



FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 8 NUMBER 215

Washington, Friday, October 29, 1943

Regulations

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter X—War Food Administration (Production Orders)

[EPO 5, Rev. 2]

PART 1206—FERTILIZER

DELIVERY AND USE OF FERTILIZER

Section 1206.1 is hereby revised and amended in its entirety to read as follows:

§ 1206.1 *Fertilizer*—(a) *Definitions*. For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Fertilizer" means any material used as a plant food containing one or more of the following: Nitrogen, phosphorus, or potassium, excluding, however, unprocessed animal and poultry manure, peat, humus and basic slag.

(2) "Chemical nitrogen" means any nitrogen, other than organic nitrogen, including, but not limited to, ammonium sulfate, sodium nitrate, calcium cyanamid, urea, ammonium nitrate, cal-nitro and nitrogen-bearing solutions.

(3) "Organic nitrogen" means nitrogen derived from any plant or animal organism containing nitrogen, including, but not limited to: animal, fish, garbage, and other processed tankages; bone meal; blood; caster pomace; tobacco stems; oilseed meals (including cottonseed, peanut, soy bean, rape, linseed and other oilseed meals); sewage sludge; cocoa shell meal; bat, peruvian and whale guanos.

(4) "Superphosphate" means any plant food product which is obtained by mixing rock phosphate with either or both sulfuric acid and phosphoric acid.

(5) "Potash" means any material containing potassium in forms usually considered available to crop plants, including, but not limited to, muriate of potash, sulfate of potash, and manure salts.

(6) "Grade" means the minimum guaranteed plant food content of any fertilizer expressed in percentages of its principal plant food components in the following order: Nitrogen, available phosphoric acid and available potash.

(7) "Approved grade" means any grade of fertilizer listed in Schedule I attached hereto.

(8) "Rate of application per acre" means the total pounds of fertilizer applied per acre. Where single-strength or multiple-strength grades are substituted, one for the other, the pounds of fertilizer shall be increased or decreased in accordance with the nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash content of the grades used and replaced.

(9) "Group A crop" means any crop listed in Schedule II attached hereto.

(10) "Group B crop" means any crop not listed in Schedule II. It shall not, however, include any crop to the extent that the use of fertilizer in the production of such crop is restricted or prohibited by the terms of this order.

(11) "Victory garden" means any garden planted primarily for the non-commercial production of vegetables and small fruits.

(12) "Production-increment crop" means any crop which may be so designated by the Director in order to promote maximum production to achieve the food, feed, and fiber production goals established by the War Food Administration.

(13) "Production-Increment fertilizer" means any fertilizer which may be so designated by the Director when provision is assured for its production, and he finds that it is or will be available, in excess of the quantities needed for customary crop usage or for customary rates of application per acre. The quantities of the ammonium nitrate, ammoniated superphosphate, and superphosphate which manufacturers, agents and dealers have available in excess of customary usage, or the requirements for group A and group B crops as shown by applications on hand are hereby designated as production increment fertilizers.

(14) "Specialty fertilizer" means any fertilizer which is prepared for use on lawns, home gardens, shrubbery, trees, flowers, parks and parkways, malls and roadsides, cemeteries, golf courses and non-commercial plantings of trees, shrubs and flowers.

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Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following legal holidays, by the Division of the Federal Register, The National Archives, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U.S.C., ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee, approved by the President. Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended June 19, 1937.

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(15) "Fertilizer manufacturer" means any person who manufactures or mines fertilizer for sale.	
(16) "Dealer" means any person, other than a fertilizer manufacturer, who purchases or has purchased fertilizer for resale.	
(17) "Agent" means any person, other than a fertilizer manufacturer, who receives or has received fertilizer on a consignment basis for sale.	
(18) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, business trust or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not. The term "person" shall also include the United States or any agency thereof, and a State or any political subdivision or agency thereof.	

(19) "Director" means the Director of the Office of Materials and Facilities, of the War Food Administration.

(b) *Restrictions on delivery and use of fertilizer*—(1) *Schedule I*. No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent shall, subject to the exemptions provided for in paragraph (d) hereof, deliver for use on crops, and no person shall use on crops, in any of the States listed in Schedule I attached hereto, any grade of fertilizer other than the grades designated on such schedule as applicable to the respective States listed thereon, and where a particular grade is designated on such schedule as available only for a particular crop or purpose, such grade shall be delivered and used only for the produc- tion of such crop or for such purpose.

(2) *Victory garden fertilizer*. No fer- tilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent shall, subject to the exemptions provided for in paragraph (d) (2) hereof, deliver in a package of less than 80 pounds in any State listed in Schedule I attached hereto any fertilizer for use on victory gardens other than the grade or grades designated in Schedule I for victory gar- dens in such States. Such grade or grades, when delivered in a package of less than 80 pounds for such purpose, shall be labeled "Victory Garden Fer- tilizer—For Food Production Only", and no person shall use in any State listed in Schedule I any fertilizer, delivered in any such package, other than a grade so la- beled, for such purpose. Fertilizer of any approved grade for any State may be delivered, in packages of 80 pounds or more, for use on victory gardens in such State. However, the grades desig- nated in Schedule I for victory gardens are recommended for delivery in such packages for use on victory gardens, and fertilizer of such designated grades, de- livered in such packages, may be labeled, if so desired, as indicated above. Grades other than such designated grades shall not be so labeled. Nothing in this para- graph shall prevent any fertilizer manu- facturer, dealer or agent from delivering for use on victory gardens stocks of fer- tilizer of the grade of 3-8-7 which on July 1, 1943, were on hand, packaged and labeled "Victory Garden Fertilizer—For Food Production Only". Nor shall any- thing in this paragraph prevent any per- son who purchases fertilizer pursuant to this order for use other than on his vic- tory garden from applying for, obtaining or using on his victory garden fertilizer of the grade or grades so purchased.

(3) *Flowers, bulbs, nurseries, etc.* No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent shall, subject to the exemptions provided for in paragraph (d) (2) hereof, deliver any fertilizer for use on, and no person shall use any fertilizer on, nurseries or commercial plantings of flowers, bulbs, shrubs, ornamental trees, or other orna- mental plants in excess of 75 percent of the total quantity of fertilizer (in terms of nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and potash) used for such purposes by such person during either the period July 1, 1941, to June 30, 1942, or July 1, 1942, to June 30, 1943. The restriction of this paragraph (b) (3) shall not apply to the delivery and use of fertilizer for any food crop plant.

(4) *Size of packages.* No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent shall deliver any fertilizer for use on crops in packages of less than 80 pounds: *Provided, however,* That fertilizer delivered pursuant to paragraphs (b) (2) and (d) (1) (i) hereof may be packaged in packages of 5, 10, 25, and 50 pounds net weight: *Provided, further,* That fertilizer delivered pursuant to paragraphs (c) (2) and (d) (2) (ii) hereof may be packaged in containers of any size.

(c) *Specialty fertilizer.* (1) During the period July 1, 1943, to June 30, 1944, each fertilizer manufacturer may manufacture no more than one grade of mixed specialty fertilizer for sale in any particular State under his own brand and guarantee, and, in addition, may manufacture mixed specialty fertilizer to be registered and guaranteed under State law by another person (only one grade for any one person) who purchases it for resale under his own brand and guarantee. However, each manufacturer may sell and deliver straight nitrogenous material and superphosphate as specialty fertilizer. For such purposes, each manufacturer may use quantities of nitrogen and potash not to exceed 50 percent of the quantities of each used by such manufacturer for such purposes during the period July 1, 1941, to June 30, 1942. In determining such base quantities of nitrogen and potash, a manufacturer may include fertilizer used for the specialty fertilizer purposes as set forth in paragraph (a) (14) above, whether it was marketed as specialty fertilizer or not. A grade of mixed specialty fertilizer need not be an approved grade, but must contain at least 16 units of plant food (in terms of nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and potash). The water-insoluble organic nitrogen content of mixed specialty fertilizer shall not exceed 25 percent of its total nitrogen content.

(2) No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent shall, subject to the exemptions provided for in paragraph (d) (2) hereof, deliver any fertilizer for use on, and no person shall use any fertilizer on, lawns, golf courses, parks, cemeteries, roadsides, or non-commercial plantings of trees, shrubs, or flowers, except specialty fertilizers. The restrictions provided for in this paragraph (c) (2) shall apply to the use by any landscape gardener or nurseryman of fertilizer on lawns, trees, shrubs, or flowers planted on the premises of his customers.

(d) *Exemptions from restrictions.*

(1) The restrictions provided for in paragraph (b) (1) hereof shall not apply to:

(i) Deliveries by fertilizer manufacturers, dealers and agents of any fertilizer for the preparation of solutions to be used in the transplanting of vegetable crop plants, or the use by any person of fertilizer delivered pursuant to this paragraph (d) (1) (i).

(ii) Deliveries by fertilizer manufacturers, dealers and agents of stocks of unapproved grades of fertilizer in bags in their hands on July 1, 1943, to be used on Group A or Group B crops, or the use by any person of any fertilizer delivered pursuant to this paragraph (d) (1) (ii) for such purpose.

(2) The restrictions of paragraphs (b) (1), (b) (2), (b) (3) and (d) (3) hereof shall not apply to:

(i) The use by any person of any fertilizer on hand on July 1, 1943, for use and not for sale. Such fertilizer may be used for any purpose.

(ii) The manufacture or delivery of fertilizer in pressed tablet form, or in a completely soluble form, for use on plants, flowers, and grasses: *Provided, however,* That no materials allocated by the War Production Board for use in agricultural fertilizers shall be used in the manufacture of fertilizer in pressed tablet or completely soluble form.

(iii) Deliveries by any person of any fertilizer to a fertilizer manufacturer for use in the manufacture of mixed fertilizer.

(iv) Deliveries by fertilizer manufacturers, dealers or agents of any fertilizer for use in establishing and maintaining grass and other vegetation at Air Force Stations of the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard, and at other military installations for establishing and maintaining grass and other vegetation, where such is certified, in the case of the Army, by the Division Engineer, or, in the case of the Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard, by the Agronomist, Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Department, as essential for training activities, operations or health, or the use by any person of any fertilizer delivered pursuant to this paragraph (d) (2) (iv).

(v) Deliveries of fertilizer for experimental purposes to educational institutions or publicly-owned agricultural institutions, or the use of fertilizer by such institutions for such purposes.

(e) *Acceptance of delivery in violation of order.* No person shall accept delivery of any fertilizer which he knows or has reason to believe is delivered in violation of this order.

(f) *Directions.* (1) Each fertilizer manufacturer shall comply with such directions as may be issued from time to time by the Director with respect to the quantities, grades, and kinds of mixed fertilizer to be manufactured and with respect to the use or delivery of any fertilizers.

(2) Each person affected by this order shall comply with such directions as may be issued from time to time by the Director with respect to the delivery and use of fertilizers.

(g) *Distribution and delivery.* (1) Each fertilizer manufacturer, dealer and agent shall during the 1943-1944 season make fertilizer available according to crop requirements in each geographical locality in which such manufacturer, dealer and agent made fertilizer available for use in the 1942-1943 season, unless such manufacturer, dealer or agent, has adequate proof that the crop requirements for fertilizer in any such locality are being adequately served by other manufacturers, dealers or agents. For the purposes of this paragraph, no account shall be taken of fertilizer delivered in the 1942-1943 season outside of the regular geographical localities served by a manufacturer, dealer, or agent, where such deliveries were made at the

specific request of the War Food Administration or its predecessors.

(2) No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent shall deliver fertilizer to any person in excess of such person's requirements, as provided for in paragraph (h) hereof, and no person shall use any fertilizer in excess of his requirements as provided for in paragraph (h) hereof. This paragraph (g) (2) shall not apply to delivery or use of fertilizer pursuant to paragraph (d) (2) (v) hereof.

(3) Fertilizer manufacturers, dealers and agents shall accept applications and make deliveries of fertilizers for use on Group A crops before delivering fertilizers for use on Group B crops requiring fertilizers at the same time, but applications for fertilizer for Group A crops shall be made at least 30 days in advance of the date such fertilizer is required in order to obtain preference over applications for fertilizer for Group B crops requiring fertilizer at the same time. Fertilizer manufacturers, dealers and agents shall accept applications for Production-Increment crops at any time. Deliveries of such Production-Increment fertilizers shall be made in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (h) (3) of this order or in accordance with directions issued by the Director. Deliveries of mixed fertilizers and materials for Group A and Group B crop requirements shall, in all cases, receive priority over deliveries of Production-Increment fertilizer for Production-Increment crops.

(4) In accepting applications for and making deliveries of fertilizer materials, no fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent shall discriminate against persons who apply for such materials for home mixing: *Provided, however,* That the requirements of such persons shall be established in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (h) hereof, and that the amount of such available materials delivered to any person for home mixing shall not exceed the amount which such person would be eligible to obtain in mixed fertilizers pursuant to the provisions of this order.

(h) *Requirements.*—(1) *Group A crops.* The requirement of any person for fertilizer for use on any Group A crop shall be the acreage of the crop to be grown by such person multiplied either by the rate of application per acre customarily used by such person for such crop, or customarily used on comparable farms in the same area for such crop, or by the rate of application per acre recommended by the State Agricultural Experiment Station for such crop in the same area: *Provided, however,* That in no case, except as provided in paragraph (h) (4) hereof, shall the rate of application per acre exceed the rate of application per acre recommended by the State Agricultural Experiment Station for such crop in such area.

(2) *Group B crops.* The requirement of any person for fertilizer for use on any Group B crop shall be the acreage of the crop to be grown for which fertilizer is requested by such person multiplied by the rate of application per acre customarily used by such person on such crop, or customarily used on such crop on the farm for which fertilizer is

being requested, or customarily used on such crop on comparable farms in the same area: *Provided, however,* That in no case, except as provided in paragraph (h) (4) hereof, shall the rate of application per acre exceed the rate of application per acre recommended by the State Agricultural Experiment Station for use on such Group B crop.

(3) *Production-Increment crops.* The requirement of any person for Production-Increment fertilizer shall, for use on any Production-Increment crop in any area, be the acreage of the crop to be grown for which fertilizer is requested by such person multiplied by a rate of application per acre, not exceeding the maximum rate of application per acre recommended by the State Agricultural Experiment Station for use on such crop in such area.

(4) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of paragraph (h) hereof, the Director may fix the maximum rate of application per acre for use on any crop, and in connection therewith may, in his discretion, fix the maximum pounds of any individual fertilizer component to be applied per acre.

(i) *Applications.* (1) No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent shall, in the year ending June 30, 1944, deliver to any person any fertilizer for use by such person on crops (except fertilizer delivered pursuant to (b) (2), (c) (2), (d) (1) (i), (d) (2) (ii), (d) (2) (iii), (d) (2) (iv), and (d) (2) (v) hereof), unless prior to such delivery he shall have received from the person to whom delivery is to be made for use (hereinafter referred to as the applicant) a written application therefor. An application may cover all or any part of the applicant's fertilizer requirements for the year ending June 30, 1944. Another application shall be made in any case where the actual acreage to be planted is greater than the acreage included in the original application or where fertilizer is required for crops of acreages not already covered by an application. Each application shall contain the following:

(i) The fertilizer requirements covered by the application, by crops, acreage of crops, grades of mixed fertilizers or materials, rates of application (pounds of fertilizer) per acre, and quantities required.

(ii) A statement that the applicant has no fertilizer on hand, or ordered, to apply on such requirements.

(iii) A certification to the effect that the information used to establish the applicant's requirements for the crops indicated on the application is correct, and that his fertilizer requirements for any crop or acreage not stated thereon will be covered by another application.

(iv) The signature and address of the applicant, the date of signing the application, and the name of the dealer, agent, or manufacturer, to whom the application is given.

(2) Each fertilizer manufacturer shall provide a sufficient quantity of application forms for his own use and the use of his agents and dealers, on which the information required by paragraph (i) (1) hereof shall be written. Each fertilizer manufacturer may, if he wishes,

print his firm's name and address on the form. He may also, if he wishes, use a combined application and order form to provide for including, in addition to the information required by paragraph (i) (1) hereof, such information (as bag sizes and kinds, prices and terms of sale) as may be necessary for such order purposes and a record of deliveries, using the face and reverse side. The applications shall be signed in duplicate, one of the copies to be given to the applicant and the other to be retained by the manufacturer or his dealer or agent.

(3) No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, or agent shall use on his own crops any fertilizer (except fertilizer used pursuant to paragraphs (b) (2), (c) (2), (d) (1) (i), (d) (2) (i), and (d) (2) (ii) hereof), unless he has executed the form of application provided for in paragraph (i) (2) hereof. (The provisions of paragraphs (i) (1), (i) (2), and (i) (3) hereof have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.)

(j) *Records.* Each fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent, who delivers any fertilizer to any person other than a fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, or agent (or uses any fertilizer on his own crops) shall keep a record of each such delivery, showing the person to whom delivery is made, the date of delivery, and the quantity of fertilizer materials or grade of mixed fertilizer (and a similar record of use on his own crops), and each such manufacturer, dealer, or agent shall retain for not less than two years, such records and all applications accepted by him pursuant to paragraph (i) (1) hereof: *Provided, however,* That the provisions of this paragraph (j) shall not apply to individual deliveries in lots of less than 250 pounds of fertilizer authorized to be delivered by paragraphs (b) (2), (c) (2), (d) (1) (i), and (d) (2) (ii) hereof. (The record keeping requirements of this paragraph have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.)

(k) *Reports.* Each person affected by this order shall make such reports to the Director in such form and at such time as the Director may from time to time request, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(l) *State regulations.* Nothing contained in this order shall be construed to permit the delivery or use of any grade of fertilizer in any State where the use or delivery of such grade in such State is specifically prohibited by such State.

(m) *Notification of customers.* Fertilizer manufacturers, dealers and agents shall, as soon as practicable, notify each of their regular customers of the requirements of this order, but failure to give or receive such notice shall not excuse any person from complying with the terms hereof.

(n) *Audits and inspections.* Each fertilizer manufacturer, dealer or agent to whom this order applies shall, upon request, submit his books, records, and accounts, for audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Food Administration.

(o) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, or who conspires with another to perform any of such acts, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine and imprisonment. In addition, any such person may by administrative suspension order be prohibited from receiving any deliveries of or selling or otherwise disposing of or using any fertilizer or any other material now or hereafter authorized to be rationed or allocated by, or subject to the priority control of the War Food Administrator, and may be deprived of any priority assistance. Further, the Director may recommend to the Office of Price Administration or to the War Production Board that any person who violates any provision of this order or any amendment or supplement thereto be denied the right to receive, use, sell or otherwise dispose of any other materials which now are or in the future may be under allocation.

(p) *Petition for relief from hardship.* Any person affected by this order who considers that compliance herewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship on him may apply in writing for relief to the Director, setting forth in such petition all pertinent facts and information. The Director may, upon the basis of such application and other information, take such action as he deems appropriate. The decision of the Director shall be in writing and shall be final and conclusive.

(q) *Delegation of authority.* The administration of this Food Production Order No. 5, Revised, and the powers conferred upon the War Food Administrator by Executive Order No. 9280¹ and Executive Order No. 9322,² as amended by Executive Order No. 9334,³ insofar as such powers relate to the administration of this order are hereby delegated to the Director. The Director shall be assisted in the administration of this order by such employees of the War Food Administration as he may designate, and such employees are hereby authorized to administer the provisions of this order.

(r) *Communications.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless instructions to the contrary are issued, be addressed to the Office of Materials and Facilities, War Food Administration, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: FPO 5.

(s) *Effect on War Production Board Order M-231.* War Production Board Order M-231 is superseded by this Food Production Order No. 5, Revision 2: *Provided, however,* That War Production Board Order M-231 shall continue to remain in full force and effect for the purpose of allowing or sustaining any suit, action, prosecution, or administrative or other proceeding heretofore or hereafter commenced with respect to any violation committed or right or liability

¹ 7 F.R. 10179.

² 8 F.R. 3807.

³ 8 F.R. 5423.

incurred prior to January 18, 1943, under or pursuant to the terms of War Production Board Order M-231.

(t) *Territorial application of order.* This order shall have application in the continental United States, including only the 48 States and the District of Columbia of the United States.

(u) *Federal Explosives Act.* Nothing contained in this order shall be construed to supersede or affect in any manner whatsoever the licensing and other requirements of the Federal Explosives Act of December 26, 1941 (55 Stat. 863), as amended, and the regulations issued thereunder by the Bureau of Mines of the United States Department of the Interior.

(v) *Food Production Order No. 5, Revision 1.* Food Production Order No. 5, Revised,¹ is hereby redesignated as Food Production Order No. 5, Revision 1.

(54 Stat. 676, 55 Stat. 236, 56 Stat. 176; E.O. 9280, 9322, 9334; 7 F.R. 10179, 8 F.R. 3807, 5423)

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GROVER B. HILL,
First Assistant
War Food Administrator.

SCHEDULE I—FERTILIZER GRADES FOR 1943-1944
GRADES APPLICABLE TO ALL STATES

Nitrate of soda.....	16-0-0 ¹
Byproduct nitrate of soda.....	14-0-0
Nitrate of potash.....	14-0-14
Sulphate of ammonia.....	20 (or higher) -0-0
Cyanamid.....	20 (or higher) -0-0
Uramon.....	42-0-0
Ammoniated superphosphate.....	4 (or higher) -16 (or higher) -0
Ammoniated superphosphate.....	4-12 (or higher) -0
Ammonium phosphate.....	11-48-0 16-20-0
Uramon-limestone.....	20 (or higher) -0-0
Ammonium nitrate-limestone.....	20 (or higher) -0-0
Ammonium nitrate.....	30 (or higher) -0-0 ¹
Potassium nitrate.....	14-0-44 (or higher)
Superphosphate.....	0-18 (or higher) -0 ¹
Muriate of potash.....	0-0-50 (or higher)
Sulphate of potash.....	0-0-48 (or higher)
Manure salts.....	0-0-22 (or higher)
Sulphate of potash magnesias.....	0-0-18 (or higher)
Potash lime.....	0-0-6
Ground phosphate rock.....	Any Grade
Colloidal phosphate.....	Any Grade
Cotton hull ash.....	Any Grade
Wood ash.....	Any Grade
Straight carriers of organic nitrogen.....	Any Grade ¹

¹This grade is designated for use on victory gardens in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4), but is not limited to such use.

NEW ENGLAND AREA

Maine: 0-14-14; 3-12-6; 5-7-10; 5-8-7¹; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 6-9-15; 7-7-7.
New Hampshire: 0-14-14; 3-12-6; 5-8-7¹; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 6-3-6³; 7-7-7.
Vermont: 0-14-14; 3-12-6; 5-8-7¹; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 6-3-6³; 7-7-7.
Massachusetts: 0-14-14; 3-12-6; 4-10-0³; 5-3-5^{1,2}; 5-8-7¹; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 6-3-6³; 7-7-7.
Rhode Island: 0-14-14; 3-12-6; 5-8-7¹; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 7-7-7.
Connecticut: 0-14-14; 3-12-6; 4-10-0³; 5-3-5^{1,2}; 5-8-7¹; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 6-3-6³; 7-7-7.

¹No multiples permitted.

²This grade is designated for use on victory gardens in conformity with the provisions of

³8 F.R. 9271.

paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4), but is not limited to such use.

³Tobacco only.

Unless prohibited hereinabove, multiples of the foregoing approved grades may be manufactured and delivered for use.

MIDDLE ATLANTIC AREA

New York: 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 3-9-12; 3-9-15¹; 3-12-6; 4-8-12; 4-12-4; 4-12-8; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 7-7-7.
Pennsylvania: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 3-9-12; 3-12-6; 4-8-12; 4-12-4; 4-12-8; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 7-7-7; 10-6-4.
New Jersey: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 3-9-12; 3-9-15¹; 3-12-6; 4-8-12; 4-12-4; 4-12-8; 5-8-7; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 7-7-7; 10-6-4.
Delaware: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 3-9-12; 3-12-6; 4-8-12; 4-12-4; 4-12-8; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 6-8-6; 7-7-7¹; 10-6-4.
Maryland: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 2-12-12⁴; 3-9-12⁴; 3-12-6; 4-8-12⁴; 4-12-4; 4-12-8; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 6-8-6; 7-7-7¹; 10-6-4.
Virginia: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 3-8-5¹; 3-9-6¹; 3-9-12; 3-12-6; 4-9-3¹; 4-10-4; 4-12-4; 4-12-8; 5-10-5²; 6-8-4; 6-8-6; 7-7-7¹; 10-6-4.
West Virginia: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 3-12-6; 4-12-4; 4-12-8; 5-10-5²; 5-10-10; 10-6-4.

¹Muck only.

²This grade is designated for use on victory gardens in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4), but is not limited to such use.

³Top dressing only.

⁴This grade may be used on tobacco, but is not limited to such use.

⁵Tobacco only.

⁶Not for use on vegetable crops.

Multiples of the foregoing approved grades may be manufactured and delivered for use.

SOUTHEASTERN AREA

North Carolina: 0-10-10 (basic); 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-10-6; 2-12-6; 3-9-5¹; 3-9-6¹; 3-9-9; 3-12-6; 4-8-8; 4-9-3¹; 4-10-4; 4-10-6; 4-12-4; 5-5-20¹; 5-7-5; 5-10-5²; 6-8-4; 6-8-6; 10-0-10.
South Carolina: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 3-9-6¹; 3-9-9; 3-12-6; 4-8-8; 4-9-3¹; 4-10-4; 4-10-6; 4-12-4; 5-10-5²; 6-8-6; 10-0-10.
Georgia: 0-14-7; 0-14-10; 2-12-6; 3-9-6; 3-9-9¹; 4-8-6; 4-8-8¹; 4-9-3¹; 4-10-4; 4-10-8¹; 4-12-4; 5-10-5²; 6-8-6; 6-8-6; 10-0-10.
Alabama: 0-14-10; 3-9-9¹; 4-10-4; 4-10-6; 5-10-5²; 6-8-4.
Mississippi: 0-14-7; 4-8-8; 5-10-5²; 6-8-4.
Tennessee: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 2-14-4¹; 3-9-6; 3-9-9; 4-8-8; 4-9-3¹; 4-12-4¹; 5-10-5; 6-8-4; 8-5-5.

¹Tobacco only.

²This grade is designated for use on victory gardens in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4), but is not limited to such use.

³This grade is designated for use on victory gardens only in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4).

⁴Fall seeded small grains only.

⁵For use on Group A crops only.

FLORIDA AREA

Florida: 0-8-12; 0-8-24; 0-10-10; 0-12-16; 0-14-5; 0-14-10; 0-16-0 plus Min; 2-8-6; 2-8-10; 2-10-4; 3-6-8; 3-6-10; 3-8-5; 3-8-8; 4-4-8; 4-5-7; 4-6-8; 4-7-5; 4-8-4; 4-8-6; 4-8-8; 4-9-3; 4-10-7; 4-12-4; 4-12-6; 5-5-8; 5-6-10; 5-7-5; 5-8-8; 5-10-5¹; 6-4-8; 6-6-6; 8-0-8; 8-0-12; 12-0-10.

¹This grade is designated for use on victory gardens only in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4).

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL AREA

Arkansas: 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 3-9-18; 4-8-12; 4-12-4; 4-12-6; 5-10-5¹; 6-8-4; 10-0-10; 12-8-0.
Louisiana: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 3-12-12; 4-8-8; 4-12-4; 4-12-6; 5-10-5¹; 6-8-4; 10-0-10; 12-8-0.

Texas: 0-14-7; 4-10-0; 4-8-8; 4-12-4; 4-12-6; 5-10-5¹; 6-8-4; 6-12-0²; 6-30-0³; 10-10-0⁴; 10-20-0⁴; 12-15-0.⁴
Oklahoma: 0-14-7; 2-12-6; 4-12-0; 4-12-4; 4-12-6; 5-10-5¹.

¹This grade is designated for use on victory gardens in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4), but is not limited to such use.

²Sugarcane only.

³Rio Grande Valley only.

⁴Panhandle and West Texas only.

MIDDLE WEST AREA

Illinois: 0-9-27; 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 0-14-14; 0-20-10; 0-20-20; 2-12-6; 2-16-8; 3-9-18; 3-12-12; 3-18-9; 4-10-6; 4-12-4¹; 8-8-8; 10-6-4.
Indiana: 0-9-27; 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 0-14-14; 0-20-10; 0-20-20; 2-12-6; 2-16-8; 3-9-18; 3-12-12; 3-18-9; 4-10-6; 4-12-4¹; 8-8-8; 10-6-4.
Iowa: 0-9-27; 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 0-14-14; 0-20-10; 0-20-20; 2-12-6; 3-9-18; 3-12-12; 3-18-9; 4-10-6; 4-12-4¹; 4-16-4; 10-6-4.
Minnesota: 0-9-27; 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-12-23; 0-12-36; 0-14-7; 0-14-14; 0-20-10; 0-20-20; 0-30-15; 2-12-6; 2-16-8; 3-9-18; 3-12-12; 3-18-9; 4-10-6; 4-12-4¹; 4-16-16; 4-24-12; 6-12-18; 8-8-8; 8-16-12; 10-6-4.
Ohio: 0-9-27; 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 0-14-14; 0-20-10; 0-20-20; 2-12-6; 3-9-18; 3-12-12; 3-18-9; 4-10-6; 4-12-4¹; 5-10-10; 8-8-8; 10-6-4.
Wisconsin: 0-9-27; 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 0-14-14; 0-20-10; 0-20-20; 2-12-6; 3-9-18; 3-12-12; 3-18-9; 4-10-6; 4-12-4¹; 8-8-8; 10-6-4.
Michigan: 0-9-27; 0-10-20; 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 0-14-14; 0-20-10; 0-20-20; 2-12-6; 2-16-8; 3-9-18; 3-12-12; 3-18-9; 4-10-6; 4-12-4¹; 4-16-4; 8-8-8; 10-6-4.
Kentucky: 0-12-12; 0-14-7; 0-14-7; 0-14-14; 0-20-10; 0-20-20; 2-12-6; 2-14-4¹; 3-9-6; 3-12-12; 4-10-6; 4-12-14¹; 4-12-8; 5-10-10; 6-8-6; 10-6-4.

¹This grade is designated for use on victory gardens only in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4).

²This grade is designated for use on victory gardens in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4), but is not limited to such use.

³Fall seeded small grains only.

PACIFIC COAST AREA

Arizona: 4-8-0 (manure base only); 4-12-4; 4-19-5; 6-10-4¹; 6-12-0; 6-18-0; 8-8-0; 8-12-0; 8-16-0; 10-10-0; 10-20-0; 10-32-0; 14-6-0.
California: 0-10-12; 2-10-8; 4-6-8; 4-10-10; 4-12-4; 4-18-18; 5-12-5; 5-14-9; 6-9-6; 6-10-4¹; 6-12-8; 6-10-12; 8-6-8; 8-8-4; 8-10-12; 10-5-5; 10-5-10; 10-10-0; 10-10-5; 10-12-10; 10-16-8; 10-20-0; 12-0-14; 12-6-6; 14-0-8; 17-7-0.
Oregon: 0-12-20; 3-10-10; 3-10-20; 4-12-4; 4-24-0; 4-24-4; 5-6-8; 5-10-5; 5-10-10; 6-10-4¹; 6-30-0; 9-4-6; 10-12-14; 10-16-8; 10-20-0; 12-12-0.
Washington: 0-12-20; 3-10-10; 3-10-20; 4-12-4; 4-24-0; 4-24-4; 5-6-8; 5-10-5; 5-10-10; 6-10-4¹; 6-30-0; 9-4-6; 10-12-14; 10-20-0; 12-12-0; 17-4-4; 17-12-0.
Idaho: 0-12-20; 3-10-10; 3-10-20; 4-12-4; 4-24-0; 5-10-5; 5-10-10; 6-10-4¹; 6-30-0; 10-20-0.

¹This grade is designated for use on victory gardens in conformity with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (4), but is not limited to such use.

SCHEDULE II—GROUP A CROPS

I. Field crops.

- (a) Peanuts.
- (b) Sugar beets for production of seed.
- (c) Hemp.
- (d) Hybrid corn for production of seed only.

II. Vegetable crops.

- (a) Beans, dried.
- (b) Beans, snap.
- (c) Beans, lima.
- (d) Cabbage.
- (e) Carrots.
- (f) Onions.
- (g) Peas, dried edible.
- (h) Peas.
- (i) Potatoes, Irish.
- (j) Potatoes, sweet.
- (k) Sweet corn for processing only.
- (l) Tomatoes.
- (m) Vegetable seeds.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17508; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:29 a. m.]

Chapter XI—War Food Administration
(Distribution Orders)

[FDO 79-83]

PART 1401—DAIRY PRODUCTS

FLUID MILK AND CREAM IN PORTLAND, MAINE,
SALES AREA

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Food Distribution Order No. 79 (8 F.R. 12426), issued on September 7, 1943, as amended, and to effectuate the purposes of such order, it is hereby ordered as follows:

§ 1401.116 *Quota restrictions*—(a) *Definitions.* When used in this order, unless otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent hereof:

(1) Each term defined in Food Distribution Order No. 79, as amended, shall, when used herein, have the same meaning as is set forth for such term in Food Distribution Order No. 79, as amended.

(2) The term "FDO 79" means Food Distribution Order No. 79, issued on September 7, 1943, as amended.

(3) The term "sub-handler" means any handler, such as a peddler, vendor, sub-dealer, or secondary dealer, who purchases in a previously packaged and processed form milk, milk byproducts, or cream for delivery.

(b) *Milk sales area.* The following area is hereby designated as a "milk sales area" to be known as the Portland, Maine, sales area, and is referred to hereinafter as the "sales area":

The cities of Portland, South Portland and Westbrook, and the towns of Cape Elizabeth and Falmouth, all in Cumberland County, Maine.

(c) *Base period.* The calendar month of June 1943 is hereby designated as the base period for the sales area.

(d) *Quota period.* The remainder of the calendar month in which the provisions hereof become effective and each subsequent calendar month, respectively, is hereby designated as a quota period for the sales area.

(e) *Handler quotas.* Quotas for each handler in the sales area in each quota period shall be calculated in terms of pounds of each of the items for which percentages are specified in (3) below and shall be determined as follows:

(1) Divide the total deliveries of each such item made in the sales area by such handler during the base period, after

excluding the quota-exempt deliveries described in (i) hereof, by the number of days in the base period;

(2) Multiply the result of the foregoing calculation by the number of days in the quota period;

(3) Multiply the aforesaid resulting amount by the following applicable percentage: (i) Milk: 100 percent, (ii) butterfat in milk: _____ percent; (iii) cream: 75 percent; (iv) butterfat in cream: 75 percent; (v) milk byproducts other than cottage, pot, or baker's cheese: 75 percent; and (vi) cottage, pot, or baker's cheese: 75 percent of skim milk equivalent. (For the purpose of this order, one pound of cottage, pot, or baker's cheese shall be considered as the equivalent of 7 pounds of skim milk.)

(f) *Quota limitations.* No handler shall, during any quota period, make deliveries in the sales area in excess of his respective quotas, except as set out in (i) hereof: *Provided*, That a handler may, after application to and approval by the market agent, secure an increase in milk quotas through an equivalent reduction as determined by the market agent, in cream and milk byproducts quotas, and an increase in milk byproducts quota through an equivalent reduction as determined by the market agent, in cream quotas.

(g) *Quotas for handlers who are also producers.* Quotas for handlers who are also producers and who purchase no milk shall be 100 percent of the total production of such handlers in the base period.

(h) *Handler exemptions.* Quotas shall not apply to any handler who delivers in a quota period a daily average of less than 200 units of milk, cream, and milk byproducts. For the purpose of this order, a unit shall be the equivalent in the volume of the following: (1) Milk, one quart of milk; (2) cream, one-half pint of cream; and (3) milk byproduct, one quart of skim milk, buttermilk, flavored milk drink, or other beverage containing more than 85 percent of skim milk, or one-half pound of cottage, pot, or baker's cheese.

(i) *Quota exclusions and exemptions.* Deliveries of milk, milk byproducts, or cream (1) to other handlers, except for such deliveries to sub-handlers, (2) to plants engaged in the handling or processing of milk, milk byproducts, or cream from which no milk, milk byproducts, or cream is delivered in the sales area, and (3) to the agencies or groups specified in (d) of FDO 79, shall be excluded from the computation of deliveries in the base period and exempt from charges to quotas.

(j) *Transfers and apportionment of quotas.* The market agent is empowered to deduct an amount of base period deliveries to purchasers from the total of deliveries made by a handler or other person in the base period upon the application and a showing of unreasonable hardship by the handler making deliveries to such purchasers on the effective date of this order, and to add the amount of such deliveries to the total base period deliveries of the applicant handler. Denials of transfers or transfers granted by

the market agent shall be reviewed by the Director upon application.

(k) *Petition for relief from hardships.*

(1) Any person affected by FDO 79 or the provisions hereof who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship on him, may file with the market agent a petition addressed to the Director. The petition shall contain the correct name, address and principal place of business of the petitioner, a full statement of the facts upon which the petition is based, and the hardship involved and the nature of the relief desired.

(2) Upon receiving such petition, the market agent shall immediately investigate the representations and facts stated therein.

(3) After investigation, the petition shall be certified to the Director, but prior to certification the market agent may (i) deny the petition, or (ii) grant temporary relief for a total period not to exceed 60 days.

(4) Denials or grants of relief by the market agent shall be reviewed by the Director and may be affirmed, modified, or reversed by the Director.

(l) *Reports.* Each handler shall transmit to the market agent on forms prescribed by the market agent the following reports:

(1) Within 20 days following the effective date of this order, reports which show the information required by the market agent to establish such handlers' quotas:

(2) Within 20 days following the close of each quota period, the information required by the market agent to establish volumes of deliveries of milk, cream, and milk byproducts during the preceding quota period; and

(3) Handlers exempt from quotas pursuant to (h) hereof shall, upon the request of the market agent, submit the information required by the market agent to establish volumes of deliveries of milk, cream, and milk byproducts.

(m) *Records.* Handlers shall keep and shall make available to the market agent such records of receipts, sales, deliveries, and production as the market agent shall require for the purpose of obtaining information which the Director may require for the establishment of quotas as prescribed in (b) of FDO 79.

(n) *Distribution schedules.* The distribution schedules, if any, to be followed by the handlers in making deliveries shall be made effective in the terms of approval by the Director of such schedules.

(o) *Expense of administration.* Each handler shall pay to the market agent, within 20 days after the close of each calendar month an assessment of \$.015 per hundredweight of each of milk, cream, skim milk, buttermilk, flavored milk drinks, beverages containing more than 85 percent of skim milk, and skim milk equivalent of cottage, pot, or baker's cheese delivered during the preceding quota period and subject to quota regulations under the provisions hereof.

(p) *Violations.* The market agent shall report all violations to the Director together with the information required

for the prosecution of such violations, except in a case where a handler has made deliveries in a quota period in excess of a quota in an amount not to exceed 5 percent of such quota, and in the succeeding quota period makes deliveries below that quota by at least the same percent.

(q) *Bureau of the Budget-approval.* The record keeping and reporting requirements of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942. Subsequent record keeping or reporting requirements will be subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(r) This order shall take effect at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., November 1, 1943.

Issued this 28th day of October 1943.

C. W. KIRCHEN,
Acting Director of Food Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17505; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:29 a. m.]

TITLE 10—ARMY; WAR DEPARTMENT

Chapter III—Claims and Accounts

PART 36—CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGE TO OR LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY, OR FOR PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, INCIDENT TO NONCOMBAT ACTIVITIES OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT OR OF THE ARMY

Sections 36.12, 36.13, 36.14, 36.15 and 36.16 are rescinded and the following §§ 36.12 to 36.23 are substituted therefor. These regulations are also contained in AR 25-25, 3 July 1943, the particular paragraphs being shown in brackets at end of sections.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 1, Act of 3 July 1943, Public Law 112, 78th Congress.

§ 36.12 *Scope*—(a) *General.* Claims, arising on or after 27 May 1941, for damage to or loss or destruction of real or personal property, or for reasonable medical, hospital, or burial expenses actually incurred on account of personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army while acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the War Department or of the Army, including claims for damage to or loss or destruction of registered or insured mail while in the possession of the military authorities even though resulting from criminal acts, and claims for damages to or loss or destruction of personal property bailed to the Government and for damage or real property incident to the use and occupancy thereof under a lease, express or implied, or otherwise, and including claims of the foregoing categories arising out of civil works, are payable under the military claims provision (sec. 1, Act of 3 July 1943, Pub. Law 112, 78th Cong.) provided they do not exceed \$500 or, if approved in time of war, provided they do not exceed \$1,000.

(b) *Classes of claims payable hereunder.* Claims within the scope of the regulations contained in §§ 36.12-36.23 may be classified as follows:

(1) Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property caused by acts or omissions of military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army while acting within the scope of their employment.

(2) Claims for reasonable medical, hospital, and burial expenses actually incurred on account of personal injury or death caused by acts or omissions of military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army while acting within the scope of their employment.

(3) Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of registered or insured mail, even though resulting from criminal acts, while in the possession of the military authorities.

(4) Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of personal property bailed to the Government.

(5) Claims for damage to real property incident to the use and occupancy thereof under a lease, express or implied, or otherwise.

(6) Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the War Department or of the Army even though not caused by acts or omissions of military personnel or civilian employees.

(7) Claims for reasonable medical, hospital, and burial expenses actually incurred on account of personal injury or death otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the War Department or of the Army even though not caused by acts or omissions of military personnel or civilian employees. Any particular claim may be within more than one of the above classes.

(c) *Claims allowable under prior regulations payable hereunder.* Any claim, except property claims of military personnel and civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army incident to their service, arising on or after 27 May 1941, formerly allowable under provisions of law and regulations now superseded is payable under the provisions of these regulations (§§ 36.12-36.23).

(d) *Application to pending claims.* The provisions of the regulations contained in §§ 36.12-36.23 apply to all claims otherwise within the scope thereof, not heretofore paid, arising out of accidents or incidents occurring on or after 27 May 1941; see, however, § 36.22 (c) as to claims presented prior to 3 July 1943, if subrogation is involved. Claims arising out of accidents or incidents occurring prior to 27 May 1941, will be forwarded, with related files and such comments, if any, as the forwarding authority may desire to submit, by or through the commanding general of the service command, or the commanding officer of the air service command, within the United States, its territories and possessions, in which the accident or incident resulting in the claim occurred, to The Judge Advocate General, Washington 25, D. C., for appropriate administrative action. [Pars. 2 and 3]

§ 36.13 *Acts or omissions*—(a) *Military personnel and civilian employees.* Military personnel and civilian employees whose acts or omissions may give rise to claims within the scope of these regulations include all military personnel and civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army, prisoners of war and interned enemy aliens engaged in labor for pay, and volunteer workers, and others, serving as employees of the War Department or of the Army even though without compensation.

(b) *Scope of employment.* Acts or omissions of military personnel and civilian employees may give rise to claims payable under the provisions of these regulations (§§ 36.12-36.23) only if such acts or omissions occur while such military personnel or civilian employees are acting within the scope of their employment.

(c) *Proximate cause.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or for personal injury or death, proximately caused by acts or omissions of military personnel or civilian employees acting within the scope of their employment are payable under the provisions of these regulations. Such acts or omissions, whether intentional or unintentional, may be negligent or wrongful, or they may be nonnegligent or mere mistakes of judgment. If the proximate cause of the accident or incident is the act or omission of persons other than military personnel or civilian employees, the claim is not payable under the provisions of these regulations. If the proximate cause of the accident or incident is the joint or concurrent negligent or wrongful act or omission of military personnel or civilian employees and of one or more persons other than the claimant, his agent, or employee, the claim is payable except to the extent if any, paid by or on behalf of such other person or persons. [Par. 4]

§ 36.14 *Claims*—(a) *Registered and insured mail.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of registered or insured mail while in the possession of the military authorities are within the scope of these regulations if caused by military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army, even though resulting from criminal acts, or if otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the War Department or of the Army. Claims for damage, loss, or destruction occurring prior to delivery by the Post Office Department to military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army (e. g., unit, battalion, or regimental mail clerks or postal officers) charged with distribution to the addressee are not payable under the provisions of these regulations; nor are claims arising after resumption of possession by the Post Office Department (e. g., for the purpose of forwarding to the addressee at a different address) and prior to redelivery to military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army charged with distribution to the addressee.

(b) *Bailed personal property.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of personal property loaned, rented, or

otherwise bailed to the Government under an agreement, express or implied, are payable under the provisions of these regulations (§§ 36.12-36.23) unless by express agreement the bailor has assumed the risk of damage, loss, or destruction.

(c) *Use and occupancy of real property.* Claims for damage to real property incident to the use and occupancy thereof by the Government under a lease, express or implied, or otherwise, are payable under the provisions of these regulations (§§ 36.12-36.23) even though legally enforceable against the Government as contract claims.

(d) *Contract claims.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property founded in contract, express or implied, except those under paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, are normally not payable under the provisions of these regulations. (§§ 34.12-36.23). Any claim which is apparently within the provisions of (Pub. Law 112, 78th Cong.) but appears to be founded in contract, express or implied, except claims under paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, will be forwarded, with related files and such comments, if any, as the forwarding authority may desire to submit, by or through the commanding general of the service command, or the commanding officer of the air service command, as the case may be, to The Judge Advocate General for appropriate action.

(e) *Other noncombat activities.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or for personal injury or death, though not caused by acts or omissions of military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army, are payable under the provisions of these regulations if otherwise incident to the noncombat activities of the War Department or of the Army. To illustrate, claims arising from airplane crashes, salvage operations, barrage balloons, vibration or concussion from gunfire, mechanical defects, runaway horses, and explosions. [Pars. 5 to 9]

§ 36.15 *Contributory negligence.* Contributory negligence or wrongful act or omission of the claimant, or of his agent or employee, acting within the scope of his employment, in whole or in part the proximate cause, bars a claim. [Par. 10]

§ 36.16 *Claims under Foreign Claims Act.* Claims arising in foreign countries which are cognizable under the provisions of the act of January 2, 1942, as amended (See § 36.26), are not within the provisions of the regulations in §§ 36.12-36.23. Subject, however, to the foregoing provision, there is no geographical limitation on the scope of application of these regulations, for example, a claim arising in a foreign country which is not cognizable under the act of January 2, 1942, as amended, because the claimant is not an inhabitant of the foreign country in which the accident or incident occurs may, if the claim is otherwise within the provisions of these regulations, be paid hereunder. Claims, arising in foreign countries, of nationals of a country at war with the United States, or of any ally of such

enemy country, who are inhabitants of foreign countries may not be paid under the provisions of these regulations except as a foreign claims commission or the local military commander may determine that the claimants are friendly to the United States. [Par. 11]

§ 36.17 *Claims of or pertaining to military personnel or civilian employees—(a) Property.* Claims for damage or loss or destruction of property of military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army occurring incident to their service will be considered only under the provisions of AR 25-100.¹ Claims of such personnel and employees for damage to or loss or destruction of property not incident to their service are payable under the provisions of these regulations on the same basis as are claims of persons not military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army.

