AIMED AT THE PRESIDENT.

Senator Sewell's Resolution Condemns His Course in the Venezuelan Matter.

It Defines Strongly What the Original Intention of the Monroe Doctrine Was.

CLEVELAND CARRIED IT TOO FAR.

The Result, the Senator Says, Would Be to Commit This Government to a Protectorate—The Resolution Tabled—House Proceedings.

Washington, Jan. 15.—In the Senate today Mr. Sewell's resolution on the Monroe doctrine was introduced and laid on the table temporarily. The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That the Monroe doctrine as originally propounded was directed to the special prevention of the threatened action of the allied powers in reference to the revolted colonies of Spain, and the occupation by way of colonization of any supposed derelict territory on this hemisphere.

2. That the question of resisting any acquisition of territory by conquest was limited, as stated by Mr. Webster, to cases in which, by reason of proximity, such acquisition would be dangerous to our safety and the integrity of our institutions.

3. That the true ground upon which the Monroe announcement was based, and upon which any similar position has been taken, rests for its justification upon what may be our interests and our interests only; and that neither by the Monroe doctrine nor any official declaration have we ever come under any pledge to any power or estate on this continent that binds us to act merely for their protection against invasion, or encroachment by any other power.

4. That when a case arises in which a European power proposes to acquire territory by invasion or conquest, it is then for us to determine whether our safety and our integrity demands that we shall resist such action by armed force if necessary.

5. That the Executive has pressed the Monroe doctrine beyond what was contemplated at the time of its announcement, and that the resultant sequence of the positions thus taken seems to be a committal of this Government to a protectorate over Mexico and the Central and South American States. That this would be most unwise and dangerous, and would violate the sound and well established policy that we should avoid all entangling alliances with foreign powers, whether they be European or American.

6. That this action was premature, looking to the history of the controversy and inopportune in view of the business and financial condition of the country.

7. That neither Congress nor the country can be, or has been committed by the action or position of the Executive Department in reference to the Venezuelan boundary controversy, as to the course to be pursued when the time shall have arrived for a final determination. It will then be our province and our duty to adopt such a line of policy and to take such action as may be then demanded by our sense of duty to the country, and by a due regard for its honor and dignity, the welfare and safety of our people and the integrity of our institutions.

AMERICANS IN TURKEY.

A resolution offered by Mr. Cullom was agreed to calling on the Secretary of State for information regarding the alleged detention by the Turkish Government of naturalized American citizens of the United States.

Mr. Hale spoke on his bill to facilitate the construction and maintenance of a telegraph cable to the Hawaiian Islands by guaranteeing the interest on the money actually expended. He urged that such a cable would, in effect, give notice to the world that the rests of the two Governments and peoples had become so close that all attempts at interference would cease.

Mr. Call offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of State for copies of dispatches of United States Consuls in Cuba relating to the war now carried on in that island, which was tabled.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

At the beginning of the proceedings of the House Mr. Grow sent to the clerk's desk to be read as the basis of a statement upon a question of privilege an extract from a pamphlet published by the New York Chamber of Commerce to the effect that Congress had refused to pay $400,000 for the seizure of Canadian sealers and found to be due by the Paris tribunal of arbitration, thereby preventing the Government from settling a debt which it was in honor bound to pay. On a point made by Mr. Crisp Speaker Reed ruled that it presented no question of privilege, but Mr. Grow succeeded in denouncing the publication as false.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs at its meeting to-day completed the consideration of none of the various matters referred to it for action. Chairman Hitt distributed several new resolutions among the several sub-committees, and some of them may be ordered reported to the House at the meeting next week.

SING SING CONVICTS AT A FIRE

The Prisoners Worked Bravely and Earned Warden Sage's Praise.

Sing Sing, N. Y., Jan. 16.—A fire started in the prison at 3 o'clock this afternoon in a building occupied by the hair picking industry and containing the dynamo used in electrocutions. The village fire department, assisted by the convicts, who acted splendidly, fought the fire for nearly two hours.

The Hollow Ware building and the Bay State Shoe and Leather Company's buildings at one time were threatened, but with the combined efforts of the fire department and convicts both were saved, the convicts acting like veterans. The cause of the fire is supposed to have been the overheating of the machine used for picking hair. The loss is about $5,000. The building is ruined, but the loss on stock is small, as the manufactured stock had been removed from this building to another this morning.

Warden Sage was very much pleased with the behavior and work of the convicts.

THE MEKONG DISPUTE SETTLED

Treaty Signed in Paris Between the Representatives of France and England.

Paris, Jan. 16.—A treaty was signed yesterday by representatives of Great Britain and France, settling the Mekong dispute. Each power agreed upon the Mekong River as the boundary of British and French territory from the north of Siam to the frontier of China, and that the Upper Mekong in Siam shall be the sole buffer between the territories of the two powers.

The question of a buffer state was eliminated from the controversy.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Robert B. Clapp obtained from Justice Pryor yesterday permission to take by commission the testimony of two witnesses in Elizabeth W. Tyng's suit for a divorce from Stephen H. Tyng.

