ANNOUNCEMENT
from the Copyright Office, Library of Congress,
101 Independence Avenue, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20559-6000

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

DETERMINATION OF REASONABLE RATES AND TERMS FOR THE DIGITAL PERFORMANCE OF SOUND RECORDINGS BY PREEXISTING SUBSCRIPTION SERVICES

The following excerpt is taken from Volume 68, Number 20 of the Federal Register of Thursday, January 30, 2003 [Proposed Rules] (pp. 4744-4747)

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Copyright Office
37 CFR Part 260
[Docket No. 2001-1 CARP DSTRA2]

Determination of Reasonable Rates and Terms for the Digital Performance of Sound Recordings by Preexisting Subscription Services

AGENCY: Copyright Office, Library of Congress.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Copyright Office is requesting comment on proposed regulations that set rates and terms for the use of sound recordings by preexisting subscription services for the period January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2007.

DATES: Comments are due no later than March 3, 2003.

ADDRESSES: An original and five copies of any comment shall be delivered by hand to: Office of the General Counsel, Copyright Office, James Madison Building, Room LM-403, First and Independence Avenue, S.E., Washington, D.C.; or mailed to: Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel (CARP), P.O. Box 70977, Southwest Station, Washington, D.C. 20024-0977.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
David O. Carson, General Counsel, or Tanya M. Sandros, Senior Attorney, Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel, P.O. Box 70977, Southwest Station, Washington, D.C. 20024.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 106(6) of the Copyright Act, title 17 of the United States Code, gives a copyright owner of sound recordings an exclusive right to perform the copyrighted works publicly by means of a digital audio transmission. This right is limited by section 114(d), which allows certain non-interactive digital audio services to make digital transmissions of a sound recording under a compulsory license, provided that the services pay a reasonable royalty fee and comply with the terms of the license. Moreover, these services may make any necessary ephemeral reproductions to facilitate the digital transmission of the sound recording under a second license set forth in section 112(e) of the Copyright Act.

The procedure for setting the rates and terms for these two statutory licenses is a two-step process. 17 U.S.C. 112(e)(3) and (6) and 17 U.S.C. 114(f)(1). The first step requires the Librarian of Congress to initiate a voluntary negotiation period to give interested parties an opportunity to determine the applicable rates and terms through a less formal process. However, if the parties are unable to reach an agreement during this period, sections 112(e)(4) and 114(f)(1)(B) directs the Librarian of Congress to convene a three-person Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel (“CARP”) for the purpose of determining the rates and terms for the compulsory license upon receipt of a petition filed in accordance with 17 U.S.C. 803(a)(1).


Later that same year, Congress passed the Digital Millennium Copyright Act (“DMCA”), amending the section 114 statutory license to cover additional transmission services and extending the term of the existing section 114 license rate as it applies to preexisting subscription services through December 31, 2001. The DMCA also created a new statutory license to allow for the making of ephemeral reproductions for the purpose of facilitating certain digital audio transmissions, including those made by preexisting subscription services.

In accordance with the time frame set forth in the law for the purpose of setting rates and terms for use of the section 114 license by preexisting services, the Copyright Office published a notice in the Federal Register on January 9, 2001. 66 FR 1700 (January 9, 2001). This notice initiated a six-month negotiation period the purpose of which was to provide an opportunity for interested parties to set rates and terms for use of the section 114 license as it applied to both the preexisting subscription services and the preexisting satellite digital audio radio services. Unfortunately, no agreement was reached by the end of that period. Consequently, Music Choice and RIAA filed separate petitions with the Copyright Office, requesting that the Librarian of Congress convene a CARP to determine the rates and terms for both categories of preexisting services.

On November 13, 2001, the Copyright Office initiated the next phase of the rate adjustment proceeding with the publication of a notice in the Federal Register calling for Notices of Intent to Participate. 66 FR 58180 (November 13, 2001). Music Choice, DMX, Muzak, RIAA, the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists (“AFTRA”), the American Federation of Musicians of the
United States and Canada (“AFM”), XM Satellite Radio, Inc., and Sirius Satellite Radio, Inc. filed the requisite notices with the Office, and the Office scheduled the 45-day precontroversy discovery period. Initially, it set the date for the filing of direct cases for December 2, 2002. Order in Docket No. 2001-1 CARP DSTRA2, dated September 12, 2002. However, at the request of the parties, the Office realigned the schedule and set February 24, 2003, as the new date for the filing of direct cases. Order in Docket No. 2001-1 CARP DSTRA2, dated December 16, 2003. However, in light of a petition filed with the Copyright Office, a hearing may not be necessary to establish rates and terms for the use of sound recordings by the preexisting services.