(b) *Injury or death of military personnel or civilian employees.* Claims for medical, hospital, and burial expenses on account of injury or death of military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army will first be considered under the provisions of §§ 77.1 to 77.8, and AR 40-505 (Medical Attendance—General Provisions): §§ 77.40 to 77.46, and AR 40-510 (Dental Attendance): or §§ 36.50 to 36.53 and AR 30-1830² (Burial Expenses); those of civilian employees, not within those regulations, may be within the jurisdiction of the United States Employees Compensation Commission under the provisions of the act of 7 September 1916 (39 Stat. 742; 5 U. S. C. 751), as amended. Claims of such personnel and employees for medical, hospital, and burial expenses not within the scope of the above-mentioned regulations or statute are payable under the provisions of the regulations in these §§ 36.12 to 36.23 on the same basis as are claims of persons not military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army. [Pars. 12 and 13]

§ 36.18 *Depredation.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, by persons subject to military law, caused by riotous, violent, or disorderly conduct, or acts of depredation, willful misconduct, or such reckless disregard of property rights as to carry an implication of guilty intent, and payable under the provisions of Article of War 105 as set forth in § 36.25 and AR 25-80, are not payable under the provisions of these regulations. [Par. 14]

§ 36.19 *Combat activities.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or for personal injury or death, resulting from action by the enemy, or resulting directly or indirectly from any act by armed forces engaged in combat, are not payable under the provisions of these §§ 36.12-36.23. [Par. 15]

§ 36.20 *Expenses; Medical, hospital or burial—(a) Medical expenses—(1) In-*

cluded. Items properly allowable include, if reasonably necessary and reasonable in amount and actually incurred—

(i) Transportation, by ambulance or otherwise, from the scene of the accident or incident to a physician or hospital, and to and from residence to physicians or hospitals, for examination or treatment.

(ii) Services performed by physicians, surgeons, dentists, laboratory technicians, anesthetists, masseurs, and registered and practical nurses.

(iii) Physiotherapy.

(iv) X-ray and roentgenological examination and treatment.

(v) Laboratory tests.

(vi) Medicines.

(vii) Other reasonably necessary medical expenses.

(2) *Excluded.* No amount may be allowed, as an item of the claim, for medical services furnished at the expense of the United States.

(b) *Hospital expenses—(1) Included.* Items properly allowable include, if reasonably necessary and reasonable in amount and actually incurred:

(i) Use of emergency and surgical rooms.

(ii) Room and board.

(iii) Anesthetics, medicines, laboratory feed, and dressings.

(iv) Payments to blood donors.

(v) Other reasonably necessary hospital expenses.

(2) *Excluded.* No amount may be allowed, as an item of the claim, for hospital services furnished at the expense of the United States.

(c) *Burial expenses—(1) Included.* Items properly allowable include, if reasonable in amount and actually incurred:

(i) Undertaker's services.

(ii) Casket.

(iii) Transportation.

(iv) Cemetery lot.

(v) Services of a minister, priest, or rabbi.

(vi) Interment or cremation.

(vii) Other reasonably necessary burial and funeral expenses.

(2) *Excluded.* No amount may be allowed, as an item of the claim, for any portion of the expense of burial otherwise paid by the United States. [Par. 16, 17 and 18]

§ 36.21 *Statute of limitations.* Claims must be presented in writing within 1 year after the occurrence of the accident or incident out of which the claim arises, except that if the accident or incident occurs in time of war, or if war intervenes within 1 year after its occurrence, a claim may, if good cause for the delay is shown, be presented within 1 year after peace is established. [Par. 19]

§ 36.22 *Claims of subrogees—(a) Included.* Settlement will be made solely with the insured, rather than with the insurer or with both the insured and insurer, in cases of damage, loss, destruction, injury, or death covered by insurance. No inquiry will be made into, nor determination made of, the relative interests as between insured and insurer. The entire claim, including any portion thereof insured against, will be filed by

¹Administrative regulations of the War Department relating to claims of military personnel for loss of private property.

or on behalf of the insured and payment of the entire amount allowed will be made in the name of the insured. Evidence of authority to file a claim on behalf of the insured may be established by a power of attorney, insurance policy provision, or other documentary evidence. The foregoing provisions will be equally applicable in cases of subrogation based other than on insurance.

(b) *Not included.* Claims by subrogees in their own right are not within the scope of these regulations and will not be considered.

(c) *Claims presented prior to 3 July 1943.* The provisions of (a) and (b) above will, however, be inapplicable to claims filed prior to 3 July 1943. [Par. 21]

§ 36.23 *Procedure*—(a) §§ 36.1 to 36.10 applicable. So far as applicable, the procedure set forth in §§ 36.1 to 36.10 will be followed as to claims within the provisions of these regulations.

(b) *Conditions of payment.* Prior to payment of any claim within the provisions of these regulations, each of the following conditions must be fulfilled:

(1) Amount of the damage, loss, or destruction, or amount to be allowed on account of personal injury or death, must be determined.

(2) Award must not exceed \$1,000 (\$500 in time of peace).

(3) Claim must be within the scope of these regulations as outlined in § 36.12.

(4) Claim must be presented in writing, ordinarily within 1 year after the occurrence of the accident or incident out of which the claim arises.

(5) Contributory negligence or wrongful act or omission, in whole or in part the proximate cause, bars a claim.

(6) Claim must be approved as provided in Army Regulations or, on appeal, by the Secretary of War.

(7) Claimant must accept, in full satisfaction and final settlement, the amount allowed if less than the full amount claimed.

(8) Claims payable under the provisions of §§ 36.25 or 36.26 are not payable under the provisions of the regulations in these §§ 36.12-36.23.

(9) Claims of military personnel or civilian employees incident to their service are not payable under the provisions of these regulations.

(c) *Superseded provisions.* The act of July 3, 1943, Public Law 112, 78th Congress, and the regulations in these §§ 36.12-36.23 supersede several provisions of law and regulations but, except property claims of military personnel and civilian employees of the War Department, or of the Army incident to their service, any claim, arising on or after 27 May 1941, formerly payable under the superseded provisions is within the scope of these regulations. [Pars. 20, 23 and 25]

Section 36.17 is redesignated § 36.25 and paragraph (b) (1) is amended to show correct references.

§ 36.25 *Claims under one hundred and fifth article of war.* * * *

(b) *Limitation of application*—(1) *Claims payable from Government funds.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruc-

tion of private property payable from Government funds under the provisions of regulations contained in §§ 36.12 to 36.23, and § 36.26, are not within the provisions of the regulations in this section. (R.S. 161; 5 U.S.C. 22) [AR 25-80, 15 March 1943]

Section 36.18 is redesignated 36.26 and references contained in paragraphs (a) (1), (b) (5), and (d) (1) are amended.

§ 36.26 *Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or for personal injury or death caused by Army Forces in foreign countries*—(a) *Scope*—(1) *General.* Claims for damage to or * * *. Claims within the scope of the foreign claims provision and which but for the existence of that provision would be within the provisions of §§ 36.12 to 36.23 or § 36.25 will be settled under the foreign claims provision.

(b) *Limitations of application.* * * *

(5) *Claims within provisions of other regulations.* Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or for personal injury or death, arising in foreign countries but not within the provisions of the act of January 2, 1942, as amended, should be processed under the provisions of §§ 36.12 to 36.23 or § 36.25 or under AR 25-100,¹ if applicable.

(d) *Procedure*—(1) §§ 36.1 to 36.10 generally applicable. Investigation of claims arising in foreign countries, and of accidents and incidents which may give rise to such claims, whether within the foreign claims provision, or apparently within the provisions of other regulations (see §§ 36.12, to 36.23 and § 36.25), or the payment of which * * *. (Act of 2 January 1942, 55 Stat. 880; 31 U.S.C. Sup. 224d, as amended by act of 22 April 1943, Pub. Law 39, 78th Cong.) [AR 25-90, 22 April 1943]

[SEAL] J. A. ULIO,
Major General,
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17461; Filed, October 23, 1943; 10:20 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE
Chapter VI—Selective Service System
[No. 219]

REGISTRATION CARD; OATH OF OFFICE;
WAIVER OF PAY
ORDER PRESCRIBING FORMS

By virtue of the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 885, 50 U.S.C., App. and Sup. 301 et seq.): E.O. No. 8545, 5 F.R. 3779, E.O. No. 9279, 7 F.R. 10177, and the authority vested in me by the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission in Administrative Order No. 26, 7 F.R. 10512, I hereby prescribe the following changes in DSS Forms:

¹Administrative regulations of the War Department pertaining to claims of military personnel for loss of private property.

Addition of a new form designated as DSS Form 1-F entitled "Registration Card", effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.¹

Addition of a new form designated as DSS Form 21-F entitled "Oath of Office—Waiver of Pay or Compensation", effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.¹

The foregoing addition shall become a part of the Selective Service Regulations effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director.

OCTOBER 23, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17437; Filed, October 27, 1943; 2:57 p. m.]

[No. 220]

REFERRAL FOR OCCUPATIONAL INFORMATION
OR PLACEMENT

ORDER PRESCRIBING FORMS

By virtue of the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 885, 50 U.S.C., App. and Sup. 301 et seq.); E.O. No. 8545, 5 F.R. 3779, E.O. No. 9279, 7 F.R. 10177, and the authority vested in me by the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission in Administrative Order No. 26, 7 F.R. 10512, I hereby prescribe the following change in DSS forms:

Addition of a new form designated as DSS Form 323, entitled "Referral for Occupational Information or Placement," effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.¹

The foregoing addition shall become a part of the Selective Service Regulations effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director.

OCTOBER 2, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17438; Filed, October 27, 1943; 2:57 p. m.]

[Amendment 183, 2d Ed.]

PART 627—APPEAL TO BOARD OF APPEAL
APPEAL INVOLVING CLAIM THAT REGISTRANT
IS CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTOR

By virtue of the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 885, 50 U.S.C., App. and Sup. 301 et seq.); E.O. No. 8545, 5 F.R. 3779, E.O. No. 9279, 7 F.R. 10177, and the authority vested in me by the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission in Administrative Order No. 26, 7 F.R. 10512, Selective Service Regulations, Second Edition, are hereby amended in the following respect:

1. Amend paragraph (a) of § 627.25 (6 F.R. 6845, 7 F.R. 4155, 10520) to read as follows:

§ 627.25 *Special provisions where appeal involves claim that registrant is a conscientious objector.* (a) If an ap-

¹Form filed as part of original document.

peal involves the question of whether a registrant is entitled to be sustained in his claim that he is a conscientious objector, the board of appeal shall take the following action:

(1) First determine whether the registrant should be classified in one of the classes set forth in § 623.21 in the order set forth and, if it so determines, it shall place the registrant in such class; or

(2) If it determines that the registrant should not be classified in one of the classes set forth in § 623.21 and the registrant has claimed classification in Class IV-E, determine whether to place the registrant in such class and, if it so determines, it shall place the registrant in Class IV-E; or

(3) If it determines that the registrant should not be classified in one of the classes set forth in § 623.21 and the registrant has not claimed classification in Class I-A-O, determine whether to place the registrant in such class and, if it so determines, it shall place the registrant in Class I-A-O; or

(4) If it determines not to place such registrant in one of the classes set forth in § 623.21 or in Class IV-E or in Class I-A-O under the circumstances set forth in subparagraphs (1), (2), or (3) of this section, it shall transmit the entire file to the United States Attorney for the judicial district in which the local board of the registrant is located for the purpose of securing an advisory recommendation from the Department of Justice.

No registrant's file shall be forwarded to the United States Attorney by any board of appeal, and any file so forwarded shall be returned, unless in the "Minutes of Other Actions" on the Selective Service Questionnaire (Form 40) the record shows and the letter of transmittal states that the board of appeal reviewed the file and determined that the registrant should not be classified in one of the classes set forth in § 623.21 or in Class IV-E or Class I-A-O under the circumstances set forth in subparagraphs (1), (2), or (3) above.

2. The foregoing amendment to the Selective Service Regulations shall be effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director.

SEPTEMBER 24, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17439; Filed, October 27, 1943; 2:57 p. m.]

Chapter VIII—Office of Economic Warfare,
Foreign Economic Administration

Subchapter B—Export Control

[Amendment 113]

PART 801—GENERAL REGULATIONS

PROHIBITED EXPORTATIONS

Section 801.2 *Prohibited exportations* is hereby amended in the following par-

ticulars: In the column headed "General license group" the group and country designations assigned to the commodities listed below, at every place where said commodities appear in said section, are hereby amended to read as follows:

Commodity	Department of Commerce No.	General license group
Chemicals:		
Baking powder.....	8230.00	K
	8135.98	
Epsom salts (magnesium sulphate).....	8141.00	
	8398.98	K
	8135.98	
Glauber salts (sodium sulphate).....	8141.00	K
	8397.98	
Perfumery and toilet waters.....	8766.00	K
Red lead in oil.....	8431.03	K
Sodium sulfide.....	8379.98	K
Sublimed white lead in oil.....	8431.05	K
Cork and manufactures: Stoppers.....	4305.60	K
Chewing gum.....	1639.00	None
Non-metallic minerals:		
Rock wool and other semi-rigid and "fill" mineral insulating materials.....	5490.00	K
Mineral wool.....	5490.00	
Rock wool and other semi-rigid and "fill" mineral insulating materials, n. e. s. (include products manufactured from limestone, flint rock, gypsum, slag, vermiculite, and similar materials).....	5490.00	62

With respect to the "non-metallic minerals" this amendment shall be effective October 1, 1943.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; Pub. Law 75, 77th Cong.; Pub. Law 638, 77th Cong.; Order 3 and Delegation of Authority 25, 7 F.R. 4951; Delegation of Authority 47, 8 F.R. 8529; E.O. 9361, 8 F.R. 9861 and Order 1, 8 F.R. 9938; E.O. 9380, 8 F.R. 13081)

Dated: October 22, 1943.

C. VICTOR BARRY,
Chief of Office,
Office of Exports.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17459; Filed, October 28, 1943; 10:04 a. m.]

[Amendment 114]

PART 802—GENERAL LICENSES

GENERAL LICENSE COUNTRY GROUPS

SECTION 802.3 *General license country groups* is hereby amended by deleting from the countries designated in Group G therein and by adding to the countries designated in Group K therein the following destinations:

- Aldabra Islands (Seychelles Islands)
- Amirante Islands (Seychelles Islands)
- Anguilla (Leeward Islands)
- Antigua Island (Leeward Islands)
- Ascension Island (St. Helena Island)
- Ashanti (British West Africa)
- Australia, Commonwealth of
- Bahama Islands (British West Indies)
- Baluchistan (India)
- Bardados Island (British West Indies)
- Barbuda Island (Leeward Islands)
- Bermuda Islands
- Bhutan (India)
- British East Africa (including Kenya, Uganda, Nyasaland, Zanzibar and Tanganyika Mandated Territory)
- British Guiana
- British Honduras
- British Togoland (British West Africa)
- British Virgin Islands (Leeward Islands)

- British West Africa (including Gambia, Gold Coast with Togoland under British Mandate, Nigeria with Cameroons under British Mandate, and Sierra Leone)
- Cadicos Islands (Jamaica)
- Cameroons under British Mandate (British West Africa)
- Cayman Islands (Jamaica)
- Ceylon (including Maldivo Islands)
- Chagos Island (Mauritius)
- Commonwealth of Australia
- Cook Islands (New Zealand)
- Diego Garcia Island (Mauritius)
- Dominica Island (Leeward Islands)
- Dominion of New Zealand (include Cook Island)
- England
- Falkland Islands (including South Georgia, South Orkney, South Sandwich, South Shetland Islands)
- Farquhar Islands (Seychelles Islands)
- Gambia (British West Africa)
- Gibraltar
- Gold Coast, including Ashanti and Togoland under British Mandate (British West Africa)
- Gough Islands (St. Helena Island)
- Gozo
- Great Britain (England, Scotland and Wales)
- Grenada Island (Windward Islands)
- Guiana, British
- Honduras, British
- Inaccessible Island (St. Helena Island)
- India (including Baluchistan, Bhutan and Nepal)
- Jamaica (including Cadicos, Cayman, and Turks Island)
- Kenya (British East Africa)
- Leeward Islands (including Antigua with Barbuda and Redonda, British Virgin Islands, Dominica, Montserrat, St. Christopher or St. Kitts, and Nevis with Anguilla)
- Maldivo Islands (Ceylon)
- Malta and Gozo
- Mauritius (including Chagos, Diego Garcia, and Rodriguez Islands)
- Montserrat Island (Leeward Islands)
- Nepal (India)
- Nevis Island (Leeward Islands)
- New Zealand, Dominion of (including Cook Island)
- Nigeria (British West Africa)
- Nightingale Island (St. Helena Island)
- Northern Ireland (Great Britain)
- Northern Rhodesia
- Nyasaland (British East Africa)
- Redonda Island (Leeward Islands)
- Rodriguez Island (Mauritius)
- St. Christopher or St. Kitts and Nevis Islands (Leeward Islands)
- St. Helena Island (including Ascension, Gough, Inaccessible, Nightingale, and Tristan da Cunha Island)
- St. Kitts (Leeward Islands)
- St. Lucia Island (Windward Islands)
- St. Vincent (Windward Islands)
- Sandwich Islands (Falkland Islands)
- Scotland (Great Britain)
- Seychelles Islands (including Amirantes, Aldabra, and Farquhar Island)
- Sierra Leone (British West Africa)
- Sombrero Island (Leeward Islands)
- South Africa, Union of (include South West Africa Mandated Territory)
- South Georgia Islands (Falkland Islands)
- South Orkney Islands (Falkland Islands)
- South Sandwich Islands (Falkland Islands)
- South Shetland Islands (Falkland Islands)
- Southern Rhodesia
- South West Africa Mandated Territory (Union of South Africa)
- Tanganyika Mandated Territory (British East Africa)
- Tasmania (Australia)
- Tobago and Trinidad (British West Africa)
- Togoland under British Mandate (British West Africa)
- Trinidad and Tobago (British West Africa)
- Tristan da Cunha Island (St. Helena Is.)

Turks Island (Jamaica)
 Uganda (British East Africa)
 United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
 Windward Islands (including Grenada, Grenadines, St. Lucia, and St. Vincent)
 Zanzibar (British East Africa)
 Newfoundland
 Labrador (that part under Newfoundland authority)
 Fiji Islands (including Rotuma)
 British Solomon Islands (including Santa Cruz Islands)
 Gilbert and Ellice Islands
 Pitcairn Island
 Tonga or Friendly Islands
 Western Samoa (New Zealand Mandated Territory)
 French Oceania:
 Clipperton Island
 Gambier Island
 Marquesas Islands
 Ralatea Island
 Society Islands
 Tahiti
 Tuamotu
 Tubusi
 Rapa Island
 New Hebrides (British and French Condominium)
 New Caledonia:
 Including—
 Loyalty Islands
 Wallis Archipelago

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; Pub. Law 75, 77th Cong.; Pub. Law 638, 77th Cong.; Order 3 and Delegation of Authority 25, 7 F.R. 4951; Delegation of Authority 47, 8 F.R. 8529; E.O. 9361, 8 F.R. 9861 and Order 1, 8 F.R. 9938; E. O. 9380, 8 F.R. 13081)

Dated: October 23, 1943.

C. VICTOR BARRY,
 Chief of Office,
 Office of Exports.

[F.R. Doc. 43-17460; Filed, October 28, 1943;
 10:04 a. m.]

Chapter IX—War Production Board

Subchapter B—Executive Vice-Chairman

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this subchapter issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 176; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; W.P.B. Reg. 1 as amended March 24, 1943, 8 F.R. 3666, 3696; Pri. Reg. 1 as amended May 15, 1943, 8 F.R. 6727.

PART 921—ALUMINUM

[Supplementary Order M-1-1 as Amended
 October 23, 1943]

Section 921.11 Supplementary Order M-1-1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 921.11 *Supplementary Order M-1-1—(a) Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Aluminum" means any material the principal ingredient of which by either weight or volume is metallic aluminum, which material is in ingot or similar raw form or in the form of finished or semi-finished parts; assemblies or products of any kind; but not including any material in the form of aluminum scrap as defined herein (which is controlled by Supplementary Order M-1-d), or aluminum pigment or aluminum paint (which are defined in and controlled by Supplementary Order M-1-g).

(2) "Aluminum scrap" means all materials or objects which are the waste or by-product of industrial fabrication, or which have been discarded on account of obsolescence, failure or other reason, the principal ingredient of which by either weight or volume is metallic aluminum; and shall include all types and grades of aluminum residues, such as drosses, skimmings, fines, grindings, sawings and buffings, provided that the recoverable metallic aluminum content, as determined by the fire assay, hydrogen evolution or other method of comparable efficiency, constitutes 30% or more by weight of such residues.

(3) "Producer" means the Defense Plant Corporation, Aluminum Company of America, the Reynolds Metals Company, the Olin Corporation, and any other person who may be so designated by the War Production Board.

(4) "Approved smelter" means any person whose name appears on Schedule A attached to Supplementary Order M-1-d.

(5) "Use aluminum in manufacture" means to melt, roll, forge, cast, extrude, draw, turn, spin, fabricate or process in any other way, or assemble or incorporate in assemblies, or to consume or otherwise use in the course of manufacture, any aluminum; but does not include the installation of a finished product or repair part for the ultimate consumer.

(6) "Low grade aluminum ingot" means aluminum in ingot or similar raw form (but not scrap) containing at least 3% by weight of copper and 0.8% by weight of iron.

(b) *Restrictions on use of aluminum.* Except as specifically authorized by the War Production Board, no person shall use aluminum in manufacture where the use of a less scarce material¹ is practicable, and no person shall use more aluminum or aluminum of a better grade than is necessary for the proper operation of an article or part. Allotments, authorized controlled material orders and authorized production schedules are not specific authorization to use aluminum within the meaning of this order. In addition, no person shall use aluminum² in manufacture except to make the following items, or parts or sub-assemblies therefor, or for the purposes indicated, and then he shall use only low-grade aluminum ingot (or parts or material made therefrom) where the description of the item or purpose is qualified by the words "(low-grade aluminum ingot only)" or similar phraseology:

(1) Combat end products complete for tactical operations when they are prescribed for field or combat use by and are being produced for the Army or Navy of the United States, the Maritime Commission or the War Shipping

¹ The Conservation Division of the War Production Board issues, periodically, a publication showing the relative scarcity of materials, entitled "Materials Substitutions and Supply List."

² Under Supplementary Order M-1-d, aluminum scrap may not be used for any of the purposes listed unless such use is specifically authorized by the War Production Board.

Administration, or when they are prescribed for field or combat use by any army or navy of a foreign country and are being produced for any foreign country pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1942, entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act). However, the use of aluminum must be restricted to the grade and to the amounts required by the latest issue of specifications (including performance specifications) of the appropriate government agency or, in the case of Lend-Lease products, the use of aluminum must be restricted to the grade and the amounts required by the specifications applicable to similar combat end products of the appropriate United States government agency.

(2) Aircraft, in addition to those described in paragraph (b) (1) as combat end products.

(3) Alloys, other than aluminum as defined herein.

(4) Aluminizing or calorizing.

(5) Aluminum to be exported in any of the forms and shapes described as a controlled material in CMP Regulation No. 1.

(6) Anhydrous aluminum chloride (low-grade aluminum ingot only).

(7) Anodizing equipment, electrical conducting parts coming into contact with the solution only.

(8) Carbometer wire.

(9) Cathodes for the electrolytic refining of zinc and cadmium.

(10) Cauls for use in the manufacture of plywood.

(11) Chemical processing equipment for use in manufacturing plants, provided that chemical action makes the use of other material impracticable.

(12) Closures for parenteral solutions and blood.

(13) Data and instruction plates, provided that the thickness does not exceed 0.035 inch and the plate is no larger than required to present the essential data and instructions.

(14) Electric bus bars, bare electrical conductor, and current carrying accessories for conductors.

(15) Electric motors, the following parts only:

(i) Auxiliary motor cooling fans (low-grade aluminum ingot only).

(ii) Rotors.

(iii) Structural parts, where the use of aluminum is required because of lightness of weight.

(16) Electric switch-gear equipment, for parts where lightness of weight is required for proper functioning of the equipment.

(17) Fixed electrolytic and paper condensers, and mica condensers.

(18) Foundry equipment, the following items, made from low-grade aluminum ingot only: Core boxes, core dryers, match plates, patterns, flasks, and bottom boards. Damaged and obsolete equipment listed in this paragraph may be remelted for the production of new items listed in this paragraph without a CMP application or authorization pursuant to Supplementary Order M-1-d. (See Direction No. 1 to CMP Regulation No. 5).

- (19) Galvanizing, for addition to bath.
- (20) Hydraulic brake pistons (low-grade aluminum ingot only).
- (21) Instruments, mechanical and electrical. Dials, scales and panels for all types of such instruments. Other parts of only the following mechanical or electrical instruments:
- (i) Drafting machines.
 - (ii) Geophysical instruments.
 - (iii) Industrial instruments for measuring, recording and controlling industrial processes.
 - (iv) Laboratory instruments.
- (22) Internal combustion engines, the following parts only:
- (i) Connecting rods for air-cooled gasoline engines (low-grade aluminum ingot only).
 - (ii) Pistons. For pistons for aircraft engines, tank engines, and high-performance marine gasoline engines, and for Diesel engine pistons six inches or more in diameter, any grade of aluminum ingot may be used. For other pistons, only low-grade aluminum ingot may be used.
 - (iii) Rotors for centrifugal-type superchargers for Diesel engines.
 - (iv) Rotors, housings and end plates for root-type blowers and diffuser rings for centrifugal-type superchargers for Diesel engines (low-grade aluminum ingot only).
- (23) Jigs and fixtures for use in the production of aircraft (low grade aluminum ingot only)
- (24) Machine tool attachments.
- (25) Orthopedic equipment and surgical instruments.
- (26) Portable electric and pneumatic tools (low-grade aluminum ingot only).
- (27) Portable forest-fire-fighting equipment for delivery to public agencies responsible for protection of forested lands from fire, where the use of aluminum is required by specifications of the U. S. Forest Service.
- (28) Portable power-driven tree felling saws (low-grade aluminum ingot only).
- (29) Repair and maintenance parts for mechanical or electrical equipment used domestically or in industry. Order M-1-d requires those in possession of aluminum scrap to deliver it to a scrap dealer or other person authorized to receive it, and manufacturers of repair parts are urged to continue their encouragement of the recovery of aluminum scrap.
- (30) Refrigeration and heating coils and fins.
- (31) Safety equipment, as follows only:
- (i) Flame arrestors;
 - (ii) Vent valves, operating mechanism only; and
 - (iii) Safety equipment of the types regulated by Limitation Order L-114.
- (32) Scientific research and development in connection with the war effort.
- (33) Steel deoxidizer (low grade aluminum ingot only).

(34) Thermit reaction, for use in the manufacture of thermit powders and ferroalloys only.

(35) Welding rod and metallizing wire.

(36) X-ray equipment.

(c) *Repair.* The restrictions of this order shall not apply to making repair parts for a specific repair of a used article, or to a person repairing a used article, when aluminum parts or aluminum material is used to replace aluminum or a scarcer material. Order M-1-d requires that any part or material replaced be turned over to a scrap dealer if it contains aluminum and is good only for scrap.

(d) *Requests for authorization to use aluminum.* Any person who seeks to obtain specific authorization of the War Production Board to use aluminum for a purpose not permitted by paragraphs (b) or (c) of this order should do so by applying by letter to the Aluminum and Magnesium Division, War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., Reference M-1-i, which letter should be filed in duplicate and contain substantially the information, numbered as shown below.

(1) Weight, form and alloy of aluminum, for which authorization to use is requested.

(2) The number of months the quantity of aluminum requested will cover estimated requirements.

(3) The part to be fabricated, or other use to be made of the aluminum requested.

(4) The product into which such part will be incorporated, and end-use of the product.

(5) The reasons, in detail, why the use of material other than aluminum is impracticable.

(6) If previous requests for this use have been authorized or denied, give reference number of most recent authorization or denial.

Special consideration will be given to requests for the use of aluminum in connection with approved programs of the War Production Board, where the use of aluminum would mean a substantial saving in man-hours or of material scarcer than aluminum, increase in production or increased efficiency of the product.

(e) *Contamination.* No person shall contaminate aluminum with any other metal or material, except that a producer or approved smelter may mix aluminum with other metals in the production of aluminum alloys, or except that any person may mix aluminum with other metals in the production of other alloys subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) hereof. (See also the provisions of Supplementary Order M-1-d with respect to aluminum scrap.)

(f) *Restrictions on deliveries.* No person shall deliver any aluminum if he knows or has reason to believe that such aluminum is to be used in violation of the terms of this order.

(g) *Reports.* All persons shall file such inventory and other reports as may be prescribed from time to time by the War Production Board.

(h) *Tolling.* Except as the War Production Board may specifically authorize on Form WPB-165 (formerly Form PD-114) or otherwise, no aluminum shall be delivered or received for melting under any toll, repurchase or similar arrangement.

(i) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priorities control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(j) *Applicability of regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board as amended from time to time.

Note: The reporting provisions of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 28th day of October 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17501; Filed, October 28, 1943; 11:18 a. m.]

PART 922—MAGNESIUM

[General Preference Order M-2-b as Amended Oct. 28, 1943]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of magnesium for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 922.3 *General Preference Order M-2-b—(a) Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Magnesium" means any metal in ingot or other raw form the principal ingredient of which is the element magnesium.

(2) "Magnesium products" means any basic forms, such as, but not limited to, castings, extrusions, sheet, strip, plate, forgings and powder, the principal ingredient of which is magnesium.

(3) "Magnesium scrap" means any scrap material the principal ingredient of which is magnesium, generated in the course of any industrial process, or any discarded magnesium products, which must be remelted to be of value for further use. The term "magnesium scrap" also includes any dross resulting

from melting magnesium or magnesium scrap.

(4) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(5) "Producer" means any person who makes magnesium, in whole or in part, from a non-metallic raw material.

(6) "Approved smelter" means the American Magnesium Corporation, Apex Smelting Company, National Smelting Company, Aluminum and Magnesium, Inc. and the Federated Metals Division, American Smelting and Refining Company, and any other person who may be so designated by the Director.

(7) "Fabricator" means any person, including pattern shops, foundries and powder grinders, who makes magnesium products.

(b) *Delivery and use.* Except as specifically authorized by the War Production Board pursuant to an allocation on Forms PD-603 and PD-26M (1) no producer, approved smelter or other smelter shall deliver any magnesium or use any magnesium to make magnesium base alloys, and (2) no person shall accept the delivery of any magnesium from a producer, approved smelter or other smelter, and (3) no fabricator shall use magnesium or deliver any magnesium products.

(c) *Prohibition of alloying, contamination and debasement.* No person shall alloy, contaminate or debase magnesium except as the War Production Board shall specifically authorize.

(d) *Collection, segregation and use of scrap.* (1) Except as provided in paragraph (d) (2) below, any person owning or generating any magnesium scrap, shall collect, segregate, place in suitable containers, label, identify and otherwise prepare for reprocessing all such scrap. Such scrap shall be segregated by alloys in accordance with the alloy designations of the American Society for Testing Materials, except that alloys #4 and #17 may be mixed with each other. Commercially pure magnesium and magnesium scrap of each alloy not described by such designations shall be kept segregated. All magnesium scrap shall be kept free of contamination by other metals and materials and otherwise handled in such manner that it will be of acceptable quality for reprocessing.

(2) Any fabricator may use any magnesium scrap generated in his plant in the course of fabrication, but only if such scrap is remelted and refabricated in such plant into products for the production of which such fabricator is currently obtaining deliveries of magnesium in conformity with this order, and if, in estimating, applying for, and ordering such magnesium, such fabricator reduced his requirements by an amount which, under the circumstances, represented a reasonable anticipation of the amount of magnesium scrap which would be recoverable for re-use as above authorized.

(e) *Disposition of all scrap.* Except as provided in paragraph (d) above or as the War Production Board may, upon application, specifically authorize or direct, any person, other than a producer or approved smelter, owning any magnesium scrap shall promptly sell all such scrap to a producer or approved smelter and shall not use or dispose of such scrap in any way except by such a sale. Except as specifically authorized by the War Production Board, no producer or approved smelter shall mix two or more alloys during the remelting of scrap.

(f) *Tolling prohibited.* Except as the War Production Board may specifically authorize pursuant to an application filed on Form PD-114, no scrap shall be delivered for processing or returned under any toll, repurchase or similar arrangement.

(g) *Dead stock.* All magnesium which is not being used in, or which is in excess of reasonable needs for, the manufacture of items approved by specific authorization of the War Production Board, shall be promptly disposed of pursuant to Priorities Regulation No. 13.

(h) *Request for authorizations and communications.* Any person who seeks the specific authorization of the War Production Board to do anything under this order where no form is prescribed for the purpose, may request such authorization by letter in duplicate addressed to the War Production Board, Aluminum and Magnesium Division, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-2-b. All other applications, statements or other communications concerning the subject matter of this order should be addressed in the same manner.

(i) *Report of operations.* Any producer, smelter or fabricator who, in any calendar month, has had in inventory any magnesium, magnesium product or magnesium scrap, shall, on or before the fifteenth day of the month following each month in which any such material was held, file a report on Form PD-173 or, in the case of a powder grinder, on Form PD-174, or on such other form as may be prescribed for this purpose.

(j) *Applicability of priorities regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of priorities regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(k) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priorities control.

Issued this 28th day of October 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17502; Filed, October 23, 1943;
11:18 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[Interpretation 1 of Allocation Order M-354]

GASOLINE GUM INHIBITORS—DURATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS

The following interpretation has been issued with respect to Allocation Order M-354:

Allocations of gasoline gum inhibitors under Order M-354 [§ 3293.551] are made on a monthly basis and it is expected that in the normal case authorizations will be exercised within the month for which allocation was made.

As a general rule of interpretation, however, it may be stated that authorizations to use, deliver or accept delivery of gasoline gum inhibitors under Order M-354 must be exercised within a reasonable length of time after the issuance of the authorization, depending upon the particular circumstances.

Paragraphs (f) and (g) of the order make this general rule more specific.

In paragraph (f), which limits the duration of authorization for delivery, it is recognized that production difficulties may cause a supplier to defer a delivery until after the authorized month, but purchasers are specifically forbidden to require postponement of delivery beyond 10 days after the authorized month. No specific limitation is placed on acceptance of delivery.

In paragraph (g), which limits the duration of authorization for use, a 45-day limitation on the authorization is imposed, dating from receipt of the authorization or of the material allocated for the use, whichever is later. The word "use" in paragraph (g) refers to consumption of gasoline gum inhibitors. It does not refer to movement of the material, such as export of gasoline gum inhibitors in original form out of the United States.

The effect of paragraphs (f) and (g) on exports may be summarized as follows:

An authorized purchaser of gasoline gum inhibitors for export may not require postponement of the delivery of the inhibitors by the authorized supplier beyond the 10th day of the month following the authorized delivery month. However, after he has accepted delivery of the inhibitors, he may export them at any time without regard to the 45-day limitation of paragraph (g) of the order, and the use of the inhibitors outside of the United States and its territories or possessions is not subject to the control of Order M-354 or of any restriction arising out of an allocation under this order. However, if the allocated inhibitors are to be consumed in the United States or its territories or possessions, their delivery and use is subject to all the restrictions of the order.

Issued this 28th day of October 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17503; Filed, October 23, 1943;
11:18 a. m.]

PART 1347—PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, RAW MATERIALS FOR PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

[MPR 459¹, Amdt. 2]

GUMMED KRAFT SEALING TAPE

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

In Appendix A, (a) (1), (a) (2), and (a) (3) the designation, footnote 1, is inserted after the words "Deliveries into Zone 4"¹ and footnote 1, is added to read as follows:

¹In the case of shipments made by manufacturers located in Zone 4 maximum delivered prices shall be f. o. b. the following points: Portland, Oregon; Seattle, Tacoma, Aberdeen and Hoquiam, and waypoints such as Olympia and Longview, all in the State of Washington; Spokane, Washington, but not waypoints or areas surrounding the city; Los Angeles, San Francisco or Oakland, in the State of California, but not interior points or San Diego; and any other points where it was the established practice of the seller during the period of October 1 to October 15, 1941, inclusive, to allow freight.

This amendment shall become effective November 2, 1943.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17451; Filed, October 27, 1943; 5:10 p. m.]

PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[MPR 486]

OYSTER AND CLAM SHELLS

In the judgment of the Price Administrator, it is necessary and proper to establish maximum prices for sales of oyster and clam shells by a regulation establishing dollars and cents maximum prices for the respective commodities at the various levels of distribution.

Such specifications and standards as are used in this regulation were, prior to such use, in general use in the trade or industry affected.

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this regulation, issued simultaneously herewith has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.* In the judgment of the Price Administrator, the maximum prices established by this regulation are and will be generally fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and of E.O. 9250 and E.O. 9328. So far as practicable the Price Administrator has advised and consulted with members of the industry which will be affected by this regulation.

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹8 F.R. 11807, 13498.

§ 1351.369 *Maximum prices for oyster shells.* Under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Order 9250 and Executive Order 9328, Maximum Price Regulation 486, which is annexed hereto and made a part thereof, is hereby issued.

AUTHORITY: § 1351.369 issued under Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681.

MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 486—OYSTER AND CLAM SHELLS

ARTICLE I—SCOPE OF THE REGULATION

Sec.

- 1 Applicability.
- 2 Effect of maximum prices.

ARTICLE II—DEFINITIONS, MAXIMUM PRICES AND TERMS OF SALES

- 3 Definitions.
- 4 Maximum prices for sales in carload quantities.
- 5 Maximum prices for sales of domestic oyster and clam shells by wholesalers.
- 6 Maximum prices for sales of domestic oyster and clam shells by retailers.
- 7 Maximum prices for sales of imported oyster and clam shells.
- 8 Maximum prices for sales in all other cases.
- 9 Increase for sacks.
- 10 Maximum price for export sales.

ARTICLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 11 Adjustable pricing.
- 12 Evasion.
- 13 Records and reports.
- 14 Licensing.
- 15 Enforcement.
- 16 Protests and petitions for amendments.

ARTICLE I—SCOPE OF THE REGULATION

SECTION 1. *Applicability.* (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) hereof, this regulation shall apply to all sales of oyster and clam shells, whether for immediate or future delivery, within the District of Columbia and all states of the United States.

(b) As to the states of California, Oregon and Washington:

(i) This regulation shall govern all sales, whether for immediate or future delivery, within said states of oyster and clam shells produced outside said states; and

(ii) This regulation shall have no application to sales, whether for immediate or future delivery, within said states of oyster and clam shells produced within said states, which sales shall be and remain subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation.

SEC. 2. *Effect of maximum prices.*

(a) While this regulation is in effect regardless of any contract or obligation, no person shall in the course of trade or business sell, deliver, buy or receive any oyster and clam shells at prices above the maximum prices established herein; nor shall any person agree, solicit, offer or attempt to do any of the foregoing.

(b) However, prices lower than the maximum prices established by this regulation may be charged and paid.

ARTICLE II—DEFINITIONS, MAXIMUM PRICES AND TERMS OF SALES

SEC. 3. *Definitions.* When used herein the following terms shall have the following meanings:

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association or other organized group of persons or the legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing; and includes the United States or any other government or political subdivision or agency of any of the foregoing.

"Processor" is a person who produces oyster and clam shells as hereinafter defined primarily for feeding animals and poultry.

"Oyster shells" means the cleaned, washed, graded, and ground shells of oysters and includes both fresh and dredged shells.

"Clam shells" means the cleaned, washed, graded and ground shells of clams.

"Wholesaler" is a person who buys oyster or clam shells, unloads them into a warehouse and resells the same in less than carload quantities to retailers. A processor may also be a wholesaler to the extent of like sales by him from a warehouse, whether a part of or separate from his processing plant.

"Retailer" is a person who buys oyster or clam shells and resells the same in less than carload quantities to feeders. A processor or wholesaler may also be a retailer to the extent of like sales from a store, whether a part of or separate from his processing plant or wholesale warehouse.

"Feeder" is a person who feeds oyster or clam shells to animals or poultry.

"Carload lot" means a quantity of oyster or clam shells of 30 tons or more.

"Less-than-carload lot" means a quantity of oyster or clam shells of less than 30 tons.

"Pool car lot" means a railroad carlot in which two or more buyers have combined for the purpose of obtaining a carload rail freight rate.

"Transportation charges" shall be computed:

(i) The lowest common carrier rate (including the 3% tax provided for in section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942, as amended) for the billing or shipment in question; or

(ii) If there is no such rate, the reasonable value of the service (including said 3% tax, if any,) not exceeding any maximum price established therefor.

SEC. 4. *Maximum prices for sales in carload quantities.* (a) The maximum price for the sale of domestic poultry and medium sized oyster or clam shells by a processor or any other person, bulk, in carload or pool car lots shall be:

Commodity:	<i>Maximum price per ton</i>
Dredged oyster shells.....	\$8.00
Fresh oyster shells.....	\$10.00
Clam shells.....	\$10.00

plus transportation charges from production plant to the buyer's receiving point by a usual route and method of transportation.

(b) The foregoing maximum price shall be increased or decreased, as the case may be, for a like sale of other sizes or grades of oyster or clam shells by the differential prevailing in the seller's own business (or, if none, normal to the trade) during March 1942 over or under

the price for poultry and medium sized oyster and clam shells.

Sec. 5. *Maximum prices for sales of domestic oyster and clam shells by wholesalers.* The maximum price for the sale of domestic oyster and clam shells by a wholesaler shall be \$2.50 per ton (maximum markup) over the maximum price which he could lawfully have paid under section 4 hereof for the lot from out of which the sale in question is made delivered at his warehouse plus transportation charges actually incurred by the seller from said warehouse to the buyer's receiving point.

Sec. 6. *Maximum prices for sales of domestic oyster and clam shells by retailers.* The maximum price for the sale of domestic oyster and clam shells by a retailer shall be \$4.00 per ton (maximum markup) over the maximum price which he could lawfully have paid under section 4 hereof (or section 5 if he purchased from a wholesaler) for the lot from out of which the sale in question is made delivered at his receiving point plus transportation charges actually incurred by the seller from his receiving point to his buyer's receiving point.

Sec. 7. *Maximum price for sales of imported oyster and clam shells.* (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section the maximum price for the sale within the 48 states and the District of Columbia of the United States of any imported oyster or clam shells shall be the maximum price for a like sale of the domestic product under section 4 hereof, provided transportation charges may be added only from the port of entry to the buyer's receiving point.

(b) Wholesalers and retailers making sales (within the 48 states and the District of Columbia of the United States) of any such imported products shall add their respective permitted markups and transportation charges as above provided as to the domestic products over the basic maximum price of the imported products provided in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) A mixed feed manufacturer in determining his maximum prices under Maximum Price Regulation No. 378 on his mixed feeds for animals and poultry shall calculate his "cost" of any such imported products at the maximum price thereof, as above provided, if he purchased the same within the District of Columbia and the 48 states of the United States, and if he did not, then at the maximum price thereof as specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

Sec. 8. *Maximum prices in other cases.* (a) The maximum prices for any other sale of any oyster or clam shells not hereinbefore specifically provided for shall be the maximum price which the person from whom the seller purchased could lawfully have charged for a like sale.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this regulation sales between persons of one of the classes of sellers hereinbefore specifically provided for shall be permissible: *Provided*, That no such sale, nor sales to a person of a different class, shall be at a higher price than the maximum price hereinbefore prescribed for said class of sellers.

Sec. 9. *Increase for sacks.* When sales of oyster or clam shells are made in sacks, and the seller furnishes such sacks, the foregoing maximum prices determined on a bulk basis shall be increased by the reasonable market value of the sacks not exceeding any maximum price thereon at the time of the sale or delivery.

Sec. 10. *Maximum price for export sales.* The maximum price for export sales of oyster and clam shells shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Second Revised Maximum Export Regulation.

ARTICLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 11. *Adjustable pricing.* Any person may agree to sell at a price which can be increased up to the maximum price in effect at the time of delivery but no person may, unless authorized by the Office of Price Administration, deliver or agree to deliver at prices to be adjusted upward in accordance with action taken by the Office of Price Administration after delivery. Such authorization may be given when a request for a change in the applicable maximum price is pending, but only if the authorization is necessary to promote distribution or production and if it will not interfere with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. The authorization may be given by the Administrator or by any official of the Office of Price Administration to whom the authority to grant such authorization has been delegated. The authorization will be given by order, except that it may be given by letter or telegram when the contemplated revision will be the granting of an individual application for adjustment.

Sec. 12. *Evason.* The provisions of this regulation shall not be evaded whether by direct or indirect methods in connection with any offer, solicitation, agreement, sale, delivery, purchase or receipt of any commodity or by way of commission, service, transportation or other charge, or discount, premium or other privilege or by tying-agreement or other trade understanding or otherwise.

Sec. 13. *Records and reports.* (a) Every seller subject to this regulation shall keep for inspection by the Office of Price Administration for so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942,¹ as amended, remains in effect his customary records including, if any, all bills, invoices and other documents relating to every sale or delivery of oyster and clam shells after the effective date of this regulation.

(b) Upon demand every such seller shall submit such records to the Office of Price Administration and keep such further records as the Office of Price Administration may from time to time require.

Sec. 14. *Licensing.* The provisions of Licensing Order No. 1,² licensing all per-

¹The record keeping provisions of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

²8 F.R. 13240.

sons who make sales under price control, are applicable to all sellers subject to this regulation. A seller's license may be suspended for violations of the license or of one or more applicable price schedules or regulations. A person whose license is suspended may not, during the period of suspension, make any sale for which his license has been suspended.

Sec. 15. *Enforcement.* Persons violating any provision of this regulation are subject to the license revocation or suspension provisions, civil enforcement actions, suits for treble damages and criminal penalties as provided in the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

Sec. 16. *Protests and petitions for amendments.* Any person desiring to file a protest against or seeking an amendment of any provisions of this regulation may do so in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, issued by the Office of Price Administration.

Effective date. This regulation shall become effective November 2, 1943.

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17452; Filed, October 27, 1943; 5:03 p. m.]

PART 1388—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

[Rent Reg. for Housing, incl. Amdt. 10¹]

Each of the Maximum Regulations Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 52, 53, 55, 57, 60, 62, 64, and 66 is redesignated Rent Regulation for Housing and is amended to read as set forth herein.

Items 33a, 35a, 67a, 88a, 167a, 180a, 212a, 242a, 305a and 347a added; items 3, 15, 38, 97, 98, 110, 114, 141, 164, 250, 309, 316 and 347 amended by Amendment 10, effective Nov. 1, 1943, so that Rent Regulation for Housing shall read as follows:

§ 1388.1181 *Rent Regulation for Housing.* The Rent Regulation for Housing is annexed hereto and made a part hereof.

AUTHORITY: § 1388.1181 issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765.

RENT REGULATION FOR HOUSING

CONTENTS

Sec.	
1	Scope of this regulation.
2	Prohibition against higher than maximum rents.
3	Minimum services, furniture, furnishings and equipment.
4	Maximum rents.
5	Adjustments and other determinations.
6	Removal of tenant.
7	Registration.
8	Inspection.
9	Evason.
10	Enforcement.
11	Procedure.
12	Petitions for amendment.
13	Definitions.
	Schedule A.

¹8 F.R. 7322, 8020, 8021, 10618, 10741, 12025, 12650, 12622, 12693, 12795, 13390.

SECTION 1 Scope of this regulation—
(a) Housing and defense-rental areas to which this regulation applies. This regulation applies to all housing accommodations within each of the defense-rental areas and each of the portions of a defense-rental area (each of which is referred to hereinafter in this regulation as the "defense-rental area"), which are listed in Schedule A of this regulation, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

In Schedule A, "the maximum rent date" and "the effective date of regulation" is given for each defense-rental area listed. More than one effective date is given for different portions of a defense-rental area where the same effective date is not applicable to the entire defense-rental area. Whenever the words "the maximum rent date" or the words "the effective date of regulation" are referred to in this regulation, the dates given in Schedule A for the particular defense-rental area or portion of the defense-rental area in which the housing accommodations are located shall apply. The effective date listed in Schedule A in each instance is the date rent regulation was effective in the particular defense-rental area or portion of the defense-rental area.

