. March 1996.

Historic American Engineering Record, HAER No. CA-233-A, Naval Training Station, Quarters 1, San Francisco, California, April 1998.

JRP Historical Consulting Services. "Cultural Resource Inventory and Evaluation Investigations: Yerba Buena Island and Treasure Island, Naval Station Treasure Island, San Francisco, California, March 1997," Prepared for Engineering Field Activity, West, Naval Facilities Engineering Command.

_____. "History and Historic Resources of the Military in California, 1796 to 1989." Volume II of *California Historic Military Buildings and Structures Inventory*. Prepared for the US Army Corps of Engineers, Sacramento District, March 2000.

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_____. "Historic Context: Themes, Property Types, and Registration Requirements." Volume III of *California Historic Military Buildings and Structures Inventory*. Prepared for the US Army Corps of Engineers, Sacramento District, March 2000.

Treasure Island Museum, Yerba Buena Island File.

Woodbridge, Sally. National Register of Historic Places Registration Form, "Quarters 1, Yerba Buena Island, Naval Training Center," January 1991.

3. Internet Sources: None

4. Periodicals:

San Francisco Chronicle, Wednesday, July 17, 1940, December 23, 1939.

California-Magazine of the Pacific, November 1940.

Shasta Redding News, February 13, 1984.

E. Likely Sources not yet Investigated:

Upon operational closure of the former Naval Station Treasure Island Museum were collected, catalogued, and assembled for shipment. As such, these items were not wholly accessible and were not available to the public at the time of recordation. Due to the loan of various drawings and materials to those entities operating and maintaining the property by lease, some records were inaccessible or not indexed, including architectural drawings, contracts, and photographs.

F. Supplemental Material:

1. Figure 1 which shows a view of Quarters 1 with naval recruits, n.d. This photograph shows the front side of the building before the fire of 1934. From the Treasure Island Museum Collection, Unit 1, Shelf A, Yerba Buena Island Folder.
2. Figure 2 illustrates Quarters 1 as it appeared after the 1934 fire and subsequent reconstruction, May 1935. Treasure Island Museum Collection, Yerba Buena Island folder.
3. Location map showing Quarters 1 in relation to other buildings in the Senior Officers' Quarters District.
4. Floor plans of Quarters 1, including the basement, first floor, and second floor.

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PART IV. PROJECT INFORMATION:

This project was undertaken to fulfill the requirements of the Memorandum of Agreement between the Navy and the California State Historic Preservation Officer for the layaway, caretaker maintenance, interim leasing, sale, transfer, and disposal of historic properties on Naval Station Treasure Island.

Amanda Blosser and Toni Webb of JRP Historical Consulting prepared this document for Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC) and the Navy. Both Ms. Blosser and Ms. Webb conducted the fieldwork, wrote architectural descriptions, and the historic context. Both Ms. Blosser and Ms. Webb conducted research for this project at the California State Library, Treasure Island Museum, County and City of San Francisco, Department of Public Works, Bureau of Engineering. William B. Dewey produced the photography.