Joint Petition for Adjustment of Rates and Terms Applicable to Preexisting Subscription Services

On January 17, 2003, RIAA, AFTRA, AFM, Music Choice, DMX Music, Inc. and Muzak, LLC (collectively, “Petitioners”) filed a joint petition for adjustment of rates and terms for statutory licenses applicable to preexisting subscription services and a request for an immediate stay of the obligation to file direct cases on February 24, 2003.2 Having reached agreement on the rates and terms for the use of sound recordings by preexisting services for the period January 1, 2002, through December 31, 2007, the petitioners request that the Office publish the proposed rates and terms for public comment in lieu of convening a CARP to determine the rates and terms for this period.

Pursuant to Sec. 251.63(b) of title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the Librarian can adopt the parties’ proposed terms without convening a CARP, provided that the proposed terms are published in the Federal Register and no interested party has an interest to participate in the proceeding files a comment objecting to the proposed terms. In other words, unless there is an objection from a person with a significant interest in the proceeding who is prepared and eligible to participate in a CARP proceeding, the Librarian of Congress should adopt the rates embodied in the agreement without convening an arbitration panel.


Accordingly, the Copyright Office is granting the joint petition and is publishing for public comment the proposed rates and terms embodied in the January 17, 2003, joint petition. Any party who objects to the proposed rates and terms set forth herein must file a written objection with the Copyright Office and an accompanying Notice of Intent to Participate, if the party has not already done so. The content of the written challenge should describe the party’s interest in the proceeding, the proposed rule the party finds objectionable, and the reasons for the challenge. If no comments are received, the regulations shall become final upon publication of a final rule, and shall cover the period from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2007.

List of Subjects in 37 CFR Part 260

Copyright, Digital Audio Transmissions, Performance Right, Sound Recordings.

Proposed Regulation

In consideration of the foregoing, the Copyright Office proposes amending part 260 of 37 CFR as follows:

PART 260—USE OF SOUND RECORDINGS IN A DIGITAL PERFORMANCE

1. The authority citation for part 260 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 17 U.S.C. 114, 801(b)(1)

2. The heading of Part 260 is revised as follows:

PART 260—RATES AND TERMS FOR PREEXISTING SUBSCRIPTION SERVICES’ DIGITAL TRANSMISSIONS OF SOUND RECORDINGS AND THE MAKING OF EPHEMERAL PHONORECORDER

3. Section 260.1 is revised to read as follows:

Sec. 260.1 General

(a) This part 260 establishes rates and terms of royalty payments for the public performance of sound recordings by nonexempt preexisting subscription services in accordance with the provisions of 17 U.S.C. 114(d) (2), and the making of ephemeral phonorecords in connection with the public performance of sound recordings by nonexempt preexisting subscription services in accordance with the provisions of 17 U.S.C. 112(e).

(b) Upon compliance with 17 U.S.C. 114 and the terms and rates of this part, nonexempt preexisting subscription services may engage in the activities set forth in 17 U.S.C. 114(d)(2).

(c) Upon compliance with 17 U.S.C. 112(e) and the terms and rates of this part, nonexempt preexisting subscription services may engage in the activities set forth in 17 U.S.C. 112(e) without limit to the number of ephemeral phonorecords made.

(d) For purposes of this part, Licensee means any preexisting subscription service as defined in 17 U.S.C. 114(j)(1).

4. Section 260.2 is amended as follows:

(a) By revising the section heading;

(b) By revising paragraphs (a) and (b);

(c) By redesignating paragraph (c) as paragraph (e), and adding a new paragraph (c);

d. By redesignating paragraph (d) as paragraph (f), and adding a new paragraph (d);

e. In redesignated paragraph (e)(1)(i) by adding “a” before “recognized advertising agency”;

f. In redesignated paragraphs (e)(1)(iii) and (vi), by removing “Programming Service” and adding “programming service” in its place;

and

g. In redesignated paragraphs (e)(1)(viii) and (e)(2), by removing “(e)” and adding “(e)” in its place.

The additions and revisions to Sec. 260.2 read as follows:

Sec. 260.2 Royalty fees for the digital performance of sound recordings and the making of ephemeral phonorecords by preexisting subscription services.

(a) Commencing January 1, 2002 and continuing through December 31, 2003, a Licensee’s monthly royalty fee for the public performance of sound recordings pursuant to 17 U.S.C. 114(d)(2) and the making of any number of ephemeral phonorecords to facilitate such performances pursuant to 17 U.S.C. 112(e) shall be 7.0% of such Licensee’s monthly gross revenues resulting from residential services in the United States.