(b) Housing to which this regulation does not apply. This regulation does not apply to the following:

(1) Farming tenants. Housing accommodations situated on a farm and occupied by a tenant who is engaged for a substantial portion of his time in farming operations thereon.

(2) Service employees. Dwelling space occupied by domestic servants, caretakers, managers, or other employees to whom the space is provided as part of their compensation and who are employed for the purpose of rendering services in connection with the premises of which the dwelling space is a part.

(3) Rooms in hotels, rooming houses, etc. Rooms or other housing accommodations within hotels or rooming houses, or housing accommodations which have been, with the consent of the Administrator, brought under the control of the Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses pursuant to the provisions of that regulation.

(4) Structures in which more than 25 rooms are rented or offered for rent. Entire structures or premises wherein more than 25 rooms are rented or offered for rent by any lessee, sublessee or other tenant of such entire structure or premises: *Provided*, That this regulation does apply to entire structures or premises wherein 25 or less rooms are rented or offered for rent by any lessee, sublessee or other tenant of such entire structure or premises, whether or not used by the lessee, sublessee or other tenant as a hotel or rooming house: *And provided further*, That this regulation does apply to an underlying lease of any entire structure or premises which was entered into after the maximum rent date and prior to the effective date of regulation, while such lease remains in force with no power in the tenant to cancel or otherwise terminate the lease.

(5) Rented to National Housing Agency. Housing accommodations rented to the United States acting by the National Housing Agency: *Provided, however*, That this regulation does apply to a sublease or other subrenting of such accommodations or any part thereof.

(6) Resort housing. Housing accommodations located in a resort community and customarily rented or occupied on a seasonal basis, which were not rented during any portion of the period beginning on November 1, 1942, and ending on March 31, 1943.

The exemption provided by this paragraph (b) (6) shall be effective only from June 1, 1943 to September 30, 1943, inclusive.

(c) Effect of this regulation on leases and other rental agreements. The provisions of any lease or other rental agreement shall remain in force pursuant to the terms thereof, except insofar as those provisions are inconsistent with this regulation.

(d) Waiver of benefit void. An agreement by the tenant to waive the benefit of any provision of this regulation is void. A tenant shall not be entitled by reason of this regulation to refuse to pay or to recover any portion of any rents due or paid for use or occupancy prior to the effective date of regulation.

SEC. 2 Prohibition against higher than maximum rents—**(a) General prohibition.** Regardless of any contract, agreement, lease, or other obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into, no person shall demand or receive any rent for use or occupancy on and after the effective date of regulation of any housing accommodations within the Defense-Rental Area higher than the maximum rents provided by this regulation; and no person shall offer, solicit, attempt, or agree to do any of the foregoing. Lower rents than those provided by this regulation may be demanded or received.

(b) Exception in case of conversion of fuel oil heating units. Notwithstanding any other provision of this regulation, where housing accommodations are heated with fuel oil the landlord of such accommodations may as hereinafter provided enter into an agreement with the tenant providing for payment by the tenant of part or all of the cost of changing the heating unit to use some fuel other than oil or of installing a new heating unit using some fuel other than oil. Prior to making such agreement the landlord shall in writing report the terms of the proposed agreement to the area rent office. The landlord may enter into the agreement either upon its approval by the Administrator or, unless the Administrator has disapproved the proposed agreement within five days after the filing of such report, upon the expiration of such 5-day period.

(c) Lease with option to buy. Where a lease of housing accommodations was entered into prior to the effective date of regulation (or prior to October 20, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date) and the tenant as a part of such lease or in connection therewith was granted an option to buy the housing accommodations which were the subject of the lease, with the further

provision that some or all of the payments made under the lease should be credited toward the purchase price in the event such option is exercised, the landlord, notwithstanding any other provision of this regulation, may be authorized to receive payment made by the tenant in accordance with the provisions of such lease and in excess of the maximum rent for such housing accommodations. Such authority may be secured only by a written request of the tenant to the area rent office and shall be granted by order of the Administrator if he finds that such payments in excess of the maximum rent will not be inconsistent with the purposes of the Act or this regulation and would not be likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof. After entry of such order the landlord shall be authorized to demand, receive and retain payments provided by the lease in excess of the maximum rent for periods commencing on or after the effective date of regulation. After entry of such order, the provisions of the lease may be enforced in accordance with law, notwithstanding any other provision of this regulation: *Provided, however*, That if at the termination of the lease the tenant shall not exercise the option to buy, the landlord may thereafter remove or evict the tenant only in accordance with the provisions of section 6 of this regulation. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize the landlord to demand or receive payments in excess of the maximum rent in the absence of an order of the Administrator as herein provided. Where a lease of housing accommodations has been entered into on or after the effective date of regulation (or on or after October 20, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), and the tenant as a part of such lease or in connection therewith has been granted an option to buy the housing accommodations which are the subject of the lease, the landlord, prior to the exercise by the tenant of the option to buy, shall not demand or receive payments in excess of the maximum rent, whether or not such lease allocates some portion or portions of the periodic payments therein provided as payments on or for the option to buy.

SEC. 3 Minimum services, furniture, furnishings and equipment. Except as set forth in section 5 (b), every landlord shall, as a minimum, provide with housing accommodations the same essential services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment as those provided on the date determining the maximum rent, and as to other services, furniture, furnishings and equipment not substantially less than those provided on such date: *Provided, however*, That where fuel oil is used to supply heat or hot water for housing accommodations, and the landlord provided heat or hot water on the date determining the maximum rent, the heat and hot water which the landlord is required to supply shall not be in excess of the amount which he can supply under any statute, regulation or order of the United States or any agency thereof which rations or limits the use of fuel oil.

SEC. 4 Maximum rents. Maximum rents (unless and until changed by the Administrator as provided in section 5) shall be:

(a) *Rented on maximum rent date.* For housing accommodations rented on the maximum rent date, the rent for such accommodations on that date.

(b) *Not rented on maximum rent date but rented during two months ending on that date.* For housing accommodations not rented on the maximum rent date, but rented at any time during the two months ending on that date, the last rent for such accommodations during the two-month period.

(c) *First rent after the maximum rent date but before effective date.* For housing accommodations not rented on the maximum rent date nor during the two months ending on that date, but rented prior to the effective date of regulation, the first rent for such accommodations after the maximum rent date. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c).

(d) *Constructed or changed before effective date.* For (1) newly constructed housing accommodations without priority rating first rented after the maximum rent date and before the effective date of regulation, or (2) housing accommodations changed between those dates so as to result in an increase or decrease of the number of dwelling units in such housing accommodations, or (3) housing accommodations changed between those dates from unfurnished to fully furnished, or from fully furnished to unfurnished, or (4) housing accommodations substantially changed between those dates by a major capital improvement, as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance, the first rent for such accommodations after such construction or change: *Provided, however,* That, where such first rent was fixed by a lease which was in force at the time of a major capital improvement, the maximum rent shall be the first rent after termination of such lease. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c).

(e) *First rent after effective date.* For (1) newly constructed housing accommodations without priority rating first rented on or after the effective date of regulation, or (2) housing accommodations changed on or after such effective date so as to result in an increase or decrease of the number of dwelling units in such housing accommodations, or (3) housing accommodations not rented at any time during the two months ending on the maximum rent date nor between that date and the effective date, the first rent for such accommodations after the change or the effective date, as the case may be, but in no event more than the maximum rent provided for such accommodations by any order of the Administrator issued prior to September 22, 1942. Within 30 days after so renting the landlord shall register the accommodations

as provided in section 7. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c).

If the landlord fails to file a registration statement within the time specified, the rent received for any rental period commencing on or after the date of the first renting or October 1, 1943, whichever is the later, shall be received subject to refund to the tenant of any amount in excess of the maximum rent which may later be fixed by an order under section 5 (c) (1). In such case, the order under section 5 (c) (1) shall be effective to decrease the maximum rent from the date of such first renting or from the beginning of the first rental period after October 1, 1943, whichever is the later. The foregoing provisions and any refund thereunder do not affect any civil or criminal liability provided by the Act for failure to file the registration statement required by section 7.

[Above paragraph added by Am. 9, 8 F.R. 13390, effective 10-14-43]

(f) *Priority-constructed housing.* For housing accommodations constructed with priority rating from the United States or any agency thereof for which the rent has been heretofore or is hereafter approved by the United States or any agency thereof, the rent so approved, but in no event more than the rent on the maximum rent date, or, if the accommodations were not rented on that date, more than the first rent after that date.

(g) *Housing owned and constructed by the government.* For housing accommodations constructed by the United States or any agency thereof, or by a State of the United States or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of the State or any of its political subdivisions, and owned by any of the foregoing, the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date, as determined by the owner of such accommodations: *Provided, however,* That any corporation formed under the laws of a State shall not be considered an agency of the United States within the meaning of this paragraph. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c).

(h) *Housing subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department.* For housing accommodations rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department, the rents established by such rent schedule.

[Paragraph (h) as amended by Am. 8, 8 F.R. 12795, effective 9-20-43]

(i) *Rent established under former section 5 (e).* For housing accommodations with a maximum rent established, prior to March 1, 1943, under the first paragraph of section 5 (e) as that paragraph appeared in Maximum Rent

Regulations issued prior to such date,² the rent on March 1, 1943, or, if the accommodations were not rented on that date, the last rent prior thereto, but in no event more than the maximum rent established under such first paragraph of section 5 (e). The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c) (3).

(j) *Changed on or after July 1, 1943, from unfurnished to furnished.* For housing accommodations changed on or after July 1, 1943 from unfurnished to fully furnished, the first rent for such accommodations after such change. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c) (1).

Within 30 days after the accommodations are first rented fully furnished, the landlord shall register the accommodations as provided in section 7. If the landlord fails to file a registration statement within the time specified, the rent received from the time of such first renting shall be received subject to refund to the tenant of any amount in excess of the maximum rent which may later be fixed by an order under section 5 (c) (1). In such case, the order under section 5 (c) (1) shall be effective to decrease the maximum rent from the time of such first renting. The foregoing provisions and any refund thereunder do not affect any civil or criminal liability provided by the Act for failure to file the registration statement required by section 7.

[Paragraph (j) added by Am. 2, 8 F.R. 9020, effective 7-1-43]

SEC. 5 Adjustments and other determinations. In the circumstances enumerated in this section, the Administrator may issue an order changing the maximum rents otherwise allowable or the minimum services required. In those cases involving a major capital improvement, an increase or decrease in the furniture, furnishings or equipment, an increase or decrease of services, an increase or decrease in the number of subtenants or other occupants, or a deterioration, the adjustment in the maximum rent shall be the amount the Administrator finds would have been on the maximum rent date, the difference in the rental value of the housing accommodations by reason of such change: *Provided, however,* That no adjustment shall be ordered where it appears that the rent on the date determining the

² The first paragraph of section 5 (e) read as follows: "Where, at the expiration or other termination of an underlying lease or other rental agreement, housing accommodations or a predominant part thereof are occupied by one or more subtenants or other persons occupying under a rental agreement with the tenant, the landlord may rent the entire premises for use by similar occupancy for a rent not in excess of the aggregate maximum rents of the separate dwelling units, or may rent the separate dwelling units for rents not in excess of the maximum rents applicable to such units."

maximum rent was fixed in contemplation of and so as to reflect such change. In all other cases, except those under paragraph (a) (7) and (c) (6) of this section, the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rent which the Administrator finds was generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date: *Provided*, That in cases under paragraph (c) (8) of this section due consideration shall be given to any increased occupancy of the accommodations since that date by subtenants or other persons occupying under a rental agreement with the tenant. In cases involving construction due consideration shall be given to increased costs of construction, if any, since the maximum rent date. In cases under paragraph (a) (7) and (c) (6) of this section the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rents which the Administrator finds were generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations during the year ending on the maximum rent date.

(a) *Grounds for increase of maximum rent.* Any landlord may file a petition for adjustment to increase the maximum rent otherwise allowable, only on the grounds that:

(1) *Major capital improvement after effective date.* There has been on or after the effective date of regulation a substantial change in the housing accommodations by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance.

(2) *Major capital improvement prior to maximum rent date.* There was, on or prior to the maximum rent date, a substantial change in the housing accommodations by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance, and the rent on the maximum rent date was fixed by a lease or other rental agreement which was in force at the time of such change.

(3) *Substantial increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment.* There has been a substantial increase in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment provided with the housing accommodations since the date or order determining its maximum rent. No increase in the maximum rent shall be ordered on the ground set forth in this paragraph (a) (3) unless the increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment occurred with the consent of the tenant or while the accommodations were vacant: *Provided*, That an adjustment may be ordered, although the tenant refuses to consent to the increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, if the Administrator finds that such increase (i) is reasonably required for the operation of a multiple dwelling structure or other structure of which the accommodations are a part or (ii) is necessary for the preservation or maintenance of the accommodations.

(4) *Special relationship between landlord and tenant.* The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was materially affected by the blood, personal

or other special relationship between the landlord and the tenant and as a result was substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date: *Provided*, That no adjustment under this subparagraph increasing the maximum rent shall be made effective with respect to any accommodations regularly rented to employees of the landlord while the accommodations are rented to an employee, and no petition for such an adjustment will be entertained until the accommodations have been or are about to be rented to one other than an employee.

(5) *Lease for term commencing one year or more before maximum rent date.* There was in force on the maximum rent date, a written lease, for a term commencing on or prior to the date one year before the maximum rent date, requiring a rent substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date; or the housing accommodations were not rented on the maximum rent date, but were rented during the two months ending on that date and the last rent for such accommodations during that two-month period was fixed by a written lease, for a term commencing on or prior to the date one year before the maximum rent date, requiring a rent substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(6) *Varying rents.* The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was established by a lease or other rental agreement which provided for a substantially higher rent at other periods during the term of such lease or agreement.

(7) *Seasonal rents.* The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was substantially lower than at other times of year by reason of seasonal demand, or seasonal variations in the rent, for such housing accommodations. In such cases the Administrator's order may if he deems it advisable provide for different maximum rents for different periods of the calendar year.

(8) *Substantial increase in occupancy.* There has been, since the maximum rent date, either (i) a substantial increase in the number of subtenants or other persons occupying the accommodations or a part thereof under a rental agreement with the tenant, or (ii) a substantial increase in the number of occupants, in excess of normal occupancy for that class of accommodations on the maximum rent date, or (iii) an increase in the number of occupants over the number contemplated by the rental agreement on the date determining the maximum rent, where the landlord on that date had a regular and definite practice of fixing different rents for the accommodations for different numbers of occupants.

(9) On the date determining the maximum rent the housing accommodations were temporarily exempt from real estate taxes, the landlord was passing

the benefit of this tax exemption on to the tenant, and as a result the rent on that date was substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

[Paragraph (9) added by Am. 6, 8 F.R. 12660, effective 9-15-43]

(b) *Decreases in minimum services, furniture, furnishings and equipment—*

(1) *Decreases prior to effective date.* If, on the effective date of regulation, the services provided for housing accommodations are less than the minimum services required by section 3, the landlord shall either restore and maintain such minimum services or, within 30 days (or, for housing accommodations within the Los Angeles Defense-Rental Area, within 60 days) after such effective date, file a petition requesting approval of the decreased services. If, on such effective date (or on December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), the furniture, furnishings or equipment provided with housing accommodations are less than the minimum required by section 3, the landlord shall, within 30 days after such date, file a written report showing the decrease in furniture, furnishings or equipment.

(2) *Decreases after effective date.* Except as above provided, the landlord shall, until the accommodations become vacant, maintain the minimum services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment unless and until he has filed a petition to decrease the services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment and an order permitting a decrease has been entered thereon; however, if it is impossible to provide the minimum services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment he shall file a petition within 10 days after the change occurs. When the accommodations become vacant the landlord may, on renting to a new tenant, decrease the services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment below the minimum; within 10 days after so renting the landlord shall file a written report showing such decrease.

(3) *Adjustment in maximum rent for decreases.* The order on any petition under this paragraph may require an appropriate adjustment in the maximum rent; and any maximum rent for which a report is required by this paragraph may be decreased in accordance with the provisions of section 5(c) (3). If the landlord fails to file the petition or report required by this paragraph within the time specified, or decreases the services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment without an order authorizing such decrease where such order is required, the rent received by the landlord for any rental period commencing on or after such decrease or the effective date of regulation (or December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), whichever is the later, shall be received subject to refund to the tenant of any amount in excess of the maximum rent which may later be fixed by any order decreasing the maximum rent on account of such decrease in services, furniture, furnishings, or equip-

ment. In such case, any order decreasing the maximum rent shall be effective to decrease such rent from the beginning of the first rental period after the decrease in services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment or after the effective date of regulation (or after December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), whichever is the later. The foregoing provisions and any refund thereunder do not affect any civil or criminal liability provided by the Act for failure to comply with any requirement of this paragraph.

(c) *Grounds for decrease of maximum rent.* The Administrator at any time, on his own initiative or on application of the tenant, may order a decrease of the maximum rent otherwise allowable, only on the grounds that:

(1) *Rent higher than rents generally prevailing.* The maximum rent for housing accommodations under paragraph (c), (d), (e), (g), or (j) of section 4 is higher than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

[Subparagraph (1) as amended by Am. 2, 8 F.R. 9020, effective 7-1-43]

(2) *Substantial deterioration.* There has been a substantial deterioration of the housing accommodations other than ordinary wear and tear since the date or order determining its maximum rent.

(3) *Decrease in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment.* There has been a decrease in the minimum services, furniture, furnishings or equipment required by section 3 since the date or order determining the maximum rent.

(4) *Special relationship between landlord and tenant.* The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was materially affected by the blood, personal, or other special relationship between the landlord and the tenant and as a result was substantially higher than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(5) *Varying rents.* The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was established by a lease or other rental agreement which provided for a substantially lower rent at other periods during the term of such lease or agreement.

(6) *Seasonal rent.* The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was substantially higher than at other times of year by reason of seasonal demand, or seasonal variations in the rent, for such housing accommodations. In such cases the Administrator's order may if he deems it advisable provide for different maximum rents for different periods of the calendar year.

(7) *Substantial decrease in occupancy.* There has been a substantial decrease in the number of subtenants or other occupants since an order under paragraph (a) (8) or (c) (8) of this section.

(8) *Rent established under section 4 (i).* The maximum rent is established under section 4 (i) and is higher than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum

rent date, taking into consideration any increased occupancy of such accommodations since that date by subtenants or other persons occupying under a rental agreement with the tenant: *Provided*, That no decrease shall be ordered below the rent on the maximum rent date.

(d) *Orders where facts are in dispute, in doubt, or not known.* If the rent on the date determining the maximum rent, or any other fact necessary to the determination of the maximum rent, is in dispute between the landlord and the tenant, or is in doubt, or is not known, the Administrator on petition of the landlord filed within 30 days after the effective date of regulation, or at any time on his own initiative, may enter an order fixing the maximum rent by determining such fact; or if the Administrator is unable to ascertain such fact he shall enter the order on the basis of the rent which he finds was generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(e) *Sale of underlying lease or other rental agreement.* Where housing accommodations or a predominant part thereof are occupied by one or more subtenants or other persons occupying under a rental agreement with the tenant, the tenant may petition the Administrator for leave to exercise any right he would have except for this regulation to sell his underlying lease or other rental agreement. The Administrator may grant such petition if he finds that the sale will not result, and that sales of such character would not be likely to result, in the circumvention or evasion of the Act or this regulation. He may require that the sale be made on such terms as he deems necessary to prevent such circumvention or evasion.

(f) *Interim orders.* Where a petition is filed by a landlord on one of the grounds set out in paragraph (a) of this section, the Administrator may enter an interim order increasing the maximum rent until further order, subject to refund by the landlord to the tenant of any amount received in excess of the maximum rent established by final order upon such petition. The receipt by the landlord of any increased rent authorized by such interim order shall constitute an agreement by the landlord with the tenant to refund to the tenant any amount received in excess of the maximum rent established by final order. The landlord shall make such refund either by repayment in cash or, where the tenant remains in occupancy after the effective date of the final order, by deduction from the next installment of rent, or both.

(g) *Adjustments in case of options to buy.* No adjustment in the maximum rent shall be ordered on the ground that the landlord, since the date or order determining the maximum rent, has, as a part of or in connection with a lease of housing accommodations, granted the tenant an option to buy the accommodations which are the subject of the lease. Where a lease of housing accommodations was in force on the date determining the maximum rent, and the landlord had on that date, as a part of

or in connection with such lease, granted the tenant an option to buy the accommodations which are the subject of the lease, the Administrator may, on or after the termination of such lease, on his own initiative or on application of the tenant, enter an order fixing the maximum rent on the basis of the rents which the Administrator finds were generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations not subject to an option to buy on the maximum rent date.

Sec. 6 *Removal of tenant*—(a) *Restrictions on removal of tenant.* So long as the tenant continues to pay the rent to which the landlord is entitled, no tenant shall be removed from any housing accommodations, by action to evict or to recover possession, by exclusion from possession, or otherwise, nor shall any person attempt such removal or exclusion from possession, notwithstanding that such tenant has no lease or that his lease or other rental agreement has expired or otherwise terminated, and regardless of any contract, lease, agreement or obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into which provides for entry of judgment upon the tenant's confession for breach of the covenants thereof or which otherwise provides contrary hereto, unless:

(1) *Tenant's refusal to renew lease.* The tenant, who had a written lease or other written rental agreement, has refused upon demand of the landlord to execute a written extension or renewal thereof for a further term of like duration but not in excess of one year but otherwise on the same terms and conditions as the previous lease or agreement, except insofar as such terms and conditions are inconsistent with this regulation; or

(2) *Tenant's refusal of access to landlord.* The tenant has unreasonably refused the landlord access to the housing accommodations for the purpose of inspection or of showing the accommodations to a prospective purchaser, mortgagee, or prospective mortgagee, or other person having a legitimate interest therein: *Provided, however*, That such refusal shall not be ground for removal or eviction if such inspection or showing of the accommodations is contrary to the provisions of the tenant's lease or other rental agreement; or

(3) *Violating obligation of tenancy or committing nuisance.* The tenant (i) has violated a substantial obligation of his tenancy, other than an obligation to pay rent, and has continued, or failed to cure, such violation after written notice by the landlord that the violation cease, or (ii) is committing or permitting a nuisance or is using or permitting a use of the housing accommodations for an immoral or illegal purpose; or

(4) *Subtenants on expiration of tenant's lease.* The tenant's lease or other rental agreement has expired or otherwise terminated, and at the time of termination the occupants of the housing accommodations are subtenants or other persons who occupied under a rental agreement with the tenant, and no part of the accommodations is used by the tenant as his own dwelling; or

(5) *Demolition or alteration by landlord.* The landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession for the immediate purpose of demolishing the housing accommodations or of substantially altering or remodeling it in a manner which cannot practicably be done with the tenant in occupancy and the plans for such alteration or remodeling have been approved by the proper authorities, if such approval is required by local law; or

(6) *Occupancy by landlord.* The landlord owned, or acquired an enforceable right to buy or the right to possession of, the housing accommodations prior to the effective date of regulation (or prior to October 20, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date, or prior to November 6, 1942 for housing accommodations within the Hastings Defense-Rental Area), and seeks in good faith to recover possession of such accommodations for immediate use and occupancy as a dwelling for himself. If a tenant has been removed or evicted under this paragraph (a) (6) from housing accommodations, the landlord shall file a written report on a form provided therefor before renting the accommodations or any part thereof during a period of six months after such removal or eviction.

(b) *Administrator's certificate.*—(1) *Removals not inconsistent with Act or regulation.* No tenant shall be removed or evicted on grounds other than those stated above unless, on petition of the landlord, the Administrator certifies that the landlord may pursue his remedies in accordance with the requirements of the local law. The Administrator shall so certify if the landlord establishes that removals or evictions of the character proposed are not inconsistent with the purposes of the Act or this regulation and would not be likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof.

(2) *Occupancy by purchaser.* Removal or eviction of a tenant of the vendor, for occupancy by a purchaser who has acquired his rights in the housing accommodations on or after the effective date of regulation (or on or after October 20, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date, or on or after November 6, 1942 for housing accommodations within the Hastings Defense-Rental Area) is inconsistent with the purposes of the Act and this regulation and would be likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof, unless (i) the payment or payments of principal made by the purchaser, excluding any payments made from funds borrowed for the purpose of making such principal payments, aggregate 20% or more of the purchase price, and (ii) a period of three months has elapsed after the issuance of a certificate by the Administrator as hereinafter provided. For the purposes of this paragraph (b) (2), the payments of principal may be made by the purchaser conditionally or in escrow to the end that they shall be returned to the purchaser in the event the Administrator denies a petition for a certificate. If the Administrator finds that the required payments of principal have been made, he shall, on petition of either the vendor or purchaser, issue a certificate authorizing the vendor or

purchaser to pursue his remedies for removal or eviction of the tenant in accordance with the requirements of the local law at the expiration of three months after the date of issuance of such certificate.

In no other case shall the Administrator issue a certificate for occupancy by a purchaser who has acquired his rights in the housing accommodations on or after the effective date of regulation (or on or after October 20, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date, or on or after November 6, 1942 for housing accommodations within the Hastings Defense-Rental Area) unless he finds (i) that the vendor has or had a substantial necessity requiring the sale and that a reasonable sale or disposition of the accommodations could not be made without removal or eviction of the tenant, or (ii) that other special hardship would result, or (iii) that equivalent accommodations are available for rent, into which the tenant can move without substantial hardship or loss; under such circumstances the payment by the purchaser of 20% of the purchase price shall not be a condition to the issuance of a certificate, and the certificate may authorize the vendor or purchaser, either immediately or at the expiration of three months, to pursue his remedies for removal or eviction of the tenant in accordance with the requirements of the local law.

[Subparagraph (2) as amended by Am. 7, 8 F.R. 12693, effective 9-16-43]

(c) *Exceptions from section 6.*—(1) *Subtenants.* The provisions of this section do not apply to a subtenant or other person who occupied under a rental agreement with the tenant, where removal or eviction of the subtenant or other such occupant is sought by the landlord of the tenant, unless under the local law there is a tenancy relationship between the landlord and the subtenant or other such occupant.

(2) *Housing subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department.* The provisions of this section shall not apply to housing accommodations rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department.

(3) *One or two occupants in landlord's residence.* The provisions of this section shall not apply to an occupant of a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment, located within the residence occupied by the landlord or his immediate family, where such landlord rents to not more than two occupants within such residence.

(4) *Renting to family in landlord's residence.* The provisions of this section shall not apply to a family which on or after August 1, 1943 moves into a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment, located within the residence occupied by the landlord or his immediate family, where such landlord does not rent to any persons within such residence other than those in the one family.

[Subparagraph (4) added by Am. 3, 8 F.R. 10618, effective 8-1-43].

(d) *Notices required.*—(1) *Notices prior to action to remove tenant.* Every notice to a tenant to vacate or surrender possession of housing accommodations shall state the ground under this section upon which the landlord relies for removal or eviction of the tenant. A written copy of such notice shall be given to the area rent office within 24 hours after the notice is given to the tenant.

No tenant shall be removed or evicted from housing accommodations by court process or otherwise, unless at least ten days (or, where the ground for removal or eviction is non-payment of rent, the period required by the local law for notice prior to the commencement of an action for removal or eviction in such cases, but in no event less than three days) prior to the time specified for surrender of possession and to the commencement of any action for removal or eviction, the landlord has given written notices of the proposed removal or eviction to the tenant and to the area rent office, stating the ground under this section upon which such removal or eviction is sought and specifying the time when the tenant is required to surrender possession: *Provided, however,* That the requirement of this sentence shall not apply to housing accommodations within the City of Baltimore, Maryland, the Northeastern New Jersey Defense-Rental Area, or the Trenton Defense-Rental Area, when the ground for the removal or eviction of a tenant is non-payment of rent.

Where the ground for removal or eviction of a tenant is non-payment of rent, every notice under this paragraph (d) (1) shall state the rent for the housing accommodations, the amount of rent due and the rental period or periods for which such rent is due. The provisions of this paragraph (d) (1) shall not apply where a certificate has been issued by the Administrator pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section.

(2) *Notices at time of commencing action to remove tenant.* At the time of commencing any action to remove or evict a tenant, including an action based upon non-payment of rent, the landlord shall give written notice thereof to the area rent office stating the title of the case, the number of the case where that is possible, the court in which it is filed, the name and address of the tenant, and the ground under this section on which removal or eviction is sought.

(e) *Local law.* No provision of this section shall be construed to authorize the removal of a tenant unless such removal is authorized under the local law.

Sec. 7 *Registration.*—(a) *Registration statement.* On or before the date specified in Schedule A of this regulation, or within 30 days after the property is first rented, whichever date is the later, every landlord of housing accommodations rented or offered for rent shall file in triplicate a written statement on the form provided therefor to be known as a registration statement. The statement shall identify each dwelling unit and specify the maximum rent provided by this regulation for such dwelling unit and shall contain such other information as the Administrator shall require. The original shall remain on file with the Administrator and he shall cause

one copy to be delivered to the tenant and one copy, stamped to indicate that it is a correct copy of the original, to be returned to the landlord. In any subsequent change of tenancy the landlord shall exhibit to the new tenant his stamped copy of the registration statement, and shall obtain the tenant's signature and the date thereof, on the back of such statement. Within five days after renting to a new tenant, the landlord shall file a notice on the form provided therefor, on which he shall obtain the tenant's signature, stating that there has been a change in tenancy, that the stamped copy of the registration statement has been exhibited to the new tenant and that the rent for such accommodations is in conformity therewith.

When the maximum rent is changed by order of the Administrator, the landlord shall deliver his stamped copy of the registration statement to the area rent office for appropriate action reflecting such change.

(b) *Receipt for amount paid.* No payment of rent need be made unless the landlord tenders a receipt for the amount to be paid.

(c) *Exceptions from registration requirements—(1) Housing under section 4 (g).* The provisions of this section shall not apply to housing accommodations under section 4 (g). The owner of such housing accommodations shall file a schedule or schedules, setting out the maximum rents for all such accommodations in the Defense-Rental Area and containing such other information as the Administrator shall require. A copy of such schedule or schedules shall be posted by the owner in a place where it will be available for inspection by the tenants of such housing accommodations.

(2) *Housing subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department.* The provisions of this section shall not apply to housing accommodations rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including any civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department.

(3) *Housing in Cincinnati Defense-Rental Area.* The provisions of this section shall not apply to housing accommodations in the Cincinnati Defense-Rental Area so long as the maximum rent for such accommodations is established solely under paragraph (a) or (b) of section 4: *Provided, however,* That no payment of rent need be made by any tenant of such accommodations unless

the landlord tenders a receipt for the amount to be paid.

Sec. 8 *Inspection.* Any person who rents or offers for rent or acts as a broker or agent for the rental of housing accommodations and any tenant shall permit such inspection of the accommodations by the Administrator as he may, from time to time, require.

Sec. 9 *Evasion.* The maximum rents and other requirements provided in this regulation shall not be evaded, either directly or indirectly, in connection with the renting or leasing or the transfer of a lease of housing accommodations, by way of absolute or conditional sale, sale with purchase money or other form of mortgage, or sale with option to repurchase, or by modification of the practices relating to payment of commissions or other charges or by modification of the services furnished with housing accommodations, or otherwise.

Sec. 10 *Enforcement.* Persons violating any provision of this regulation are subject to criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions and suits for treble damages as provided for by the Act.

Sec. 11 *Procedure.* All registration statements, reports and notices provided for by this regulation shall be filed with the area rent office. All landlord's petitions and tenant's applications shall be filed with such office in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3 (§§ 1300.201 to 1300.253, inclusive).

Sec. 12 *Petitions for amendment.* Persons seeking any amendment of general applicability to any provision of this regulation may file petitions therefor in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3 (§§ 1300.201 to 1300.253, inclusive).

Sec. 13 *Definitions.* (a) When used in this regulation the term:

(1) "Act" means the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942.

(2) "Administrator" means the Price Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, or the Rent Director or such other person or persons as the Administrator may appoint or designate to carry out any of the duties delegated to him by the Act.

(3) "Rent Director" means the person designated by the Administrator as director of the Defense-Rental Area or such person or persons as may be designated to carry out any of the duties delegated to the Rent Director by the Administrator.

(4) "Area rent office" means the office of the Rent Director in the Defense-Rental Area.

(5) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or

any other organized group of persons, or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States or any agency thereof, or any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of any of the foregoing.

(6) "Housing accommodations" means any building, structure, or part thereof, or land appurtenant thereto, or any other real or personal property rented or offered for rent for living or dwelling purposes, together with all privileges, services, furnishings, furniture, equipment, facilities and improvements connected with the use or occupancy of such property.

(7) "Services" includes repairs, decorating and maintenance, the furnishing of light, heat, hot and cold water, telephone, elevator service, window shades, and storage, kitchen, bath, and laundry facilities and privileges, maid service, linen service, janitor service, the removal of refuse and any other privilege or facility connected with the use or occupancy of housing accommodations.

(8) "Landlord" includes an owner, lessor, sublessor, assignee or other person receiving or entitled to receive rent for the use or occupancy of any housing accommodations, or an agent of any of the foregoing.

(9) "Tenant" includes a subtenant, lessee, sublessee, or other person entitled to the possession or to the use or occupancy of any housing accommodations.

(10) "Rent" means the consideration, including any bonus, benefit, or gratuity, demanded or received for the use or occupancy of housing accommodations or for the transfer of a lease of such accommodations.

(11) "Hotel" means any establishment generally recognized as such in its community, containing more than 50 rooms and used predominantly for transient occupancy.

(12) "Rooming house" means, in addition to its customary usage, a building or portion of a building other than a hotel in which a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment are rented on a short-time basis of daily, weekly, or monthly occupancy to more than two paying tenants not members of the landlord's immediate family. The term includes boarding houses, dormitories, auto camps, trailers, residence clubs, tourist homes or cabins, and all other establishments of a similar nature.

(b) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 shall apply to other terms used in this regulation.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(1) Anniston	Alabama	Calhoun and Cleburne	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(2) Birmingham	Alabama	Jefferson	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(3) Dothan-Ozark	Alabama	Dale and Houston	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Alabama	Coffee	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(4) Gadsden	Alabama	Etowah	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(5) Huntsville	Alabama	Limestone, Madison, and Morgan	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(6) Lanett	Alabama	Chambers	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(7) Mobile	Alabama	Mobile	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(8) Montgomery	Alabama	Elmore and Montgomery	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Alabama	Macon	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(9) Muscle Shoals	Alabama	Colbert and Lauderdale	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(10) Selma	Alabama	Dallas	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(11) Talladega	Alabama	St. Clair, Shelby, and Talladega	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(12) [Revoked]					
(13) Fort Huachuca	Arizona	Cochise and Santa Cruz	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(14) Phoenix-Salt River Valley	Arizona	Gila and Maricopa	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(15) Prescott-Flagstaff	Arizona	Cocoonino and Yavapai	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
		That portion of the County of Mohave south of the Colorado River.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(16) Tucson	Arizona	Pima	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(17) Yuma	Arizona	Yuma	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(18) [Revoked]					
(19) Blytheville	Arkansas	Mississippi	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(20) El Dorado	Arkansas	Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(21) Fort Smith	Arkansas	Sebastian	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(22) [Revoked]					
(23) Little Rock 1	Arkansas	Lonoke and Pulaski	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Hot Spring and Saline	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(24) Newport-Walnut Ridge	Arkansas	Craighead, Independence, Jackson, and Lawrence	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Randolph	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943
(25) Pine Bluff 1	Arkansas	Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Arkansas County and the Southern District of Prairie County consisting of the Townships of Belcher, Center, Hazen, Lower Surrounded Hill, Roc Roe, Tyler, and Watansaw.	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(26) [Revoked]					
(27) [Revoked]					
(28) Lassen County	California	Lassen	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(29) [Revoked]					
(30) Los Angeles	California	Los Angeles and Orange	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(31) Marysville-Chico	California	Sutter and Yuba	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	California	Butte	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(32) [Revoked]					
(33) Modesto-Merced	California	Merced and Stanislaus	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(33a) Monterey Bay 1	California	Monterey County and in Santa Cruz County the Township of Watsonville.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(34) Richmond-Vallejo	California	Contra Costa, Napa, and Solano	Jan. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(35) Riverside	California	Riverside	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(35a) Sacramento	California	Sacramento, San Joaquin, and Yolo	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(36) San Bernardino	California	San Bernardino	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(37) San Diego	California	In the County of San Diego the Judicial Townships of Encinitas, National, and San Diego in their entireties, and that part of the Judicial Township of El Cajon lying west of the Cleveland National Forest.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	California	County of San Diego other than the Judicial Townships of Encinitas, National, and San Diego in their entireties, and that part of the Judicial Township of El Cajon lying west of the Cleveland National Forest.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(38) San Francisco Bay	California	Alameda, Marin, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Sonoma	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(39) San Luis Obispo	California	San Luis Obispo	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(40) Santa Maria	California	In the County of Santa Barbara Judicial Townships Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10.	July 1, 1941	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(40a) Ventura	California	Ventura	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1943
(41) Tulare-Kings	California	Kings and Tulare	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(42) Colorado Springs	Colorado	El Paso	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(43) Denver	Colorado	Adams, Arapahoe, Denver, and Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(44) [Revoked]					
(45) Leadville-Salida	Colorado	Eagle, Lake, and Summit	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Colorado	Chaffee and Garfield	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1943
(46) Pueblo	Colorado	Otero and Pueblo	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(47) Bridgeport	Connecticut	In the County of Fairfield the Towns of Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport.	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
	Connecticut	County of Fairfield other than the Towns of Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(48) Hartford-New Britain	Connecticut	In the County of Hartford the Towns of Berlin, Bloomfield, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; in the County of Middlesex the Towns of Cromwell, Middlefield, Middletown, and Portland; in the County of New Haven the Towns of Meriden and Wallingford; and in the County of Tolland the Town of Vernon.	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
	Connecticut	County of Hartford other than the Towns of Berlin, Bloomfield, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; County of Middlesex other than the Towns of Cromwell, Middlefield, Middletown, and Portland; and the County of Tolland other than the Town of Vernon.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(49) New Haven	Connecticut	In the County of New Haven the Towns of Ansonia, Branford, Derby, East Haven, Guilford, Hamden, Madison, Milford, New Haven, North Branford, North Haven, Orange, Seymour, West Haven, and Woodbridge.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(50) New London	Connecticut	New London and Windham	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(51) Waterbury	Connecticut	In the County of Litchfield the Towns of Plymouth, Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Beacon Falls, Cheshire, Middlebury, Naugatuck, Prospect, Waterbury, and Wolcott.	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
	Connecticut	County of Litchfield other than the Towns of Plymouth, Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Bethany, Oxford, and Southbury.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(52) [Revoked]					
(53) Delaware	Delaware	New Castle	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Delaware	Kent and Sussex	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(54) [Revoked]					
(55) Banana River	Florida	Brevard	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(56) Gainesville-Stark	Florida	Alachua, Bradford, and Clay	Jan. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(57) Jacksonville	Florida	Duval	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(58) Key West	Florida	Monroe	Oct. 1, 1941	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(59) Lake City	Florida	Columbia	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(60) Marianna	Florida	Jackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(61) Orlando	Florida	Orange	Oct. 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(62) Panama City	Florida	Bay	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(63) Pensacola	Florida	Franklin and Gulf	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Florida	Escambia	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Florida	Okaloosa	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Florida	Santa Rosa	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(64) [Revoked]					
(65) Tallahassee	Florida	Leon	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(66) Tampa	Florida	Wakulla	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
	Florida	Hillsborough, Pinellas, and Polk	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Florida	Highlands	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(67) [Revoked]					
(67a) Americus	Georgia	Sumter	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(68) Albany	Georgia	Douglas	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(69) Athens	Georgia	Clarke	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(70) Atlanta	Georgia	Clayton, Cobb, De Kalb, and Fulton	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(71) Augusta, Ga.	Georgia	Richmond	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	South Carolina	Aiken	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(72) Bainbridge-Cairo, Georgia	Georgia	Decatur and Grady	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(73) Brunswick	Georgia	Brantley, Camden, Glynn, McIntosh, and Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Georgia	Ware	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(74) Columbus, Ga.	Georgia	Muscogee	Jan. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
	Alabama	In the County of Russell Election Precinct One, including the City of Phenix City.	Jan. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(75) Hinesville	Georgia	Liberty	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(76) Macon	Georgia	Bibb, Houston, and Peach	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(77) Moultrie	Georgia	Colquitt	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(78) Savannah	Georgia	Chatham	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(79) Toccoa	Georgia	Stephens	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(80) Valdosta	Georgia	Lowndes	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(81) Couer d'Alene-Pend Orielle	Idaho	Bonner and Kootenai	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(82) Pocatello-Idaho Falls	Idaho	Banock	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(83) Chicago	Illinois	Cook, Du Page, Kane, and Lake	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(84) Crab Orchard	Illinois	Jackson and Williamson	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(85) Dixon	Illinois	Lee	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(86) Joliet	Illinois	Will	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(87) Kankakee	Illinois	Kankakee	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(88) LaSalle County	Illinois	LaSalle	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(88a) Macomb-Canton	Illinois	Fulton, McDonough, and Macou	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(89) Quad Cities	Illinois	Rock Island	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(90) Quincy	Iowa	Scott	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Illinois	Adams	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(91) Champaign-Vermilion	Missouri	Lewis and Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Illinois	Champaign and Vermilion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(92) Rockford	Illinois	Beane and Winnebago	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(93) Savanna-Clinton	Illinois	De Kalb	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1943	Oct. 15, 1943
	Illinois	Carroll	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(94) Springfield-Decatur	Iowa	Clinton	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(95) [Revoked]					
(96) [Revoked]					
(97) Columbus, Ind.	Indiana	Bartholomew, Brown, Johnson, Morgan, and Shelby	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Lawrence	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(98) Richmond-Connersville	Indiana	Jackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Indiana	Fayette	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(99) [Revoked]					
(100) Evansville-Henderson	Indiana	Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
	Indiana	Vanderburgh	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(101) Fort Wayne	Kentucky	Henderson	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Kentucky	Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1941	Dec. 15, 1942
(102) Gary-Hammond	Indiana	Allen	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Adams	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(103) Indianapolis	Indiana	Lake	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(104) La Fayette	Indiana	Marion	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(105) La Porte-Michigan City	Indiana	Fountain, Tippecanoe, and Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(106) Anderson	Indiana	La Porte and Starke	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Huntington, Miami, and Wabash	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(107) [Revoked]					
(108) South Bend	Indiana	Delaware, Grant, Howard, and Madison	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Indiana	St. Joseph and Elkhart	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(109) Terre Haute	Indiana	Parke and Vermillion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(110) Vincennes	Illinois	Edgar	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Vigo	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Davess and Knox	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Illinois	Lawrence	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(111) [Revoked]					
(112) Burlington	Indiana	Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Iowa	In the County of Des Moines the Townships of Augusta, Burlington, Concordia, Danville, Flint River, Tama, and Union; in the County of Henry the Townships of Baltimore, Center, Mount Pleasant, and New London; and in the County of Lee the Townships of Denmark, Green Bay, Madison, and Washington.	Jan. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(113) Cedar Rapids	Iowa	County of Des Moines other than the Townships of Augusta, Burlington, Concordia, Danville, Flint River, Tama, and Union; County of Henry other than the Townships of Baltimore, Center, Mount Pleasant, and New London; County of Lee other than the Townships of Denmark, Green Bay, Madison, and Washington.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	Illinois	County of Henderson	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(114) Des Moines	Iowa	Linn	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(114a) Ottumwa	Iowa	Polk	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Iowa	Jasper	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
	Iowa	Wapello	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1943	Oct. 15, 1943