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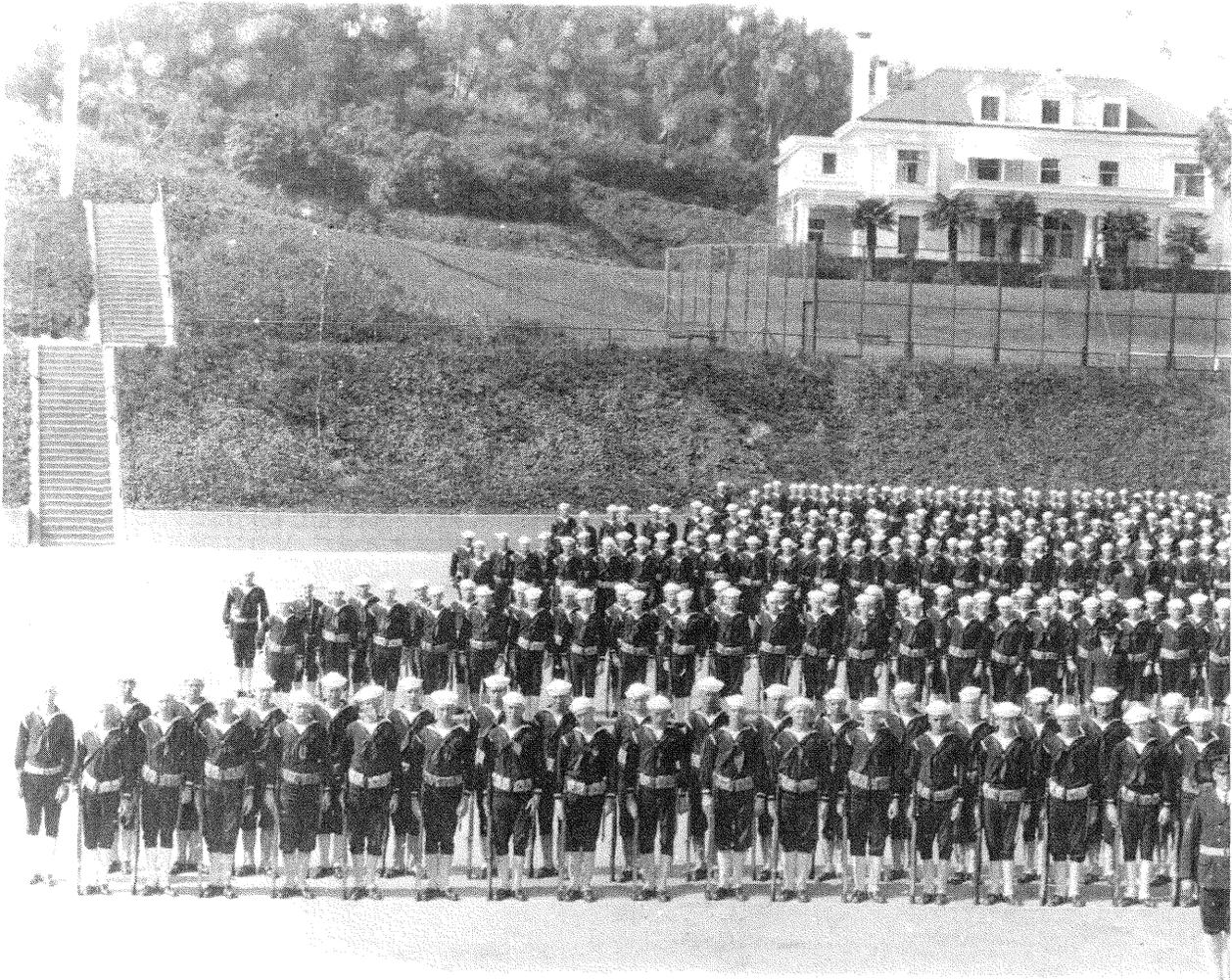


Figure 1. U.S. Navy photograph showing naval recruits in front of Quarters 1 (upper right corner). This photograph shows the front side of Quarters 1 before the fire of 1934. Treasure Island Museum Collection, Unit 1, Shelf A, Yerba Buena Island Folder.

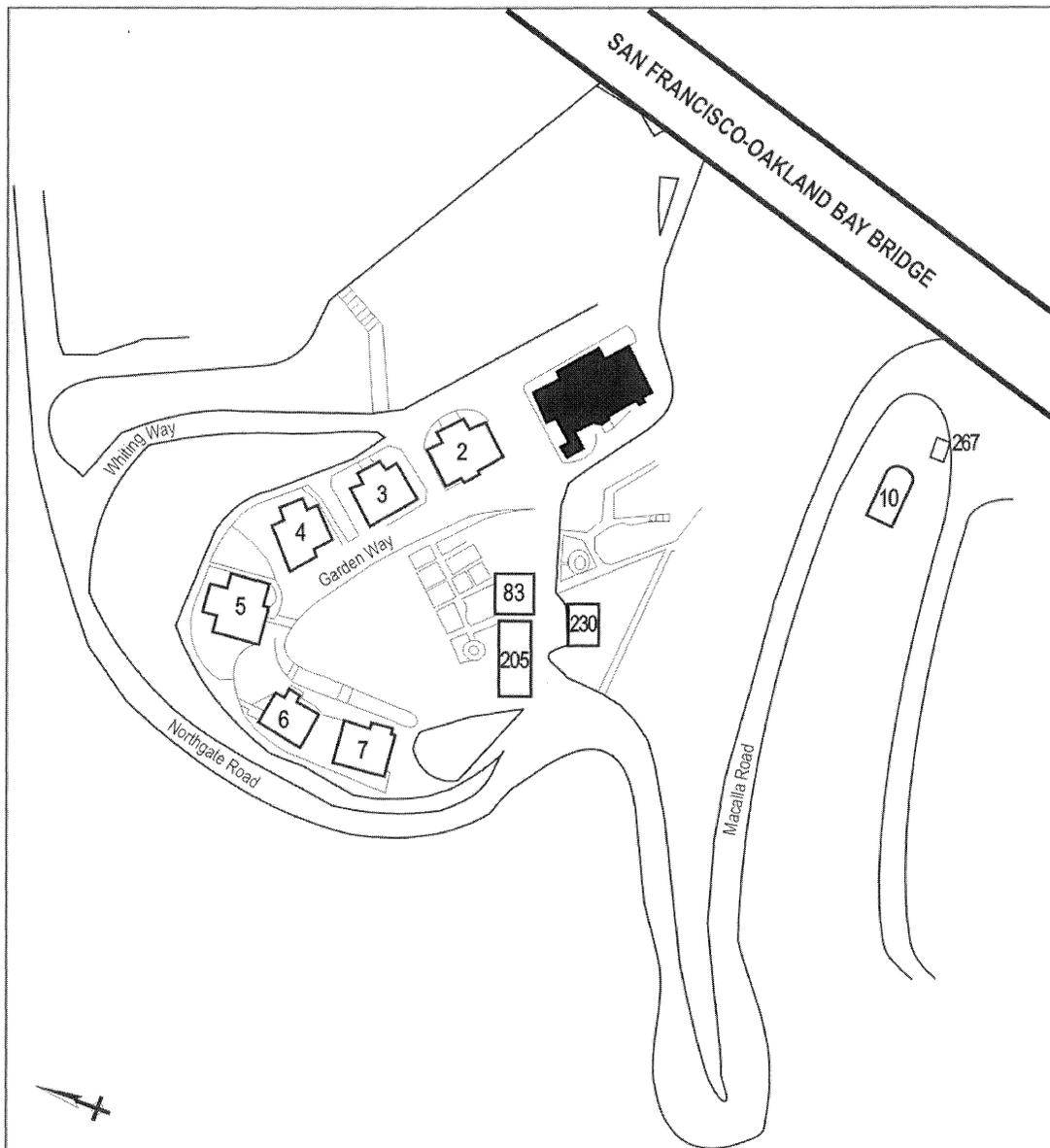
NAVAL TRAINING STATION, SENIOR OFFICERS'
QUARTERS DISTRICT, QUARTERS NO. 1
(Naval Training Station, Nimitz House)
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Figure 2. U.S. Navy photograph showing Quarters 1 as it appeared after the 1934 fire and subsequent reconstruction, May 1935. Treasure Island Museum Collection, Yerba Buena Island folder.

