

CAMP WILLIAMS
(128th Infantry Regiment Cantonment Area Subcomplex, Building No.
209)
(Camp Williams-Volk Field National Guard Training Center)
209 Holden Street
Camp Douglas
Juneau County
Wisconsin

HABS WI-381-B-6
HABS WI-381-B-6

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
MIDWEST REGIONAL OFFICE
National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior
601 Riverfront Drive
Omaha, NE 68102

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

CAMP WILLIAMS

(128TH INFANTRY REGIMENT CANTONMENT AREA SUBCOMPLEX–BUILDING 209)

- Location: 209 Holden Street
Camp Williams-Volk Field National Guard Training Center
Camp Douglas, Juneau County, Wisconsin
- Significance: Building 209 was constructed in 1940-1941 as a company mess hall for the 128th Infantry Regiment Cantonment Area.
- Description: Lieutenant Colonel Henry C. Hengles designed building 209, which was erected between 1940 and 1941 by the Works Progress Administration as a company mess hall for the 128th Infantry Regiment Cantonment Area. It replaced a wood-frame structure. The building was converted in 1958 into a barracks and used by the Wisconsin Military Academy. It subsequently became from 1995 to 2001 part of the Wisconsin National Guard Badger Challenge Academy. The facility has been used for storage by the 32nd Infantry Brigade since 2001.¹ A detailed history of the subcomplex is provided in the document for HABS No. WI-381-B.

Description:

- A. General Statement: This building is constructed on a slight north northeast-south southwest axis. Directions have been simplified to north-south-east-west within this section.
1. Architectural character: Building 209 is a one-story, astylistic utilitarian, front-gabled structure constructed of tan, glazed tiles with red brick accents at the gables, corners and doorways. A wall chimney, open eaves with exposed rafter tails, heavy timber purlins and lintels adorn the building. The roof is sheathed with red asphalt shingles and features at the peak four metal cupola vents.
 2. Condition of Fabric: The exterior fabric is very good. Alterations are limited to the wholesale replacement of windows and doors. The kitchen was converted in 1958 into a latrine and the dining hall into an open barracks bay. The building is now used for storage and the open barracks bay is partitioned with framed walls.

¹“New Mess Halls at Camp Williams,” *WNGR* 17:3 (May 1940): 5; Photographs of the WMA at Camp Williams, circa 1958, Located in Camp Williams Files, Facilities Management Office, Department of Military Affairs, Madison, WI.

CAMP WILLIAMS

128TH INFANTRY REGIMENT CANTONMENT AREA SUBCOMPLEX-BUILDING 209

HABS No. WI-381-B-6

Page 2

B. Exterior Description:

1. General Description: Oriented on a north-south axis, the gabled north (main) facade has a central double doorway that is outfitted with a metal door and red brick infill. It is flanked by replacement double-hung sashes. A louvered vent underlined with a thin concrete sill is set in the gable peak. The open eaves are supported by five heavy timber purlins.

Beginning at the northwest corner, the west facade claims six regularly placed, double-hung sash windows, the second of which is converted into a doorway. Two smaller, double-hung sashes that coincide with the former kitchen area, and a doorway that once provided access to the kitchen, exist at the south end of the facade.

The south gabled endwall is defined by a central wall chimney flanked by a large, eight-over-eight-light, double-hung sash to the west (left) and a glass block window on the east (right).

Starting at the southeast corner, the east facade is pierced by a window opening infilled with glazed block, a double-hung sash and a doorway that provides access to the former dining hall. The remainder of the facade is pierced by six regularly placed, double-hung sashes that mirror those on the west facade.

2. Overall Dimensions: The building is 75' x 25'.
3. Foundations: The foundation is of poured concrete.
4. Walls: The walls are constructed with 12" x 5" tan glazed tile and are 8" thick. The tile is accented by red brick at the corners, around original doorways, within the wall chimney and on the gables at the eaves.
5. Roof: The gabled roof is sheathed with red asphalt shingles over 6" wide boards. It is pierced at the peak by four metal cupola vents. The eaves are open with exposed 2 x 6 rafter tails set on 24" centers. Exposed timber purlins on the north (five) and south (six) gabled endwalls are 6" x 6" and project 15½". The gables are underscored by red brick accents.
6. Openings:

A. Windows: Windows are regularly placed throughout the building. Each

CAMP WILLIAMS

128TH INFANTRY REGIMENT CANTONMENT AREA SUBCOMPLEX-BUILDING 209

HABS No. WI-381-B-6

Page 3

has a concrete sill and a 5½" thick timber lintel. Generally, the windows are fitted with replacement, vinyl-clad, double-hung sashes with six-light, snap-in muntins.

The two windows on the north (main) facade are 37" x 59". Two smaller, double-hung sashes on the west facade that coincide with the former kitchen are 37" wide x 35½" tall, while the openings on the south facade that flank the wall chimney are 49" x 59½". All remaining window openings are 37" x 51".

B. Doorways: All doors are metal replacements. Those in original doorways are topped with 5½" thick wood lintels and feature red brick surrounds. The double doorway on the north (main) facade is 67" x 80½" and fitted with a 40½" x 82" metal door framed with red brick infill. The original door openings on the west and east facades are 39½" x 80½". A door cut from an original window opening on the west facade is 37" x 81".

7. Chimney: A wall chimney constructed of tan, glazed tiles with red brick accents at the corners is centered on the south gabled endwall. It is 50" wide and projects 11". Two ash cleanouts at the bottom are infilled with small concrete blocks. The top has a concrete cap pierced by two round tile flues.

C. Interior Description:

1. General Description: The south end of the building originally contained a kitchen with the rest of the structure occupied by an open dining hall. The kitchen was converted in 1958 into a latrine and the dining hall became an open barracks bay. It has since been converted to storage spaces by the construction of wood frame partition walls.

D. Setting:

Building 209 is a component of the 128th Infantry Regiment Cantonment Area Subcomplex, which also includes Building 204 (HABS WI-381-B-1), Building 205 (HABS WI-381-B-2), Building 206 (HABS WI-381-B-3), Building 207 (HABS WI-381-B-4), Building 208 (HABS WI-381-B-5), Building 210 (HABS WI-381-B-7), Building 212 (HABS WI-381-B-8), Building 213 (HABS WI-381-B-9), Building 214 (HABS WI-381-B-10), Building 215 (HABS WI-381-B-11), Building 216 (HABS WI-381-B-12), Building 217 (HABS WI-381-B-13) and Buildings 218-219 (HABS WI-381-B-14). Additional components of the general Camp Williams complex

CAMP WILLIAMS

128TH INFANTRY REGIMENT CANTONMENT AREA SUBCOMPLEX-BUILDING 209

HABS No. WI-381-B-6

Page 4

include the 127th Infantry Regiment Cantonment Area (HABS WI-381-A) and the former Officer's Club and present day museum (HABS WI-381-C).

Sources: Citations for all sources in common with the 128th Subcomplex are provided in the "Sources" section of Subcomplex's overview document (HABS No. WI-381-B). Two additional sources were used and are cited below.

"New Mess Halls at Camp Williams," *Wisconsin National Guard Review* 17:3 (May 1940).

Photographs of the WMA at Camp Williams, circa 1958, Located in Camp Williams Files, Facilities Management Office, Department of Military Affairs, Madison, WI.

Historians: Brian J. Faltinson, M.A., Principal Investigator, and John N. Vogel, Ph.D., Project Director, Heritage Research, Ltd., 2009.