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (Inclusive)
(115) Baxter Springs	Kansas	Cherokee and Crawford	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(116) Dodge City	Oklahoma	Ottawa	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(117) Hutchinson	Kansas	Finney, Ford, and Gray	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(118) Junction City—Manhattan	Kansas	Reno	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(119) Liberal	Kansas	Geary and Riley	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(120) Parsons	Kansas	Seward	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(121) Salina	Kansas	Labette	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(122) Topeka—Lawrence	Kansas	Montgomery	July 1, 1941	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(123) Wichita	Kansas	Dickinson, McPherson, Ottawa, and Saline	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(124) Fort Knox	Kansas	Douglas, Franklin, and Shawnee	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(125) Louisville	Kansas	Sedgwick	July 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(126) [Revoked]	Kentucky	Bullitt, Hardin, and Meade	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(127) Paducah	Kentucky	Jefferson	July 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(128) Richmond, Ky.	Indiana	Clark and Floyd	July 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(129) Alexandria—Leesville	Kentucky	McCracken	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(130) Baton Rouge	Kentucky	Ballard	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1943
(131) Lake Charles	Kentucky	Madison	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(132) Minden	Louisiana	Parishes of Beauregard, Rapides, and Vernon	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(133) Monroe—Bastrop, Louisiana	Louisiana	Parishes of East Baton Rouge and West Baton Rouge	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(134) New Orleans	Louisiana	Parish of Calcasieu	Mar. 1, 1942	Apr. 15, 1943	May 30, 1943
(135) Bangor	Louisiana	Parish of Webster	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(136) Bath	Louisiana	Parishes of Morehouse, Ouachita, and Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(137) Portland	Louisiana	Parishes of Jefferson, Orleans, and St. Bernard	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(138) Presque Isle	Maine	Penobscot	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(139) Baltimore	Maine	Lincoln and Sagadahoc	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(140) Hagerstown	Maine	Androscoggin and Cumberland	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(141) Indian Head—Patuxent River	Maine	York	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(142) Montgomery—Prince Georges	Maine	Aroostook	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(143) Eastern Massachusetts	Maryland	City of Baltimore and the Counties of Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Cecil, Harford, and Howard	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(144) Essex County, Mass.	Maryland	Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(145) Pittsfield	Maryland	Charles	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(146) Springfield, Mass.	Maryland	St. Marys and Calvert	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(147) Worcester	Maryland	Montgomery and Prince Georges	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(148) [Revoked]	Massachusetts	Barnstable, Bristol, Middlesex, Norfolk, Plymouth, and Suffolk	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(149) Detroit	Massachusetts	Essex	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(150) Grand Rapids—Muskegon	Massachusetts	Berkshire	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(151) Jackson, Michigan	Massachusetts	Hampden and Hampshire	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(152) Kalamazoo—Battle Creek	Massachusetts	Worcester	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(153) Lansing	Michigan	Macomb, Oakland, and Wayne	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(154) Ludington	Michigan	Washtenaw	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(155) Niles	Michigan	Muskegon	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(156) Port Huron	Michigan	Kent and Ottawa	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(157) Saginaw—Bay City	Michigan	Jackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(158) Sault Ste. Marie	Michigan	Lenawee and Monroe	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(159) Duluth—Superior	Michigan	Calhoun	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(160) Minneapolis—St. Paul	Michigan	Kalamazoo	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(161) [Revoked]	Michigan	Olinton, Eaton, and Ingham	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(162) Biloxi—Pascagoula	Michigan	Mason	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(163) Centerville	Michigan	Berrien	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(164) Columbus, Miss.	Michigan	St. Clair	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(165) Grenada	Michigan	Bay, Midland, and Saginaw	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(166) Hattiesburg	Michigan	Chippewa	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(167) Jackson, Miss.	Minnesota	Carlton and St. Louis	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(168) Laurel	Minnesota	Douglas	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(169) Meridian	Minnesota	Anoka, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(170) Joplin—Neosho	Mississippi	Harrison and Jackson	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(171) Kansas City	Mississippi	Adams, Amite, Pike, and Wilkinson	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(172) Rolla—Waynesville	Mississippi	Chickasaw, Clay, Itawamba, Lee, and Monroe	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(173) Sedalia	Alabama	Lamar	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(174) St. Louis	Alabama	Lovades	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(175) Great Falls	Mississippi	Pike	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(176) Alliance	Mississippi	Carroll, Grenada, Leflore, and Montgomery	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(177) Grand Island	Mississippi	Calhoun and Yalobusha	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943
(178) Hastings	Mississippi	Forrest	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(179) Kearney	Mississippi	Hinds, Madison, and Rankin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(180) Lincoln	Mississippi	Jones	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(180a) McCook	Mississippi	Lauderdale	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(181) Omaha	Missouri	Jasper and Newton	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(182) Sidney, Nebr.	Missouri	Clay, Jackson, and Platte	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(183) [Revoked]	Missouri	Johnson, Leavenworth, and Wyandotte	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(184) Las Vegas	Missouri	Pike	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(185) Reno	Missouri	Pike	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(186) Manchester	Missouri	Laclede, Phelps, and Pulaski	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(187) Portsmouth	Missouri	Johnson and Pettis	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(188) [Revoked]	Missouri	City of St. Louis and the Counties of Jefferson, St. Charles, and St. Louis	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(189) [Revoked]	Illinois	Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(190) [Revoked]	Illinois	Cascade	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(191) [Revoked]	Montana	Box Butte	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(192) [Revoked]	Nebraska	Hall	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(193) [Revoked]	Nebraska	Adams and Clay	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 12, 1942	Jan. 20, 1943
(194) [Revoked]	Nebraska	Buffalo	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(195) [Revoked]	Nebraska	Lancaster	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(196) [Revoked]	Nebraska	Red Willow	Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(197) [Revoked]	Nebraska	Dodge and Saunders	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(198) [Revoked]	Nebraska	Douglas and Sarpy	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(199) [Revoked]	Iowa	Pottawattamie	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(200) [Revoked]	Nebraska	Cheyenne	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(201) [Revoked]	Nevada	Clark	July 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(202) [Revoked]	Nevada	Washoe	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(203) [Revoked]	New Hampshire	Hillsborough	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(204) [Revoked]	New Hampshire	Rockingham and Strafford	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(188a) Southern New Jersey	New Jersey	Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	New Jersey	Salem	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	New Jersey	Cape May and Cumberland	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(189) [Revoked]					
(190) Northeastern New Jersey	New Jersey	Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, and Union	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(191) Trenton	New Jersey	Sussex	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(192) Alamogordo	New Mexico	Hunterdon and Mercer	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(193) Albuquerque	New Mexico	Otero	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(194) Carlsbad	New Mexico	Bernalillo	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	New Mexico	Eddy	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	New Mexico	Lea	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(195) Deming	New Mexico	Luna	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(196) [Revoked]					
(197) Roswell	New Mexico	Chaves	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	New Mexico	Curry, DeBee, and Roosevelt	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943
(198) Silver City-Lordsburg	New Mexico	Hidalgo	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(199) Albany-Troy, N. Y.	New York	Albany and Rensselaer	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(200) Binghamton	New York	Broome and Tioga	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(201) Buffalo	New York	Eric and Niagara	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(202) Elmira	New York	Chemung and Steuben	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(203) Jamestown	New York	Chautauque	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Pennsylvania	Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(204) Poughkeepsie	New York	Dutchess, Orange, and Ulster	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(205) Rochester	New York	Genesee, Monroe, Orleans, and Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(206) St. Lawrence County	New York	St. Lawrence	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(207) Schenectady	New York	County of Schenectady; and in the County of Saratoga the Towns of Ballston, Chariton, and Clifton Park. County of Montgomery and the County of Saratoga other than the Towns of Ballston, Chariton, and Clifton Park.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(208) Seneca	New York	Ontario, Seneca, and Yates	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(209) Sidney, N. Y.	New York	Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(210) Syracuse	New York	Cayuga, Oneida, and Oswego	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(211) Utica-Rome	New York	Herkimer, Madison, and Oneida	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(212) Watertown	New York	Jefferson	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(212a) Burlington, N. C.	North Carolina	Alamance	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(213) Durham	North Carolina	Durham	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(214) Elizabeth City, North Carolina	North Carolina	Pasquotank	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	North Carolina	Chowan and Perquimans	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(215) Fayetteville	North Carolina	Cumberland and Hoke	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(216) Goldsboro	North Carolina	Lenoir, Wayne, and Wilson	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(217) Henderson	North Carolina	Yancey	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(218) Jacksonville, N. C.	North Carolina	Onslow	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(219) Laurinburg	North Carolina	Richmond, Robeson, and Scotland	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	South Carolina	Marlboro	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(220) Monroe, N. C.	North Carolina	Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(221) New Bern	North Carolina	Carteret and Craven	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(222) Southern Pines	North Carolina	Moore	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(223) Wilmington, N. C.	North Carolina	New Hanover	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(224) Akron	Ohio	County of Summit and in the County of Medina the Township of Wadsworth.	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
	Ohio	County of Medina other than the Township of Wadsworth	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(225) Ashtabula	Ohio	Ashtabula	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(226) Canton	Ohio	Stark	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
	Ohio	Tuscarawas	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(227) Cincinnati	Ohio	Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	May 31, 1942 or within 30 days after Section 7 (a) becomes applicable.
	Kentucky	Boone, Campbell, and Kenton	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	May 31, 1942 or within 30 days after Section 7 (a) becomes applicable.
(228) Cleveland	Ohio	County of Cuyahoga and in the County of Lake the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Walto Hill and Willoughby.	July 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
	Ohio	County of Geauga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Walto Hill and Willoughby.	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(229) Columbus	Ohio	Franklin	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Ohio	Licking	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(230) Dayton	Ohio	Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Preble	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(231) [Revoked]					
(232) Lima	Ohio	Allen	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(233) Lorain-Elyria	Ohio	Lorain	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(234) Mansfield	Ohio	Ashland, Crawford, and Richland	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Ohio	Knox	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Ohio	Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(235) Marion	Ohio	Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(236) [Revoked]					
(237) Ravenna	Ohio	Portage	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(238) Sandusky-Port Clinton	Ohio	Eric, Huron, Ottawa, and Sandusky	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(239) Sidney, Ohio	Ohio	Shelby	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(240) Toledo	Ohio	Lucas and Wood	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Ohio	Hancock and Seneca	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Ohio	Mahoning and Trumbull	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(241) Youngstown-Warren	Ohio	Youngstown	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(242) [Revoked]					
(242a) Altus-Frederick	Oklahoma	Jackson and Tillman	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(243) Choteau	Oklahoma	Craig, Hayes, Rogers, and Wagoner	Oct. 1, 1941	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(244) Clinton-Elk City	Oklahoma	Beckham, Custer, and Wichita	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(245) Enid	Oklahoma	Garfield	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(246) Lawton	Oklahoma	Comanche	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(247) McAlester	Oklahoma	Atoka, Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, McIntosh, and Pittsburg	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(248) Muskogee	Oklahoma	Muskogee	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(249) [Revoked]					
(250) Oklahoma City	Oklahoma	Cleveland, McClain, and Oklahoma	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(251) Tulsa	Oklahoma	Caddo and Grady	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(252) Oklahoma City	Oklahoma	Creek, Osage, and Tulsa	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
	Oklahoma	Cleveland, McClain, and Oklahoma	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Oklahoma	Caddo and Grady	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Oklahoma	Canadian	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(253) Corvallis	Oregon	Benton and Linn	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(254) Medford	Oregon	Jackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(255) Fendleton	Oregon	Umatilla	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(256) Portland-Vancouver	Oregon	Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	Washington	Clark	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	Oregon	Clatsop	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Oregon	Tillamook	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
(257) Allentown-Bethlehem	Pennsylvania	Lehigh and Northampton	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
	New Jersey	Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(258) Altoona-Johnstown	Pennsylvania	Blair, Cambria, and Somerset	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(259) [Revoked]					
(260) Emporium	Pennsylvania	Cameron	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Pennsylvania	Elk	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(261) Erie	Pennsylvania	Erie	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(262) Harrisburg	Pennsylvania	Cumberland, Dauphin, Lebanon, and Perry	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Pennsylvania	Franklin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(263) Lancaster-York	Pennsylvania	Lancaster and York	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(264) Meadville-Titusville	Pennsylvania	Crawford and Venango	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(265) [Revoked]					
(266) Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(267) Pittsburgh	Pennsylvania	Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Greene, Lawrence, Washington, and Westmoreland	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(268) Reading	Pennsylvania	Berks	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(269) [Revoked]					
(270) Sharon-Farrell	Pennsylvania	Mercer	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(271) [Revoked]					
(272) Williamsport	Pennsylvania	Lycoming	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Pennsylvania	Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Snyder, and Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Pennsylvania	In the County of Luzerne, Nescopeck Borough, Nescopeck Township, and Salem Township	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(273) Newport	Rhode Island	Newport	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(274) Providence	Rhode Island	Bristol, Kent, and Providence	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(275) Washington County	Rhode Island	Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(276) [Revoked]					
(277) Charleston, South Carolina	South Carolina	Charleston and Dorchester	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	South Carolina	Beaufort and Colleton	Mar. 1, 1942	Apr. 15, 1943	May 30, 1943
(278) Columbia, South Carolina	South Carolina	Calhoun, Lexington, and Richland	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Jan. 14, 1943
	South Carolina	Sumter	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	South Carolina	Florence	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(279) [Revoked]					
(280) Greenville, S. C.	South Carolina	Greenville	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Jan. 14, 1943
(281) Spartanburg	South Carolina	Cherokee, Spartanburg, and Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Jan. 14, 1943
(282) [Revoked]					
(283) Provo-Hot Springs, S. Dak.	South Dakota	Fall River	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(284) Rapid City-Sturgis	South Dakota	Lawrence, Meade, and Pennington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(285) Sioux Falls	South Dakota	Lincoln, Minnehaha, and Turner	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Iowa	Lyon	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Minnesota	Rock	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(286) Bristol-Kingsport	Tennessee	Greene, Hawkins, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Virginia	Independent City of Bristol and the Counties of Scott and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(287) Chattanooga	Tennessee	Bradley, Hamilton, and Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
	Georgia	Catoosa, Dade, and Walker	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(288) Clarksville	Tennessee	Montgomery and Stewart	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
	Kentucky	Christian, Todd, and Trigg	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(289) Copperhill-McCaysville	Tennessee	Polk	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Georgia	Fannin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(290) Dyersburg	Tennessee	Crockett, Dyer, and Lauderdale	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(291) Jackson-Milan-Humboldt	Tennessee	Carroll, Gibson, and Madison	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(292) Knoxville	Tennessee	Blount and Knox	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Tennessee	Anderson and Roane	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(293) Memphis	Tennessee	Shelby	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Crittenden	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(294) [Revoked]					
(295) Nashville	Tennessee	Davidson and Rutherford	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(296) Paris, Tenn.	Tennessee	Henry	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(297) Tullahoma	Tennessee	Bedford, Coffee, Franklin, Lincoln, and Moore	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(298) Abilene	Texas	Callahan, Jones, and Taylor	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(299) Amarillo	Texas	Potter and Randall	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Texas	Dallam, Hansford, Hartley, Moore, and Sherman	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
	Texas	Bastrop	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(300) Austin	Texas	Hays, Travis, and Williamson	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(301) [Revoked]					
(302) Beaumont-Port Arthur	Texas	Jefferson and Orange	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(303) Big Spring	Texas	Howard	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(304) [Revoked]					
(305) Borger	Texas	Carson, Gray, and Hutchinson	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(305a) Brady	Texas	McCulloch	Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 16, 1943
(306) Brownwood	Texas	Brown, Coleman, and Comanche	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(307) Pryan	Texas	Brazos	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(308) Childress	Texas	Childress	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(309) Corpus Christi	Texas	Nueces and San Patricio	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Texas	Bee and Kleberg	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(310) [Revoked]					
(311) Dallas	Texas	Dallas	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(312) Del Rio	Texas	Kinney, Uvalde, and Val Verde	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(313) [Revoked]					
(314) Eagle Pass	Texas	Maverick	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(315) El Paso	Texas	El Paso	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(316) Fort Worth	Texas	Tarrant	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Texas	Denton	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(317) Gainesville	Texas	Cooke	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(318) Greenville, Tex.	Texas	Hunt	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(319) Houston-Galveston	Texas	Brazoria, Chambers, Galveston, Harris, and Liberty	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(320) Kilgus-Temple	Texas	Bell and Coryell	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Texas	Lampasas	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(321) Laredo	Texas	Webb	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943
(322) Lower Rio Grande Valley	Texas	Cameron, Hidalgo, and Willacy	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(323) Marfa-Alpine	Texas	Presidio	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(324) Marshall	Texas	Brewster	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943
	Texas	Harrison, Marlon, and Upshur	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Texas	Camp, Cass, Morris, Red River, and Titus	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Texas	Smith	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1943
(325) Paris, Tex	Texas	Lamar	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Oklahoma	Choctaw	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(326) Pecos	Texas	Reeves and Ward	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(327) San Angelo	Texas	Tom Green	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(328) San Antonio	Texas	Atascosa, Bandera, Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, Kendall, Medina, and Wilson	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(329) Sherman-Denison	Texas	Grayson	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Texas	Fannin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(330) Texarkana	Texas	Bowie	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Miller	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(331) Victoria	Texas	Victoria	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(332) Waco	Texas	McLennan	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(333) Wichita Falls	Texas	Wichita	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(334) [Revoked]					
(335) Provo, Utah	Utah	Utah	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(336) Salt Lake City ¹	Utah	Davis, Morgan, Salt Lake, and Weber	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Utah	Box Elder	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Utah	Wasatch	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Utah	Utah	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(337) [Revoked]					
(338) Springfield-Windsor	Vermont	Windsor	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(339) Alexandria-Arlington	New Hampshire	Sullivan	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Virginia	Independent City of Alexandria and the Counties of Arlington and Fairfax	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(340) Blackstone	Virginia	Nottoway	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(341) Cape Charles	Virginia	Northampton	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
(342) Hampton Roads	Virginia	Independent Cities of Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Portsmouth, and South Norfolk; the County of Elizabeth City; in the County of Norfolk the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tenners Creek, Washington, and Western Branch; in the County of Princess Anne the Magisterial Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven, and in the County of Warwick the Magisterial District of Newport	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(343) Petersburg	Virginia	Independent City of Suffolk; the County of Nansemond; the County of Norfolk other than the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tenners Creek, Washington, and Western Branch; the County of Princess Anne other than the Magisterial Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven	Apr. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Virginia	Independent Cities of Hopewell and Petersburg; the Counties of Dinwiddie and Prince George; and in the County of Chesterfield the Magisterial District of Matewan	Apr. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(344) Radford-Pulaski	Virginia	Independent City of Radford, and the Counties of Montgomery and Pulaski	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(345) Richmond, Va	Virginia	Independent City of Richmond; the County of Henrico; and in the County of Chesterfield the Magisterial Districts of Bermuda, Clover Hill, Dale, Manchester, and Middleham	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(346) Yorktown	Virginia	Independent City of Williamsburg; the Counties of James City and York; and in the County of Warwick the Magisterial Districts of Danbigh and Stanley	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(347) Bellingham	Washington	Whatcom	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(347a) Ephrata	Washington	Skiat	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
	Washington	Portion of Grant County lying between the south line of Township 23 North and the north line of Township 16 North	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(348) Everett	Washington	Snohomish	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Washington	Island	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(349) [Revoked]					
(350) [Revoked]					
(351) Port Angeles-Port Townsend	Washington	Clallam and Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(352) Puget Sound	Washington	County of Kitsap and those parts of the Counties of King and Pierce lying west of the Siusquimis National Forest	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
(353) Spokane	Washington	Spokane	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(354) Walla Walla	Washington	Walla Walla	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Washington	Franklin	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(355) Charleston, West Virginia	West Virginia	In the County of Benton the Precincts of Finley, South Kennewick, Kennewick Valley, Kennewick, Kennewick Gardens, and Ritchland	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
	West Virginia	Kanawha	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(356) Huntington	West Virginia	In Putnam County the Magisterial District of Peccatoico	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1943
	Ohio	Cabell and Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(357) Morgantown	Ohio	Lawrence	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Kentucky	Boyd and Greenup	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(358) Point Pleasant Gallipolis	West Virginia	Marion and Menongalia	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	West Virginia	Jackson and Mason	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(359) Wheeling-Steubenville	Ohio	Gallia and Meigs	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	West Virginia	Breake, Hancock, Marshall, Ohio, and Wetzel	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(360) Bellot-Janesville	Ohio	Belmont, Columbiana, and Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Wisconsin	Rock	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(361) Eau Claire	Wisconsin	Chippewa, Dunn, and Eau Claire	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(362) Madison, Wis	Wisconsin	Columbia, Dane, and Sauk	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(363) Manitowoc	Wisconsin	Manitowoc	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(364) Milwaukee	Wisconsin	Kenosha, Milwaukee, Racine, and Waukesha	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(365) Oshkosh-Fond du Lac	Wisconsin	Fond du Lac and Winnebago	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(366) Sparta	Wisconsin	That portion of the City of Waupun in the County of Dodge	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
	Wisconsin	Monroe	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(367) Sturgeon Bay	Wisconsin	Deer	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(368) Casper	Wyoming	Notre Dame	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(369) Cheyenne	Wyoming	Laramie	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(370) Alaska	Alaska	Territory of Alaska	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Mar. 15, 1943

¹ This regulation is applicable only to that portion of the defense-rental area set forth in the third column of this Schedule A.

² Sections 1, 6, 13.

³ Remaining sections.

[Schedule A amended by Am. 1, 8 F. R. 5650, effective 7-1-43; Am. 4, 8 F. R. 10741, effective 8-1-43; Am. 5, 8 F. R. 15523, effective 9-1-43 and Am. 10, effective 10-27-43]

Effective date. This Rent Regulation for Housing shall become effective June 1, 1943. [Rent Regulation for Housing issued May 31, 1943.]

[Effective dates of amendments are shown in notes following the parts affected.]

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17450; Filed, October 27, 1943; 5:07 p. m.]

PART 1388—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

[Rent Reg. for Hotels and Rooming Houses,¹ incl. Amdt. 6]

Each of Maximum Rent Regulations Nos. 21A, 22A, 23A, 29A, 30A, 31A, 32A, 34A, 36A, 38A, 40A, 42A, 44A, 46A, 48A, 50A, 54A, 56A, 58A, 59A, 61A, 63A, 65A, and 67A is redesignated Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses and is amended to read as set forth herein.

Items 33a, 35a, 67a, 88a, 167a, 180a, 212a, 242a, 305a and 347a of Schedule A are added; items 3, 15, 38, 97, 98, 110, 114, 141, 164, 250, 309, 316, 347 are amended by Amendment 6, effective October 27, 1943, so that Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses shall read as follows:

§ 1388.1231 *Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses.* The Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses is annexed hereto and made a part hereof.

AUTHORITY: § 1388.1231 issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765.

RENT REGULATION FOR HOTELS AND ROOMING HOUSES

Sec.	CONTENTS
1	Scope of this regulation.
2	Prohibition.
3	Minimum services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment.
4	Maximum rents.
5	Adjustments and other determinations.
6	Removal of tenant.
7	Registration and records.
8	Inspection.
9	Evasion.
10	Enforcement.
11	Procedure.
12	Petitions for amendment.
13	Definitions.
	Schedule A.

SECTION 1 *Scope of this regulation—* (a) *Rooms in hotels and rooming houses*

¹ 8 F.R. 7334, 9019, 9021, 10618, 10739, 11161, 12025, 12795.

and Defense-Rental Areas to which this regulation applies. This regulation applies to all rooms in hotels and rooming houses within each of the defense-rental areas and each of the portions of a defense-rental area (each of which is referred to hereinafter in this regulation as the "Defense-Rental Area"), which are listed in Schedule A of this regulation, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

In Schedule A, "the maximum rent date" and "the effective date of regulation" is given for each Defense-Rental Area listed. More than one effective date is given for different portions of a Defense-Rental Area where the same effective date is not applicable to the entire Defense-Rental Area. Wherever the words "the maximum rent date" or the words "the effective date of regulation" are referred to in this regulation, the dates given in Schedule A for the particular Defense-Rental Area or portion of the Defense-Rental Area in which the room is located shall apply. The effective date listed in Schedule A in each instance is the date rent regulation was effective in the particular Defense-Rental Area or portion of the Defense-Rental Area for rooms in hotels and rooming houses.

(b) *Housing to which this regulation does not apply.* This regulation does not apply to the following:

(1) *Farming tenants.* Rooms situated on a farm and occupied by a tenant who is engaged for a substantial portion of his time in farming operations thereon.

(2) *Service employees.* Rooms occupied by domestic servants, caretakers, managers, or other employees to whom the rooms are provided as part of their compensation and who are employed for the purpose of rendering services in connection with the premises of which the rooms are a part.

(3) *Charitable or educational institutions.* Rooms in hospitals, or rooms of charitable or educational institutions used in carrying out their charitable or educational purposes.

(4) *Entire structures used as hotels or rooming houses.* Entire structures or premises used as hotels or rooming houses, as distinguished from the rooms within such hotels or rooming houses.

(5) *Resort rooms.* Rooms located in a resort community and customarily rented or occupied on a seasonal basis, which were not rented during any portion of the period beginning on November 1, 1942 and ending on March 31, 1943.

The exemption provided in this paragraph (b) (5) shall be effective only from June 1, 1943 to September 30, 1943, inclusive.

(c) *Effect of this regulation on leases and other rental agreements.* The provisions of any lease or other rental agreement shall remain in force pursuant to the terms thereof, except insofar as those provisions are inconsistent with this regulation.

(d) *Waiver of benefit void.* An agreement by the tenant to waive the benefit of any provision of this regulation is void. A tenant shall not be entitled by reason of this regulation to refuse to pay or to recover any portion of any rents due or paid for use or occupancy prior to the effective date of regulation.

(e) *Election by landlord to bring housing under this regulation.* Where a building or establishment which does not come within the definitions of a hotel or rooming house contains one or more furnished rooms or other furnished housing accommodations rented on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis, the landlord may, with the consent of the Administrator, elect to bring all housing accommodations within such building or establishment under the control of this regulation. A landlord who so elects shall file a registration statement under this regulation for all such housing accommodations, accompanied by a written request to the Administrator to consent to such election.

If the Administrator finds that the provisions of this regulation establishing maximum rents are better adapted to the rental practices for such building or establishment than the provisions of the Rent Regulation for Housing, he shall consent to the landlord's election. Upon such consent, all housing accommodations within such building or establishment which are or hereafter may be rented or offered for rent shall become subject to the provisions of this regulation, and shall be considered rooms within a rooming house for the purposes of the provisions relating to eviction.

The landlord may at any time, with the consent of the Administrator, revoke his election, and thereby bring under the control of the Rent Regulation for Housing all housing accommodations previously brought under this regulation by such election. He shall make such revocation by filing a registration statement or statements under the Rent Regulation for Housing, including in such registration statement or statements all housing accommodations brought under this regulation by such election. Such registration statement or statements shall be accompanied by a written request to the Administrator to consent to such revocation. The Administrator may defer action on such request if he has taken or is about to take action to decrease the maximum rents of any housing accommodations within such building or establishment. If the Administrator finds that

the revocation so requested will not result in substantial increases in the maximum rents of housing accommodations affected by such revocation, he shall give such consent. Upon such consent, all housing accommodations affected by such revocation shall become subject to the provisions of the Rent Regulation for Housing.

Sec. 2 Prohibition—(a) Prohibition against higher than maximum rents. Regardless of any contract, agreement, lease or other obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into, no person shall demand or receive any rent for use or occupancy on and after the effective date of regulation of any room in a hotel or rooming house within the Defense-Rental Area higher than the maximum rents provided by this regulation; and no person shall offer, solicit, attempt, or agree to do any of the foregoing. Lower rents than those provided by this regulation may be demanded or received.

(b) Terms of occupancy—(1) Tenant not required to change term of occupancy. No tenant shall be required to change his term of occupancy.

(2) Term of occupancy during June 1942. Where, during June 1942, a room was rented or offered for rent for a weekly or monthly term of occupancy, the landlord shall continue to offer the room for rent for that term of occupancy except that he is not required to rent for that term more than the greatest number of rooms which were rented for the term at any one time during June 1942. However, if, during the year ending on June 30, 1942, a landlord had regular and definite seasonal practices with reference to the renting of rooms on a weekly or monthly basis, he may request the Administrator to approve such practices. When approval is given the landlord shall offer rooms for rent for weekly and monthly terms of occupancy pursuant to the practices so approved. The Administrator may withdraw approval at any time if he finds that the landlord has failed to conform to such practices, or if he finds that the effects of the approval are inconsistent with the Act or this regulation or are likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof.

(3) Request by tenant to change term of occupancy. Any tenant on a daily or weekly term of occupancy shall on request be permitted by the landlord to change to a weekly or monthly term unless the landlord is then renting for such term a number of rooms equal to the number which he is required to rent for that term under subparagraph (2). If the room occupied by such tenant was not rented or offered for rent for such term during June 1942, the landlord may transfer the tenant to a room, as similar as possible, which was so rented or offered for rent.

(4) Monthly term of occupancy in tourist camps, etc. Where, since October 1, 1942, a room, cabin, or similar accommodations in a tourist camp, cabin

camp, auto court or similar establishment has been or is hereafter rented to the same tenant for a continuous period of 60 days or longer on a daily or weekly basis, the landlord shall offer such room, cabin or other accommodations for rent for a monthly term of occupancy, regardless of the provisions of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph. The room, cabin or other accommodations shall be offered for rent on a monthly basis for each number of occupants for which it is offered by the landlord for any other term of occupancy. Any tenant of such room, cabin or other accommodations on a daily or weekly basis shall on request be permitted by the landlord to change to a monthly term of occupancy.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4 (c) of this regulation, if no maximum rent is established for such room, cabin or other accommodations for a monthly term of occupancy or for a particular number of occupants for such term, the Administrator on his own initiative may enter an order fixing the maximum rent for that term and number of occupants and specifying the minimum services. This maximum rent shall be fixed on the basis of the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

Sec. 3 Minimum services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment. Except as set forth in section 5 (b), every landlord shall, as a minimum, provide with a room the same essential services, furniture, furnishings and equipment as those provided on the date or during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent, and as to other services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment not substantially less than those provided on such date or during such period: *Provided, however,* That where fuel oil is used to supply heat or hot water for a room, and the landlord provided heat or hot water on the date or during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent, the heat and hot water which the landlord is required to supply shall not be in excess of the amount which he can supply under any statute, regulation or order of the United States or any agency thereof which rations or limits the use of fuel oil.

Sec. 4 Maximum rents. This section establishes separate maximum rents for different terms of occupancy (daily, weekly or monthly) and numbers of occupants of a particular room. Maximum rents for rooms in a hotel or rooming house (unless and until changed by the Administrator as provided in section 5) shall be:

(a) Rented or regularly offered during maximum rent period. For a room rented or regularly offered for rent during the thirty days ending on the maximum rent date, the highest rent for each term or number of occupants for which the room was rented during that thirty-day period, or, if the room was not rented

or was not rented for a particular term or number of occupants during that period, the rent for each term or number of occupants for which it was regularly offered during such period.

(b) First rented or regularly offered after maximum rent period. For a room neither rented nor regularly offered for rent during the thirty days ending on the maximum rent date, the highest rent for each term or number of occupants for which the room was rented during the thirty days commencing when it was first offered for rent after the maximum rent date; or, if the room was not rented or was not rented for a particular term or number of occupants during that period, the rent for each term or number of occupants for which it was regularly offered during such period.

(c) First rent after maximum rent date where no maximum rent established under (a) or (b). For a room rented for a particular term or number of occupants for which no maximum rent is established under paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section the first rent for the room after the maximum rent date for that term and number of occupants, but not more than the maximum rent for similar rooms for the same term and number of occupants in the same hotel or rooming house.

(d) Rooms constructed and owned by the government. For a room constructed by the United States or any agency thereof, or by a State of the United States or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of the State or any of its political subdivisions, and owned by any of the foregoing, the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date, as determined by the owner of such room: *Provided, however,* That any corporation formed under the laws of a State shall not be considered an agency of the United States within the meaning of this paragraph. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c) (1).

(e) Meals with room. For a room with which meals were provided during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent without separate charge therefor, the rent apportioned by the landlord from the total charge for the room and meals. The landlord's apportionment shall be fair and reasonable and shall be reported in the registration statement for such room. The Administrator at any time on his own initiative or on application of the tenant may by order decrease the maximum rent established by such apportionment, if he finds that the apportionment was unfair or unreasonable.

Every landlord who provides meals with accommodations shall make separate charges for the two. No landlord shall require the taking of meals as a condition of renting any room unless the room was rented or offered for rent on that basis on June 15, 1942.

(f) Rooms subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department. For a room

rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department, the rents established by such rent schedule.

[Paragraph (f) as amended by Amendment 5, 8 F.R. 12795, effective 9-20-43]

SEC. 5 Adjustments and other determinations. In the circumstances enumerated in this section, the Administrator may issue an order changing the maximum rents otherwise allowable or the minimum services required. Except in cases under paragraphs (a) (7) and (c) (4) of this section, every adjustment of a maximum rent shall be on the basis of the rent which the Administrator finds was generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date: *Provided, however,* That no maximum rent shall be increased because of a major capital improvement or an increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, by more than the amount which the Administrator finds would have been on the maximum rent date the difference in the rental value of the accommodations by reason of such improvement or increase: *And provided, further,* That no adjustment shall be ordered because of a major capital improvement, an increase or decrease in services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment, or a deterioration, where it appears that the rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent was fixed in contemplation of and so as to reflect such change. In cases involving construction due consideration shall be given to increased costs of construction, if any, since the maximum rent date. In cases under paragraphs (a) (7) and (c) (4) of this section the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rents which the Administrator finds were generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations during the year ending on the maximum rent date.

(a) *Grounds for increase of maximum rents.* Any landlord may file a petition for adjustment to increase the maximum rent otherwise allowable, only on the ground that:

(1) *Major capital improvement since maximum rent period.* There has been, since the thirty-day period or the order determining the maximum rent for the room, a substantial change in the room by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance.

(2) *Major capital improvement prior to maximum rent date.* There was, on or prior to the maximum rent date, a substantial change in the room by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance, and the rent during the thirty-day period ending on the maximum rent date, was fixed by a lease or other rental agreement which was in force at the time of such change.

(3) *Substantial increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment.*

There has been a substantial increase in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment provided with the room since the thirty-day period or the order determining its maximum rent.

(4) *Special relationship between landlord and tenant.* The rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent was materially affected by the blood, personal or other special relationship between the landlord and the tenant, or by an allowance or discount to a tenant of a class of persons to whom the landlord regularly offered such an allowance or discount, and as a result was substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(5) *Lease for term commencing one year or more before maximum rent date.* There was in force on the maximum rent date a written lease, for a term commencing on or prior to the date one year before the maximum rent date, requiring a rent substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(6) *Varying rents.* The rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent was established by a lease or other rental agreement which provided for a substantially higher rent at other periods during the term of such lease or agreement.

(7) *Seasonal demand.* The rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent for the room was substantially lower than at other times of year by reason of seasonal demand for such room. In such cases the Administrator's order may if he deems it advisable provide for different maximum rents for different periods of the calendar year.

(b) *Decreases in minimum services, furniture, furnishings and equipment—*

(1) *Decreases existing on effective date.* If, on the effective date of this regulation, the services provided for a room are less than the minimum services required by section 3, the landlord shall either restore and maintain such minimum services, or, within 30 days (or, within 60 days for rooms within the Los Angeles Defense-Rental Area), after such effective date, file a petition requesting approval of the decreased services. If, on such effective date (or, on December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), the furniture, furnishings or equipment provided with a room are less than the minimum required by section 3, the landlord shall, within 30 days after such date, file a written report showing the decrease in furniture, furnishings or equipment.

(2) *Decreases after effective date.* Except as above provided, the landlord shall, until the room becomes vacant, maintain the minimum services, furniture, furnishings and equipment unless and until he has filed a petition to decrease the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment and an order permit-

ting a decrease has been entered thereon; however, if it is impossible to provide the minimum services, furniture, furnishings or equipment he shall file a petition within 10 days after the change occurs. When the room becomes vacant the landlord may, on renting to a new tenant, decrease the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment below the minimum; within 10 days after so renting the landlord shall file a written report showing such decrease.

(3) *Adjustment in maximum rent for decreases.* The order on any petition under this paragraph may require an appropriate adjustment in the maximum rent; and any maximum rent for which a report is required by this paragraph may be decreased in accordance with the provisions of section 5 (c) (3). If the landlord fails to file the petition or report required by this paragraph within the time specified, or decreases the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment without an order authorizing such decrease where such order is required, the rent received by the landlord for any rental period commencing on or after such decrease or the effective date of regulation (or December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), whichever is the later, shall be received subject to refund to the tenant of any amount in excess of the maximum rent which may later be fixed by any order decreasing the maximum rent on account of such decrease in services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment. In such case, any order decreasing the maximum rent shall be effective to decrease such rent from the beginning of the first rental period after the decrease in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment or after the effective date of regulation (or after December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), whichever is the later. The foregoing provisions and any refund thereunder do not affect any civil or criminal liability provided by the Act for failure to comply with any requirement of this paragraph.

(c) *Grounds for decrease of maximum rent.* The Administrator at any time, on his own initiative or on application of the tenant, may order a decrease of the maximum rent otherwise allowable, only on the grounds that:

(1) *Rent higher than rent generally prevailing.* The maximum rent for the room is higher than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(2) *Substantial deterioration.* There has been a substantial deterioration of the room other than ordinary wear and tear since the date or order determining its maximum rent.

(3) *Decrease in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment.* There has been a decrease in the minimum services, furniture, furnishings or equipment required by section 3 since the date or order determining the maximum rent.

(4) *Seasonal demand.* The rent on the date determining the maximum rent for the room was substantially higher

than at other times of year by reason of seasonal demand for such room. In such cases the Administrator's order may if he deems it advisable provide for different maximum rents for different periods of the calendar year.

(d) *Orders when facts are in dispute, in doubt, or not known.* If the rent on the date determining the maximum rent, or any other fact necessary to the determination of the maximum rent, is in dispute between the landlord and the tenant, or is in doubt, or is not known, the Administrator on petition of the landlord filed within 30 days after the effective date of regulation, or at any time on his own initiative, may enter an order fixing the maximum rent by determining such fact; or if the Administrator is unable to ascertain such fact he shall enter the order on the basis of the rent which he finds was generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

SEC. 6 Removal of tenant.—(a) *Restrictions on removal of tenant.* So long as the tenant continues to pay the rent to which the landlord is entitled, no tenant of a room within a hotel or rooming house shall be removed from such room, by action to evict or to recover possession, by exclusion from possession, or otherwise, nor shall any person attempt such removal or exclusion from possession, notwithstanding that such tenant has no lease or that his lease, or other rental agreement has expired or otherwise terminated unless:

(1) *Tenant's refusal to renew lease.* The tenant, who had a written lease or other written rental agreement, has refused upon demand of the landlord to execute a written extension or renewal thereof for a further term of like duration but not in excess of one year but otherwise on the same terms and conditions as the previous lease or agreement except insofar as such terms and conditions are inconsistent with this regulation; or

(2) *Tenant's refusal of access.* The tenant has unreasonably refused the landlord access to the room for the purpose of inspection or of showing the room to a prospective purchaser, mortgagee or prospective mortgagee, or other person having a legitimate interest therein: *Provided, however,* That such refusal shall not be ground for removal or eviction if such inspection or showing of the room is contrary to the provisions of the tenant's lease or other rental agreement; or

(3) *Violating obligation of tenancy or committing nuisance.* The tenant (i) has violated a substantial obligation of his tenancy, other than an obligation to pay rent, and has continued, or failed to cure such violation after written notice by the landlord that the violation cease or (ii) is committing or permitting a nuisance or is using or permitting a use of the room for an immoral or illegal purpose; or

(4) *Demolition or alteration by landlord.* The landlord seeks in good faith

to recover possession for the immediate purpose of demolishing the room or of substantially altering or remodeling it in a manner which cannot practicably be done with the tenant in occupancy and the plans for such alteration or remodeling have been approved by the proper authorities, if such approval is required by local law; or

(5) *Room not offered for rent.* The landlord seeks in good faith not to offer the room for rent. If a tenant has been removed or evicted from a room under this paragraph (a) (5), the landlord shall file a written report on a form provided therefor before renting the room during a period of 6 months after such removal or eviction.

(b) *Administrator's certificate.* No tenant shall be removed or evicted on grounds other than those stated above unless, on petition of the landlord, the Administrator certifies that the landlord may pursue his remedies in accordance with the requirements of the local law. The Administrator shall so certify if the landlord establishes that removals or evictions of the character proposed are not inconsistent with the purposes of the Act or this regulation and would not be likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof.

(c) *Notice to Area Rent Office.* At the time of commencing any action to remove or evict a tenant (except an action based on non-payment of a rent not in excess of the maximum rent) the landlord shall give written notice thereof to the Area Rent Office stating the title and number of the case, the court in which it is filed, the name and address of the tenant and the grounds on which eviction is sought.

(d) *Exceptions from section 6.* The provisions of this section do not apply to:

(1) *Subtenants.* A subtenant or other person who occupied under a rental agreement with the tenant where removal or eviction of the subtenant or other such occupant is sought by the landlord of the tenant, unless under the local law there is a tenancy relationship between the landlord and the subtenant or other such occupant.

(2) *Daily or weekly tenants in hotel and daily tenants in rooming house.* A tenant occupying a room within a hotel on a daily or weekly basis; or a tenant occupying on a daily basis a room within a rooming house which has heretofore usually been rented on a daily basis: *Provided,* That the provisions of this section do apply to a tenant on a daily or weekly basis who has requested a weekly or monthly term of occupancy pursuant to section 2 (b) (3) or (4).

(3) *Rooms subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department.* Rooms rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department.

(4) *One or two occupants.* An occupant of a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment, located within the residence occupied by the

landlord or his immediate family, where such landlord rents to not more than two occupants within such residence.

(5) *Renting to family in landlord's residence.* A family which on or after August 1, 1943 moves into a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment, located within the residence occupied by the landlord or his immediate family, where such landlord does not rent to any person within such residence other than those in the one family.

[Subparagraph (5) added by Amendment 2, 8 F.R. 1061B, effective 2-1-43]

(e) *Local law.* No provision of this section shall be construed to authorize the removal of a tenant unless such removal is authorized under the local law.

SEC. 7 Registration and records.—(a) *Registration statement.* On or before the date specified in Schedule A of this regulation every landlord of a room rented or offered for rent shall file a written statement on the form provided therefor, containing such information as the Administrator shall require, to be known as a registration statement. Any maximum rent established after the effective date of regulation under paragraphs (b) or (c) of section 4 shall be reported either on the first registration statement or on a statement filed within 5 days after such rent is established.

(b) *Posting maximum rents.* Within 45 days after the effective date of regulation (or, on or before May 31, 1943 as to rooms within the Cincinnati Defense-Rental Area), every landlord shall post and thereafter keep posted conspicuously in each room rented or offered for rent a card or sign plainly stating the maximum rent or rents for all terms of occupancy and for all numbers of occupants for which the room is rented or offered for rent. Where the taking of meals by the tenant or prospective tenant is a condition of renting such room, the card or sign shall so state. Should the maximum rent or rents for the room be changed by order of the Administrator the landlord shall alter the card or sign so that it states the changed rent or rents.

The foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to rooms under section 4 (d). The owner of such rooms shall post a copy of the registration statement in a place where it will be available for inspection by the tenants of such rooms.

(c) *Receipt for amount paid.* No payment of rent need be made unless the landlord tenders a receipt for the amount to be paid.

(d) *Rooms subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department.* The provisions of this section shall not apply to rooms rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department.

(e) *Records.*—(1) *Existing records.* Every landlord of a room rented or offered for rent shall preserve, and make available for examination by the Ad-

ministrator, all his existing records showing or relating to (i) the rent for each term and number of occupants for which such room was rented or regularly offered for rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent for such room, (ii) the rent on any date determining a maximum rent for such room for a particular term and number of occupants under section 4 (c), and (iii) rooms rented and offered for rent on a weekly and monthly basis during June, 1942.

(2) *Record keeping.* On and after the effective date of regulation (or on and after October 19, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), every landlord of an establishment containing more than 20 rooms rented or offered for rent shall keep, preserve, and make available for examination by the Administrator, records showing the rents received for each room, the particular term and number of occupants for which such rents were charged, and the name and permanent address of each occupant; every other landlord shall keep, preserve, and make available for examination by the Administrator, records of the same kind as he has customarily kept relating to the rents received for rooms.

Sec. 8 *Inspection.* Any person who rents or offers for rent or acts as a broker or agent for the rental of a room and any tenant shall permit such inspection of the room by the Administrator as he may from time to time require.

Sec. 9 *Evasion.* The maximum rents and other requirements provided in this regulation shall not be evaded, either directly or indirectly in connection with the renting or leasing or the transfer of a lease of a room, by requiring the tenant to pay or obligate himself for membership or other fees, or by modification of the practices relating to payment of commissions or other charges, or by modification of the services furnished with the room, or otherwise.

Sec. 10 *Enforcement.* Persons violating any provisions of this regulation are subject to criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, and suits for treble damages as provided for by the Act.

Sec. 11 *Procedure.* All registration statements, reports and notices provided for by this regulation shall be filed with the Area Rent Office. All landlord's petitions and tenant's applications shall be filed with such office in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3 (§§ 1300.201 to 1300.253, inclusive).

Sec. 12 *Petitions for amendment.* Persons seeking any amendment of general applicability to any provision of this regulation may file petitions therefor in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3 (§§ 1300.201 to 1300.253, inclusive).

Sec. 13 *Definitions.* (a) When used in this regulation the term:

(1) "Act" means the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942.

(2) "Administrator" means the Price Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, or the Rent Director or such other person or persons as the Administrator may appoint or designate to carry out any of the duties delegated to him by the Act.

(3) "Rent Director" means the person designated by the Administrator as director of the Defense-Rental Area or such person or persons as may be designated to carry out any of the duties delegated to the Rent Director by the Administrator.

(4) "Area Rent Office" means the Office of the Rent Director in the Defense-Rental Area.

(5) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons, or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States or any agency thereof, or any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency, of any of the foregoing.

(6) "Housing accommodations" means any building structure, or part thereof, or land appurtenant thereto, or any other real or personal property rented or offered for rent for living or dwelling purposes (including houses, apartments, hotels, rooming or boarding house accommodations, and other properties used for living or dwelling purposes), together with all privileges, services, furnishings, furniture, equipment, facili-

ties and improvements connected with the use or occupancy of such property.

(7) "Room" means a room or group of rooms rented or offered for rent as a unit in a hotel or rooming house. The term includes ground rented as space for a trailer.

(8) "Services" includes repairs, decorating, and maintenance, the furnishing of light, heat, hot and cold water, telephone, elevator service, window shades, and storage, kitchen, bath, and laundry facilities and privileges, maid service, linen service, janitor service, the removal of refuse and any other privilege or facility connected with the use or occupancy of a room.

(9) "Landlord" includes an owner, lessor, sublessor, assignee or other person receiving or entitled to receive rent for the use or occupancy of any room, or an agent of any of the foregoing.

(10) "Tenant" includes a subtenant, lessee, sublessee, or other person entitled to the possession or to the use or occupancy of any room.

(11) "Rent" means the consideration, including any bonus, benefit, or gratuity demanded or received for the use or occupancy of a room or for the transfer of a lease of such room.

(12) "Term of occupancy" means occupancy on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

(13) "Hotel" means any establishment generally recognized as such in its community, containing more than 50 rooms and used predominantly for transient occupancy.

(14) "Rooming house" means, in addition to its customary usage, a building or portion of a building other than a hotel in which a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment are rented on a short time basis of daily, weekly, or monthly occupancy to more than two paying tenants not members of the landlord's immediate family. The term includes boarding houses, dormitories, auto camps, trailers, residence clubs, tourist homes or cabins, and all other establishments of a similar nature.