(b) Commencing January 1, 2004 and continuing through December 31, 2007, a Licensee’s monthly royalty fee for the public performance of sound recordings pursuant to 17 U.S.C. 114(d)(2) and the making of any number of ephemeral phonorecords to facilitate such performances pursuant to 17 U.S.C. 112(e) shall be 7.25% of such Licensee’s monthly gross revenues resulting from residential services in the United States.

(c) Commencing in the year 2003 and continuing through the year 2007, each Licensee making digital performances of sound recordings by nonexempt preexisting subscription services in accordance with the provisions of 17 U.S.C. 114(d)(2), and the making of ephemeral phonorecords in connection with the public performance of sound recordings by nonexempt preexisting subscription services in accordance with the provisions of 17 U.S.C. 112(e).

Note: The proposed rule is subject to approval by the Librarian of Congress, and the proposed rule the party finds objectionable. The proposed rule is subject to approval by the Librarian of Congress.
readings pursuant to 17 U.S.C. 114(d)(2) and ephemeral phonorecords pursuant to 17 U.S.C. 112(e) shall make an advance payment of $100,000 per year, payable no later than January 20th of each year; Provided, however, that for 2003, the annual advance payment shall be due on the 20th day following the month in which these rates and terms are published in the Federal Register notice as a final rule]. The annual advance payment shall be nonrefundable, but the royalties due and payable for a given year or any month therein under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section shall be recoupable against the annual advance payment for such year; Provided, however, that any unused annual advance payment for a given year shall not carry over into a subsequent year.

(d) A Licensee shall pay a late fee of 1.5% per month, or the highest lawful rate, whichever is lower, for any payment received after the due date. Late fees shall accrue from the due date until payment is received.

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5. Section 260.3 is amended as follows:

a. In paragraph (b), by removing “twenty-fifth” and adding “forty-fifth” in its place;

b. By revising paragraphs (d) and (e); and

c. By adding a new paragraph (f).

The additions and revisions to Sec. 260.3 read as follows:

Sec. 260.3 Terms for making payments of royalty fees.

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(d) The designated agent may deduct from any of its receipts paid by Licensees under Sec. 260.2, prior to the distribution of such receipts to any person or entity entitled thereto, the reasonable costs permitted to be deducted under 17 U.S.C. 114(g)(3); Provided, however, that the parties entitled to receive royalty payments according to the provisions set forth at 17 U.S.C. 114(g)(1) & (2) who have authorized a designated agent may agree to deduct such other costs agreed to by such other parties and the designated agent.

(e) Until such time as a new designation is made, SoundExchange, which initially is an unincorporated division of the Recording Industry Association of America, Inc., shall be the agent receiving royalty payments and statements of account and shall continue to be designated if it should be separately incorporated.

(f) A Licensee shall make any payments due under Sec. 260.2(a) for digital transmissions or ephemeral phonorecords made between January 1, 2002, and [last day of the month in which these rates and terms are published in the Federal Register as a final rule] 2003, to the Designated Agent, less any amounts previously paid by such period to the Recording Industry Association of America, Inc., or SoundExchange by [the 45th day fol-

loving the month in which these rates and terms are published in the Federal Register notice as a final rule].

6. Section 260.4 is amended as follows:

a. In paragraphs (a) and (b), by removing “nonexempt subscription digital transmission service” in each place it appears and adding “nonexempt preexisting subscription service” in its place; and

b. By revising paragraphs (d)(1) and (e).

The revisions to Sec. 260.4 read as follows:

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Sec. 260.4 Confidential information and statements of account.

* * * * *

(d)(1) Those employees, agents, consultants and independent contractors of the designated agent, subject to an appropriate confidentiality agreement, who are engaged in the collection and distribution of royalty payments hereunder and activities directly related hereto, who are not also employees or officers of a sound recording copyright owner or performing artist, and who, for the purpose of performing such duties during the ordinary course of employment, require access to the records; and

* * * * *

(e) The designated agent or any person identified in paragraph (d) of this section shall implement procedures to safeguard all confidential financial and business information, including, but not limited to royalty payments, submitted as part of the statements of account, using a reasonable standard of care, but no less than the same degree of security used to protect confidential financial and business information or similarly sensitive information belonging to the designated agent or such person.

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Sec. 260.5 [Amended]

7. Section 260.5(b) is amended by removing “nonexempt subscription digital transmission service” and adding “nonexempt preexisting subscription service” in its place.

Sec. 260.6 [Amended]

8. Section 260.6(g) is amended by removing “copyright owners”.

Sec. 260.7 [Amended]

9. Section 260.7 is amended by removing “the cost of the administration of the collection and distribution of the royalty fees” and adding “any costs deductible under 17 U.S.C. 114(g)(3)” in its place.