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, SENIOR OFFICERS'
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LOCATION MAP



NAVAL TRAINING STATION, SENIOR OFFICERS'
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(Naval Station Treasure Island, Commander's Quarters)
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ORNAMENTAL DETAILS



Figure 3. Detail of crown molding and fluted column separating the entry and reception halls.
[Source: JRP Historical Consulting]

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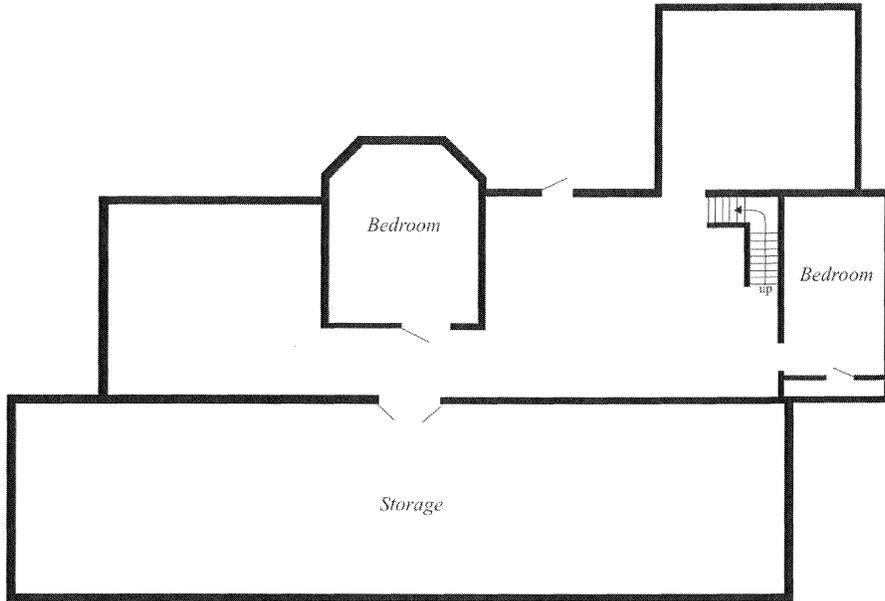
Figure 4. Detail of plaster medallion in the entry hall.
[Source: JRP Historical Consulting]



Figure 5. Detail of paneled architrave framing pocket doors that lead to the dining room.
[Source: JRP Historical Consulting]

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, SENIOR OFFICERS'
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FLOOR PLANS



BASEMENT

Not to scale



NAVAL TRAINING STATION, SENIOR OFFICERS'
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FLOOR PLANS



NAVAL TRAINING STATION, SENIOR OFFICERS'
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FLOOR PLANS



SECOND FLOOR

Not to scale 