(b) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 shall apply to other terms used in this regulation.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(1) Anniston.....	Alabama.....	Calhoun and Cleburne.....	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(2) Birmingham.....	Alabama.....	Jefferson.....	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(3) Dothan-Ozark.....	Alabama.....	Dale and Houston.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(4) Gadsden.....	Alabama.....	Coffee.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 16, 1943
(5) Huntsville.....	Alabama.....	Etowah.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(6) Lanett.....	Alabama.....	Limestone, Madison and Morgan.....	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(7) Mobile.....	Alabama.....	Chambers.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 16, 1943
(8) Montgomery.....	Alabama.....	Mobile.....	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(9) Muscle Shoals.....	Alabama.....	Elmore and Montgomery.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(10) Selma.....	Alabama.....	Macon.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 16, 1943
(11) Talladega.....	Alabama.....	Colbert and Lauderdale.....	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(12) [Revoked]	Alabama.....	Dallas.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 16, 1942
(13) Fort Huachuca.....	Arizona.....	St. Clair, Shelby, and Talladega.....	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(14) Phoenix-Salt River Valley.....	Arizona.....	Cochise and Santa Cruz.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 16, 1942
		Gila and Maricopa.....	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 16, 1943

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(15) Prescott-Flagstaff	Arizona	Cocconino and Yavapai	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
		That portion of the County of Mohave south of the Colorado River.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(16) Tucson	Arizona	Pima	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(17) Yuma	Arizona	Yuma	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(18) [Revoked]					
(19) Blytheville	Arkansas	Mississippi	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(20) El Dorado	Arkansas	Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(21) Fort Smith	Arkansas	Sebastian	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(22) [Revoked]					
(23) Little Rock 1	Arkansas	Lonoke and Pulaski	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Hot Spring and Fallou	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(24) Newport-Walnut Ridge	Arkansas	Craighead, Independence, Jackson, and Lawrence	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Randolph	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943
(25) Pine Bluff 1	Arkansas	Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Arkansas County and the Southern District of Prairie County consisting of the Townships of Belcher, Center, Hazen, Lower Surrounded Hill, Res Ree, Tyler, and Watercaw.	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(26) [Revoked]					
(27) [Revoked]					
(28) Lassen County	California	Lassen	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(29) [Revoked]					
(30) Los Angeles	California	Los Angeles and Orange	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(31) Marysville-Chico	California	Sutter and Yuba	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	California	Butte	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(32) [Revoked]					
(33) Modesto-Merced	California	Merced and Stanislaus	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(33a) Monterey Bay 1	California	Monterey County and in Santa Cruz County the Township of Watsonville.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(34) Richmond-Vallejo	California	Contra Costa, Napa, and Solano	Jan. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(35) Riverside	California	Riverside	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(35a) Sacramento	California	Sacramento, San Joaquin and Yolo	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(36) San Bernardino	California	San Bernardino	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(37) San Diego	California	In the County of San Diego the Judicial Townships of Encinitas, National, and San Diego in their entireties, and that part of the Judicial Township of El Cajon lying west of the Cleveland National Forest.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	California	County of San Diego other than the Judicial Townships of Encinitas, National, and San Diego in their entireties, and that part of the Judicial Township of El Cajon lying west of the Cleveland National Forest.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(38) San Francisco Bay	California	Alameda, Marin, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Sonoma	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(39) San Luis Obispo	California	San Luis Obispo	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(40) Santa Maria	California	In the County of Santa Barbara Judicial Townships Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10.	July 1, 1941	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(40a) Ventura	California	Ventura	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1943
(41) Tulare-Kings	California	Kings and Tulare	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(42) Colorado Springs	Colorado	El Paso	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(43) Denver	Colorado	Adams, Arapahoe, Denver, and Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(44) [Revoked]					
(45) Leadville-Salida	Colorado	Eagle, Lake and Summit	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Colorado	Chaffee and Garfield	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1943
(46) Pueblo	Colorado	Otero and Pueblo	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(47) Bridgeport	Connecticut	In the County of Fairfield the Towns of Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Connecticut	County of Fairfield other than the towns of Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(48) Hartford-New Britain	Connecticut	In the County of Hartford the Towns of Berlin, Bloomfield, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; in the County of Middlesex the Towns of Cromwell, Middletown, Middletown, and Portland; in the County of New Haven the Towns of Meriden and Wallingford; and in the County of Tolland the Town of Vernon.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Connecticut	County of Hartford other than the Towns of Berlin, Bloomfield, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; County of Middlesex other than the Towns of Cromwell, Middletown, Middletown, and Portland; and the County of Tolland other than the Town of Vernon.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(49) New Haven	Connecticut	In the County of New Haven the Towns of Ansonia, Branford, Derby, East Haven, Guilford, Hamden, Meriden, Milford, New Haven, North Branford, North Haven, Orange, Seymour, West Haven, and Woodbridge.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(50) New London	Connecticut	New London and Windham	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(61) Waterbury	Connecticut	In the County of Litchfield the Towns of Plymouth, Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Beacon Falls, Cheshire, Waterbury, Middlebury, Naugatuck, Prospect, and Westcott.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Connecticut	County of Litchfield other than the Towns of Plymouth, Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Bethany, Oxford, and Southbury.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(62) [Revoked]					
(63) Delaware	Delaware	New Castle	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Delaware	Kent and Sussex	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(54) [Revoked]					
(55) Banana River	Florida	Brevard	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(56) Gainesville-Starks	Florida	Alachua, Bradford, and Clay	Jan. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(57) Jacksonville, Fla.	Florida	Duval	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(58) Key West	Florida	Monroe	Oct. 1, 1941	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(59) Lake City	Florida	Columbia	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(60) Marianna	Florida	Jackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(61) Orlando	Florida	Orange	Oct. 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(62) Panama City	Florida	Bay	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(63) Pensacola	Florida	Franklin and Gulf	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Florida	Escambia	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Florida	Okaloosa	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Florida	Santa Rosa	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(64) [Revoked]					
(65) Tallahassee	Florida	Leon	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
	Florida	Wakulla	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(66) Tampa	Florida	Hillsborough, Pinellas, and Polk	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Florida	Highlands	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(67) [Revoked]					
(67a) Americus	Georgia	Sumter	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(68) Albany, Ga.	Georgia	Dougherty	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(69) Athens	Georgia	Clarke	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(70) Atlanta	Georgia	Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, and Fulton	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(71) Augusta, Ga.	Georgia	Richmond	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	South Carolina	Aiken	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(72) Bainbridge-Cairo	Georgia	Decatur and Grady	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(73) Brunswick	Georgia	Brantley, Camden, Glynn, McIntosh, and Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Georgia	Ware	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(74) Columbus, Ga.	Georgia	Muscogee	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Alabama	In the County of Russell Election Precinct One including the City of Phenix City.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(75) Hinesville	Georgia	Liberty	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(76) Macon	Georgia	Bibb, Houston, and Peach	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(77) Moultrie	Georgia	Colquitt	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(78) Savannah	Georgia	Chatham	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(79) Toccoa	Georgia	Stephens	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(80) Valdosta	Georgia	Lowndes	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(81) Cocur d'Alene-Pend Orielle	Idaho	Bonner and Kootenai	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(82) Pocatello-Idaho Falls	Idaho	Bannock	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(83) Chicago	Illinois	Cook, Du Page, Kane, and Lake	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(84) Crab Orchard	Illinois	Jackson and Williamson	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(85) Dixon	Illinois	Lee	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(86) Joliet	Illinois	Will	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(87) Kankakee	Illinois	Kankakee	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(88) La Salle County	Illinois	La Salle	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(88a) Macomb-Canton	Illinois	Fulton, McDonough, and Mason	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(89) Quad Cities	Illinois	Rock Island	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Iowa	Scott	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(90) Quincy	Illinois	Adams	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
	Missouri	Lewis and Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(91) Champaign-Vermilion	Illinois	Champaign and Vermilion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(92) Rockford	Illinois	Boone and Winnebago	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	Illinois	De Kalb	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(93) Savanna-Clinton	Illinois	Carroll	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Iowa	Clinton	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(94) Springfield-Decatur	Illinois	Christian, Logan, Macon, and Sangamon	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(95) [Revoked]					
(96) [Revoked]					
(97) Columbus, Indiana	Indiana	Bartholomew, Brown, Johnson, Morgan, and Shelby	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Indiana	Lawrence	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
	Indiana	Jackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(98) Richmond-Connersville	Indiana	Fayette	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
	Indiana	Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(99) [Revoked]					
(100) Evansville-Henderson	Indiana	Vanderburgh	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Kentucky	Henderson	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(101) Fort Wayne	Indiana	Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
	Indiana	Allen	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(102) Gary-Hammond	Indiana	Adams	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(103) Indianapolis	Indiana	Lake	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(104) La Fayette	Indiana	Marion	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(105) La Porte-Michigan City	Indiana	Fountain, Tippecanoe, and Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(106) Anderson	Indiana	La Porte and Starke	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Huntington, Miami, and Wabash	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Delaware, Grant, Howard, and Madison	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(107) [Revoked]					
(108) South Bend	Indiana	St. Joseph and Elkhart	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(109) Terre Haute	Indiana	Parke and Vermillion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Illinois	Edgar	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Indiana	Vigo	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(110) Vincennes	Indiana	Davies and Knox	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Illinois	Lawrence	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Martin	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(111) [Revoked]					
(112) Burlington	Iowa	In the County of Des Moines the Townships of Augusta, Eurlington, Concordia, Danville, Flint River, Tama, and Union; in the County of Henry the Townships of Baltimore, Center, Mount Pleasant, and New London; and in the County of Lee the Townships of Denmark, Green Bay, Madison, and Washington.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Iowa	County of Des Moines other than the Townships of Augusta, Burlington, Concordia, Danville, Flint River, Tama, and Union; County of Henry other than the Townships of Baltimore, Center, Mount Pleasant, and New London; County of Lee other than the Townships of Denmark, Green Bay, Madison, and Washington.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Illinois	County of Henderson	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(113) Cedar Rapids	Iowa	Linn	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(114) Des Moines	Iowa	Polk	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Iowa	Jasper	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(114a) Ottumwa	Iowa	Wapello	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(116) Baxter Springs	Kansas	Cherokee and Crawford	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
	Oklahoma	Ottawa	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(116) Dodge City	Kansas	Finney, Ford, and Gray	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(117) Hutchinson	Kansas	Reno	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(118) Junction City-Manhattan	Kansas	Geary and Riley	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942

See footnotes at end of table.
No. 215—5

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area or for rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statements to be filed (inclusive)
(119) Liberal	Kansas	Seward	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(120) Parsons	Kansas	Lafayette	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Kansas	Montgomery	July 1, 1941	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(121) Salina	Kansas	Dickinson, McPherson, Ottawa, and Saline	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(122) Topeka-Lawrence	Kansas	Douglas, Franklin, and Shawnee	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(123) Wichita	Kansas	Sedgewick	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(124) Fort Knox	Kentucky	Bullitt, Hardin, and Meade	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(125) Louisville	Kentucky	Jefferson	July 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Indiana	Clark and Floyd	July 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(126) [Revoked]					
(127) Paducah	Kentucky	McCracken	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Kentucky	Ballard	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(128) Richmond, Ky	Kentucky	Madison	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(129) Alexandria-Leesville	Louisiana	Parishes of Beauregard, Eorides, and Vernon	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(130) Baton Rouge	Louisiana	Parishes of East Baton Rouge and West Baton Rouge	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(131) Lake Charles	Louisiana	Parish of Calcasieu	Mar. 1, 1942	Apr. 1, 1943	May 31, 1943
(132) Minden	Louisiana	Parish of Webster	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(133) Maurice-Bastrop	Louisiana	Parishes of Merchaux, Ouachita, and Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(134) New Orleans	Louisiana	Parishes of Jefferson, Orleans, and St. Bernard	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(135) Bangor	Maine	Fenwick	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(136) Bath	Maine	Lisecola and Escadaba	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(137) Portland	Maine	Androscoggin and Cumberland	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Maine	Arctostic	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(138) Presque Isle	Maine	Arctostic	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(139) Baltimore	Maryland	City of Baltimore and the Counties of Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Cecil, Harford, and Howard	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Maryland	Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(140) Hagerstown	Maryland	Charles	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(141) Indian Head-Patuxent River	Maryland	St. Marys and Calvert	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(142) Montgomery-Prince Georges	Maryland	Montgomery and Prince Georges	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(143) Eastern Massachusetts	Massachusetts	Barnstable, Bristol, Middlesex, Norfolk, Plymouth, and Suffolk	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(144) Essex County, Mass	Massachusetts	Essex	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(145) Pittsfield	Massachusetts	Worcester	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(146) Springfield, Mass	Massachusetts	Hampden and Hampshire	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(147) Worcester	Massachusetts	Worcester	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(148) [Revoked]					
(149) Detroit	Michigan	Macomb, Oakland, and Wayne	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Michigan	Washtenaw	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(150) Grand Rapids-Muskegon	Michigan	Muskegon	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Michigan	Stout and Ottawa	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(151) Jackson, Michigan	Michigan	Jackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Michigan	Leansaw and Monroe	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(152) Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	Michigan	Calhoun	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Michigan	Kalamazoo	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(153) Lansing	Michigan	Clinton, Eaton, and Ingham	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(154) Ludington	Michigan	Merion	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(155) Niles	Michigan	Benzie	Apr. 1, 1941	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(156) Port Huron	Michigan	St. Clair	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(157) Saginaw-Bay City	Michigan	Bay, Midland, and Saginaw	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(158) Sault Ste. Marie	Michigan	Chippewa	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(159) Duluth-Superior	Minnesota	Carlton and St. Louis	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Wisconsin	Douglas	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(160) Minneapolis-St. Paul	Minnesota	Archa, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(161) [Revoked]					
(162) Biola-Pascagoula	Mississippi	Harrison and Jackson	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(163) Centreville	Mississippi	Adams, Amite, Pike, and Wilkinson	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1942	June 15, 1942
(164) Columbus, Mississippi	Mississippi	Clackson, Clay, Itawamba, Lee, and Monroe	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Alabama	Lamar	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Mississippi	Lowndes	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(165) Grenada	Mississippi	Pickens	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Mississippi	Carroll, Grenada, LeFlore, and Montgomery	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Mississippi	Calhoun and Yalobusha	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943
(166) Hattiesburg	Mississippi	Ferret	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(167) Jackson, Miss	Mississippi	Hinds, Madison, and Rankin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(167a) Laurel	Mississippi	Jones	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(168) Meridian	Mississippi	Lauderdale	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(169) Joplin-Neesho	Missouri	Jasper and Newton	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(170) Kansas City	Missouri	Clay, Jackson, and Platte	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Kansas	Johnson, Leavenworth, and Wyandotte	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(171) Pike	Missouri	Pike	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Illinois	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942	
(172) Rolla-Waynesville	Missouri	Laclede, Phelps, and Pulaski	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(173) Sedalia	Missouri	Johnson and Pettis	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(174) St. Louis	Missouri	City of St. Louis and the Counties of Jefferson, St. Charles, and St. Louis	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Illinois	Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(175) Great Falls	Montana	Creede	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(176) Alliance	Nebraska	Box Butte	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(177) Grand Island	Nebraska	Hall	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(178) Hastings	Nebraska	Adams and Clay	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 12, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(179) Kearney	Nebraska	Buffalo	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(180) Lincoln	Nebraska	Lancaster	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(180a) McCook	Nebraska	Red Willow	Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(181) Omaha	Nebraska	Dodge and Saunders	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Nebraska	Douglas and Sarpy	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Iowa	Tottawatomie	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(182) Sidney, Nebr.	Nebraska	Cheyenne	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(183) [Revoked]					
(184) Las Vegas	Nevada	Clark	July 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(185) Reno	Nevada	Washoe	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(186) Manchester	New Hampshire	Hillsborough	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(187) Portsmouth	New Hampshire	Rockingham and Strafford	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(188) [Revoked]					
(188a) Southern New Jersey	New Jersey	Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	New Jersey	Salem	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	New Jersey	Cape May and Cumberland	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(189) [Revoked]					

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(100) Northeastern New Jersey	New Jersey	Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, and Union.	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(101) Trenton	New Jersey	Sussex	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(102) Alamogordo	New Mexico	Hunterdon and Mercer	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(103) Albuquerque	New Mexico	Otero	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(104) Carlsbad	New Mexico	Bernalillo	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(105) Deming	New Mexico	Eddy	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(106) [Revoked]	New Mexico	Lea	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(107) Roswell	New Mexico	Luna	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(108) Silver City-Lordsburg	New Mexico	Chaves	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(109) Albany-Troy, N. Y.	New York	Curry, DeBaca, and Roosevelt	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 18, 1943
(200) Binghamton	New York	Hidalgo	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(201) Buffalo	New York	Albany and Rensselaer	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(202) Elmira	New York	Broome and Tioga	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(203) Jamestown	New York	Erle and Niagara	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(204) Poughkeepsie	New York	Chemung and Steuben	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(205) Rochester	New York	Chautauqua	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(206) St. Lawrence County	New York	Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(207) Schenectady	New York	Dutchess, Orange, and Ulster	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
		Genesee, Monroe, Orleans, and Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
		St. Lawrence	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
		County of Schenectady; and in the County of Saratoga the towns of Ballston, Charlton, and Clifton Park.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
		County of Montgomery and the County of Saratoga other than the towns of Ballston, Charlton, and Clifton Park.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(208) Seneca	New York	Ontario, Seneca, and Yates	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(209) Sidney, N. Y.	New York	Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(210) Syracuse	New York	Cayuga, Onondaga, and Oswego	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(211) Utica-Rome	New York	Herkimer, Madison, and Oneida	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(212) Watertown	New York	Jefferson	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(212a) Burlington, N. O.	North Carolina	Alamance	Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(213) Durham	North Carolina	Durham	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(214) Elizabeth City, N. C.	North Carolina	Fasquotank	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(215) Fayetteville	North Carolina	Chowan and Perquimans	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1943
(216) Goldsboro	North Carolina	Cumberland and Hoke	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(217) Henderson	North Carolina	Lenoir, Wayne, and Wilson	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(218) Jacksonville, N. O.	North Carolina	Vance	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(219) Laurinburg	North Carolina	Onslow	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(220) Monroe, N. O.	South Carolina	Richmond, Robeson, and Scotland	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(221) New Bern	North Carolina	Marlboro	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(222) Southern Pines	North Carolina	Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(223) Wilmington, N. O.	North Carolina	Carteret and Craven	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(224) Akron	Ohio	Moore	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
		New Hanover	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
		County of Summit and in the County of Medina the Township of Wadsworth.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(225) Ashtabula	Ohio	County of Medina other than the Township of Wadsworth	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(226) Canton	Ohio	Ashtabula	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(227) Cincinnati	Ohio	Stark	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(228) Cleveland	Ohio	Tuscarawas	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
		Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	May 31, 1942
		Boone, Campbell, and Kenton	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	May 31, 1942
		County of Cuyahoga and in the County of Lake the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(229) Columbus, Ohio	Ohio	County of Geauga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(230) Dayton	Ohio	Franklin	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(231) [Revoked]	Ohio	Licking	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(232) Lima	Ohio	Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Preble	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(233) Lorain-Elyria	Ohio	Allen	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(234) Mansfield	Ohio	Lorain	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(235) Marion	Ohio	Ashland, Crawford, and Richland	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(236) [Revoked]	Ohio	Knox	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(237) Ravenna	Ohio	Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(238) Sandusky-Fort Clinton	Ohio	Portage	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(239) Sidney, Ohio	Ohio	Erie, Huron, Ottawa, and Sandusky	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(240) Toledo	Ohio	Shelby	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(241) Youngstown-Warren	Ohio	Lucas and Wood	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(242) [Revoked]	Ohio	Hancock and Seneca	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(242a) Altus-Frederick	Oklahoma	Mahoning and Trumbull	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(243) Choteau	Oklahoma	Jackson and Tillman	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(244) Clinton-Elk City	Oklahoma	Craig, Mayes, Rogers, and Wagoner	Oct. 1, 1941	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(245) Enid	Oklahoma	Beckham, Custer, and Washita	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(246) Lawton	Oklahoma	Garfield	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(247) McAlester	Oklahoma	Comanche	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(248) Muskogee	Oklahoma	Atoka, Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, McIntosh, and Pittsburg	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(249) [Revoked]	Oklahoma	Muskogee	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(250) Oklahoma City	Oklahoma	Cleveland, McClain, and Oklahoma	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(251) Tulsa	Oklahoma	Caddo and Grady	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(252) [Revoked]	Oklahoma	Canadian	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(253) Corvallis	Oregon	Creek, Osage, and Tulsa	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 10, 1942
(254) Medford	Oregon	Benton and Linn	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 10, 1942
(255) Pendleton	Oregon	Jackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
		Umatilla	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(256) Portland-Vancouver	Oregon	Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Washington	Clark	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Oregon	Clatsop	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Oregon	Tillamook	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
(257) Allentown-Bethlehem	Pennsylvania	Lehigh and Northampton	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	New Jersey	Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(258) Altoona-Johnstown	Pennsylvania	Blair, Cambria, and Somerset	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(259) [Revoked]					
(260) Emporium	Pennsylvania	Cameron	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Pennsylvania	Elk	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(261) Erie	Pennsylvania	Erie	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(262) Harrisburg	Pennsylvania	Cumberland, Dauphin, Lebanon, and Perry	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Pennsylvania	Franklin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(263) Lancaster-York	Pennsylvania	Lancaster and York	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(264) Meadville-Titusville	Pennsylvania	Crawford and Venango	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(265) [Revoked]					
(266) Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(267) Pittsburgh	Pennsylvania	Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Greene, Lawrence, Washington, and Westmoreland	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(268) Reading	Pennsylvania	Berks	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(269) [Revoked]					
(270) Sharon-Farrell	Pennsylvania	Mercer	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(271) [Revoked]					
(272) Williamsport	Pennsylvania	Lycoming	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Pennsylvania	Columbia, Mifflin, Northumberland, Snyder, and Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Pennsylvania	In the County of Luzerne, Nesquehoning Borough, Nesquehoning Township, and Salem Township	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(273) Newport	Rhode Island	Newport	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(274) Providence	Rhode Island	Bristol, Kent, and Providence	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(275) Washington County	Rhode Island	Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(276) [Revoked]					
(277) Charleston, S. C.	South Carolina	Charleston and Dorchester	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	South Carolina	Beaufort and Colleton	Mar. 1, 1942	Apr. 15, 1943	May 20, 1943
	South Carolina	Calhoun, Lexington, and Richland	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Jan. 14, 1943
(278) Columbia	South Carolina	Sumter	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	South Carolina	Florence	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(279) [Revoked]					
(280) Greenville	South Carolina	Greenville	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Jan. 14, 1943
(281) Spartanburg	South Carolina	Cherokee, Spartanburg, and Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Jan. 14, 1943
(282) [Revoked]					
(283) Provo-Hot Springs, S. Dak.	South Dakota	Fall River	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(284) Rapid City-Sturgis	South Dakota	Lawrence, Meade, and Pennington	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(285) Sioux Falls	South Dakota	Lincoln, Minnehaha, and Turner	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Iowa	Lyon	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Minnesota	Rock	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(286) Bristol-Kingsport	Tennessee	Greene, Hawkins, Sullivan, Union, and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Virginia	Independent City of Bristol and the Counties of Scott and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(287) Chattanooga	Tennessee	Bradley, Hamilton, and Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Georgia	Catoosa, DeKalb, and Walker	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(288) Clarksville	Tennessee	Montgomery and Stewart	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Kentucky	Christian, Todd, and Todd	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(289) Copperhill-McCaysville	Tennessee	Folk	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Georgia	Fannin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(290) Dyersburg	Tennessee	Crockett, Dyer, and Lauderdale	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(291) Jackson-Milan-Humboldt	Tennessee	Carroll, Gibson, and Madison	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(292) Knoxville	Tennessee	Blount and Knox	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Tennessee	Anderson and Reame	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(293) Memphis	Tennessee	Shelby	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Arkansas	Crittenden	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(294) [Revoked]					
(295) Nashville	Tennessee	Davidson and Rutherford	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(296) Paris, Tenn.	Tennessee	Henry	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(297) Tullahoma	Tennessee	Bedford, Coffee, Franklin, Lincoln, and Moore	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(298) Abilene	Texas	Callahan, Jones, and Taylor	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(299) Amarillo	Texas	Potter and Randall	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Texas	Dallam, Hansford, Hartley, Moore, and Sherman	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(300) Austin	Texas	Bastrop	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Texas	Hays, Travis, and Williamson	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(301) [Revoked]					
(302) Beaumont-Port Arthur	Texas	Jefferson and Orange	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(303) Big Spring	Texas	Howard	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(304) [Revoked]					
(305) Borger	Texas	Carson, Gray, and Hutchinson	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(305a) Brady	Texas	McCulloch	Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(306) Brownwood	Texas	Brown, Coleman, and Comanche	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(307) Bryan	Texas	Brazos	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(308) Childress	Texas	Childress	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(309) Corpus Christi	Texas	Neches and San Patricio	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Texas	Bee and Kleberg	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(310) [Revoked]					
(311) Dallas	Texas	Dallas	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(312) Del Rio	Texas	Kinney, Uvalde, and Val Verde	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(313) [Revoked]					
(314) Eagle Pass	Texas	Maverick	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(315) El Paso	Texas	El Paso	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(316) Fort Worth	Texas	Tarrant	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Texas	Denton	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Texas	Cooke	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(317) Gainesville	Texas	Hunt	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(318) Greenville, Tex.	Texas	Beauregard, Chambers, Galveston, Harris, and Liberty	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(319) Houston-Galveston	Texas	Bell and Ceryl	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(320) Killen-Temple	Texas	Lampasas	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
	Texas	Webb	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943
(321) Laredo	Texas	Cameron, Hidalgo, and Wilcox	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(322) Lower Rio Grande Valley	Texas	Presidio	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(323) Maria-Alpine	Texas	Brewster	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 15, 1943

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(324) Marshall	Texas	Harrison, Marion, and Upshur	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Texas	Camp, Cass, Morris, Red River, and Titus	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Texas	Smith	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(325) Paris, Tex.	Texas	Lamar	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Oklahoma	Choctaw	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(326) Pecos	Texas	Reeves and Ward	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(327) San Angelo	Texas	Tom Green	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(328) San Antonio	Texas	Atascosa, Bandera, Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, Kendall, Medina, and Wilson	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(329) Sherman-Denison	Texas	Grayson	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Texas	Fannin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(330) Texarkana	Texas	Bowie	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Arkansas	Miller	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(331) Victoria	Texas	Victoria	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(332) Waco	Texas	McLennan	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(333) Wichita Falls	Texas	Wichita	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(334) [Revoked]					
(335) Provo, Utah	Utah	Utah	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(336) Salt Lake City ¹	Utah	Davis, Morgan, Salt Lake, and Weber	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Utah	Box Elder	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Utah	Tooele	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(337) [Revoked]					
(338) Springfield-Windsor	Vermont	Windsor	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	New Hampshire	Sullivan	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(339) Alexandria-Arlington	Virginia	Independent City of Alexandria and the Counties of Arlington and Fairfax	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(340) Blackstone	Virginia	Nottoway	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(341) Cape Charles	Virginia	Northampton	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
(342) Hampton Roads	Virginia	Independent Cities of Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Portsmouth, and South Norfolk; the County of Elizabeth City; in the County of Norfolk the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tanners Creek, Washington, and Western Branch; in the County of Princess Anne the Magisterial Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven; and in the County Warwick the Magisterial District of Newport	Apr. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	Virginia	Independent City of Suffolk; the County of Nansemond; the County of Norfolk other than the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tanners Creek, Washington, and Western Branch; the County of Princess Anne other than the Magisterial Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven	Apr. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(343) Petersburg	Virginia	Independent Cities of Hopewell and Petersburg; the Counties of Dinwiddie and Prince George; and in the County of Chesterfield the Magisterial District of Matoaca	Apr. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(344) Radford-Pulaski	Virginia	Independent City of Radford, and the Counties of Montgomery and Pulaski	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(345) Richmond	Virginia	Independent City of Richmond; the County of Henrico; and in the County of Chesterfield the Magisterial Districts of Bermuda, Clover Hill, Dale, Manchester, and Midlothian	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(346) Yorktown	Virginia	Independent City of Williamsburg; the Counties of James City and York; and in the County of Warwick the Magisterial Districts of Denbigh and Stanley	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(347) Bellingham	Washington	Whatcom	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Washington	Skagit	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(347a) Ephrata	Washington	Portion of Grant County lying between the south line of township 23 North and the north line of Township 16 North	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(348) Everett	Washington	Snohomish	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Washington	Island	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(349) [Revoked]					
(350) [Revoked]					
(351) Port Angeles-Port Townsend	Washington	Clallam and Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(352) Puget Sound	Washington	County of Kitsap and those parts of the Counties of King and Pierce lying west of the Snoqualmie National Forest	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Sept. 31, 1942
(353) Spokane	Washington	Spokane	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(354) Walla Walla	Washington	Walla Walla	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Washington	Franklin	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Washington	In the County of Benton the Precincts of Finley, South Kennewick, Kennewick Valley, Kennewick, Kennewick Gardens, and Richland	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
(355) Charleston, West Virginia	West Virginia	Kanawha	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(356) Huntington	West Virginia	In Putnam County the Magisterial District of Pocatalico	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
	West Virginia	Cabell and Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Ohio	Lawrence	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(357) Morgantown	Kentucky	Boyd and Greenup	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(358) Point Pleasant-Gallipolis	West Virginia	Marion and Monongalia	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	West Virginia	Jackson and Mason	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
	Ohio	Gallia and Meigs	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(359) Wheeling-Steubenville	West Virginia	Brooke, Hancock, Marshall, Ohio, and Wetzel	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
	Ohio	Belmont, Columbiana, and Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(360) Beloit-Janesville	Wisconsin	Rock	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(361) Eau Claire	Wisconsin	Chippewa, Dunn, and Eau Claire	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(362) Madison, Wisconsin	Wisconsin	Columbia, Dane, and Sauk	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(363) Manitowoc	Wisconsin	Manitowoc	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(364) Milwaukee	Wisconsin	Kenosha, Milwaukee, Racine, and Waukesha	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(365) Oshkosh-Fond du Lac	Wisconsin	Fond du Lac and Winnebago	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Wisconsin	That portion of the City of Waupun in the County of Dodge	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
(366) Sparta	Wisconsin	Monroe	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1942
(367) Sturgeon Bay	Wisconsin	Deco	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 1942
(368) Casper	Wyoming	Natrona	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(369) Cheyenne	Wyoming	Laramie	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(370) Alaska	Alaska	Territory of Alaska	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Mar. 15, 1943

¹This regulation is applicable only to that portion of the defense-rental area set forth in the third column of this Schedule A.

²Sections 1, 6, 13.

³Remaining sections.

[Schedule A amended by Amendment 1, 8 F. R. 6019, effective 7-1-43; Amendment 3, 8 F. R. 10739, effective 8-1-43; Amendment 4, 8 F. R. 12625, effective 6-1-43, and Amendment 6, effective 10-27-43]

Effective date. This Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses shall become effective June 1, 1943.

[Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses issued May 31, 1943]

[Effective dates of amendments are shown in notes following the parts affected]

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17449; Filed, October 27, 1943;
5:06 p. m.]

PART 1388—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

[Designation and Rent Declaration 27,¹
Amdt. 5]

In § 1388.1301 of Designation and Rent Declaration 27, item 4 is amended to read as follows:

(4) Vincennes, Indiana, Counties of Daviess, Knox and Martin; Illinois, County of Lawrence.

This amendment shall become effective November 1, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17456; Filed, October 27, 1943;
5:06 p. m.]

PART 1388—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

[Designation and Rent Declaration 31,²
Amdt. 13]

In § 1388.1341 of Designation and Rent Declaration 31, items 1, 2, 7, 9, 10, 11, 16, 20, 23, 29, 32, 38, and 42 are amended and items 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, and 71 are added to read as follows:

(1) Alabama, Alabama, That portion of the State of Alabama not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of Coffee and Pickens.

(2) Arizona, Arizona, That portion of the State of Arizona not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except that portion of Mohave County which is south of the Colorado River.

(7) Georgia, Georgia, That portion of the State of Georgia, not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of Sumter and Ware.

(9) Illinois, Illinois, That portion of the State of Illinois not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of De

Kalb, Fulton, Kankakee, La Salle, McDonough, and Mason.

(10) Indiana, Indiana, That portion of the State of Indiana, not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the County of Wayne.

(11) Iowa, Iowa, That portion of the State of Iowa not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of Jasper and Wapello.

(16) Maryland, Maryland, That portion of the State of Maryland not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of Calvert and St. Marys.

(20) Mississippi, Mississippi, That portion of the State of Mississippi not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the County of Jones.

(23) Nebraska, Nebraska, That portion of the State of Nebraska not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of Adams, Buffalo, Clay, and Redwillow.

(29) North Carolina, North Carolina, That portion of the State of North Carolina not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of Alamance, Chowan, Moore, and Perquimans.

(32) Oklahoma, Oklahoma, That portion of the State of Oklahoma not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of Beckham, Canadian, Custer, Jackson, Tillman, and Washita.

(38) Texas, Texas, That portion of the State of Texas not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except the Counties of Bee, Brazos, Brewster, Denton, Kinney, Kleberg, Lampasas, McCulloch, Smith, Uvalde, Val Verde, and Webb.

(42) Washington, Washington, That portion of the State of Washington not heretofore designated by the Price Administrator as part of any defense-rental area, except that portion of Grant County lying between the south line of Township 23 North and the north line of Township 16 North and in the County of Benton the Precincts of Finley, South Kennewick, Kennewick Valley, Kennewick, Kennewick Gardens, and Richland.

(63) Americus, Georgia, County of Sumter.

(64) Macomb-Canton, Illinois, Counties of Fulton, McDonough, and Mason.

(65) Laurel, Mississippi, County of Jones.

(66) McCook, Nebraska, County of Redwillow.

(67) Burlington, North Carolina, North Carolina, County of Alamance.

(68) Altus-Frederick, Oklahoma, Counties of Jackson and Tillman.

(70) Brady, Texas, County of McCulloch.

(71) Ephrata, Washington, That portion of Grant County lying between the south line of Township 23 North and the north line of Township 16 North.

This amendment shall become effective November 1, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17448; Filed, October 27, 1943;
5:06 p. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RO 13,¹ Amdt. 75]

PROCESSED FOODS

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 11.3 is added to read as follows:

Sec. 11.3 Moving establishment to another place. (a) A person may move his retail, wholesale or processor establishment to another place after notifying the board at which the establishment is registered, or the Washington Office if it is registered there, of his new address.

(b) If a person wishes to move his industrial user establishment to another place, he must treat his moving as the closing of one establishment and the opening of a new establishment unless he applies for and is granted permission to continue his operations at the new place. The application must be made on OPA Form B-315, to the board at which the establishment is registered, and must, in addition to showing the new address, give explanations indicating whether:

(1) The entire establishment, including substantially all the equipment and the inventory of processed foods will be moved to the new place;

(2) He will continue to serve, from the new place, the same general class of customers and the same area he serves from his present place;

(3) He will continue to produce, at the new place, the same product or products which he produces at his present place. The Board shall send the application, with its recommendation, if any, to the district office (or, where there is none, to the State office). If the district (or State) office finds that the establishment will continue to be operated in substantially the same manner as at its present place, and that the tests described above are satisfied, it shall grant the application.

This amendment shall become effective November 1, 1943.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; WPB Directive 1, 7 F.R. 562; Food Directive 3, 8 F.R. 2005, and Food Directive 5, 8 F.R. 2251)

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17453; Filed, October 27, 1943;
5:09 p. m.]

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹8 F.R. 11048, 11383, 11483, 11513, 11753, 11812, 12026, 12237, 12312, 12448, 12485, 12548, 12560, 13301, 13492, 13930.

¹8 F.R. 1228, 1748, 9021, 10764.

²8 F.R. 122, 1229, 1749, 4779, 5738, 5739, 10739, 12099, 12624, 13920, 14012.

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS
[MPR 373, Amdt. 20]

MAXIMUM PRICES IN THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

The table following section 21 (d) (1) is amended by adding the size "100's" to the category "Oranges" to read as follows:

	Wholesale maximum prices	Special institutional maximum prices	Retail maximum prices
Oranges: 100's-----	\$6.55 per box.	\$0.91 per doz.	\$1.05 per doz.

This amendment shall become effective as of October 1, 1943.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17454; Filed, October 27, 1943; 5:10 p. m.]

PART 1438—NONMETALLIC MINERALS
[MPR 327, Amdt. 4]

CERTAIN NONMETALLIC MINERALS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 327 is amended in the following respects:

1. The list of commodities subject to Maximum Price Regulation No. 327, contained in § 1438.1, is amended to read as follows:

Activated clay	Dumortierite
Agate	Emery
Aluminum oxide (abrasive)	Feldspar
Andalusite	Flint
Aplite	Foundry facings (carbon base)
Asbestos	Fuller's earth
Ball clay	Garnet
Barite	Gilsonite
Bentonite	Graphite
Bleaching clay	Greensand
Bulk chalk	Ground flint
Carolina stone	Halloysite
Celestite	Iceland spar
China clay	Ilmenite
Cornwall stone	Industrial diamonds
Corundum	Kaolin
Cryolite	Kieselguhr
Diamond dust	Kyanite
Diatomaceous earth	Mineral fillers
Drilling mud	Mullite

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

1 8 F.R. 5388, 6359, 6849, 7200, 7457, 8064; 8550, 10270, 10666, 10984, 11247, 11437, 11849, 12209, 12703, 13023, 13342, 13500, 14139.

2 8 F.R. 2154, 4645, 6116, 11247.

Nepheline syenite	Sepiolite
Olivine	Shale
Paper clay	Silicon carbide
Pumice	Sillimanite
Pumicite	Slate flour
Pyrites	Slip clay
Quartz (excluding optical and radio-grades)	Stoneware clay
Quartzite	Strontianite
Quartz and flint pebbles	Topaz
Roofing granules	Tripoli
Rottenstone	Vermiculite
Rutile	Volcanic ash
	Whiting
	Witherite

2. Section 1438.2, paragraph (a), is amended to read as follows:

(a) *Maximum prices, except as provided in § 1438.2, paragraph (b).* Regardless of any contract, agreement, lease, or other obligation, no person shall sell or deliver, and no person shall buy or receive in the course of trade or business from any seller, any of the commodities listed in § 1438.1, at a price in excess of the following maximum prices, and no person shall agree, offer, solicit or attempt to do so.

(1) The seller's maximum price shall be the highest net price charged by him for the same commodity on a delivery made during March, 1942, to a purchaser of the same class.

(2) If no such delivery was made by the seller during March, 1942, the seller's maximum price shall be his highest net offering price for the same commodity in March, 1942, to a purchaser of the same class.

(3) Whenever any seller is unable to determine his maximum price under subparagraphs (1) and (2) above for any commodity covered by this regulation (each form, quality or state of each mineral being considered a distinct commodity), his maximum price shall be determined as follows:

(i) If his maximum price was determined prior to the date upon which this regulation became effective for that commodity, in accordance with the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation, that price shall be the seller's maximum price for that commodity.

(ii) In all other cases the seller shall determine the net price at which he expects to sell his commodity and shall then file such net price with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., within fifteen days after the first sale of the commodity that is made on or after the date this regulation becomes effective for that commodity.

The price submitted for approval shall be a price in line with the general level of prices established by this Maximum Price Regulation No. 327.

Pending action by the Office of Price Administration on prices submitted for approval under this paragraph (a) (3)

(ii), any such seller may sell, deliver, exchange, or offer to sell, deliver or exchange, and any person may buy, offer to buy, or receive from such seller any such commodity at the price submitted for approval. If, however, the price submitted is disapproved, the selling price shall be revised downward to the maximum price which shall be approved, and any payment made in excess of the price so ap-

proved may be required to be refunded to the buyer within fifteen days after the date of the written instrument informing the seller of such revision: *Provided*, That the price submitted by the seller for approval shall be deemed to be approved unless the Office of Price Administration specifically disapproves such price and establishes an approved price within thirty days from the date on which the price submitted is received by the Office of Price Administration, or if further information is requested from the seller within such thirty-day period, then within thirty days from the date on which all such information is received by the Office of Price Administration.

When filing such a price with the Office of Price Administration, the seller shall set forth, in addition to the net price, his list price, and all discounts, allowances and differentials for all classes of buyers, a description and identification of the commodity, a statement of facts differentiating such commodity from the other commodities sold by the seller, a statement showing how the proposed price was determined and a description of the use or uses for which the commodity is to be produced.

3. The headnote of § 1438.2, paragraph (b), is amended to read as follows:

(b) *Maximum prices for certain commodities sold by the American Abrasive Company, Kyanite Products Corporation, the Metals Reserve Company, the Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Company, the Pan-Chemical Company, the Western Feldspar Milling Company and others, and maximum prices for glass grade kyanite.*

4. Section 1438.2, (b) (2), is amended to read as follows:

(2) Kyanite Products Corporation, 11 Broadway, New York, N. Y., may sell and deliver, and any person may buy and receive from Kyanite Products Corporation, the following grades of kyanite at prices not higher than those set forth below:

STANDARD KYANITE

[Net ton prices f. o. b. Cullen (Ygn. R. R.) or Pamplin (N. & W. R. R.) Va.]

	Raw	Calcined (mullite)
35 mesh:		
Less than carload lots, 100# bags.....	\$27.50	\$32.50
Carloads, 100# bags.....	26.50	31.50
Carloads in bulk.....	21.00	-----
48 or 100 mesh:		
Less than carload lots, 100# bags.....	29.50	34.50
Carloads, 100# bags.....	23.50	33.50
200 mesh:		
Less than carload lots, 100# bags.....	32.50	37.50
Carloads, 100# bags.....	31.50	36.50
325 mesh:		
Less than carload lots, 100# bags....	42.50	47.50
Carloads, 100# bags.....	41.50	46.50

5. Subparagraph (9) is added to paragraph (b) of § 1438.2 as follows:

(9) The Abrasive Products Company of Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, may sell and deliver reclaimed white aluminum oxide abrasive grain at a price not higher than 8¢ per pound, f. o. b. Pembroke, Pennsylvania, or Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

6. Section 1438.5 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1438.5 *Imports.* The provisions of the Maximum Import Price Regulation issued by the Office of Price Administration, with the exception of sections 1 and 10 of that regulation, shall apply to all imports of the commodities listed in § 1438.1 of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 327: *Provided, however,* That for the purposes of this regulation, any reference in the Maximum Import Price Regulation to the General Maximum Price Regulation shall be deemed a reference to Maximum Price Regulation No. 327.

7. Section 1438.7 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1438.7 *Special sales of industrial materials.* The provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 204 for Special Sales of Industrial Materials shall apply to special sales, as defined in section 2 of that regulation, of industrial materials listed in § 1438.1 of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 327.

8. Section 1438.8 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1438.8 *Adjustable pricing.* Any person may agree to sell at a price which can be increased up to the maximum price in effect at the time of delivery; but no person may, unless authorized by the Office of Price Administration, deliver or agree to deliver at prices to be adjusted upward in accordance with action taken by the Office of Price Administration after delivery. Such authorization may be given when a request for a change in the applicable maximum price is pending, but only if the authorization is necessary to promote distribution or production and if it will not interfere with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. The authorization may be given by the Administrator or by any official of the Office of Price Administration to whom the authority to grant such authorization has been delegated. The authorization will be given by order, except that it may be given by letter or telegram when the contemplated revision will be the granting of an individual application for adjustment.

9. Section 1438.9 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1438.9 *Prohibited evasive practices.* Any practice or device which is an attempt to get the effect of a price higher than the maximum without actually charging a higher price is prohibited and is as much a violation of this regulation as an outright excessive price. This applies to devices involving commissions, services, transportation arrangements, premiums, special privileges, tying agreements, trade understandings and the like.

10. Section 1438.10 (b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) Within thirty days from the date upon which this regulation becomes effective No. 215—6

fective for a particular commodity, every producer of that commodity shall file with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., a copy of his current price list and discount schedules or other statements setting forth his current sales price for all classes of buyers indicating in each instance, his maximum price and the method by which it was determined unless such producer has already filed such information with that office.

This amendment shall become effective November 2, 1943.

NOTE: The reporting provisions of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17455; Filed, October 27, 1943; 5:09 p. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

Subchapter A—General Rules and Regulations

[Service Order 148-A]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

RESTRICTIONS ON SHIPMENTS OF ORANGES

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1943.

Upon further consideration of the provisions of Service Order No. 148 (8 F.R. 11448-49) of August 14, 1943, and good cause appearing therefor: *It is ordered, That:*

Section 95.26 *Restrictions on shipments of oranges from Arizona or California,* of Service Order No. 148 (8 F.R. 11448-49) of August 14, 1943, be and it is hereby vacated and set aside. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4, 54 Stat. 901; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)-(17))

It is further ordered, That this order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., November 2, 1943; that a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register, By the Commission, division 3.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17506; Filed, October 28, 1943; 11:32 a. m.]

[Service Order 161]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

REFRIGERATION RESTRICTIONS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1943.

It appearing, that the reicing of citrus fruits originating in Texas and shipped in refrigerator cars, and that the salting of bunker ice in refrigerator cars containing citrus fruits originating in Florida, impede unduly the use, control, supply, movement, and distribution of such cars; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action to prevent a shortage of equipment and congestion of traffic, *It is ordered, That:*

§ 95.322 *Refrigeration restrictions—*
(a) *Citrus fruits not to be reiced.* No common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act shall, after the first or initial icing which shall be performed in Texas, reice, or allow or permit reicing, of a refrigerator car or cars loaded with citrus fruits originating at any point or points in the State of Texas.

(b) *Bunker icing not to be salted.* No common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act shall put salt on, or mix salt with, ice in the bunkers of a refrigerator car or cars loaded or to be loaded, with citrus fruits originating at any point or points in the State of Florida.

(c) *Application.* The provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section prohibiting reicing and salting shall not apply to shipments moving from the primary point of origin prior to the effective date of this order.

(d) *Tariff provisions suspended.* The operation of all tariff rules or regulations insofar as they conflict with the provisions of this order is hereby suspended.

(e) *Announcement of suspension.* Each railroad affected by this order, or its agent, shall publish, file, and post a supplement to each of its tariffs affected hereby, in substantial accordance with the provisions of Rule 9 (k) of the Commission's Tariff Circular No. 20 (§ 141.9 (k) of this chapter) announcing the suspension of any of the provisions therein affected by this order.

(f) *Special and general permits.* The provisions of this order shall be subject to any special or general permits issued by the Director of the Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., to meet specific needs or exceptional circumstances. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4, 54 Stat. 901; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)-(17))

It is further ordered, That this order shall become effective immediately; that a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in

the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17507; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:32 a. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Coal Mines Administration.

[Order T-95]

CLEMENS COAL CO., ET AL.

ORDER TERMINATING APPOINTMENT OF OPERATING MANAGERS

OCTOBER 25, 1943.

Orders have been issued terminating Government possession and control of the coal mines for which the persons listed in Appendix A have served as Operating Managers for the United States, and the mining companies have duly executed and delivered to the Administrator, Instrument No. 1, as provided in section 40 of the Regulations for the Operation of Coal Mines under Government Control, as amended (8 F.R. 6655, 10712).

Accordingly, I hereby order and direct that the appointments of the Operating Managers for the United States listed in Appendix A, attached hereto and made a part hereof, be, and they are hereby, terminated.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

APPENDIX A

Name of Operating Manager and Name of Mining Company

George K. Mackle, Jr., Clemens Coal Co.,
Pittsburg, Kansas.

Major Lee White, Coal Rain Coal Co.,
Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Laurence E. Tierney, Jr., Eastern Coal Cor-
poration, Bluefield, West Virginia.

Ebersold L. Gaines, New River Company,
The, Mount Hope, West Virginia.

D. R. Swem, Northwestern Improvement
Company, Smith Tower Building, Seattle,
Washington.

William L. Jones, Otto Collieries Co., 310
North Centre St., Pottsville, Pennsylvania.

J. K. McLeod, Tartan Coal Mining Com-
pany, P. O. Box 170, Kittanning, Pennsylvania.

Charles D. Steiner, Tunnel Ridge Coal Co.,
P. O. Box 324, Pottsville, Pennsylvania.

R. S. Graham, Wise Coal and Coke Com-
pany, Norton, Virginia.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17462; Filed, October 28, 1943;
10:13 a. m.]

[Order T-96]

BARTLEY AND CHILDERS COAL CO., ET AL.

ORDER TERMINATING APPOINTMENT OF OPERATING MANAGERS

OCTOBER 25, 1943.

Orders have been issued terminating Government possession and control of the coal mines for which the persons

listed in Appendix A have served as Operating Managers for the United States, and the mining companies have duly executed and delivered to the Administrator, Instrument No. 1, as provided in section 40 of the Regulations for the Operation of Coal Mines under Government Control, as amended (8 F.R. 6655, 10712).

Accordingly, I hereby order and direct that the appointments of the Operating Managers for the United States listed in Appendix A, attached hereto and made a part hereof, be, and they are hereby, terminated.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

APPENDIX A

Name of Operating Manager and Name of Mining Company

Brice Childers, Bartley & Childers Coal Co.,
Big Branch, Kentucky.

R. R. Kirkpatrick, Beech Creek Coal Com-
pany, Beech Creek, Kentucky.

Henry T. DeBardleben, DeBardleben Coal
Corporation, Transportation Bldg., Birming-
ham, Alabama.

Thomas Quinn, Eagle Cherokee Coal Min-
ing Co., P. O. Box 385, Pittsburg, Kansas.

F. H. Haggerson, Electro Metallurgical
Company, 30 East 42d St., New York, New
York.

Richard James, James Bros. Coal Co., The,
Magnolia, Ohio.

Lyle H. Dayhoff, Mariah Hill Super Block
Coal Co., 8 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago,
Illinois.

O. Eberly, Old Home Fuel Co., 208 Union
Trust Bldg., Uniontown, Pennsylvania.

H. L. Kington, Sixth Vein Mining Co., Mad-
isonville, Kentucky.

P. W. Fitzpatrick, West Virginia Coal &
Transportation Co., 1224 Pioneer Bldg., St.
Paul, Minnesota.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17463; Filed, October 28, 1943;
10:13 a. m.]

[Order T-97]

BETSY LAYNE COAL CO., ET AL.

ORDER TERMINATING APPOINTMENT OF OPERATING MANAGERS

OCTOBER 26, 1943.

Orders have been issued terminating Government possession and control of the coal mines for which the persons listed in Appendix A have served as Operating Managers for the United States, and the mining companies have duly executed and delivered to the Administrator appropriate Instruments, as provided in the Regulations for the Operation of Coal Mines under Government Control, as amended (8 F.R. 6655, 10712, 11344).

Accordingly, I hereby order and direct that the appointments of the Operating Managers for the United States listed in Appendix A, attached hereto and made a part hereof, be, and they are hereby, terminated.

HAROLD L. ICKES,
Secretary of the Interior.

APPENDIX A

Name of Operating Manager and Name of Mining Company

S. E. Caudill, Betsy Layne Coal Co., Betsy
Layne, Ky.

P. C. Whitefield, Clover Fork Coal Company,
Kitts, Ky.

Michael Osmola, Lafayette Mining Co.,
Mahanoy City, Pa.

