

Rocky Mountain Laboratories, Building No. 20
903 South 4th St., approximately 135' North of Bldg. No. 15
Hamilton
Ravalli County
Montana

HABS No. MT-101-P

HABS
MONT
41-HAM,
2P-

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Historic American Buildings Survey
Rocky Mountain System Support Office
National Park Service
P.O. Box 25287
Denver, Colorado 80225-0287

HABS
MONT
41-HAM
2P-

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDING SURVEY

ROCKY MOUNTAIN LABORATORIES, Building 20

HABS No. MT-101-P

Location: 903 South 4th Street, approximately 135' north of building 15
Hamilton, Ravalli County, Montana
USGS Hamilton South Montana Quadrant,
Universal Transverse Mercator Coordinates for complex:
A. 11.719000.5124400 B. 11.719000.5124120
C. 11.718810.5124100 D. 11.718820.5124360

Date of Construction: Constructed in 1964

Architects: Unknown

Present Owner: National Institutes of Health

Present Occupant: National Institutes of Health

Present Use: Medical Research Laboratory

Significance: The Rocky Mountain Laboratories possess national significance due to the pioneering research conducted at these laboratories from 1921-1945 toward the development of vaccines for insect-borne diseases. Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever occurred frequently among the residents of the Bitterroot Valley in Montana. The facility was the primary site for research into the cause of the fever and many prominent members of the scientific community have worked at the laboratories. The period of historic significance for the site extends to the end of World War II as the Rocky Mountain Laboratories played a critical role in supplying vaccines to troops for the duration of the War.

The buildings are of a high quality for a small community such as Hamilton, Montana. The majority of the buildings were constructed by the Office of the Supervising Architect, Department of the Treasury under the direction of Louis A. Simon, a long time architect for the Treasury Department. The Laboratory, which sits at the edge of this small town, offered employment to local individuals seeking work in the 1930's during the Depression. For all of the above reasons, the Rocky Mountain Laboratories Historic District was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1988. Building Twenty is not a contributor to the Historic District.

Rocky Mountain Laboratories, Building 20
HABS No. MT-101-P
(Page 2)

Building Twenty was constructed in 1964 and has for several years been used as a general storage facility. Constructed of corrugated metal and wood, the building has a gable roof. Rectangular in plan the structure has several garage style door openings. The building has an overall industrial character.