H. P. Sisler, Lake Lynn Fuel Co., Ltd., Lake
Lynn, Pa.

F. O. Harris, Lake Superior Coal Company,
Cannelton, W. Va.

G. A. Clark, Lanark Coal Co., Hastings, Pa.

I. R. Hubbs, Lanark Coals, Inc., Mount
Hope, W. Va.

F. P. Smith, Lando Coal Corporation, Lando
Mines, W. Va.

George M. Chisnell, Lattimer Coal Corpo-
ration, Lattimer Mines, Pa.

Owen W. Cox, Laurel Creek Coal Company,
Fayette County, Laurel Creek, W. Va.

Owen W. Cox, Laurel Smokeless Coal Com-
pany, Laurel Creek, W. Va.

Donald Lubrecht, Laurel Stripping Co.,
Hazelton, Pa.

J. A. Leamer, Leamer and Hunter, Dunlo,
Pa.

Harry E. Moran, Leconomy Smokeless Fuel
Co., Raleigh County, Besoco, W. Va.

W. S. Leckle, Leckle Smokeless Coal Com-
pany, 706 Hartman Bldg., Columbus, Ohio.

Emilio Erminio, Leckrone Coal & Coke Com-
pany, McClellandtown, Pa.

George A. Lemon, Lemon & McKelvy Coal
Co., Sparta, Ill.

W. T. McGee, Lemont Coal Company, 713
Second Nat'l Bank Bldg., Uniontown, Pa.

Louis Zamberletti, Lete Coal Co., R. R. 4,
Danville, Ill.

Harry F. Nash, The Loyden Lignite Com-
pany, 801 Tramway Bldg., Denver, Colo.

J. B. Leding, Liberty Coal Co., Altus, Ark.

George A. Schultz, Liberty Fuel Company,
402 Kearns Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah.

F. B. Lieving, Lieving Coal Co., Kaylong,
W. Va.

A. L. Light, A. L. Light, Special, Light Bldg.,
Punxsutawney, Pa.

Joseph Corvi, Ligonier Coal Co., Ligonier,
Pa.

Charles Liley, Liley & Merlino, Louisville,
Colo.

E. S. Pugh, Lillybrook Coal Company, Beck-
ley, W. Va.

A. L. Light, Lindsey Coal Mining Company,
Punxsutawney, Pa.

A. B. Foulger, Lion Coal Corp., Ogden, Utah.

E. C. Stentz, Lockview Coal Co., Lake
Lynn, Pa.

W. S. Leckle, Logan-Chilton Coal Company,
708 Hartman Bldg., Columbus, Ohio.

Stephen C. Bednar, Logans Ferry Coal Com-
pany, 601 Renshaw Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Leo Gilton, Lone Star Coal Co., Inc., 610
Tribune Bldg., Terre Haute, Ind.

S. B. Johnson, Lorain Coal & Dock Com-
pany, The First Nat'l Bk. Bldg., Columbus,
Ohio.

M. Folerl, Lower Region Coal Co., Shamo-
kin, Pa.

Albert V. Elsaman, Loyahanna Fuel Com-
pany, Slickville, Pa.

Jerome McCrystle, Luzerne Anthracite,
Inc., Kingston, Pa.

F. A. Hunter, Luzerne-Graham Mining
Corp'n., Inc., Greenville, Ky.

R. O. Van Dyke, Lynn Camp Coal Corpora-
tion, Tazewell, Va.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17464; Filed, October 28, 1943;
10:13 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

[Docket No. 5003]

NATIONAL SECRETARIES' ASSOCIATION

ORDER APPOINTING TRIAL EXAMINER AND FIX- ING TIME AND PLACE FOR TAKING TESTI- MONY

At a regular session of the Federal
Trade Commission, held at its office in

the City of Washington, D. C., on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1943.

In the matter of National Secretaries' Association, a corporation, and H. Robinson Shepherd, Ruth Hostetler, Hilary A. Bufton, and George Turner, individually and as officers and directors of National Secretaries' Association.

"This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission,

It is ordered, That J. Earl Cox, a trial examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

It is further ordered, That the taking of testimony in this proceeding begin on Thursday, November 18, 1943, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (Central Standard Time), in Court Room, Jackson County Court House, Kansas City, Missouri.

Upon completion of testimony for the Federal Trade Commission, the trial examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respondent. The trial examiner will then close the case and make his report upon the evidence.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17510; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:58 a. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Vesting Order 2408]

ESTATE OF EMIL DAMASK

In re: Estate of Emil Damask, deceased; File D-6-140; E. T. sec. 1748.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Morris Horn and Cyd Bettelheim, executor and executrix, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of the County of New York, New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Sophie Glaser, also known as Sophie Glaser, Czechoslovakia.
Alga Geiringer, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) Sophie Glaser, also known as Sophie Glaser, a citizen or subject of a designated enemy country, Germany, and within an occupied area, Czechoslovakia, is a national of a designated enemy country, Germany;

(4) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals

of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Sophie Glaser also known as Sophie Glaser and Olga Geiringer, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Emil Damask, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17482; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2409]

TRUST UNDER WILL OF JOSEPH BARBER

In re: Trust under the will of Joseph Barber, deceased; File No. D-57-56; E. T. sec. 1438.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the National City Bank of New York, as trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by nationals of a designated enemy country, Roumania, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Pauline Neuman Braunstein, Roumania.
The heirs of Pauline Neuman Braunstein, Roumania.

Jetty Kendler, Roumania.

The heirs of Jetty Kendler, Roumania.

John H. Galla, Roumania.

Serina Aftalion, Roumania.

The heirs of Frieda Galla, deceased, Roumania.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Roumania; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Pauline Neuman Braunstein, the heirs of Pauline Neuman Braunstein, Jetty Kendler, the heirs of Jetty Kendler, John H. Galla, Serina Aftalion, and the heirs of Frieda Galla, deceased, and each of them, in and to the trust created under the Last Will and Testament of Joseph Barber, deceased, for the benefit of Bertha Barber.

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order, may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country", as used herein, shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17483; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2410]

IDA BASAR; GEORGE F. BARNA

In re: Ida Basar vs. George F. Barna, et al., Partition Proceedings; File D-34-99; E. T. sec. 2338.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian, after investigation,

Finding that

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Clerk of the District Court of Douglas County, Nebraska, Depository, acting under the judicial supervision of the District Court of the State of Nebraska, in and for the County of Douglas;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Hungary, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Mrs. George A. Hegedus, Hungary.
Mrs. Julius Torok, Hungary.
Mary Treszko, Hungary.

And determining that

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Hungary; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

Cash in the sum of \$112.23 in the hands of the Clerk of the District Court of Douglas County, Nebraska, payable to Mrs. George A. Hegedus, Mrs. Julius Torok and Mary Treszko in the sum of \$37.41 each as directed by order of the District Court of Douglas County, Nebraska, dated October 28, 1942,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17484; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2411]

TRUST UNDER WILL OF MARION RAWLE
BASTIANELLI

In re: Trust under the will of Marion Rawle Bastianelli, deceased; File D-9-100-38-347; E. T. sec. 460.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Company, of 135 South Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Executor and Trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of Orphans' Court of the State of Pennsylvania, in and for the County of Philadelphia; and

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Giuseppe Bastianelli, Italy.
Assunta Maggiorini, Italy.
Emelia Rossi, Italy.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Giuseppe Bastianelli, Assunta Maggiorini and Emelia Rossi, and each of them, in and to the trust created under Paragraph Third of the Last Will and Testament of Marion Rawle Bastianelli, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country", as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17485; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2412]

TRUST UNDER WILL OF CHRISTIANNA
F. FRUH

In re: Trust under the will of Christianna F. Fruh, deceased; File D-06-464; E. T. sec. 2919.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Northern Trust Company, Trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Orphans Court, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Karl, Friedrich, Adolph, Ernst, Emma and Matilda Schuppert, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Karl, Friedrich, Adolph, Ernst, Emma and Matilda Schuppert and each of them, in and to the trust created under the will of Christianna F. Fruh, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17486; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2413]

TRUST UNDER WILL OF FLORENCE MORGAN
NOBILE GIANNUZZI-SAVELLI

In re: Trust under the will of Florence Morgan Nobile Giannuzzi-Savelli, deceased; File No. D-38-1660; E. T. sec. 4488.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, New York;

(2) Such property and interest are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Italy, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Tenente Colonnello Vittorio Nobile Giannuzzi-Savelli, Italy.

And determining that—

(3) If such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, Italy; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Tenente Colonnello Vittorio Nobile Giannuzzi-Savelli in and to the trust under the will of Florence Morgan Nobile Giannuzzi-Savelli, deceased, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17487; Filed, October 28, 1943; 11:05 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2414]

ESTATE OF MAX A. GUHLKE

In re: Estate of Max A. Guhlke, deceased; File F-28-527; E. T. Sec. 6028.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Otto Rohde, Comal County Courthouse, Comal County, Texas, Custodian, acting under the judicial supervision of the County Court of Comal County, Texas;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Gundolf Guhlke, Germany.
Ortrun Guhlke Sars, Germany.
Person or persons, names unknown, heirs and next of kin of Max A. Guhlke, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Gundolf Guhlke, Ortrun Guhlke Sars, the person or persons, names unknown, heirs and next of kin of Max A. Guhlke, and each of them, in and to the estate of Max A. Guhlke, deceased, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17483; Filed, October 28, 1943; 11:05 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2415]

ESTATE OF MARGUERITE ZORA M. LEHMAN

In re: Estate of Marguerite Zora M. Lehman, deceased; file No. D-34-72; E. T. sec. 1170.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Chase National Bank of the City of New York and Vincent L. Lieball, Coexecutors, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of the County of New York, New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Hungary, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Walter Maccay, his children and grandchildren, Hungary.
William Maccay, his children and grandchildren, Hungary.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Hungary; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Walter Maccay, his children and grandchildren, and William Maccay, his children and grandchildren, and each of them in and to the Estate of Marguerite Zora M. Lehman, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have

the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17489; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:05 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2416]

ESTATE OF GIOVANNI MARTINO

In re: Estate of Giovanni Martino, deceased; File 017-3886.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Antonio P. Martino, Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Manuela Martino, Italy.
Antonio Martino, Italy.
Filomena Martino, Italy.
Esterina Martino, Italy.
Miranda Martino, Italy.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy, and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Manuela Martino, Antonio Martino, Filomena Martino, Esterina Martino and Miranda Martino, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Giovanni Martino, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17490; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:05 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2417]

ESTATE OF ROBERT A. PREUSCHER

In re: Estate of Robert A. Preuscher, deceased; File D-28-2458; E. T. sec. 3509.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Tradesmens National Bank & Trust Company, Administrator, c. t. a., acting under the judicial supervision of the Orphans Court, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Mrs. Amanda Kaufmann, Germany.
Mrs. Olga Heyer, Germany.

And determining that

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Mrs. Amanda Kaufmann and Mrs. Olga Heyer and each of them in and to the estate of Robert A. Preuscher, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the

Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17491; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:05 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2418]

ESTATE OF JOHN BAPTISTE

In re: Estate of John Baptiste, also known as Giovanni C. DeGiambattista and as Giovanni DeGiambattista, deceased; File D-38-497; E. T. sec. 5500.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian, after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Ben H. Brown, Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy; namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Maddalena De Giambattista, Italy.
Irene De Giambattista, Italy.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Maddalena De Giambattista, and Irene De Giambattista, and each of them, in and to the estate of John Baptiste, also known as Giovanni C. DeGiambattista and as Giovanni DeGiambattista, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17492; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:06 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2419]

ESTATE OF GIOVANNI BRUNATO

In re: Estate of Giovanni Brunato, deceased; file D-38-928; E. T. sec. 7307.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian, after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Luigi Sartorio and Eugenio Rubin, Executors, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Napa;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy; namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Fortunato Brunato, Italy.
Antonio Brunato, Italy.
Francesca Brunato, Italy.
Issue (names unknown) of Fortunato Brunato, Italy.
Issue (names unknown) of Antonio Brunato, Italy.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that

such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Fortunato Brunato, Antonio Brunato, Francesca Brunato, Issue (names unknown) of Fortunato Brunato, and Issue (names unknown) of Antonio Brunato, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Giovanni Brunato, deceased

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17493; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:06 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2420]

TRUST UNDER WILL OF NICOLANGELO CASSANO

In re: Trust created under the last will and testament of Nicolangelo Cassano, also known as Nick Cassano, deceased; file F-38-3632; E. T. sec. 4907.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act as amended and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian, after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the

process of administration by the Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association, Trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy, namely,

Nationals and Last-Known Address

Angela Massari, Italy.
Vita Cassano, also known as Vito Cassano, Italy.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Italy; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Angela Massari and Vita Cassano, also known as Vito Cassano, and each of them, in and to the Trust created under the Last Will and Testament of Nicolangelo Cassano, also known as Nick Cassano, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17494; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:06 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2421]

ESTATE OF WILFRID GACK

In re: Estate of Wilfrid Gack, deceased; File D-28-7702; E. T. sec. 8134.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Wilfrida Margaret Gack, Executrix, acting under the judicial supervision of the Chancery Court, Harrison County, Mississippi;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Gertrand Lutz or her heirs, Germany.
Erika Szelinski Schoettle or her heirs, Germany.

Mathilde Martini or her heirs, Germany.
Eberhard Martini or his heirs, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Gertrand Lutz or her heirs, Erika Szelinski Schoettle or her heirs, Mathilde Martini or her heirs and Eberhard Martini or his heirs, and each of them, in and to the estate of Wilfrid Gack, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17495; Filed, October 28, 1943; 11:06 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2422]

TRUST UNDER WILL OF ALBERT REHERMAN

In re: Trust created under will of Albert Reherman, deceased; File D-28-3484; E. T. sec. 5555.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian, after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by D. C. Smith, Successor Trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Mendocino;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Mary Reherman, Germany.
Elizabeth Herstel, Germany.
Children, names unknown, of Mary Reherman, Elizabeth Herstel and Anna Strothe, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Mary Reherman, Elizabeth Herstel and children, names unknown, of Mary Reherman, Elizabeth Herstel and Anna Strothe, and each of them, in and to the Trust created under will of Albert Reherman, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the

Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1 within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: October 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17496; Filed, October 28, 1943; 11:07 a. m.]

OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION.

[Special Order ODT LB-14]

WASHINGTON, VIRGINIA AND MARYLAND COACH COMPANY, INC., ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

DIRECTION TO SUSPEND CERTAIN OPERATIONS

Pursuant to Executive Orders 8989 (8 F.R. 6725), 9156 (7 F.R. 3349), and 9204 (8 F.R. 221), the Act of May 31, 1941, as amended by Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, (56 Stat. 176), and in order to assure the orderly and expeditious movement of necessary passenger traffic and to conserve and providently utilize manpower and existing transportation facilities and service, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, and after being satisfied that the fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States will result in a shortage in the supply of rubber-borne transportation equipment and facilities for defense and for private account, *It is hereby ordered, That:*

1. Washington, Virginia and Maryland Coach Company, Inc., Arlington, Virginia, (hereinafter called "carrier"), in the transportation of passengers between points and places in the State of Virginia, and points and places in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, via its routes over Key Bridge, as a common carrier by bus, shall not operate any buses on any calendar day, except Sunday, to or from any point or place east of 15th Street, N. W., in Washington, District of Columbia, in excess of 66⅔ per cent of the total buses operated via such bridge on such calendar day.

2. As used herein, the term "bus" means any rubber-tired vehicle used on the streets, highways, or other thoroughfares in the transportation of passengers.

3. The carrier forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and shall likewise file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on one day's notice.

4. Communications concerning this order should be addressed to the Division of Local Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington, D. C., and should refer to "Special Order ODT LB-14."

This order shall become effective on November 15, 1943, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of October 1943.

JOSEPH B. EASTMAN,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17465; Filed, October 28, 1943; 10:26 a. m.]

[Special Order ODT LB-15]

SUN VALLEY BUS LINES, INC., AND CITY OF PHOENIX, ARIZONA

COORDINATED OPERATION BETWEEN PHOENIX AND WILLIAMS FIELD, ARIZONA

Pursuant to Executive Orders 8989 (6 F.R. 6725), 9156 (7 F.R. 3349), and 9294 (8 F.R. 221), the Act of May 31, 1941, as amended by Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, (56 Stat. 176), and in order to assure the orderly and expeditious movement of necessary passenger traffic and to conserve and providently utilize manpower and existing transportation facilities and service, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, and after being satisfied that the fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States will result in a shortage in the supply of rubber-borne transportation equipment and facilities for defense and for private account, it is hereby ordered, That:

1. Sun Valley Bus Lines, Inc., and City of Phoenix, Phoenix, Arizona, (hereinafter called "carriers"), respectively, in the transportation of passengers on the routes served by them between Phoenix, Arizona, and Williams Field, Arizona, as common carriers by motor vehicle, shall:

(a) Honor each other's tickets between all points common to their lines where equal fares apply, and divert to

each other traffic routed between such points for the purpose of relieving overloads and reducing the operation of additional equipment in extra sections;

(b) Adjust and establish schedules to eliminate duplication of times of departure of the respective carriers and provide reasonable frequency of service throughout the day;

(c) Eliminate duplicate depot facilities at Phoenix, Arizona, and, in lieu thereof, establish and utilize joint depot facilities and a common terminal.

2. Unless first authorized by the Office of Defense Transportation, the total round trip schedules operated during any calendar day by the carriers between the points specified in paragraph numbered 1 shall not exceed 26. Unless otherwise agreed upon by the carriers such round trip schedules shall be alternated between them.

3. Each carrier in respect of the operations described in paragraph numbered 1 shall keep a daily and a monthly record of the bus miles operated by such carrier and the total revenue collected during such day and month. All such records shall be kept available and open for inspection at all reasonable times by authorized representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

4. As used herein, the term:

(a) "Bus" means any rubber-tired vehicle used on the streets, highways, or other thoroughfares in the transportation of passengers;

(b) "Bus miles" includes all miles of actual bus operation, whether in passenger service or otherwise.

5. The carrier forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and shall likewise file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on one day's notice.

6. Communications concerning this order should be addressed to the Regional Director, Division of Local Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, San Francisco, California, and should refer to "Special Order ODT LB-15."

This order shall become effective on November 15, 1943, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of October, 1943.

JOSEPH B. EASTMAN,
Director,

Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17466; Filed, October 28, 1943; 10:26 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[Order 630 Under MFR 183, Amdt. 1]

MANUFACTURER'S MAXIMUM PRICES FOR DEHYDRATORS

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 630 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Material and Consumers' Goods other than Apparel.

An opinion accompanying this amendment to Order No. 630 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Order No. 630 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 is amended in the following respects:

1. Paragraph (a) is amended by deleting the words "Chicago, Ill." and inserting the words "Bridgeport, Conn." as the location of the General Electric Company, in the manufacturer's table.

2. Paragraph (a) is amended by adding to the maximum prices for the Model FM8D11 Dehydrator, manufactured by General Electric Company, the maximum prices for sales of the component parts of the model FM8D11 Dehydrator, as set forth below:

Manufacturer	Model designation	Manufacturer's price	Wholesaler's price	Retailer's price
General Electric, Bridgeport, Conn.	FM8D11, Dehydrator kit	\$3.84	\$10.57	\$17.55
General Electric, Bridgeport, Conn.	FM8D11, Dehydrator cabinet	\$13.80	\$17.12	\$27.49

3. Paragraph (a) is amended by adding the maximum price for sales of a new model dehydrator manufactured by Burt & Co., Denver, Colorado, as set forth below:

Manufacturer	Model designation	Manufacturer's price	Wholesaler's price	Retailer's price
Burt & Co., Denver, Colo.	Fuller	\$73.49	\$93.60	\$122.95

This amendment shall become effective October 28, 1943.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Laws 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 27th day of October 1943.

GEORGE J. BURKE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17457; Filed, October 27, 1943; 5:04 p. m.]

Regional and District Office Orders.

[Region I Order G-21 Under Rev. MPR 122]

SOLID FUELS IN NASHUA AREA, N. H.

Order No. G-21 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. Solid fuels sold and delivered by dealers.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region I of the Office of Price Administration by §1340.260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 and the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *Maximum prices established by this order.* The maximum prices established by §§ 1340.252, 1340.254, 1340.256, 1340.257 and 1340.265 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 for sales of specified kinds of solid fuels in the Nashua, New Hampshire Area by dealers, and for specified services rendered by dealers in connection with the sale or handling of said specified solid fuels, are hereby modified, so that the maximum prices therefor shall be the prices hereinafter set forth. Maximum prices are established for (1) sales of various quantities of the specified solid fuels to various classes of purchasers under various conditions of delivery; and (2) charges which may be made, in addition to such maximum prices for the specified solid fuels, for specified services. The geographical applicability of this order G-21 is explained in paragraph (e), and the terms used herein are defined in paragraph (f).

Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 apply to all transactions which are the subject of this Order G-21. Specifically, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the prohibitions contained in § 1340.252 apply except to the extent that this Order G-21 provides uniform allowances, discounts, price differentials, service charges, and so forth.

Nothing contained in this order shall be so construed as to permit non-compliance with any statutes of the State of New Hampshire, or any rules or regulations promulgated under any such statutes, concerning sales or deliveries of solid fuels.

(b) *Price Schedule I; sales on a delivered basis.* (1) Price Schedule I sets forth maximum prices for sales of specified kinds, sizes and quantities of solid fuels on a "direct delivery" basis to consumers at any point in the Nashua, New Hampshire Area.

Kind and size	Per net ton	½ ton	¼ ton	100 lbs.
Pennsylvania anthracite (except egg, stove and chestnut sizes of Jeddo Highland):				
Egg, stove, and chestnut...	\$15.50	\$8.15	\$4.20	\$0.85
Pea.....	14.00	7.25	3.75	.75
Buckwheat.....	11.95	6.25	3.25	.65
Rice.....	10.95	5.75	3.00	.60
Yard screenings.....	4.07			
Jeddo Highland:				
Egg, stove, and chestnut...	16.30	8.40	4.35	.90
Coke:				
Egg, stove, and chestnut...	14.70	7.60	3.95	.80
Pea.....	13.20	6.85	3.55	.75
Ambricoal.....	14.05	7.30	3.75	.75

(2) *Terms of sale.* Terms of sale may be net cash, but no additional charge shall be made for the extension of credit terms of net 30 days. If payment is not received within 30 days, or if credit is extended for a longer period, interest may be charged at a rate not to exceed six percent (6%) per annum on the unpaid balance.

(3) *Maximum authorized service and deposit charges.* (a) If the consumer requests such services of him, the dealer may make the following charges for carry or wheel service:

	Per net ton	Per ½ ton	Per ¼ ton
For any carry or wheeling from a "direct delivery" point to consumer's bin or storage space which does not include a carry up or down flights of stairs.....	\$0.50	Cents 25	Cents 15
For any carry or wheeling from a "direct delivery" point to consumer's bin or storage space which includes a carry up or down flights of stairs, per flight.....	1.00	.50	.25

The maximum prices per 100 pounds include carrying in bags from dealer's truck or wagon to a bin or storage space on the street level. For any carry up or down flights of stairs, the maximum charge shall be 10 cents per flight per 100 pounds.

(h) If the buyer requests that fuel delivered in burlap bags or canvas carrying bags furnished by the dealer be left in the bags, the maximum amounts which may be required by the dealer as a deposit on, or as predetermined liquidated damages for failure to return, the bags shall be as follows:

Per burlap bag.....	25¢
Per canvas carrying bag.....	\$1.50

(c) *Price Schedule II; yard sales to consumers.* (1) Price Schedule II sets forth maximum prices for sales of specified kinds, sizes and quantities of solid fuels delivered at the yard of any dealer in the Nashua, New Hampshire Area to consumers.

Kind and size	Per net ton	½ ton	¼ ton	100 lbs.
Pennsylvania anthracite (except egg, stove and chestnut sizes of Jeddo Highland):				
Egg, stove and chestnut...	\$14.80	\$7.65	\$3.95	\$0.80
Pea.....	13.00	6.75	3.60	.70
Buckwheat.....	10.95	6.75	3.00	.60
Rice.....	9.95	6.25	2.75	.55
Jeddo Highland:				
Egg, stove and chestnut...	15.30	7.90	4.10	.85
Coke:				
Egg, stove and chestnut...	13.70	7.10	3.70	.75
Pea.....	12.20	6.35	3.30	.70
Ambricoal.....	13.05	6.80	3.70	.70

(2) *Terms of sale.* Terms of sale may be net cash, but no additional charge shall be made for the extension of credit terms of net 30 days. If payment is not received within 30 days, or if credit is extended for a longer period, interest may be charged at a rate not to exceed six per cent (6%) per annum on the unpaid balance.

(3) *Maximum authorized bagging and deposit charges.* (a) The maximum prices per 100 pounds are for 100 pounds bagged, but do not include the bag. If the buyer requests such service of him, the dealer may make the following charges for bagging tons, one-half tons and one-quarter tons:

	Cents
Per ton.....	50
Per half ton.....	25
Per quarter ton.....	15

(b) The maximum amounts which may be required by the dealer as a deposit on, or as predetermined liquidated damages for failure to return, burlap bags or canvas carrying bags furnished by the dealer shall be as follows:

Per burlap bag.....	\$0.25
Per canvas carrying bag.....	1.50

(d) *Transportation tax.* Any dealer subject to this order may collect, in addition to the specified maximum prices established herein, provided he states it separately, the amount of the transportation tax imposed by section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942 actually paid or incurred by him, or an amount equal to the amount of such tax paid by any of his prior suppliers and separately stated and collected from the dealer by his supplier: *Provided, however,* That no part of that tax may be collected in addition to the maximum price on sales or lesser quantities than one-quarter ton.

(e) *Geographical applicability.* The maximum prices established by this order for "yard sales" shall apply to all such sales of the specified solid fuels at a yard located in the Nashua, New Hampshire Area, regardless of the ultimate destination of the fuel. The maximum prices established by this order for sales on a delivered basis shall apply to all such sales of the specified solid fuels to purchasers who receive delivery of the fuel within the Nashua, New Hampshire Area, regardless of whether the dealer is located within said area.

(f) *Definitions.* When used in this Order G-21, the term:

(1) "Nashua, New Hampshire Area" shall include the following cities and towns in the State of New Hampshire: Amherst, Brookline, Derry, Hampstead, Hollis, Hudson, Litchfield, Merrimac, Milford, Nashua, Sandown and Windham.

(2) "Specified solid fuels" shall include all Pennsylvania Anthracite, Ambricoal and Coke.

(3) "Pennsylvania anthracite" means coal produced in the Lehigh, Schuylkill and Wyoming regions in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

(4) "Jeddo Highland" means that Pennsylvania anthracite which is prepared at Jeddo #7 breaker and Highland #5 breaker of the Jeddo Highland Coal Company, Jeddo, Pennsylvania, and marketed by said company under the trade names "Jeddo Coal", "Highland Coal" or "Hazel Brook Coal."

(5) "Broken", "egg", "stove", "chestnut", etc., sizes of Pennsylvania anthracite refer to the sizes of such coal prepared at the mine in accordance with standard sizing specifications adopted by the Anthracite Emergency Committee, effective December 15, 1941.

(6) "Ambricoal" means anthracite briquettes manufactured by American Briquet Company at its plant at Lykens, Pennsylvania, and marketed under that trade name.

(7) "Dealer" means any person selling solid fuel except producers or distributors making sales at or from a mine, a preparation plant operated as an adjunct of any mine, a coke oven, or a briquette plant.

(8) "Direct delivery" means dumping or chuting the fuel from the seller's truck or wagon directly into the buyer's bin or storage space; but, if that is physically impossible, the term means discharging the fuel directly from the seller's truck at the point where this can be done which is nearest and most accessible to the buyer's bin or storage space.

(9) "Carry" and "wheel" refer to the movement of fuel to buyer's bin or storage space by wheelbarrow, barrel, bag, sack or otherwise from the dealer's truck or wagon, or from the point of discharge therefrom, to buyer's bin or storage space.

(10) "Yard sales" shall mean deliveries made by the dealer in his customary manner at his yard.

(11) Except as otherwise specifically provided, and unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in §§ 1340.255 and 1340.266 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 shall apply to the terms used herein.

(h) *Lower prices permitted.* Lower prices than those set forth herein may be charged, paid or offered.

(i) *Posting of maximum prices; sales slips and receipts.* (1) Every dealer subject to this Order G-21 shall post all of the maximum prices established hereby which apply to the types of sales made

by him in his place of business in a manner plainly visible to and understandable by the purchasing public, and shall keep a copy of this Order G-21 available for examination by any person during ordinary business hours. In the case of a dealer who sells directly to consumers from a truck or wagon, the posting shall be done on the truck or wagon. The prices established hereby need not be reported under § 1340.262 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

(2) Every dealer selling solid fuel for sales of which a maximum price is set by this Order G-21 shall give to each purchaser an invoice or similar document showing (a) the date of the sale or delivery, the name and address of the dealer and of the buyer, the kind, size and quantity of the solid fuel sold, and the price charged; and (b) separately stating any special services rendered and deposit charges made and the amount charged therefor. This paragraph (b) (2) shall not apply to sales of quantities of less than one-quarter ton unless the dealer customarily gave such a statement on such sales.

(3) In the case of all other sales, every dealer who during December, 1941 customarily gave buyers sales slips or receipts shall continue to do so. If a buyer requests of a seller a receipt showing the name and address of the dealer, the kind, size and quantity of the solid fuel sold to him or the price charged, the dealer shall comply with the buyer's request as made by him.

(j) *Petitions for amendment.* Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this order may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, except that the petition shall be filed in the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Administration. No appeals from a denial in whole or in part of such petition by the Regional Administrator may be made to the Price Administrator.

(k) This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any time. The reporting and record keeping provisions of this Order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

This Order No. G-21 shall become effective November 2, 1943.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 26th day of October 1943.

K. B. BACEMAN,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17324; Filed, October 26, 1943; 5:03 p. m.]

[Region VII Order G-13 Under Rev. MPR 122]

SOLID FUELS IN GRAND JUNCTION AREA, COLO.

Order No. G-13 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. Solid fuels sold and delivered by dealers. Maximum prices for certain solid fuels sold and delivered by dealers in the Grand Junction Area.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and § 1340.260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *Geographical applicability.* This order shall apply to all of the area contained within the municipal boundaries of the city of Grand Junction, Colorado and extending the distance of three miles beyond at all points.

(b) *What this order does.* If you are a dealer in bituminous coal, you will find set forth in this order the maximum prices which you may charge for sales and deliveries made by you from your place of business in the Grand Junction Area; and if you are a purchaser in the course of trade or business, the prices set forth herein are the maximum prices which you may pay any coal dealer in the Grand Junction Area for the kinds, sizes and quantities of coal specified herein when purchased at his place of business in the Grand Junction Area.

(c) *To what sales this order applies.* If you sell coal of the kind specified herein and make delivery thereof to any person within the Grand Junction Area, the maximum prices which you may charge therefor and the customary discounts and allowances which you must give are those set forth in this order.

(d) *Specific maximum prices.* (1) If you sell and deliver in the Grand Junction Trade Area any one or more of the kinds and sizes of coal named in Table I set forth below, your maximum prices therefor are those specified in Part 1 of said Table I; if you sell coal at your yard, your maximum prices for the kinds and sizes of bituminous coal are set forth below in Part 2 of said Table I.

TABLE I—MAXIMUM PRICES GRAND JUNCTION TRADE AREA

Kind	Size	Part 1		Part 2
		Delivered prices		Yard prices to dealers
		Per ton	Per 1/2 ton	
Bituminous coal produced in District 17, sub-district 12, Somerset.	No. 3-3" lump and No. 4-8 x 3 stove	\$7.29	\$3.85	\$5.70
	No. 9-3 x 1 1/2 nut.....	6.50	3.50	6.00
	No. 13-1 1/2 x 0 slack.....	4.65	2.75	4.45
Sub-district 15, Grand Junction No. 1.	No. 3-3" lump.....	6.80	3.65	4.30
	No. 6-4 x 1 1/2 nut.....	6.15	3.35	5.05
	No. 10-1 1/2 x 1/2 pea.....	5.65	3.05	5.15
Sub-district 16, Grand Junction No. 2.	No. 11-1 x 1/2 pea.....	5.20	2.90	4.80
	No. 3-3" lump.....	5.65	3.25	5.45
	No. 9-3 x 1 1/2 nut.....	5.70	3.10	5.20
Bituminous coal produced in District 20, sub-district 1, Castlegate.	No. 2-19" lump and No. 7-8 x 3 stove.....	7.10	3.80	5.60
	No. 7-3 x 1 1/2 nut.....	6.20	3.40	5.80

(2) If in connection with a sale and delivery of coal made by you in the Grand Junction Trade Area, you, at the request of the purchaser, perform any one or more of the special services set forth below, the maximum prices which you may charge for such special services are as follows:

Special service charges	Per ton	Per ½ ton
Wheel-in.....	\$0.50	\$0.35
Pull-back or trimming.....	.15	.15
Oil or chemical treatment.....	.25	.15

(e) *Determination of mixed coals prices.* If you mix sizes or kinds of coal your maximum price shall be the proportionate sum of the applicable maximum prices per net ton established in this order for each of the coals so mixed adjusted to the nearest five cents.

(f) *When transportation tax may be collected.* If on any purchase of coal made by you you are required to pay the amount of the transportation tax imposed by section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942, you may, in addition to the specific maximum prices established in subparagraph (l) of paragraph (d) hereof, collect from the buyer the amount of such tax actually incurred or paid by you, or an amount equal to the amount of such tax paid by any of your prior suppliers and separately stated and collected from you by the supplier from whom you purchased, provided you state separately on your sales invoice, slip, ticket or other memorandum, the amount of such tax so collected by you. But on sales to the United States or any agency thereof, such tax need not be separately stated.

(g) *Applicability of other regulations.* Except as inconsistent with or contradictory of the terms and provisions of this order, all of the terms and provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, except paragraph (c) of § 1340.-262 thereof, as stated in paragraph (h) of this order, shall apply to all dealers selling and delivering coal in the areas covered herein with like force and effect as though the same were rewritten herein. If you sell solid fuel of a kind or size not specifically priced by this order, all such sales and deliveries remain subject to the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 and orders issued thereunder.

(h) *Filing requirements.* Dealers whose prices are established by this order shall not be required to file prices with their local war price and rationing board as previously required in § 1340.-262 (c). However, prices for coals not specifically covered by this order shall be filed as required by that section.

(i) *What you must not do.* Regardless of any contract or other obligation which you may have heretofore entered into you shall not:

(1) Sell, or in the course of trade or business, buy solid fuels of the kinds and sizes covered by this order at prices higher than the maximum prices set forth herein; but you may sell or buy such coal at lower prices than such maximum prices.

(2) Obtain any prices higher than the applicable maximum prices by:

(i) Changing or withdrawing your customary discounts, differentials or allowances;

(ii) Charging for any service which is not expressly requested by the buyer; or

(iii) Charging for any service for which a charge is not specifically authorized by this order; or

(iv) Charging a price for any service higher than the price authorized by this order for such service; or

(v) Increasing your delivery charges, if any, for delivery outside the areas for which the maximum prices are herein set forth or increasing any interest rate on delinquent and past-due accounts over the rate or charge made by you in December 1941; or

(vi) Using any tying agreement whereby the buyer is required or persuaded to purchase anything other than the fuel requested by him; or

(vii) Using any other device by which a price higher than your maximum price is obtained either directly or indirectly.

(j) *An increase in your supplier's prices does not authorize you to increase your prices.* You must not increase the specific maximum prices established for you by this order to reflect in whole or in part any subsequent increase to you in your supplier's maximum prices for the fuel covered by this order. These specific maximum prices established for you by this order reflect all of the increases in the maximum prices of your supplier to the date hereof. If increase in your supplier's maximum prices shall occur after the effective date of this order, you may bring that fact to the attention of the Regional Administrator whereupon he will take such appropriate action in the premises as the then existing facts and circumstances justify.

(k) *Adjustable pricing.* You may not make a price adjustable to a maximum price which becomes effective at some time after you have made delivery of the coal; but you may agree to sell at whatever maximum price is in effect at the time of delivery.

(l) *Petition for amendment.* If you desire an amendment of any provision of this order, you may file a petition therefor in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, except that it shall be filed with the Regional Administrator and acted upon by him.

(m) *Right to revoke or amend.* This order may be revoked, modified or amended at any time by the Price Administrator or the Regional Administrator.

(n) *Definitions.* (1) "Carry" or "wheel-in" means to transport coal from the vehicle in which delivery is made or from the nearest accessible point of dumping or unloading and place the same in the buyer's bin or storage space when the physical condition of the premises is such as to prevent dumping or unloading directly into such bin or storage space.

(2) "Pull-back" or "trimming" means to arrange and place coal in the buyer's

bin by re-handling the same for the purpose of filling the bin.

(3) "Delivery" means delivery to the buyer's bin or storage space by dumping, chuting, or shovelling directly from the seller's truck or vehicle, or where such delivery to the buyer's bin or storage space is physically impossible, by discharging at the point nearest and most accessible to the buyer's bin or storage space and at which the coal can be discharged directly from the seller's truck.

(4) "Yard sales" means sales accompanied by physical transfer to the buyer's truck or vehicle at the seller's coal yard or stock pile.

(5) "Dealer" means any person selling solid fuels of any kind or size for which a maximum price is established by this order for sales and deliveries made in the area covered herein and does not include transactions whereby a producer or distributor makes a sale at or from a mine or preparation plant operated as an adjunct of a mine.

(6) "Bituminous coal" means coal produced in Districts 15, 16, 17 and 20 and any sub-districts thereof as set forth in the Minimum Price Schedules of the Bituminous Coal Division of the Department of the Interior and in effect as of midnight August 23, 1943.

(o) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective October 28, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 25th day of October 1943.

CLEM W. COLLINS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17382; Filed, October 26, 1943;
5:03 p. m.]

[Region II Order G-10 Under MPR 165,
Amdt. 1]

LAUNDRY SERVICES IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-10 under § 1499.114 (d) to Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, as amended, Services, Adjustment of laundry service prices in Washington, D. C., area.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region II of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.114 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, as amended, Services, and by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended, it is hereby ordered that the introductory paragraph, and paragraphs (a) and (b) of New York Regional Order No. G-10 under said § 1499.114 (d) be amended to read as set forth below:

Introduction. Applications for permission to increase their present maximum price for all their laundry, linen supply, dry cleaning, and storage services, as established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, as amended, Services, have been filed with the New York Regional Office of the Office of Price Administration by a majority of the power laundry establishments, which supply such services in the Washington, D. C.,

area. After due consideration of these applications and other available information, it has been decided that some should be denied in full, some granted in part and denied in part, and others granted in full for the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith.

(a) The applications of the following named power laundry establishments are denied in full, and their legal maximum prices for all the laundry, linen supply, dry cleaning and storage services supplied by them in Region II of the Office of Price Administration shall continue to be the prices established by them under provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, as amended, Services:

- Arcade-Sunshine Co., Inc., 735 Lamont St. NW., Washington, D. C.
- Bergmann's 623 G Street, Washington, D. C.
- Old Colony Laundry Co., Inc., 6820 Blair Rd. NW., Washington, D. C.
- Yale Laundry, 437 New York Ave. NW., Washington, D. C.

(b) The applications of the following named laundry establishments are granted to the extent that they are permitted to increase the present legal maximum prices for all the laundry, linen supply, dry cleaning, and storage services supplied by them in Region II of the Office of Price Administration by the percentage amount set forth after their names, in the manner hereinafter, in paragraph (d) of this order provided:

	Percent increase
Banner Laundry, Inc., 901 Aronoco, Alexandria, Va.	10
Bell Laundry, Inc., 4706 Ieland Street, Chevy Chase, Md.	2
Blue Ribbon Laundry, 4712 Hampden Lane, Bethesda, Md.	10
Carrolls' Laundry, Inc., 14th & R Streets SE., Washington, D. C.	9
Colonial Laundry, 701 N. Asaph St., Alexandria, Va.	10
Conger Eros, Inc., 23d & C Streets, Washington, D. C.	7
Dupont Laundry, Inc., 2535 Sherman Ave. NW., Washington, D. C.	6
Elite Laundry Co., 2117 14th St. NW., Washington, D. C.	5
Franklin Laundry, 508 13th Street NW., Washington, D. C.	6

	Percent increase
Home Laundry Co., 1101 Raum Street NE., Washington, D. C.	2
Manhattan Co., 1330 Florida Ave., Washington, D. C.	5
Mayfair Laundry Co., Inc., Colesville Rd. & 2d Ave., Silver Spring, Md.	10
Morningside Laundry Co., 6250 Georgia Ave., Silver Spring, Md.	3
Page Laundry & Dry Cleaning Co., 620 E Street NW., Washington, D. C.	10
Quality & Service Laundry, 4419 Baltimore Ave., Bladensburg, Md.	4
Tolman Laundry, 5249 Wisconsin Ave., Washington, D. C.	9
West End Laundry, Inc., 1723 Penn. Ave., Washington, D. C.	5

This amendment shall become effective as of October 1, 1943.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681).

Issued this 22d day of October 1943.
 SYLVAN L. JOSEPH,
 Regional Administrator.
 [F. R. Doc. 43-17420; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:46 a. m.]

[St. Louis Order G-1 Under MPR 426]

LETTUCE IN CERTAIN MISSOURI COUNTIES AND THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 2 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 426, and delegated by him to the District Director of the St. Louis District Office of the Office of Price Administration under the provisions of that section, it is hereby ordered:

(a) Maximum prices for lettuce, as set forth in Paragraph (a), "Maximum prices for lettuce," of section 15 of Appendix A—Lettuce, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 426, are modified as set forth below, and a new column 8 is added to such paragraph:

Column 1	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8
Item No.	Maximum prices for carlot or trucklot sales at any wholesale receiving point (as at present established by MPR 426)	Maximum prices for less than carlot or trucklot sales by a "first receiver" ¹	Maximum prices for less than carlot or trucklot sales by a "secondary wholesaler" ²
1	\$4.37 per crate	\$4.57 per crate	\$5.57 per crate
2	7.3 cents per pound	8.1 cents per pound	8.8 cents per pound
3	15.3 cents per pound	16.1 cents per pound	16.8 cents per pound

¹ The maximum prices established herein in Column 7 are the maximum prices at which a "first receiver" may sell lettuce to any purchaser, including individual retail stores, commercial, industrial or institutional users.
² The maximum prices set forth in Column 8 for sales by "secondary wholesalers" are maximum prices for sales of lettuce delivered to the physical premises of the purchaser. If the "secondary wholesaler" does not deliver lettuce to the physical premises of the purchaser, his maximum price shall be computed by deducting 10 cents per crate and proportionate amounts per pound from the maximum delivered prices set forth in Column 8.

(b) A "primary receiver" or a "secondary wholesaler", when delivering lettuce to the place of business of a purchaser located more than 25 miles from the place of business of the "primary receiver" or the "secondary wholesaler", may add to the maximum prices, established in paragraph (a) above, the actual cost of transportation from the "primary

receiver's" or the "secondary wholesaler's" receiving point to the buyer's place of business at the lowest common carrier rates for available transportation.

(c) Definitions. (1) "Intermediate sellers", as defined in section 8 (a) (6) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 426, are subdivided and classified as follows:

(i) "First receiver" means any person who purchases lettuce in carlot or trucklot quantities and who resells in less-than-carlot or less-than-trucklot quantities to other intermediate sellers, individual retail stores, or to commercial, industrial, or institutional users.

(ii) "Secondary wholesaler" means any person who purchases lettuce in less-than-carlot or less-than-trucklot quantities from a "first receiver" and who resells to individual retail stores or to commercial, industrial, or institutional users.

(iii) "Commission merchant" means any person who is the agent in the terminal market or other wholesale receiving point, of a country shipper or other seller, who receives lettuce on consignment and who distributes such lettuce on behalf of his principal.

(d) Maximum prices for sales by growers in less-than-carlot or less-than-trucklot quantities shall be:

(1) On a sale to a retailer or a commercial, industrial, or institutional user, the maximum price for the item set forth in Column 8, *supra*;

(2) On all other sales, except to an ultimate consumer, the maximum price for the item set forth in Column 7, *supra*;

(3) On a sale to an ultimate consumer, the maximum price for the item set forth in Column 8, *supra*, multiplied by 1.40.

(e) Sales by commission merchants.

(1) If a commission merchant makes a carlot or trucklot sale at a wholesale receiving point, his maximum price for that sale shall be the ceiling price applicable to carlot or trucklot sales established by Column 6.

(2) If a commission merchant makes a less-than-carlot or less-than-trucklot sale to a retailer or a commercial, industrial or institutional user, his maximum price shall be either the Column 6 price plus his mark-up, established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, or the Column 8 price, whichever is lower.

(3) If a commission merchant makes a less-than-carlot or less-than-trucklot sale to anyone other than a retailer or a commercial, industrial or institutional user, his maximum price shall be either the Column 6 price plus his mark-up, established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, or the Column 7 price, whichever is lower.

(f) To the extent that any provision of Maximum Price Regulation No. 426 is not inconsistent with the provisions of this order, it shall remain in full force and effect.

(g) This order shall be applicable to sales and to deliveries made in that part of the State of Missouri lying east of the western boundaries of the Counties of Schuyler, Adair, Macon, Chariton, Howard, Cooper, Morgan, Camden, Laclede, Wright, Douglas, and Ozark, including the City of St. Louis and the County of St. Louis.

(h) This order may be revoked, amended, or corrected at any time.

(i) This order shall become effective on the 19th day of October 1943.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7671 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 18th day of October 1943.

WILLIAM H. BRYAN,
District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17421; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:47 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-7, as Amended, Under 18 (c)]

FLUID MILK IN STATE OF COLORADO

Order No. G-7, as amended, under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Order modifying maximum wholesale and retail prices for fluid milk in the State of Colorado; Docket No. VII-18 (c)-25.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, Order No. G-7, as amended, under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, is hereby issued.

(a) The maximum prices of fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles or paper containers in the Denver area of Colorado shall be, from and after the effective date of this order, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
½ pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03½	\$0.05
Pints.....	Approved.....	.06	.08
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.10½	.13
¼ gallons.....	Approved.....	.20	.25
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.41	.48

(b) The maximum prices of fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles or paper containers in the Colorado Springs-Manitou area of Colorado shall be, from and after the effective date of this order, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
½ pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03½	\$0.05
Pints.....	Approved.....	.06	.07
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.11	.13
¼ gallons.....	Approved.....	.21	.25
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.41	.48

(c) The maximum prices of fluid milk sold and delivered in glass bottles or paper containers in the Pueblo area of Colorado shall be, from and after the effective date of this order, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
½ pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03½	\$0.05
Pints.....	Approved.....	.06	.07
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.11	.13
¼ gallons.....	Approved.....	.21	.25
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.41	.48

(d) The maximum prices of fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles or paper containers in the counties of Mineral, Hinsdale,

Clear Creek, Summit, Gilpin, Baca, Bent, Las Animas, Mesa, Otero, Pitkin, Prowers, Crested Butte area and the Rico area, of the State of Colorado shall be, from and after the effective date of this order, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
½ pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03½	\$0.05
Pints.....	Approved.....	.06	.07
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.11	.13
¼ gallons.....	Approved.....	.21	.25
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.41	.48

(e) The maximum prices for fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles or paper containers in the counties of Adams, except that part contained in the Denver area, Arapahoe, except that part contained in the Denver area, Alamosa, Chaffee, Conejos, Costilla, Crowley, Dolores, Eagle, El Paso, except the Colorado Springs area, Jefferson, except that part contained in the Denver area, Garfield, Grand, Jackson, Logan, Moffat, Morgan, Montrose, Pueblo, except that part contained in the Pueblo area, Larimer, Weld, Boulder, Douglas, Teller, Huerfano, Ouray, Rio Blanco, Routt and San Miguel, except that area contained in the Montezuma National Forest, of the State of Colorado, shall be, from and after the effective date of this order, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
½ pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03½	\$0.05
Pints.....	Approved.....	.06	.07
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.10	.12
¼ gallons.....	Approved.....	.19	.22
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.37	.44

(f) The maximum prices of fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles and paper containers in the counties of Delta, La Plata, Montezuma and Archuleta, of the State of Colorado shall be, from and after the effective date of this order, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
½ pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03½	\$0.05
Pints.....	Approved.....	.05½	.07
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.10½	.12½
¼ gallons.....	Approved.....	.20	.24
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.39	.46

(g) The maximum prices of fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles and paper containers in San Juan County and all that part of San Miguel County lying within the boundaries of the Montezuma National Forest, of the State of Colorado shall be, from and after the effective date of this order, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
½ pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.05	\$0.07
Pints.....	Approved.....	.07	.09
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.13	.15
¼ gallons.....	Approved.....	.25	.29
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.49	.56

(h) The maximum prices of fluid milk and cream sold and delivered in glass bottles or paper containers, and of the other milk products named below sold to the Government purchasing agencies for Camp Hale, Colorado, and delivered there shall be, from and after the effective date of this order, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Maximum prices
Milk.....	Approved.....	14
Coffee cream (18% butterfat).....	Approved.....	50½
Buttermilk.....	Approved.....	11½
Chocolate drink.....	Approved.....	13½

Cents per quart

(i) The maximum prices of fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles and paper containers in all that part of the State of Colorado other than the areas described in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (h) of this Order No. G-7, as Amended, shall be, from and after the effective date hereof, as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
½ pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03	\$0.04
Pints.....	Approved.....	.05	.06
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.09	.11
¼ gallons.....	Approved.....	.18	.21
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.33	.40

(j) *Definitions.* (1) "Fluid milk" means cow's milk produced processed or unprocessed and of approved grade sold in glass or paper containers for consumption in fluid form as whole milk.

(2) The "Denver area of Colorado" means all that area lying east of a line drawn north and south through a point five miles east of the most easterly boundary of the municipality of Golden, Colorado, and south of a line drawn east and west through a point one mile north of the most northerly boundary of the platted area known as Westminister, Colorado, and west of a line drawn north and south through a point one mile east of the most easterly barracks or other building located on Buckley Field military reservation, and north of a line drawn east and west through a point one mile south of the most southerly boundary of the municipality of Littleton, Colorado.

(3) The "Colorado Springs-Manitou area of Colorado" means all of the area lying east of a line drawn north and south through a point one mile west of the most westerly boundary of the municipality of Manitou, Colorado, and south of a line drawn east and west through a point four miles north of the most northerly boundary of the municipality of Colorado Springs, Colorado, and west of a line drawn north and south through a point one mile east of the most easterly boundary of the municipality of Fountain, Colorado, and north of a line drawn east and west through a point one mile south of the most southerly boundary of Fountain, Colorado.

(4) The "Pueblo area of Colorado" means all that area lying east of a line drawn north and south through a point

three miles west of the most westerly boundary of the municipality of Pueblo, Colorado, and south of a line drawn east and west through a point three miles north of the most northerly boundary of the municipality of Pueblo, Colorado, and west of a line drawn north and south through a point three miles east of the most easterly boundary of the municipality of Pueblo, Colorado, and north of a line drawn east and west through a point three miles south of the most southerly boundary of the municipality of Pueblo, Colorado.

(5) The "Crested Butte area and Rico area" mean the municipality of Crested Butte, Colorado, and a distance of five miles beyond at all points, and the municipality of Rico, Colorado, and a distance of five miles beyond at all points.

(k) Any seller who has established maximum prices under § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation, or any applicable price regulation supplementary thereto or pursuant to any market agreement or order made or issued under the provisions of the Agricultural Market Agreement Act, as Amended, that are higher than the prices fixed by this amended order, may continue to sell at such higher established maximum price and the same shall not be modified or superseded by this order.

(l) In computing prices for a quantity purchase either at wholesale or retail, fractions of less than one-half cent shall be adjusted downward to the next cent, and fractions of one-half cent or more shall be adjusted upward to the next cent, and where a sale involves a single fractional unit or a single unit with a fractional price, the price shall be adjusted upward to the next cent. For example, a maximum price of $13\frac{1}{2}\%$ for one unit will be adjusted to 14%.

(m) *Applicability to other regulations.* This Order No. G-7, as Amended, supersedes Order No. G-7 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, issued December 23, 1942, and Amendments No. 1 and No. 2, thereto, subject to the terms and provisions of Supplementary Order No. 40. But except insofar as the same is contradictory of or inconsistent with the terms and provisions hereof, the General Maximum Price Regulation shall remain in full force and effect and be applicable to all persons selling milk under this Order No. G-7, as Amended.

(n) *Right to revoke or amend.* This amended order may be revoked, modified or amended at any time by the Price Administrator or the Regional Administrator.

(o) *Effective date.* This Order No. G-7, as Amended, shall become effective as of August 9, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 9th day of August 1943,

ARNOLD E. SCOTT,
Acting Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17422; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:45 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-8 Under MPR 323]

MILK IN WYOMING

Order No. G-8 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329. Purchases of milk from producers in the State of Wyoming.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, § 1351.408 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *What this order does.* For the purposes of this order the State of Wyoming is divided into four districts to be known as District No. 1, District No. 2, District No. 3 and District No. 4, and adjusts upward the maximum prices which purchasers may pay producers for milk in each of said four districts of the State of Wyoming.

(b) *Maximum price for fluid milk purchased from producers in District No. 1 of the State of Wyoming.* The maximum price for milk purchased from producers in District No. 1 of the State of Wyoming from and after the effective date of this order shall be \$1.00 per pound of butterfat content delivered at the purchaser's customary receiving point.

(c) *Maximum price for fluid milk purchased from producers in District No. 2 of the State of Wyoming.* The maximum price for milk purchased from producers in District No. 2 of the State of Wyoming from and after the effective date of this order shall be 83¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at the purchaser's customary receiving point.

(d) *Maximum price for fluid milk purchased from producers in District No. 3 of the State of Wyoming.* The maximum price for milk purchased from producers in District No. 3 of the State of Wyoming from and after the effective date of this order shall be 74¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at the purchaser's customary receiving point.

(e) *Maximum price for fluid milk purchased from producers in District No. 4 of the State of Wyoming.* The maximum price for milk purchased from producers in District No. 4 of the State of Wyoming from and after the effective date of this order shall be 62¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at the purchaser's customary receiving point.

(f) *Fractional price adjustments.* Computations of the butterfat content of milk shall be carried out to the second decimal place and fractions of a cent in computing price shall be adjusted upward to the next one cent if the fraction is one-half cent or more, and shall be adjusted downward to the next one cent if the fraction is less than one-half cent.

(g) *Exempt sales.* (1) This order shall not apply to sales and deliveries of milk at retail or at wholesale in glass or paper containers, and it shall not apply to those bulk sales and deliveries of milk at wholesale in any type of container which are now covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 280.

(2) This order shall not apply to purchases of bulk milk from producers for use in manufactured dairy products such as butter, cheese, evaporated or con-

densed milk, powdered milk, casein, ice cream, or commercial or industrial milk products.

(h) *Definitions.* (1) "Milk" or "fluid milk" means cow's milk in a raw unprocessed state, which is purchased for resale for human consumption in fluid form.

(2) "District No. 1 of the State of Wyoming" means all of the counties of Albany, Carbon, Laramie and Natrona.

(3) "District No. 2 of the State of Wyoming" means all of the counties of Big Horn, Converse, Fremont, Hot Springs, Lincoln, Park, Sweetwater and Washakie.

(4) "District No. 3 of the State of Wyoming" means all of the counties of Campbell, Crook, Goshen, Johnson, Niobrara, Platte, Sheridan, Uinta, and Weston.

(5) "District No. 4 of the State of Wyoming" means all of the counties of Sublette and Teton.

(i) *Applicability of other regulations.* Except insofar as the same are inconsistent with or contradictory of the terms and provisions of this order, the definitions contained in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation and all of the terms and provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329 shall remain in full force and effect and be applicable to purchasers of milk in said districts in the State of Wyoming.

(j) *Right to revoke or amend.* This order may be revoked, modified or amended at any time by the Price Administrator or the Regional Administrator.

(k) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective as of August 16, 1943. (Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 10th day of August 1943.

CLEM W. COLLINS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17423; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:45 a. m.]

[Region VII Rev. Order G-8 Under 18 (c)]

FLUID MILK IN WYOMING

Revised Order No. G-8 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Adjustment of maximum wholesale and retail prices for fluid milk in the State of Wyoming.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as Amended, § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, Order No. G-8 modifying wholesale and retail prices for fluid milk in the State of Wyoming is redesignated Revised Order No. G-8 and revised and amended to read as follows:

(a) *What this revised order does.* This Revised Order No. G-8 divides the State of Wyoming into four districts to be known as District No. 1, District No. 2, District No. 3 and District No. 4 as hereinafter defined, and establishes maximum prices for milk sold in glass bottles or paper containers at wholesale and at retail in each of said districts and adjusts

prices upward on a local shortage basis but without increasing the cost of living within the meaning of Executive Order No. 9328 for the reason that if the local supply of fluid milk is not maintained and must therefore be replaced with milk brought from some distant source of supply, if any such can be found, and if none can be found must be substituted with some other food commodity, if such substitute can be found, the increase in the cost of living will be much greater than that reflected in the upward price adjustments made by this revised order.

(b) *Specific maximum prices in District No. 1.* From and after the effective date of this revised order the maximum prices for fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles and paper containers in District No. 1 of the State of Wyoming shall be as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
1/2 pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.04	\$0.06
Pints.....	Approved.....	.07	.08
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.12 1/2	.14
1/2 gallons.....	Approved.....	.23	.25
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.47	.54

(c) *Specific maximum prices in District No. 2.* From and after the effective date of this revised order the maximum prices for fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles and paper containers in District No. 2 of the State of Wyoming shall be as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
1/2 pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03 1/2	\$0.06
Pints.....	Approved.....	.06	.07
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.11 1/2	.13
1/2 gallons.....	Approved.....	.23	.25
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.43	.49

(d) *Specific maximum prices in District No. 3.* From and after the effective date of this revised order the maximum prices for fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles and paper containers in District No. 3 of the State of Wyoming shall be as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
1/2 pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03 1/4	\$0.06
Pints.....	Approved.....	.05 1/2	.06 1/2
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.10 1/2	.12
1/2 gallons.....	Approved.....	.21	.23
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.40	.45

(e) *Specific maximum prices in District No. 4.* From and after the effective date of this revised order the maximum prices for fluid milk sold and delivered at wholesale and retail in glass bottles and paper containers in District No. 4 of the State of Wyoming shall be as follows:

In glass bottles or paper containers	Grade	Wholesale	Retail
1/2 pints.....	Approved.....	\$0.03	\$0.05
Pints.....	Approved.....	.05	.06
Quarts.....	Approved.....	.09 1/2	.11
1/2 gallons.....	Approved.....	.19	.21
Gallons.....	Approved.....	.37	.42

(f) *Former discounts and differentials need not be maintained.* From and after the effective date of this order it shall not be obligatory upon any seller of fluid milk at wholesale or retail in glass bottles or paper containers to maintain or continue to give any customary allowance, discount, quantity discount or differential heretofore established by him: *Provided, however,* That any such seller at wholesale or retail may sell at a price lower than the maximum prices established by this revised order if he so desires.

(g) *Notice to accompany first sale at higher price.* Any person making a first sale of milk to any consumer at a higher maximum price than that established by this order shall at the time of delivery furnish the buyer with either a printed or written slip containing the following information:

By Revised Order No. G-8 issued by the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration and effective August 16, 1943, the price of milk in District No. — of the State of Wyoming has been fixed at (here state each container size sold and the maximum wholesale and retail price for the same.)

(h) *Definitions.* (1) "Milk" means cow's milk produced processed or raw, of approved grade, distributed and sold in glass bottles and paper containers for consumption in fluid form as whole milk.

(2) "District No. 1 of the State of Wyoming" means all of the counties of Albany, Carbon, Laramie, Natrona and Sweetwater.

(3) "District No. 2 of the State of Wyoming" means all of the counties of Big Horn, Converse, Fremont, Hot Springs, Lincoln, Park and Washakie.

(4) "District No. 3 of the State of Wyoming" means all of the counties of Campbell, Crook, Goshen, Johnson, Niobrara, Platte, Sheridan, Uinta and Weston.

(5) "District No. 4 of the State of Wyoming" means all of the counties of Sublette and Teton.

(i) *Present existing higher maximum prices may be maintained.* Any seller who has established maximum prices under the General Maximum Price Regulation, or any applicable regulation supplementary thereto or pursuant to any market agreement or order made or issued under the provisions of the Agricultural Market Agreement Act, as Amended, that are higher than the maximum prices fixed by this revised order, may continue to sell at such higher established maximum price and the same shall not be modified or superseded by this revised order.

(j) *Computing fractional prices.* In computing prices for a quantity purchase either at wholesale or retail, fractions of less than one-half cent shall be adjusted downward to the next cent, and fractions of one-half cent or more shall be adjusted upward to the next cent, and where a sale involves a single fractional unit or a single unit with a fractional price, the price shall be adjusted upward to the next cent. For example, a maximum price of 13 1/2¢ for one unit will be adjusted to 14¢.

(k) *Applicability of other regulations.* Except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with or contradictory of the terms and provisions of this revised order, all of the terms and provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall remain in full force and effect and be applicable to sellers covered by this revised order.

(l) *Right to revoke or amend.* This revised order may be revoked, modified or amended at any time by the Price Administrator or the Regional Administrator.

(m) *Effective date.* This revised order shall become effective as of August 16, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 10th day of August 1943.

CLEM W. COLLINS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17424; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:44 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-10 Under 18 (c), Amdt. 3]

MILK IN TOOELE, UTAH

Amendment No. 3 of Order No. G-10 issued under §1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Order modifying wholesale and retail prices for fluid milk in the State of Utah.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation, and for the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion this Amendment No. 3 is issued.

1. Paragraph (a) of Order No. G-10 issued under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation is amended by adding thereto the following proviso:

Provided, however, That in the municipality of Tooele, the wholesale price for milk in quart containers shall be 11¢ per quart.

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective on the 22nd day of October 1943.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 22d day of October 1943.

CLEM W. COLLINS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17425; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:46 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-10 Under MPR 329]

MILK IN COLORADO

Order No. G-10 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329. Purchases of milk from producers in certain areas of the State of Colorado.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as Amended, § 1351.408 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *What this order does.* This order adjusts upward the prices which purchasers may pay producers for milk in certain areas of the State of Colorado designated District No. 1, District No. 2 and District No. 3, respectively, and which said districts are hereinafter defined.

(b) *Maximum prices for milk purchased from producers in District No. 1 of the State of Colorado.* From and after the effective date of this order the maximum price for milk purchased from producers in District No. 1 of the State of Colorado shall be 85¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at the buyer's customary receiving point, or the maximum producer's price established under the provisions of the Agricultural Market Agreement Act of 1937, as Amended, whichever is higher: *Provided, however,* That any distributor of fluid milk in District No. 1 may purchase milk from any producer in the State of Colorado, wherever situated, who did not during the period April 1 to July 15, 1943, customarily sell in any other fluid milk market and pay therefore 85¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at such buyer's customary receiving point.

(c) *Maximum prices for milk purchased from producers in District No. 2 of the State of Colorado.* From and after the effective date of this order the maximum price for milk purchased from producers in District No. 2 of the State of Colorado shall be 80¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at the buyer's customary receiving point, or the maximum producer's price established under the provisions of the Agricultural Market Agreement Act of 1937, as Amended, whichever is higher: *Provided, however,* That any distributor of fluid milk in District No. 2 may purchase milk from any producer in the State of Colorado, wherever situated, who did not during the period April 1 to July 15, 1943, customarily sell in any other fluid milk market and pay therefor 80¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at such buyer's customary receiving point.

(d) *Maximum prices for milk purchased from producers in District No. 3 of the State of Colorado.* From and after the effective date of this order the maximum price for milk purchased from producers in District No. 3 of the State of Colorado shall be 75¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at the buyer's customary receiving point, or the maximum producer's price established under the provisions of the Agricultural Market Agreement Act of 1937, as Amended, whichever is higher: *Provided, however,* That any distributor of fluid milk in District No. 3 may purchase milk from any producer in the State of Colorado, wherever situated, who did not during the period April 1 to July 15, 1943, customarily sell in any other fluid milk market and pay therefor 75¢ per pound of butterfat content delivered at such buyer's customary receiving point.

(e) *Fractional price adjustments.* Computations of the butterfat content of milk shall be carried out to the second decimal place and fractions of a cent in

price shall be adjusted upward to the next one cent if the fraction is one-half cent or more, and shall be adjusted downward to the next one cent if the fraction is less than one-half cent.

(f) *Exempt sales.* (1) This order shall not apply to sales and deliveries of milk at retail or at wholesale in glass or paper containers; and it shall not apply to those bulk sales and deliveries of milk at wholesale in any other type of container and covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 280.

(2) This order shall not apply to purchases of bulk milk from producers for use in manufactured dairy products such as butter, cheese, evaporated or condensed milk, powdered milk, casein, ice cream, or commercial or industrial milk products.

(g) *Definitions.* (1) "Milk" or "fluid milk" means cow's milk in a raw unprocessed state which is purchased for resale for human consumption as fluid milk.

(2) "In a raw unprocessed state" means unpasteurized and not sold and delivered in glass bottles or paper containers.

(3) "District No. 1 of the State of Colorado" means the counties of Mineral, Hinsdale, Clear Creek, Summit, Gilpin, Baca, Bent, Las Animas, Mesa, Otero, Pitkin, Prowers, the Crested Butte area and the Rico area. "The Crested Butte area" means the municipality of Crested Butte, Colorado, and a distance of five miles beyond at all points. "The Rico area" means the municipality of Rico, Colorado, and a distance of five miles beyond at all points.

(4) "District No. 2 of the State of Colorado" means all of the counties of Delta, La Plata, Montezuma and Archuleta.

(5) "District No. 3 of the State of Colorado" means the counties of Alamosa, Chaffee, Conejos, Costilla, Crowley, Dolores, Eagle, Garfield, Grand, Jackson, Moffat, Montrose, Ouray, Rio Blanco, Routt and San Miguel.

(h) *Applicability of other regulations.* Except insofar as the same are inconsistent with or contradictory of the terms and provisions of this order, the definitions contained in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation, and all of the terms and provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329 shall remain in full force and effect and be applicable to purchasers of milk covered by this order.

(i) *Right to revoke or amend.* This order may be revoked, modified or amended at any time by the Price Administrator or the Regional Administrator.

(j) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective as of August 9, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4631)

Issued this 11th day of August 1943.

ARNOLD E. SCOTT,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17426; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:43 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-10 Under MPR 323, Amdt. 1]

MILK IN COLORADO

Amendment No. 1 of Order No. G-10 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329. Purchases of milk from producers in certain areas of the State of Colorado.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, § 1351.403 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, this Amendment No. 1 is issued.

1. Subparagraph (g) (5) of said Order No. G-10 is hereby amended by adding to the area covered thereby the counties of Gunnison, Saguache and Rio Grande.

2. This Amendment No. 1 shall become effective retroactively as of August 9, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4631)

Issued this 17th day of September 1943.

CLEM W. COLLINS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17427; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:43 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-20 Under 18 (c), Revocation]

LUMBER IN WESTERN SLOPE AREA, COLO.

Revocation of Order No. G-20 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Adjustment of retail prices of lumber in the Western Slope Area of the State of Colorado.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, and the right reserved in said Order No. G-20, it is hereby ordered:

1. *Action taken.* Order No. G-20, under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, which became effective on March 15, 1943, is hereby revoked as of August 10, 1943, the date upon which Amendment No. 1 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 215 became effective, subject to the terms and provisions of subparagraphs (a) and (b) of paragraph 10 of said Amendment No. 1.

2. *Reason for action taken.* Amendment No. 1 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 215 heretofore issued by the Washington Office on August 4, 1943 and effective August 10, 1943, extends the coverage of said Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 215 to all of the area covered by said Regional Order No. G-20 and therefore supersedes the same.

3. *Saving clause.* In accordance with Supplementary Order No. 40, this order of revocation is made without prejudice to the prosecution of or the imposition of sanctions against any person who may have violated said Regional Order No. G-20 prior to said 10th day of August, 1943.

4. *Effective date.* This order of revocation shall become effective August 16, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 14th day of August 1943.

ARNOLD E. SCOTT,
Acting Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17428; Filed, October 27, 1943;
11:44 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-41 Under 18 (c),
Amdt. 2]

**FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CRATES AND BOXES IN
DENVER AREA, COLO.**

Amendment No. 2 of Order No. G-41 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Adjustment of prices for fruit and vegetable crates and boxes sold by manufacturers in the Denver, Colorado Area.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, and for the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion, this Amendment No. 2 is issued.

1. The effective date of Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-41 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation is hereby changed from October 1, 1943 to October 18, 1943.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Laws 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 18th day of October 1943.

CLEM W. COLLINS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17429; Filed, October 27, 1943;
11:46 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-45 Under 18 (c)]

ALFALFA MEAL IN DESIGNATED AREAS

Order No. G-45 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Adjusted maximum prices for alfalfa meal in certain areas of Region VII.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *What this order does.* This order establishes maximum prices for alfalfa meal and dehydrated alfalfa meal when sold by a processor, a wholesaler or a retailer in the applicable area of Region VII.

(b) *Geographical applicability.* This order applies to that part of Region VII contained within the States of New Mexico and Utah, and all that part of the State of Idaho lying south of the northern boundary of Idaho County, and the counties of Malheur and Harney in the State of Oregon, and the counties of Mohave and Coconino in the State of Arizona.

(c) *How a processor determines his maximum price.* (1) If you are a processor as defined in this order your maximum price for No. 1-14% protein-30% fiber alfalfa meal f. o. b. your mill

shall be determined by you each week after Friday noon and prior to the opening of business on the following Monday for the week beginning with such following Monday. You will make this determination by taking your total cost at the prices actually paid by you, but never to exceed the maximum price fixed by any applicable price regulation, for all alfalfa hay delivered at your mill during the preceding seven-day period ending with twelve o'clock noon on Friday, and divide such total cost by the number of tons of hay so purchased and received at your mill. The quotient thus obtained shall be your "net base cost" per ton, to which you may make the following additions:

(i) A conversion charge of \$8.25 to cover your compensation for processing the alfalfa hay into alfalfa meal and selling the same f. o. b. your mill.

(ii) The cost of bags furnished by you, if any, but never to exceed the maximum price fixed by any applicable price regulation for such bags. The sum thus obtained will be your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton during the specified weekly period. And if you do not purchase and receive at your mill any alfalfa hay during the week following such computation of your maximum price, such maximum price shall continue to be your f. o. b. mill maximum price until you do again purchase and receive alfalfa hay at your mill.

(d) *How a processor determines his maximum price f. o. b. mill for different kinds and grades of alfalfa meal other than No. 1-14% protein-30% fiber alfalfa meal.* (1) If you are a processor you will determine your maximum f. o. b. mill price for No. 1-15% protein-28% fiber fine ground alfalfa meal by adding to your maximum f. o. b. price for No. 1-14% protein-30% fiber alfalfa meal the sum of \$2.00 per ton, or the price differential between these two grades of alfalfa meal maintained by you in March 1942, whichever is the lesser.

(2) If you are a processor you will determine your maximum f. o. b. mill price for No. 1-20% protein-18% fiber alfalfa meal by adding to your maximum f. o. b. price per ton for No. 1-14% protein-30% fiber alfalfa meal the sum of \$10.00 per ton.

(3) If you are a processor you will determine your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-9% to 10% protein-40% fiber alfalfa meal by subtracting from your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-14% protein-30% fiber alfalfa meal the sum of \$10.00 per ton.

(4) If you are a processor you will determine your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1 fine ground alfalfa meal having a protein content above 15% and below 20% by subtracting from your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-20% protein-18% fiber alfalfa meal the sum of \$2.00 for each 1% of protein content below 20%.

(5) If you are a processor you will determine your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1 alfalfa meal having a protein content above 10% and below 14% by subtracting from your maximum

f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-14% protein-30% fiber alfalfa meal the sum of \$2.00 per ton for each 1% of protein content below 14%.

(6) If you are a processor you will determine your maximum price per ton f. o. b. mill for all other kinds and grades of alfalfa meal processed and sold by you by adding to or subtracting from your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-14% protein-30% fiber alfalfa meal, the same price differential maintained by you in March 1942.

(e) *How a processor determines his maximum price for dehydrated alfalfa meal.* (1) If you are a processor you will determine your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-17% protein-24% to 28% fiber dehydrated alfalfa meal by determining your "net base cost" for alfalfa hay in the manner specified in paragraph (c) (1) of this order, and to such "net base cost" you will make the following additions:

(i) A conversion charge of \$19.00 per ton to cover your compensation for processing and selling f. o. b. your mill such dehydrated alfalfa meal.

(ii) The cost of bags furnished by you, if any, but never to exceed the maximum price established by any applicable price regulation for such bags.

(iii) The sum thus obtained will be your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton during the specified weekly period for such dehydrated alfalfa meal: *Provided*, That in no event shall your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton ever be in excess of \$43.00. And if you do not purchase and receive at your mill any alfalfa meal during the week following such computation of your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton, such maximum price shall continue to be your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for dehydrated alfalfa meal until you do again purchase and receive alfalfa hay at your mill for processing into dehydrated alfalfa meal.

(f) *How a processor determines his maximum prices for different kinds and grades of dehydrated alfalfa meal other than No. 1-17% protein-24% to 28% fiber dehydrated alfalfa meal.* (1) If you are a processor you will determine your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-20% protein-18% fiber dehydrated alfalfa meal by adding to your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-17% protein-24% to 28% fiber dehydrated alfalfa meal the sum of \$3.50, or the price differential between these two grades of dehydrated alfalfa meal maintained by you in March 1942, whichever is the lesser.

(2) If you are a processor you will determine your f. o. b. mill maximum price per ton for any other kind or grade of dehydrated alfalfa meal processed and sold by you by adding to or subtracting from your maximum f. o. b. mill price per ton for No. 1-17% protein-24% to 28% fiber dehydrated alfalfa meal the same price differential maintained by you in March 1942.

(g) *How a processor determines his maximum prices for delivered sales.* If you are a processor you will determine your maximum prices for delivered sales of any kind or grade of alfalfa meal by

adding to your maximum f. o. b. mill price for the particular kind and grade of alfalfa meal sold the actual transportation cost paid by you, not to exceed the lowest motor truck common carrier rate, and must not add anything to cover loading or local haulage costs.

(h) *How a wholesaler or retailer determines his maximum price for any kind or grade of alfalfa meal.* If you are a wholesaler or a retailer of alfalfa meal as defined in this order, you will determine your maximum prices each week by proceeding as follows: (1) After Friday noon of each week, and before making any sale on the following Monday, you will determine the amount of each particular grade and kind of alfalfa meal you had on hand at twelve o'clock noon Friday. You will next determine what each such kind and grade of alfalfa meal actually cost you, per cwt. or per ton at the prices actually paid by you, but in no event to exceed the authorized maximum price of your supplier. The amount so arrived at for each particular kind and grade of alfalfa meal you had on hand shall be your "net base cost" per cwt. or per ton for such particular item.

(2) To your "net base cost" per cwt. or per ton of any particular kind or grade of alfalfa meal you shall add, except as to carload sales made by you and shipped direct from the processor's mill to your purchaser, the applicable margin set forth in the following paragraph (i), and the sum thus obtained shall be your maximum price for such particular kind and grade of alfalfa meal during the week beginning with the following Monday.

(i) *Permitted margins on wholesale and retail sales.* (1) If you make a sale of alfalfa meal at wholesale as defined in this order, your permitted margin thereon, except carload sales shipped direct from the processor's mill to your buyer, shall be \$3.50 per ton: *Provided, however,* That your maximum wholesale selling price must never exceed the processor's maximum price by more than \$3.50 per ton.

(2) If you make a sale at retail as defined in this order, your permitted margin thereon shall be 35¢ per cwt. on sales made from alfalfa meal purchased by you direct from a processor, and 25¢ per cwt. on sales made by you from alfalfa meal purchased by you from a seller other than the processor: *Provided, however,* That your maximum retail selling price shall never exceed the processor's maximum price for a delivered sale made to you by more than 45¢ per cwt.

(3) Your permitted margin on wholesale carload sales when the shipment, for which the cost of transportation is added, begins at the processor's mill, shall be \$1.00 per ton.

(j) *Definitions.* (1) "Processor" means the person who has title to the alfalfa hay and meal at the time it is milled.

(2) "Sale at wholesale" means a sale of alfalfa meal in any quantity of one ton or more made to a person who resells the same.

(3) "Sale at retail" means a sale of alfalfa meal in any quantity less than one ton to a feeder or other ultimate consumer.

(k) *Applicability of other regulations.* Except insofar as the same are inconsistent with or contradictory of the terms and provisions of this order, all of the terms and provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall continue in full force and effect and be applicable to processors, wholesalers and retailers making sales of alfalfa meal under this order.

(l) *Right to revoke or amend.* This order may be revoked, modified or amended at any time by the Price Administrator or the Regional Administrator.

(m) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective as of August 16, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 723, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9323, 8 F.R. 4331)

Issued this 16th day of August 1943.

ARNOLD E. SCOTT,
Acting Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17430; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:45 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G-1 Under SR 15]

MILK IN OREGON AND WASHINGTON

Order No. G-1 under § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation, as amended. Fluid milk prices at wholesale and retail in the State of Oregon and certain portions of the State of Washington.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator in § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation, as amended, it is hereby ordered:

(a) The adjusted maximum price for sales of fluid milk at wholesale and retail in glass containers other than sales to the Armed Forces and to Federal, State, County, and Municipal institutions, in the localities set forth below shall be the seller's previous maximum price, as determined under Section 2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation, or the applicable adjusted price specified in the schedule set forth below, whichever is higher:

THE CITY OF THE DALLES IN THE STATE OF OREGON

	Wholesale price	Retail price
Quart container.....	\$0.125	\$0.125
Pint container.....	.07	.07
Half-pint container.....	.0375	.03

THE COUNTIES OF DESCHUTES, JEFFERSON, AND CROOK IN THE STATE OF OREGON

Quart container.....	\$0.1225	\$0.125
Pint container.....	.07	.07
Half-pint container.....	.035	.03

THE CITIES OF PEPPERIDGE AND PORTLAND IN THE STATE OF OREGON

	Wholesale price	Retail price
Quart container.....	\$0.12	\$0.14
Pint container.....	.075	.09
Half-pint container.....	.0375	.05

THE COUNTIES OF CLATSOP, COLUMBIA, TILLAMOOK, BENTON, FOLLE, YAMHILL, WASHINGTON, MULTNOMAH (EXCEPT THE CITY OF PORTLAND), CLATSOPAS, MARION, LEWIS, LANE (EAST OF COAST RANGE), WASCO (EXCEPT THE CITY OF THE DALLES), HOOD RIVER, DOUGLAS (EAST OF COAST RANGE), JACKSON, JOSEPHINE, IN THE STATE OF OREGON AND THE CITIES OF VANCOUVER, CAMAS, AND WASHOUGAL IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Quart container.....	\$0.1175	\$0.125
Pint container.....	.07	.07
Half-pint container.....	.035	.03

COUNTY OF KLANATH IN THE STATE OF OREGON

Quart container.....	\$0.1175	\$0.125
Pint container.....	.07	.07
Half-pint container.....	.03	.03

THE COUNTIES OF LINCOLN, COOS, DOUGLAS (WEST OF COAST RANGE), LANE (WEST OF COAST RANGE), THE CITY OF LA GRANDE, THE COUNTIES OF LAINE AND CURRY IN THE STATE OF OREGON AND THE COUNTIES OF WAHSHIATCH, COQUILLE, KLECKLY, CLATSOP (EXCEPT THE CITIES OF VANCOUVER, CAMAS, AND WASHOUGAL), AND SKAMANIA IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Quart container.....	\$0.11	\$0.12
Pint container.....	.07	.07
Half-pint container.....	.035	.03

THE COUNTY OF UNION (EXCEPT CITY OF LA GRANDE), THE COUNTY OF UMATILLA (EXCEPT CITY OF PEPPERIDGE) IN THE STATE OF OREGON

Quart container.....	\$0.1175	\$0.125
Pint container.....	.07	.07
Half-pint container.....	.035	.03

THE COUNTIES OF BAKER, GILLIAM, GRANT, SHERMAN, WALLOWA AND WHEELER IN THE STATE OF OREGON

Quart container.....	\$0.11	\$0.12
Pint container.....	.07	.07
Half-pint container.....	.03	.03

(b) The adjusted maximum price under this order for any seller of fluid milk in gallon glass containers affected by this order shall be determined by determining the differential in cents between the seller's maximum price prior to this order for fluid milk in gallon glass containers and his maximum price prior to this order for fluid milk in quart glass containers sold at wholesale or at retail, as the case may be, in the particular locality, and applying the same differential in cents to the seller's adjusted maximum price under this order for such sales of fluid milk in quart glass containers.

(c) The adjusted maximum prices hereinabove specified are for fluid milk sold in glass containers. Except as provided in subparagraph (1) below, the adjusted maximum price for any seller of fluid milk in paper or fibre containers shall be determined by determining the differential in cents between the seller's maximum price prior to this order for such fluid milk in paper or fibre containers and his maximum price prior to

this order for fluid milk in glass containers of the corresponding size in the particular locality, and applying the same differential in cents to the seller's adjusted maximum price under this order for such fluid milk in glass containers.

(1) The adjusted maximum price for sales of milk in fibre containers in the city of Portland in the state of Oregon shall be the prices specified in Paragraph (a) above plus \$0.01 for each container size.

(d) The adjusted maximum price under this order for any seller of skim milk, plain buttermilk or Bulgarian buttermilk affected by this order shall be determined by determining the differential in cents between the seller's maximum price prior to this order for such item and his maximum price prior to this order for fluid milk in the particular locality and in the same container size, and applying the same differential in cents to the seller's adjusted maximum price under this order for such milk.

(e) *Maximum price for fluid milk sold to the Armed Forces of the United States and to Federal, State, County and Municipal institutions.* (1) The adjusted maximum delivered price for sales of fluid milk in glass and paper containers by sellers whose places of business are in the localities enumerated above, to the Armed Forces of the United States and to Federal, State, County, and Municipal institutions, shall be the adjusted maximum price hereinabove specified for sales at wholesale in the locality of the seller's place of business.

(2) The adjusted maximum delivered price for sales of milk in bulk by sellers whose places of business are in localities enumerated above to the Armed Forces of the United States and to Federal, State, County, and Municipal institutions shall be the maximum price for sales of milk in bulk at wholesale.

(f) No seller affected by this order shall change his customary allowances or discounts or other price differentials unless such change results in a lower price, except that sellers located in the city of Bend in the state of Oregon may eliminate discounts.

(g) *Definitions.* For purposes of this order:

(1) "Milk" means cows' milk produced, processed, distributed and sold for consumption in fluid form as whole milk, having a milk-fat content of not less than 3.8% except that where a lower minimum milk-fat content is prescribed by legal authority, then the term "milk" shall include milk of a milk-fat content of not less than such legal minimum. The term "milk" shall also include chocolate milk.

(2) "Sale at wholesale" means a sale of fluid milk in bottles to any person, including an industrial or commercial user, other than an ultimate consumer. College dormitories, fraternities and sororities shall be considered commercial users.

(3) "Sale at retail" means a sale of fluid milk to an ultimate consumer other than an industrial or commercial user.

(4) Where the name of any city or town named in this order is also a sales area as defined by the Oregon Milk Control Board prior to June 1, 1943, the name of such city or town, shall for the purposes of this order, include the area within the boundaries of such sales area as defined by said order. The name of any city or town includes the area within a radius of three miles from the limits thereof if said city or town is incorporated and within a radius of three miles from the center of said city or town if it is not incorporated.

(h) This order shall supersede any previous order issued under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation adjusting maximum prices of milk in any of the counties or areas specified in section (a) of this order.

(i) This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any time.

This order shall become effective October 21, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 20th day of October 1943.

L. F. GENTNER,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17433; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:47 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G-3 Under 18 (c),
Amdt. 30]

MILK IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Amendment No. 30 to Order No. G-3 under § 1499.18 (c) as amended of the General Maximum Price Regulation (formerly Order No. 4 under section 18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation as amended). Fluid milk prices at wholesale and retail in the State of Washington.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation and by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation it is hereby ordered that Order No. G-3 under § 1499.18 (c) as amended of the General Maximum Price Regulation (formerly Order No. 4 under section 18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation as amended) be amended as set forth below: (a) Section (1) as amended is hereby further amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

THE CITY OF NEWPORT
[Not less than 3.8% milk fat]

Quantity	Wholesale f. o. b. distributor's customary shipping point	Wholesale price delivered	Retail price
Gallon container (glass).....		\$0.40	\$0.45
Quart container.....	\$0.105	.11	.13
Half-pint container.....		.035	

(b) Section (1) as amended is hereby further amended by adding to the schedule of prices under the heading "The Town of Richland" the following:

Quantity	Wholesale price	Retail price
Half-pint container.....	\$0.04	\$0.05

This amendment shall be become effective upon issuance.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 20th day of October 1943.

L. F. GENTNER,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17434; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:47 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G-26 Under MPR 329]

FLUID MILK IN PEND OREILLE COUNTY,
WASH.

Order No. G-26 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, as amended. Purchases of milk from producers for resale as fluid milk.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.402 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, it is hereby ordered:

(a) The maximum price at which any purchaser whose place of business is located in Pend Oreille County in the State of Washington may purchase milk for resale for human consumption as fluid milk from a producer who did not sell milk to any purchaser for resale as fluid milk during January, 1943, shall be as set forth below:

(1) For purchases of milk delivered to the purchaser's place of business, the maximum price shall be \$.775 per pound milk fat.

(2) For purchases of milk f. o. b. producer's dairy, the maximum price shall be the price specified in paragraph (a) (1) above, minus an allowance for the transportation from the producer's dairy to the purchaser's business location computed as follows:

(i) Where milk is transported by means of a carrier not operated or owned by either the producer or the purchaser, the transportation allowance shall be an amount no less than the amount paid the carrier for the transportation service.

(ii) In all other cases, the transportation allowance shall not be less than the lowest motor truck common carrier or contract carrier rate for the same or most similar haul.

(b) *Definitions.* (1) All terms used in this order shall have the same meaning as in Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, as amended, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(c) This order may be amended, revoked, or corrected by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective upon its issuance.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 20th day of October 1943.

L. F. GENTNER,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17435; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:47 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G-55 Under 18 (c), Amdt. 1]

FIREWOOD IN KITSAP COUNTY, WASH.

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-55 under section 18 (c) of General Maximum Price Regulation.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by section 18 (c), as amended, of the General Maximum Price Regulation, as amended, it is hereby ordered that Order No. G-55 under section 18 (c), as amended, of General Maximum Price Regulation, as amended, be amended in the following particulars:

1. Paragraph (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) The maximum prices for certain sales and deliveries of specified kinds of firewood in Kitsap County, Washington, as established by sections 2 and 3 of the General Maximum Price Regulation or by any previous Order issued pursuant to such regulation or any supplementary regulation thereto, are hereby modified so that the maximum prices therefor shall be the prices set forth in paragraph (b) and (c) of this order.

2. Section (b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) The maximum price for the sale of the specified kinds of firewood shall be:

(1) For sales delivered to the premises of the consumer in Kitsap County:

	<i>Per cord</i>
(i) Old growth and hard wood in 4-foot lengths.....	\$13.00
Old growth and hard wood in 24-inch lengths.....	13.75
Old growth and hard wood in 16-inch lengths.....	15.00
(ii) Alder and second growth in 4-foot lengths.....	12.25
Alder and second growth in 24-inch lengths.....	13.00
Alder and second growth in 16-inch lengths.....	14.75

The maximum prices established in this subparagraph (1) are applicable only to firewood which is delivered to the premises of the consumer.

(2) For sales of:

	<i>Per cord</i>
(i) Old growth and hard wood in the woods, 4-ft. lengths.....	\$8.00
Old growth and hard wood in the woods, 24-in. lengths.....	8.75
Old growth and hard wood in the woods, 16-in. lengths.....	9.50
(ii) Alder and second growth in the woods, 4-ft. lengths.....	7.25
Alder and second growth in the woods, 24-in. lengths.....	8.00
Alder and second growth in the woods, 16-in. lengths.....	8.75

(3) Paragraphs (c) and (d) are deleted.

This amendment shall become effective October 19, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 19th day of October 1943.

L. F. GENTNER,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17432; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:43 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G-6 Under MPR 280, Amdt. 1]

FLUID MILK IN DESIGNATED COUNTIES IN STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-6 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, as amended.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.807 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, as amended, it is hereby ordered that paragraph (a) (1) be amended as set forth below:

(a) Paragraph (a) (1) is hereby amended by striking therefrom the schedule of prices under the heading "Sonoma County" and substituting in place and stead thereof the following:

Sonoma County----- \$0.97 \$0.965 \$0.96

This amendment to Order No. G-6 shall become effective upon issuance.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 15th day of October 1943.

EDGAR SEXTON,
Acting Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17431; Filed, October 27, 1943; 11:43 a. m.]

[Region II Order G-8 Under MPR 329]

PURCHASES OF MILK BY LOTZ BROS. DAIRY INC., ET AL.

Order No. G-8 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, as amended. Purchases of milk from producers for resale as fluid milk.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.408 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, as amended; *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) The maximum price at which Lotz Bros. Dairy Inc., located in Clifton, New Jersey, may purchase or receive from a producer at the Centerville Receiving Plant of the Centerville Milk Producers, Inc., located in Centerville, Maryland, Class I fluid milk which is thereafter sold as such by said Lotz Bros. Dairy Inc. in the State of New Jersey, shall be the higher of either of the following:

(1) The maximum price established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, as amended, or

(2) \$3.783 per cwt., f. o. b. the Centerville Receiving Plant for such milk having a butterfat content of 4%, plus or minus \$.04 for each one-tenth of 1% butterfat content in excess of or below 4% as the case may be, plus

(i) A quality differential of \$.06 per cwt. during the months of March to October inclusive, or of \$.15 per cwt. during the months of November to February inclusive, if such milk meets the bacteria, sediment, and other health regulations and requirements of the Board of Health of the City of Newark, New Jersey, and of Lotz Bros. Dairy Inc., plus

(ii) A receiving station charge of \$.17 per cwt.

(b) The maximum price at which the Supplee-Wills-Jones Company of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania may purchase or receive from a producer at the Nassau Plant of said Supplee-Wills-Jones Company located in Nassau, Delaware, Grade A Class I fluid milk which is thereafter sold as such by said Supplee-Wills-Jones Company in the State of New Jersey, shall be the higher of either of the following:

(1) The maximum price established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, as amended, or

(2) \$3.781 per cwt., f. o. b. the Nassau Receiving Plant for such Grade A Class I fluid milk having a butterfat content of 4%, plus or minus \$.04 for each one-tenth of 1% butterfat content in excess of or below 4% as the case may be, plus

(i) A bacteria bonus of \$.40 per cwt. if the Grade A Class I fluid milk produced by the seller shows an average monthly bacteria count of 10,000 bacteria or less per cc., or \$.25 per cwt. if such average monthly bacteria count is more than 10,000 but less than 25,000 bacteria per cc., plus

(ii) \$.02 for each one-tenth of 1% butterfat content in excess of 3.7%.

(c) The maximum price at which the Western Maryland Dairy of Baltimore, Maryland may purchase or receive from a producer at the Rising Sun Receiving Plant of said Western Maryland Dairy located in Cecil County, Maryland, Class I fluid milk which is thereafter sold as such by said Western Maryland Dairy in the Baltimore-Annapolis, Maryland area, shall be the higher of either of the following:

(1) The maximum price established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, as amended, or

(2) \$3.816 per cwt., f. o. b. the Rising Sun Receiving Plant for such milk having a butterfat content of 4%, plus or minus \$.04 for each one-tenth of 1% butterfat content in excess of or below 4% as the case may be.

(d) *Definitions.* When used in this order the term:

(1) "Baltimore-Annapolis, Maryland" area means the territory included in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, the counties of Anne-Arundel and Calvert and that portion of the county of Baltimore which is south of the latitude 39 degrees 30".

(2) "Class I fluid milk" means cows' milk in a raw unprocessed state pro-

duced and sold for human consumption in liquid form.

(3) "Grade A Class I fluid milk" shall have the meanings prescribed for such type of milk by the Secretary of Agriculture of the State of New Jersey in "Official Grades for Raw and Pasteurized Milk and Cream" promulgated January, 1939.

(4) "Average monthly bacteria count" shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in Order No. 42-49, issued December 31, 1942 by the Director of Milk Control of the State of New Jersey and shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of such order.

(5) "F.o.b. the Centerville Receiving Plant" means delivered at or to the Centerville Receiving Plant in Centerville, Maryland, owned by the Centerville Milk Producers, Inc.

(6) "F.o.b. the Nassau Receiving Plant" means delivered at or to the Nassau Receiving Plant in Nassau, Delaware, owned by the Supplee-Wills-Jones Company.

(7) "F.o.b. the Rising Sun Receiving Plant" means delivered at or to the Rising Sun Receiving Plant in Cecil County, Maryland, owned by Western Maryland Dairy of Baltimore.

(8) Unless the context manifestly otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, as amended, issued by the Office of Price Administration, shall apply to other terms herein.

(e) This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any time.

This order shall become effective April 12, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 10th day of May, 1943.

SYLVAN L. JOSEPH,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17447; Filed, October 27, 1943; 5:03 p. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

[File No. 70-759]

THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT CO., ET AL. SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER AND ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION OVER LEGAL FEES

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 26th day of October 1943.

In the matter of The United Gas Improvement Company, Delaware Power & Light Company, Eastern Shore Public Service Company (Delaware), The Eastern Shore Public Service Company of Maryland, The Maryland Light and Power Company, Eastern Shore Public Service Company of Virginia.

Delaware Power & Light Company, a registered holding company and a subsidiary of The United Gas Improvement

Company, also a registered holding company, having filed, among other things, a declaration and amendments thereto pursuant to section 7 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, regarding the issuance and sale, in accordance with Rule U-50 promulgated under the Act, of \$15,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its 3% First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Bonds dated October 1, 1943 and maturing October 1, 1973, and 40,000 shares of \$100 par value Cumulative Preferred Stock; and

The Commission having, by order dated October 12, 1943, permitted such declaration, as amended, to become effective, subject to the condition that Delaware Power & Light Company report to the Commission the results of the competitive bidding, as required by Rule U-50 (c), and comply with such supplemental orders as the Commission may enter in view of the facts disclosed thereby; and

Delaware Power & Light Company having made such a report to the Commission in the form of a further amendment to the declaration therein, which amendment specifies that said declarant has accepted, pursuant to an invitation for competitive bids, the proposal of The First Boston Corporation as representative and on behalf of a group of underwriters to purchase said First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Bonds at a price of \$105,279 plus accrued interest from October 1, 1943 to the date of delivery, and that said bonds are to be resold to the public at 106.14, plus accrued interest from October 1, 1943 to the date of delivery, representing a spread to the underwriters of .861; and further stating that Delaware Power & Light Company has accepted a bid for said preferred shares of stock from a group of underwriters headed by The First Boston Corporation of 102.819, plus accrued dividends from October 1, 1943 to the date of delivery, such preferred shares to have a cumulative dividend rate of 4% and that said preferred shares are to be resold to the public at 104.50, plus accrued dividends from October 1, 1943 to the date of delivery, representing a spread to the underwriters of 1.681; and

The Commission having examined said amendment and having considered the record herein, and finding no basis for imposing terms and conditions with respect to the price, spread and distribution thereof in respect of said bonds and preferred stock; and

The Commission having reserved jurisdiction over the legal fee to be paid to Ballard, Spahr, Andrews & Ingersoll, independent counsel to the prospective purchasers of said securities; and it appearing appropriate, in the circumstances, to release jurisdiction over such fee;

It is ordered, That said declaration, as amended, be, and the same hereby is, permitted to become effective forthwith, subject only to the terms and conditions prescribed by Rule U-24.

It is further ordered, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the fee of Ballard, Spahr, Andrews & Ingersoll

in connection with said declaration be, and the same is hereby, released.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17442; Filed, October 27, 1943; 2:59 p. m.]

[File No. 1-1145]

PHILADELPHIA AND READING COAL AND IRON CORP.

ORDER SETTING HEARING ON APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1943.

The Philadelphia Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12D2-1 (b) promulgated thereunder, having made application to strike from listing and registration the Common Stock, No Par Value, of Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Corporation;

The Commission deeming it necessary for the protection of investors that a hearing be held in this matter at which all interested persons be given an opportunity to be heard;

It is ordered, That the matter be set down for hearing at 10:00 a. m. on Monday, November 8, 1943, at the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and continue thereafter at such times and places as the Commission or its officer herein designated shall determine, and that general notice thereof be given; and

It is further ordered, That Chas. S. Lobinger, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17440; Filed, October 27, 1943; 2:59 p. m.]

[File No. 70-418]

UNITED PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION ORDER DENYING APPLICATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1943.

United Public Service Corporation having made an application regarding a proposed sale of 148,055 shares of Class B Common Stock of United Public Utilities Corporation to Wilbur W. Thompson for \$18,000; notice and opportunity for hear-

ing on said application having been duly given; a hearing having been held on said application; briefs and oral argument before the Commission having been waived; the record having been duly considered by the Commission, and the Commission having made and filed its findings and opinion herein;

It is ordered, That said application regarding the sale of 148,055 shares of Class B Common Stock of United Public Utilities Corporation, be and it is hereby denied.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17441; Filed, October 27, 1943;
2:59 p. m.]

[File No. 70-777]

NORTHERN NATURAL GAS COMPANY
(DELAWARE)

ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME
EFFECTIVE AND GRANTING APPLICATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 25th day of October 1943.

Northern Natural Gas Company (Delaware), a registered holding company, having filed a declaration on August 19, 1943, and amendments thereto, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 and the General Rules and Regulations promulgated thereunder, relating to the proposal of Northern Natural Gas Company (Delaware) to modify and amend the company's presently outstanding First Mortgage and First Lien Bonds, Series A, 3½%, due 1954 and the indenture securing the same to the extent necessary to accomplish the following purposes:

(1) To extend the maturity date of said bonds from July 1, 1954, to December 31, 1961; an increase of 7½ years;

(2) To change the date upon which interest is payable on the bonds subsequent to July 1, 1943, from January 1 and July 1 in each year to June 30 and December 31;

(3) To provide for the amortization of the outstanding bonds by uniform sinking fund payments of \$1,000,000 per annum, commencing with the year 1946 through December 31, 1961, payable in semi-annual installments of \$500,000 each on June 30 and December 31 of each year;

(4) To extend the presently effective call price of 103 at which the outstanding bonds are redeemable (otherwise than for sinking fund purposes) from July 1, 1944 to December 31, 1951 (a period equal to the proposed extension of the bond maturity); thereafter the call price to be reduced each year exactly as it reduces from the present call price of 103 under the existing schedule.

Northern Natural Gas Company (Delaware) having requested an order pursuant to subparagraph (a) (5) of Rule U-50 exempting the proposed transaction

from the competitive requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of said Rule U-50; and

A public hearing having been held after appropriate notice, the Commission having considered the record in this matter, and having made and filed its findings and opinion herein; and

The Commission deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers to permit the declaration, as amended, to become effective and to grant the request for exemption from competitive bidding;

It is ordered, That the declaration, as amended, be and the same hereby is permitted to become effective forthwith, and the application for exemption of said transaction from the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50 be and the same hereby is, granted.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17443; Filed, October 27, 1943;
2:59 p. m.]

[File No. 70-787]

NY PA NJ UTILITIES COMPANY AND NEW
JERSEY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION AND PERMITTING
DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 26th day of October, 1943.

NY PA NJ Utilities Company, a registered holding company, and its wholly controlled subsidiary, New Jersey Power & Light Company, having filed an application-declaration pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and particularly sections 9 (a), 10, 12 (c), and 12 (f) thereof and Rules U-42 and U-43 promulgated thereunder; said application-declaration, as amended, being concerned with the sale to NY PA NJ Utilities Company of New Jersey Power & Light Company's holdings of securities of Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company, and National Public Service Corporation, for a cash consideration of \$5,356,956.25; said application-declaration, as amended, being further concerned with the cancellation of an existing escrow agreement, dated March 14, 1938, and for the return to NY PA NJ Utilities Company of \$2,000,000 principal amount of The Mohawk Valley Company 6% Consolidated Refunding Gold Bonds, presently held in escrow; and

A public hearing having been held after appropriate notice, the Commission having considered the record in this matter, and having made and filed its findings and opinion therein;

It is hereby ordered, That, pursuant to the applicable provisions of said Act, the aforesaid application-declaration, as amended, be, and hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions pre-

scribed in Rule U-24 of the general rules and regulations.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17438; Filed, October 23, 1943;
11:11 a. m.]

[File Nos. 54-67; 59-64; 70-723]

PEOPLES LIGHT AND POWER CO., ET AL.

ORDER APPROVING APPLICATIONS AND PERMITTING
DECLARATIONS TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 27th day of October 1943.

In the matter of Peoples Light and Power Company and subsidiary companies, Applicants, File No. 54-67; Peoples Light and Power Company, California Public Service Company, Texas Public Service Company, Texas Public Service Farm Company, West Coast Power Company, and Western States Utilities Company, Respondents, File No. 59-64; Consolidated Electric and Gas Company, and Peoples Gas Company, File No. 70-723.

Peoples Light and Power Company ("Peoples"), a registered holding company, and two of its subsidiaries, West Coast Power Company ("West Coast") and Texas Public Service Company ("Texas Public"), having filed declarations and applications pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 with respect to the following:

The issuance and sale by West Coast of \$600,000 principal amount of a new series of 4% First Mortgage Bonds, due 1963; the declaration of a liquidating dividend of \$754,400 by West Coast to Peoples; the contribution of \$1,000,000 in cash by Peoples to Texas Public; the acquisition by Texas Public from Consolidated Electric and Gas Company ("Consolidated"), a registered holding company, of all the outstanding 4,950 shares of common stock of \$100 par value of Peoples Gas Company ("Peoples Gas"), a subsidiary of Consolidated, for \$1,246,000 in cash, subject to certain adjustments; immediately after such acquisition of common stock, the acquisition by Texas Public, in final liquidation of Peoples Gas and in cancellation of all Peoples Gas' capital stock, of all the physical properties and other assets of Peoples Gas, subject to related liabilities to be assumed by Texas Public, and thereafter the dissolution of Peoples Gas; and

Consolidated and Peoples Gas having filed applications and declarations pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 with respect to the following:

The sale by Consolidated to Texas Public of all the outstanding common stock of Peoples Gas, as above-mentioned; the use of the proceeds of such sale by Consolidated to acquire in the open market through brokers, and re-

ture, Southern Cities Utilities Company 30-year First Lien and Collateral Trust 5 percent Gold Bonds, due 1958, assumed by Consolidated; prior to the acquisition by Texas Public of the common stock of Peoples Gas, the redemption and retirement by Peoples Gas, of all its outstanding First Mortgage Bonds due 1961 in the principal amount of \$675,000 with treasury cash and \$600,000 in funds borrowed from a bank; in connection with such borrowing, the issue and sale by Peoples Gas of a promissory note to such bank in return for moneys loaned.

The afore-described applications and declarations having been consolidated for the purpose of hearings, and hearings having been held after due notice, and at such hearings the City of Port Arthur having intervened in opposition to the proposed acquisition by Texas Public of the common stock and assets of Peoples Gas; and requested findings of fact having been waived and briefs having been filed and an oral argument having been heard with respect to such acquisition and requested findings of fact, briefs and oral argument having been waived as to the remaining transactions; and the Commission having considered the record and having made and filed its Findings and Opinion herein;

It is hereby ordered, That the aforesaid declarations be and hereby are permitted to become effective and the aforesaid applications be and hereby are granted forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions in Rule U-24, and with respect to the declaration of Consolidated concerning Southern Cities Utilities Bonds, subject to the following additional terms and conditions:

(1) That at least seven days before purchases of Southern Cities Utilities Company 30-year First Lien and Consolidated Trust 5% Gold Bonds, due 1958, are commenced, Consolidated shall advise by letter each known holder of Southern Cities Bonds fully with respect to its intention to make such purchases and the method to be employed, the form of such letter to be submitted to this Commission at least three days prior to release;

(2) That Consolidated shall not solicit or cause to be solicited from individual bondholders the sale of any bonds to the company;

(3) That no purchases shall be made directly or indirectly from persons or corporations in any way associated or affiliated with Consolidated; and

(4) That Consolidated shall furnish to the Commission promptly after the last day of each month, a schedule showing for each day covered by such report the number of bonds purchased, the prices at which purchased, and the name of the broker through whom purchased.

It is further ordered and recited:

(a) With respect to the sale by Consolidated of 4,950 shares of common stock of \$100 par value of Peoples Gas to Texas Public for \$1,246,000 in cash, subject to adjustments as of date of closing pursuant to agreement of sale between Consolidated and Texas Public dated May 26, 1943 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in this proceeding by Peoples, West Coast and Texas Public

on June 4, 1943 as Exhibit D to Amendment No. 5, which document is hereby incorporated by reference in this order and made a part hereof with the same force and effect as if set forth at length herein;

(b) With respect to the application by Consolidated of the proceeds from the sale of common stock described in (a) above for the acquisition in the open market through brokers, and the retirement, of Southern Cities Utilities Company 30-year First Lien and Collateral Trust 5% Gold Bonds, due 1958, assumed by Consolidated;

(c) With respect to the issue and sale by Peoples Gas to a bank of a promissory note in the principal amount of \$600,000;

(d) With respect to the application by Texas Public of a sufficient amount of the proceeds from the sale by Texas Public of its water and irrigation properties in Jefferson, Hardin, Liberty and Chambers Counties, Texas, to the Lower Neches Valley Authority, for the sum of approximately \$3,055,000 in cash, for the acquisition described in (a) above and to pay in full the promissory note described in (c) above; the said water and irrigation properties being more completely specified, itemized and described in an agreement of sale dated March 31, 1943 between Texas Public and Lower Neches Valley Authority and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in this proceeding by Peoples and Texas Public on April 3, 1943 as Exhibit A to Amendment No. 4, which document is hereby incorporated by reference in this order and made a part hereof with the same force and effect as if set forth at length herein;

(e) With respect to the distribution by West Coast in partial liquidation to Peoples and the receipt by Peoples of the sum of \$754,400;

that such sale of common stock described in (a) above, such application of proceeds described in (b) above and such issue and sale of a promissory note described in (c) above are hereby ordered to be consummated pursuant to section 11 (b) of the Act and are hereby found to be necessary or appropriate to the integration or simplification of Consolidated's holding company system. With respect to the application of proceeds described in (d) above, such proceeds resulting from the sale of properties to the Lower Neches Valley Authority pursuant to the Commission's divestment order dated April 6, 1943, said order is hereby amended and supplemented so as to approve and direct the application of the proceeds in the manner described in said paragraph (d). With respect to the distribution in partial liquidation described in (e) above, being a portion of the transactions proposed by Peoples and its subsidiaries, West Coast and Texas Public, in a plan filed pursuant to section 11 (e) of said Act, so much of said plan as relates to such transaction is hereby found to be necessary to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of said Act and fair and equitable to the persons affected by such plan. Such application of proceeds described in (d) above and

such distribution in partial liquidation described in (e) above are hereby found to be necessary or appropriate to the integration or simplification of Peoples' holding company system, and the transactions described in (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) above are found to be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935. By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17497; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:11 a. m.]

[File No. 70-790]

CONSOLIDATED ELECTRIC AND GAS CO., ET AL.
ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATIONS TO BECOME
EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 26th day of October 1943.

In the matter of Consolidated Electric and Gas Company, Bluefield Gas Company, Washington County Gas Company, and the Salem Gas Light Company.

Consolidated Electric and Gas Company, a registered holding company and its subsidiaries, Bluefield Gas Company, Washington County Gas Company and The Salem Gas Light Company, all of whose outstanding securities are owned by Consolidated Electric and Gas Company and pledged by it under one or more of the indentures securing its Bonds, having filed in connection with the proposed sale of all of the assets of Bluefield Gas Company, Washington County Gas Company and The Salem Gas Light Company (each of said sales to be made for a consideration of less than \$100,000), declarations pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, particularly sections 10, 12 (b), 12 (c) and 12 (d) thereof, regarding the payment of the cash proceeds of such sales to Consolidated Electric and Gas Company either in discharge of a like principal amount of indebtedness represented by the outstanding debt securities of such subsidiaries or pursuant to a liquidating dividend, the deposit by Consolidated Electric and Gas Company of the said proceeds with the respective trustees of the indentures of trust under which the securities of such subsidiaries are pledged (such deposit being in connection with the release of such securities from pledge), the surrender for cancellation to the issuer by Consolidated Electric and Gas Company of the outstanding securities of the issuer, and the subsequent dissolution of each of the subsidiary companies in accordance with the applicable state law;

Said declarations having been filed on September 21, 1943, and notice of filing having been given in the form and manner prescribed in Rule U-23 under said Act and the Commission not having received a request for a hearing with re-

spect to said declarations within the time specified in said notice or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding that the requirements of sections 10, 12 (b), 12 (c) and 12 (d) and Rules U-42, U-43 and U-44 promulgated thereunder are satisfied and that no adverse findings are necessary thereunder, and the Commission deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers to permit the said declarations to become effective;

It is hereby ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of said Act, and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24, that the aforesaid declarations be, and the same hereby are, permitted to become effective forthwith.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17499; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:11 a. m.]

[File No. 811-287]

AMERICAN INVESTMENT COMPANY
NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1943.

An application having been filed by American Investment Company pursuant to section 8 (f) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for an order declaring that the applicant has ceased to be an investment company within the meaning of said Act;

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 40 (a) of said Act, that a hearing on the aforesaid application be held on November 8, 1943 at 10: 15 o'clock A. M., Eastern War Time, in Room 318, Securities and Exchange Commission Building, 18th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania;

It is further ordered, That Charles S. Lobingier, or any other officer or officers of the Commission designated by it for that purpose shall preside at the hearing on such matter. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to exercise all the powers granted to the Commission under sections 41 and 42 (b) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and to trial examiners under the Commission's Rules of Practice.

Notice is hereby given to the applicant and to any other persons whose participation in such proceeding may be in the public interest or for the protection of investors.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary,

[F. R. Doc. 43-17500; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:11 a. m.]

No. 215—9

WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION.

[Docket No. AO 105-A 2]

QUAD CITIES MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF HEARING ON HANDLING OF MILK

Proposed amendments to the tentatively approved marketing agreement, as amended, and the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Quad Cities marketing area.

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1940 et seq.), and in accordance with applicable rules of practice and procedure (7 CFR, 1941 Supp. 900.1-900.17; 7 F.R. 3350; 8 F.R. 2815), notice is hereby given of a hearing to be held in the Council Chambers, City Hall, Rock Island, Illinois, beginning at 10 a. m., c. w. t., November 3, 1943, with respect to proposed amendments to the tentatively approved marketing agreement, as amended, and the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Quad Cities marketing area. These amendments have not received the approval of the War Food Administrator.

This public hearing is for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to the economic or marketing conditions which relate to the amendments or any modification thereof, which are hereinafter set forth. The amendments which have been proposed are set forth below.

1. Delete § 944.1 (a) (3) and substitute therefor:

(3) "Producer" means any person, irrespective of whether such person is also a handler, who produces milk which is received at a plant from which milk is disposed of as Class I milk or as Class II milk in the marketing area. This definition shall include any person who produces milk which a cooperative association causes to be diverted from a plant from which milk is disposed of as Class I milk or as Class II milk in the marketing area to a plant from which no milk is disposed of as Class I or as Class II milk in the marketing area.

2. Delete § 944.1 (a) (4) and substitute therefor:

(4) "Handler" means any person, except as provided in § 944.8 (c) who, on his own behalf or on behalf of others, purchases or receives milk from producers or other handlers and who disposes of all or a portion of such milk as Class I milk or as Class II milk in the marketing area. This definition shall include any cooperative association with respect to milk caused to be delivered from a producer to a plant from which no Class I or Class II milk is disposed of in the marketing area.

3. Delete § 944.1 (a) (9) and substitute therefor:

(9) "War Food Administrator" means the War Food Administrator of the United States or any officer or employee of the United States who is, or who may hereafter be, authorized to exercise the powers and to perform the duties, pursuant to the act, of the War Food Administrator of the United States,

4. Add as § 944.1 (a) (12) the following:

(12) "Emergency milk" means milk received by a handler pursuant to § 944.8 (c) from sources other than producers or other handlers.

5. Substitute the term "War Food Administrator" for the term "Secretary" wherever appearing in the order.

6. Delete § 944.3 and substitute therefor:

§ 944.3 *Classification of milk*—(a) *Basis of classification.* All milk or cream purchased or received by a handler or caused to be delivered by a cooperative association to a plant from which no milk is disposed of in the marketing area shall be reported by the handler and shall be classified by the market administrator in the classes set forth in (b) of this section: *Provided,* That (1) any milk moving as fluid milk from any handler's plant to a plant of a nonhandler who distributes fluid milk shall be classified as Class I milk and any cream moving as fluid cream to a plant of such nonhandler shall be classified as Class II milk; (2) any milk or cream moving from a handler's plant to a plant of a nonhandler who does not distribute fluid milk or cream shall be classified as Class IV milk, subject to verification by the market administrator; and (3) any milk moving as fluid milk from any handler's plant to a plant of another handler shall be classified as Class I milk, and any cream moving as fluid cream from any handler's plant to a plant of another handler shall be classified as Class II milk: *Provided,* That if such milk or cream was utilized in a lower classification, such milk or cream shall be classified accordingly, subject to verification by the market administrator.

(b) *Classes of utilization.* Subject to the conditions set forth in (a) of this section, the classes of utilization of milk shall be as follows:

(1) Class I milk shall be all milk disposed of in the form of milk and milk drinks, whether plain or flavored, and all milk not accounted for as Class II milk, Class III milk, or Class IV milk, pursuant to (2), (3), and (4) of this paragraph and all unaccounted for milk in excess of 3 percent of the total receipts of butterfat from producers converted to 3.5 percent milk equivalent.

(2) Class II milk shall be all milk disposed of as cream, for consumption as cream (including any cream product in fluid form which contains 6 percent or more but less than 18 percent butterfat), creamed buttermilk, and creamed cottage cheese.

(3) Class III milk shall be all milk specifically accounted for as used to produce evaporated milk, condensed milk, ice cream mix, unsalted butter, or any milk product other than those specified in Class II milk and Class IV milk.

(4) Class IV milk shall be all milk used to produce butter and American type Cheddar cheese and all milk accounted for as actual plant shrinkage: *Provided,* That such plant shrinkage shall not ex-

ceed 3 percent of the total receipts of milk from producers.

(c) *Responsibility of handlers in establishing the classification of milk.* In establishing the classification of milk as required in (b) of this section, the burden rests upon the handler who receives milk from producers to account for the milk and to prove to the market administrator that such milk should not be classified as Class I milk.

(d) *Computation of milk in each class.* For each delivery period the market administrator shall compute, in the case of each handler, the amount of milk in each class as defined in (b) of this section as follows:

(1) Determine the total pounds of milk received from (i) producers, (ii) the handler's own farm production, (iii) other handlers, (iv) other sources, and (v) add together the resulting amounts.

(2) Determine the total pounds of butterfat received as follows: (i) Multiply the weight of the milk received from producers by its average butterfat test; (ii) multiply the weight of milk received from handler's own farm production by its average butterfat test; (iii) multiply the weight of the milk received from other handlers by its average butterfat test; (iv) multiply the weight of the milk received from other sources by its average butterfat test; and (v) add together the resulting amounts.

(3) Determine the total pounds of milk in Class I as follows: (i) Convert to pounds the total quantity of milk disposed of in the form of milk on the basis of 2.15 pounds per quart; (ii) multiply the result by the average butterfat test of such milk; and (iii) if the quantity of butterfat so computed when added to the pounds of butterfat in Class II milk, Class III milk, and Class IV milk, computed pursuant to (4) (ii), (5) (ii), (6) (iv) of this paragraph, is less than the total pounds of butterfat received, computed in accordance with (2) of this paragraph, an amount equal to the difference shall be divided by 3.5 percent and added to the quantity of milk determined pursuant to (i) of this subparagraph.

(4) Determine the total pounds of milk in Class II as follows: (i) Multiply the actual weight of each of the several products of Class II milk by its average butterfat test; (ii) add together the resulting amounts; and (iii) divide the result obtained in (ii) of this subparagraph by 3.5 percent.

(5) Determine the total pounds of milk in Class III as follows: (i) Multiply the actual weight of each of the several products in Class II by its average butterfat test; (ii) add together the resulting amounts; and (iii) divide the result obtained in (ii) of this subparagraph by 3.5 percent.

(6) Determine the total pounds of milk in Class IV as follows: Multiply the actual weight of each of the several products of Class IV milk by its average butterfat test; (ii) add together the resulting amounts; (iii) subtract the total pounds of butterfat in Class I milk, Class II milk, and Class III milk, computed pursuant to (3) (ii), (4) (ii), and (5) (ii) of this paragraph, and the total

pounds of butterfat computed pursuant to (ii) of this subparagraph, from the total pounds of butterfat computed pursuant to (2) of this paragraph, which resulting quantity shall be allowed as plant shrinkage for the purposes of this paragraph (but in no event shall such plant shrinkage allowances exceed 3 percent of the total receipts of butterfat from producers by the handler); (iv) add the result obtained in (iii) of this subparagraph (but not to exceed 3 percent of the total receipts of butterfat from producers by the handler) and the result obtained in (ii) of this subparagraph; and (v) divide the result obtained in (iv) of this subparagraph by 3.5 percent.

(7) Determine the classification of milk received from producers as follows: (i) Subtract from the total pounds of milk in each class the total pounds of milk which were received from other handlers and used in such class; (ii) subtract from the remaining pounds of milk in each class the total pounds of milk which were received from sources other than producers and handlers and used in such class; (iii) subtract pro rata from the remaining pounds of milk in each class the total pounds of milk which were received from the handler's own farm production and emergency milk; and (iv) except as set forth in (e) of this section the result shall be known as the "net pooled milk" in each class.

(e) *Reconciliation of utilization of milk by classes with receipts of milk from producers.* In the event of a difference between the total quantity of milk utilized in the various classes as computed pursuant to (d) of this section and the quantity of milk received from producers, except for excess milk or milk equivalent of butterfat pursuant to (d), such difference shall be reconciled as follows:

(1) If the total utilization of milk in the various classes for any handler, as computed pursuant to (d) of this section, is less than the receipts of milk from producers, the market administrator shall increase the total pounds of milk in Class IV for such handler by an amount equal to the difference between the receipts of milk from producers and the total utilization of milk by classes for such handler, which result shall be known as the "net pooled milk" in Class IV.

(2) If the total utilization of milk in the various classes from any handler, as computed pursuant to (d) of this section, is greater than the receipts of milk from producers, the market administrator shall decrease the total pounds of milk in Class IV for such handler by an amount equal to the difference between the total utilization of milk by classes for such handler and the receipts of milk from producers, which result shall be known as the "net pooled milk" in Class IV.

7. Delete § 944.4 and substitute therefor:

§ 944.4 *Minimum prices.* Each handler shall pay at the time and in the manner set forth in § 944.3 not less than the prices set forth in this section per

hundredweight of milk received during each delivery period at such handler's plant or caused by such handler to be delivered to a plant from which no milk is disposed of in the marketing area on the basis of milk of 3.5 percent butterfat content.

(a) *For Class I milk.* In the case of milk which complies with the Grade A milk quality requirements of the Milk Ordinance of the City of Davenport, Iowa, or of the Grade A Milk and Grade A Milk Products Law of the State of Illinois, and the minimum requirements adopted by the Director of the Illinois Department of Public Health for the interpretation and enforcement of said act, and is disposed of as Class I milk, the price shall be the price for Class III milk for such delivery period plus 90 cents per hundredweight.

(b) *For Class I milk.* In the case of milk which does not comply with the Grade A Milk quality requirements of the Milk Ordinance of the City of Davenport, Iowa, or of the Grade A Milk and Grade A Milk Products Law of the State of Illinois, and the minimum requirements adopted by the Director of the Illinois Department of Public Health for the interpretation and enforcement of said act, and is disposed of as Class I milk, the price shall be the price for Class III milk for such delivery period plus 70 cents per hundredweight.

(c) *For Class II milk.* In the case of milk which complies with the Grade A milk quality requirements of the Milk Ordinance of the City of Davenport, Iowa, or of the Grade A Milk and Grade A Milk Products Law of the State of Illinois, and the minimum requirements adopted by the Director of the Illinois Department of Public Health for the interpretation and enforcement of said act, and is disposed of as Class II milk, the price shall be the price for Class III milk for such delivery period plus 45 cents per hundredweight.

(d) *For Class II milk.* In the case of milk which does not comply with the Grade A milk quality requirements of the Milk Ordinance of the City of Davenport, Iowa, or of the Grade A Milk and Grade A Milk Products Law of the State of Illinois, and the minimum requirements adopted by the Director of the Illinois Department of Public Health for the interpretation and enforcement of said act, and is disposed of as Class II milk, the price shall be the price for Class III milk for such delivery period plus 25 cents per hundredweight.

(e) *For Class III milk.* The price shall be the result of the following computations by the market administrator: determine the average of the basic or field prices per hundredweight ascertained to have been paid for milk of 3.5 percent butterfat content received during the period beginning with the 16th day of the previous month and ending with the 15th day of the then current month at the plants listed in this subparagraph: *Provided*, That if the price so determined is less than the price computed by the market administrator in accordance with the following formula, such formula price shall be the price for

Class III milk for such delivery period: multiply by 0.4 the average weekly prevailing price per pound of "Twins" during said delivery period on the Wisconsin Cheese Exchange at Plymouth, Wisconsin (in the absence of such prices the prevailing prices of "Twins", at Chicago as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture shall be used), add the average wholesale price per pound of 92-score butter at Chicago for said delivery period as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture, and multiply such result by 3.9.

Concern:

Location of plants

Amboy Milk Products Co.-----Amboy, Ill.
 United Milk Products Co.-----Argo Fey, Ill.
 Dean Milk Co.-----Belvidere, Ill.
 Borden Co.-----Dixon, Ill.
 Libby, McNeill & Libby Co.-----Morrison, Ill.
 Carnation Milk Co.-----Oregon, Ill.
 Dean Milk Co.-----Pearl City, Ill.
 Dean Milk Co.-----Pecatonica, Ill.
 Borden Co.-----Sterling, Ill.
 Pet Milk Co.-----Schullsburg, Wis.

(f) *For Class IV milk.* The price shall be the result of the following computations by the market administrator: multiply by 3.5 the average price per pound of 92-score butter at wholesale in the Chicago market, as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture for the delivery period during which such milk was received, and add:

(i) 10 percent thereof when such average price of 92-score butter is less than 30 cents;

(ii) 15 percent thereof when such average price of 92-score butter is 30 cents or over, but less than 35 cents;

(iii) 20 percent thereof when such average price of 92-score butter is 35 cents or over, but less than 40 cents; and

(iv) 25 percent thereof when such average price of 92-score butter is 40 cents or over; *Provided*, That in no event shall the Class IV price be less than the price resulting from the following computation by the market administrator: multiply by 2.4 the average weekly prevailing price per pound of the cheese known as "Twins" during said delivery period on the Wisconsin Cheese Exchange, Plymouth, Wisconsin (or in the absence of such prices the prices of such "Twins" at Chicago, as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture), and multiply such result by 3.5.

8. Delete § 944.5 and substitute therefor:

§ 944.5 *Reports of handlers*—(a) *Periodic reports.* (1) On or before the 5th day after the end of each delivery period each handler, with respect to all milk or milk products which were, during such delivery period, (i) received from producers, (ii) received from handlers, (iii) received from such handler's own production, (iv) received from any other source, or (v) caused to be delivered to a plant from which no milk is disposed of in the marketing area, shall report to the market administrator, in the detail and on forms prescribed by him, as follows:

(a) The receipts at each plant from producers who are not handlers;

(b) The receipts at each plant from any other handler, including any handler who is also a producer.

(c) The receipts at each plant from such handler's own production;

(d) The receipts at each plant from any other source;

(e) The respective quantities of milk and milk products disposed of or on hand; and

(f) The respective butterfat content of each of the above.

(2) On or before the 5th day after the end of each delivery period, the receipts at each plant of emergency milk as follows: (i) The amount of such milk and the average butterfat content thereof, (ii) the date or dates upon which such milk was received during the delivery period, (iii) the plant from which such milk was shipped, (iv) the price paid or to be paid for such milk, (v) the utilization of such milk, and (vi) such other information with respect thereto as the market administrator may request.

(b) *Reports as to producers.* Each handler shall report to the market administrator within 10 days after the market administrator's request with respect to any producer and with respect to a period of time designated by the market administrator, (i) the name and address, (ii) the total pounds of milk received, (iii) the average butterfat test of milk received, and (iv) the number of days upon which milk was received.

(c) *Reports of payments to producers.* On or before the 20th day after the end of each delivery period each handler shall submit to the market administrator his producer pay roll for such delivery period, which shall show for each producer (i) the net amount of such producer's payment with the prices, deductions, and charges involved, and (ii) the total delivery of base milk and the total delivery of milk in excess of base milk with the average butterfat test thereof.

(d) *Reports of producer-handlers and handlers whose sole sources of supply are receipts from other handlers.* Producer-handlers and handlers whose sole sources of supply are receipts from other handlers shall report to the market administrator at such time and in such manner as the market administrator may request.

(e) *Verification of reports and payments.* The market administrator shall verify all reports and payments of each handler by audit of such handler's records and the records of any other handler or person upon whose disposition of milk such handler claims classification. Each handler shall keep adequate records of receipts and utilization of milk and shall, during the usual hours of business, make available to the market administrator or his representative such records and facilities as will enable the market administrator to:

(1) Verify the receipts and disposition of all milk required to be reported pursuant to this section and, in case of errors or omissions, ascertain the correct figures;

(2) Weigh, sample, and test for butterfat content the milk received from producers and any product of milk upon which classification depends; and

(3) Verify the payments to producers prescribed in § 944.8.

9. Delete § 944.6 and substitute therefor:

§ 944.6 *Application of provisions*—(a) *Producer-handlers.* (1) Sections 944.4, 944.7, 944.8, 944.9, and 944.10 shall not apply to the handling of milk by handlers (i) whose sole sources of supply are receipts from other handlers or (ii) who are producer-handlers pursuant to § 944.1 (a) (5), as verified by the market administrator in the manner provided in (2) of this paragraph.

(2) Handlers shall furnish to the market administrator for his verification, subject to review by the War Food Administrator, evidence of their qualifications as producer-handlers pursuant to § 944.1 (a) (5), as of the effective date of the provisions hereof, and they shall furnish evidence of subsequent changes made in the manner of producing or distributing their milk that affects their qualification as producer-handlers; such verification by the market administrator shall be made within 15 days of the date of receipt of the evidence and shall be effective retroactively to the effective date of the provisions hereof in cases verified within 45 days of such effective date and shall be effective retroactively to the first day of the delivery period during which verification is made in subsequent cases.

(b) *Milk received by a handler from another handler who is also a producer or a producer-handler.* If any handler has purchased or received milk or cream from another handler who is also a producer or a producer-handler, such milk or cream shall be considered as Class IV milk. If such receiving handler disposes of such milk or cream for other than Class IV purposes, the market administrator in computing the net pool obligation of such handler pursuant to § 944.7 (a) shall add an amount equal to the difference between (1) the value of such milk or cream in accordance with its actual utilization by such handler and (2) the value at the Class IV price.

(c) *Payment for milk received by a handler from sources determined as other than producers or other handlers.* If any handler has purchased or received milk or butterfat from sources determined as other than producers or other handlers, except as provided in § 944.8 (b), such milk or milk equivalent of such butterfat shall be considered as Class IV milk. If such receiving handler disposes of such milk or butterfat for other than Class IV purposes, the market administrator in computing the net pool obligation of such handler pursuant to § 944.7 (a) shall add an amount equal to the difference between (1) the value of such milk or milk equivalent of such butterfat in accordance with its actual utilization by such handler and (2) the value at the Class IV price.

(d) *Payment for excess milk or butterfat.* If a handler, after subtracting receipts from his own farm production, receipts from other handlers, and receipts from sources determined as other than producers or other handlers, has disposed of milk or butterfat in excess of the milk for butterfat which, on the basis of his reports, has been credited to his producers as having been delivered by them, the market administrator in computing the net pool obligation of such handler pursuant to § 944.7 (a) shall add an amount equal to the value of such milk or milk equivalent of such butterfat in accordance with its actual utilization by the handler.

10. Delete § 944.7 and substitute therefor:

§ 944.7 *Determination of uniform prices to producers.*—(a) *Net pool obligation of handlers.* Subject to the provisions of § 944.6, the net pool obligation of each handler for milk received from producers during each delivery period shall be a sum of money computed for such delivery period by the market administrator as follows: multiply the "net pooled milk" in each class, computed pursuant to § 944.3, by the class price pursuant to § 944.4, and add together the resulting values.

(b) *Computation and announcement of the uniform price.* For each delivery period the market administrator shall compute and announce the uniform price per hundredweight of milk as follows:

(1) Combine into one total the net pool obligations of all handlers, computed pursuant to (a) of this section, who made the reports pursuant to § 944.5 (a) for such delivery period and who made the payments to the market administrator pursuant to § 944.8 (a);

(2) Compute the total quantity of milk which represents the delivered bases of producers and which is included in the computations made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section;

(3) Compute the total value of the milk which is in excess of the delivered bases of producers determined pursuant to subparagraph (2) of this paragraph and which is included in the computations pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section by multiplying such quantity of milk by the Class IV price;

(4) Compute the total value of the milk represented by the delivered bases of producers by subtracting the value obtained in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph from the value obtained in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph;

(5) Subtract from the value computed pursuant to subparagraph (4) of this paragraph an amount computed as follows: multiply by \$0.20 the total hundredweight of milk of producers who are qualified to receive payments pursuant to § 944.8 (a) (3) which was disposed of as Class I milk and Class II milk;

(6) Add to the value computed pursuant to subparagraph (5) of this paragraph an amount which will pro rate any cash balance available from previous delivery periods pursuant to subparagraph (8) of this paragraph;

(7) Divide the result obtained in subparagraph (8) of this paragraph by the quantity of milk represented by the delivered bases of producers as determined in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph;

(8) Subtract not less than 4 cents nor more than 5 cents per hundredweight of milk for the purpose of retaining in the producer-settlement fund a cash balance to provide against errors in reports and payments or delinquencies in payments by handlers, which result shall be known as the uniform price for such delivery period for base milk of producers containing 3.5 percent butterfat; and

(9) On or before the 10th day after the end of such delivery period notify all handlers and make public announcement of these computations, of the uniform price per hundredweight of base milk, of the Class I, Class II, Class III, and Class IV prices, and of the differentials computed pursuant to § 944.8 (a) (3) and (c).

11. Delete § 944.8 and substitute therefor:

§ 944.8 *Payments for milk.*—(a) *Time and method of payment.* Each handler shall make payment, subject to the butterfat differential set forth in (c) of this section, for milk purchased or received from producers by such handler during each delivery period, as follows:

(1) To producers, for milk which was caused to be delivered to such handler from such producers, by and for the account of a cooperative association, on or before the 12th day after the end of the delivery period during which such milk was purchased or received, through such cooperative association of a total amount equal to but not less than the sum of the individual payments otherwise payable to such producers pursuant to subparagraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this paragraph.

(2) To producers for milk which was not caused to be delivered to such handler from such producers by and for the account of a cooperative association, on or before the 15th day after the end of the delivery period during which such milk was purchased or received at not less than the uniform price per hundredweight for base milk computed pursuant to § 944.7 (b).

(3) In making payments pursuant to subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph for that quantity of milk which complies with the Grade A milk quality requirements of the Milk Ordinance of the City of Davenport, Iowa, or of the Grade A Milk and Grade A Milk Products Law of the State of Illinois, and the minimum requirements adopted by the Director of the Illinois Department of Public Health for the interpretation and enforcement of said act and which was utilized as Class I milk or Class II milk there shall be added to the announced uniform price per hundredweight for base milk, computed pursuant to § 944.7 (b), an amount resulting from the following computation by the market administrator: divide the amount subtracted pursuant to § 944.7 (b) (5) by the total hundredweight of base milk which was received during the delivery period from such producers.

(4) To each producer not less than the Class IV price for that quantity of milk received from such producer in excess of such producer's base.

(b) *Emergency milk.* During any delivery period when the market administrator determines that the supply of milk received by any handler from producers and handlers is not sufficient to fulfill the Class I and Class II milk requirements of such handler, such handler, after giving notice to the market administrator of his intention to purchase milk from other than such sources, may secure milk from emergency sources on terms and conditions other than those provided in this section. Emergency milk shall be reported to the market administrator by the receiving handler separately from milk received from producers and handlers in accordance with § 944.5 (a). Such milk shall be deducted from each class in the proportion that the quantity of milk disposed of by the receiving handler in each class during the delivery period bears to the total quantity of milk received by him during such delivery period. The person from whom the handler received such milk shall not be considered a handler with respect to milk disposed of in the marketing area under the circumstances described in this paragraph.

(c) *Butterfat differential.* If, during the delivery period, any handler has received from any producer milk having an average butterfat content other than 3.5 percent, such handler, in making the payments prescribed in subparagraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph (a) of this section, shall add for each one-tenth of 1 percent of average butterfat content in milk above 3.5 percent not less than, or shall deduct for each one-tenth of 1 percent of average butterfat content in milk below 3.5 percent not more than:

(1) Three cents per hundredweight when the average price per pound of 92-score butter at wholesale in the Chicago market, as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture for the delivery period during which such milk is received, is less than 30 cents;

(2) Four cents per hundredweight when such average price of 92-score butter is 30 cents or over but less than 35 cents; and

(3) Five cents per hundredweight when such average price of 92-score butter is 35 cents or over.

(d) *Producer-settlement fund.* The market administrator shall establish and maintain a separate fund, known as "the producer-settlement fund", into which he shall deposit all payments made by handlers pursuant to (e) and (g) of this section and out of which he shall make all payments to handlers pursuant to (f) and (g) of this section.

(e) *Payments to the producer-settlement fund.* On or before the 12th day after the end of each delivery period, each handler shall pay to the market administrator, for payment to producers through the producer-settlement fund, the amount by which the net pool obligation of such handler, including the payments required to be made pursuant to § 944.6, is greater than the sum re-

quired to be paid producers by such handler pursuant to (a) (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section.

(f) *Payments out of producer-settlement fund.* (1) On or before the 15th day after the end of each delivery period, the market administrator shall pay to each handler for payment to producers the amount by which the sum reported to be paid producers by such handler pursuant to (a) (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section is greater than the net pool obligation of such handler, including the payments required to be made pursuant to § 944.6.

(2) If the balance in the producer-settlement fund is insufficient to make all payments pursuant to this paragraph, the market administrator shall reduce uniformly such payments and shall complete such payments as soon as the necessary funds are available. No handler who, on the 15th day after the end of each delivery period, has not received the balance of such reduced payment from the market administrator, shall be deemed to be in violation of (a) of this section if he reduces his payments to producers by not more than the amount of the reduction in payment from the producer-settlement fund.

(g) *Adjustment of errors in payments.* Whenever verification by the market administrator of reports or payments of any handler discloses errors in payments to the producer-settlement fund made pursuant to (e) of this section, the market administrator shall promptly bill such handler for any unpaid amount and such handler shall, within 5 days of such billing, make payment to the market administrator of the amount so billed. Whenever verification discloses that payment is due from the market administrator to any handler pursuant to (f) of this section, the market administrator shall, within 5 days, make such payment to such handler. Whenever verification by the market administrator of the payment by a handler to any producer discloses payment to such producer of an amount which is less than is required by this section, the handler shall make up such payment to the producer not later than the time of making payment to producers next following such disclosure.

(h) *Determination of base.* (1) For each delivery period the base of each producer shall be a quantity of milk calculated in the following manner: (i) Multiply the applicable figure, computed pursuant to (2) of this paragraph, by the number of days on which milk was received from such producer during such delivery period.

(2) Effective January 1, 1940, and each subsequent year thereafter, the daily base of each producer for the ensuing year shall be determined by the market administrator from reports filed by handlers pursuant to § 944.5 in the following manner:

(i) Determine for each producer that month during the preceding calendar year when his daily average deliveries of milk were the lowest. Determine the 3 months of the preceding calendar year

when the daily average deliveries of milk of all producers were the lowest;

(ii) Determine for each producer his total deliveries of milk during each of the 4 months of the previous calendar year described in subdivision (i) of this subparagraph and add together the resulting amounts;

(iii) Divide the sum obtained for each producer in subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph by the number of days of such 4 calendar months.

(iv) Add together in one sum all the daily average amounts, computed in accordance with subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph;

(v) Determine the daily average utilization of Class I milk and Class II milk during the month of the preceding year when such utilization was greatest and add to such daily average an amount not to exceed 10 percent thereof;

(vi) Divide the amount determined pursuant to subdivision (v) of this subparagraph by the sum determined pursuant to subdivision (iv) of this subparagraph; and

(vii) Multiply the daily average amount for each producer determined in subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph by the percentage figure computed pursuant to subdivision (vi) of this subparagraph. This result shall be known as the producer's allotted daily base.

(3) The following rules shall be observed by the market administrator with respect to the administration of the base plan:

(i) Bases allotted to producers pursuant to subparagraph (2) of this paragraph shall not be transferable: *Provided*, That bases allotted under a tenant and landlord relationship shall be combined and may be divided only if such relationship is terminated: *And provided further*, That any member of the producer's family may be named as the person to whom such base is to be allotted, but in no case shall a base be allotted to more than one member of such producer's family on the same farm;

(ii) As soon as bases are allotted to producers pursuant to subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, the market administrator shall notify each handler of the bases of producers from whom such handler received milk;

(iii) Any producer who ceases to market milk to a handler for a period of more than 45 consecutive days shall forfeit his base;

(iv) In the event a producer delivers an average quantity of milk less than 85 percent of his allotted daily base for each of 3 consecutive calendar months, such producer shall be reallocated a base equal to his daily average deliveries of milk of his own production for the 3 consecutive months involved;

(v) A producer, whether landlord or tenant of a farm, may retain his base when moving his entire herd of cows from one farm to another: *Provided*, That at the beginning of a tenant and landlord relationship the allotted base of such tenant and landlord shall be a combined base;

(vi) A landlord who rents on shares shall be entitled to the entire base to the exclusion of the tenant if the landlord owns the entire herd. Likewise, the tenant who rents on shares shall be entitled to the entire base to the exclusion of the landlord if the tenant owns the entire herd. If the cattle are jointly owned by tenant and landlord, the base shall be divided between the joint owners according to the ownership of the cattle, if and when such joint owners terminate the tenant and landlord relationship;

(vii) The base of any producer shall be automatically canceled at the beginning of any delivery period during which such producer reports milk not produced by him as being milk of his own production for the purpose of maintaining or increasing his allotted base. Such producer shall be reallocated a base computed in the manner provided in subdivision (ix) of this subparagraph;

(viii) If a producer, who has notified the market administrator within 5 days prior to his participation, enters into a program of disease eradication supervised by either county, State or Federal authorities, the market administrator, in making his determination of that month of the preceding year when such producer's daily average deliveries were lowest pursuant to subdivision (i) of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, shall disregard any month in which such disease eradication program was being performed;

(ix) With respect to a producer who has not previously marketed milk to a handler, or who resumes delivery after not having marketed milk to a handler for a period of more than 45 consecutive days, a base shall be allotted in the following manner: for each delivery period from the date upon which such producer first markets milk to a handler until the conclusion of 2 full calendar months, the market administrator shall multiply such producer's daily average deliveries of milk by the percentage that base deliveries were to total deliveries of milk to the market during the delivery period by all base holding producers on the market during that delivery period. After the conclusion of 2 full calendar months, the market administrator shall determine a base for such producer by multiplying such producer's daily average deliveries during those 2 calendar months by the percentage that base deliveries were to total deliveries of milk to the market by all base holding producers on the market during such months.

(x) In the case of a producer who distributes the milk he produces and who disposes of all or a part of his delivery routes to a handler, the market administrator shall determine a figure representing the average daily Class I milk and Class II milk produced and disposed of during the previous 3 months on the delivery routes of such producer which such producer and such handler jointly report as involved in the transaction, subject to verification by the market ad-

ministrator. Any base so determined shall be effective from its determination until the end of the then current calendar year and thereafter shall be superseded by a figure determined pursuant to subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.

12. Add as § 944.12 the following:

§ 944.12 *Agents.* The War Food Administrator may, by designation in writing, name any officer or employee of the United States to act as his agent or representative in connection with any of the provisions hereof.

13. Add as § 944.4 (g) the following:

(g) Whenever the War Food Administrator finds and announces that the Class I prices computed for any delivery period pursuant to (a) and (b) of this section are such prices as are not in accord with the public interest, the Class I prices for such delivery period shall be the same as the Class I prices for the previous delivery period.

Copies of this notice of hearing, of the tentatively approved marketing agreement, as amended, and order, as amended, now in effect, may be procured from the Hearing Clerk, Office of the Solicitor, United States Department of Agriculture, in Room 1331 South

Building, Washington, D. C., or may be there inspected.

Dated: October 27, 1943.

THOMAS J. FLAVIN,
Assistant to the
War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-17509; Filed, October 28, 1943;
11:29 a. m.]

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS AND SUPPLIERS OF ISSUANCE OF REVOCATION ORDERS REVOKING AND STOPPING CONSTRUCTION OF CERTAIN PROJECTS

The War Production Board has issued certain revocation orders listed in Schedule A below, revoking preference rating orders issued in connection with, and stopping the construction of the projects affected. For the effect of each such order upon preference ratings, construction of the project and delivery of materials therefor, the builder and suppliers affected shall refer to the specific order issued to the builder.

Issued this 28th day of October, 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

SCHEDULE A

Preference rating order	Serial No.	Name and address of builder	Location of project	Issuance date
P-9-h.....	58421	Shell Oil Co., Inc., 1120 Shoreham Building, Washington, D. C.	East, South, and West Texas, Louisiana, and New Mexico.	10/10/43

[F. R. Doc. 43-17504; Filed, October 28, 1943; 11:18 a. m.]