The New York Life Insurance Company, executor of Jabez Bostwick's will, sued the Baptist Tabernacle yesterday to compel the execution of a bond and mortgage for $23,400, loaned by the testator.

Abel Crook, one of the executors, was the sole witness at yesterday's hearing of the contest over the will of John B. Haskin, the Tammany Tuscarora, who left the bulk of his $1,000,000 estate to his son, John B. Haskin, Jr. He described wills executed prior to the one offered for probate.

John Palmieri must be produced in Special Term of the Supreme Court by the Warden of Ludlow Street Jail to-day on a writ of habeas corpus issued yesterday by Justice Pryor. Justice Bolte, of the Second District Court, committed Palmieri, who is a lawyer, for having abstracted a paper from the evidence in a case. Palmieri says he took the paper by mistake.

Samuel Needleman was before Justice Pryor yesterday on a writ of habeas corpus procured by his father, who sought his release from the Ward's Island Insane Asylum. Young Needleman said he was insane, but was recovering gradually and wished to stay on the Island until thoroughly cured. Dr. Macy testified that the young man had been afflicted with religious mania, but was convalescent. He said it would be dangerous to discharge Samuel just now, so His Honor sent the boy back to the asylum.

THEY WILL SUE GLEASON.

Dismissed Policemen to Ask the Courts to Compel the Battle-Axe Mayor to Reinstate Them.

The eleven police officers who lost their positions on the Long Island City force last Tuesday night, when Mayor Gleason, through his newly appointed Police Commissioners, swung his battle-axe, have decided to appeal to the courts for reinstatement. They have retained Louis Grant to bring the action.

During the month of December the old Board of Police Commissioners appointed twelve probationary policemen. At the meeting of the new Board held Tuesday night, eleven of these men were summarily dismissed on the grounds that their appointment was contrary to the civil service laws, and also for economical reasons. At the same meeting Chief of Police Woods was practically reduced to a captaincy.

Woods, in speaking of the dismissal of the probationary policemen, said that each one had passed the civil service examinations, according to law. They had purchased uniforms and overcoats, and were dismissed before their terms of probation had expired. They say the real reason is because they were opposed to Gleason at the last election.

Lawyer Grant, who is suing Mayor Gleason for $50,000 damages for Captain Woods, and has also been retained by Captain Darcey and several other men who were reduced, stated that he would serve a notice on the Police Commissioners today to reinstate the dismissed patrolmen. If the men are not reinstated by Monday, proceedings will be commenced against Mayor Gleason and his Police Board in the Queens County Supreme Court to compel their reinstatement.

MRS. HARTELL CONVICTED.

The Elderly Brothel Keeper to Be Sentenced on Monday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hartell was convicted of keeping a disorderly house at No. 70 Eldridge street in Part III. of the General Sessions, yesterday. The jury took only one ballot. At the request of Lawyer Levy sentence was postponed until Monday.

When the trial was resumed in the morning Mrs. Hartell took the stand again. She looked as though she had passed a sleepless night in the Tombs.

Dr. T. N. Holden, whose name has been mentioned so frequently during the trial, had been subpoenaed, but at the last minute it was decided not to call him as a witness. During the trial it has been brought out that Dr. Holden is being sued for divorce by his wife, who names Mrs. Hartell as the co-respondent. It has also leaked out that Samuel Peyser, a United States marshal, well known on the East Side as a politician, lived in the convicted woman's house, and that his name was associated with Mrs. Hartell's when her husband sued for divorce.

The only testimony given by the woman yesterday was to explain about her divorce from her husband, whose name was Ruder. She said that he took liberties with all the servants in her house, and she finally got tired of paying women money not to appear in court against him. They talked the matter over, she said, and then they agreed to a divorce.

With that the defence rested, and Mr. Levy summed up the case. During his speech he said that he had not called Dr. Holden because the District-Attorney was too anxious to cross-examine him in order to obtain for Mrs. Holden material for her divorce suit. Mr. O'Hare, for the prosecution, presented the people's side of the case.

WILL TALK ON FRENCH ART.

Miss Rose Kingsley, Lecturer, Reaches Here from Liverpool on the Germanic.

Miss Rose Kingsley, who intends to deliver private lectures in this country on the subject of French art, was a saloon passenger on the White Star steamer Germanic, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool. Miss Kingsley is above medium height, decided brunette, with dark eyes, coal black hair, and is possibly thirty years old. Her face expresses strong determination.

The lectures, she said, would be illustrated with etchings and photogravures, and they will be delivered in private houses wherever she has an engagement. Her tour will include Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago. In New York Miss Kingsley will be the guest of Mrs. Henry Oothout, at 151 West Twelfth street.

Captain C. Colley, whose vessel, the bark Belle O'Brien, was wrecked in the North Atlantic in November last, was also a passenger on the Germanic. The captain, who was accompanied by his wife, declined to discuss the loss of his vessel, or to say anything about his future plans.

Other passengers on the Germanic included Mr. H. B. Claflin, D. B. Brandreth, Joseph Carew, E. J. Power and R. C. Campbell Renton.

SAMMON HELD FOR MURDER.

The Buffalo Policeman Hears the Charge with His Usual Coolness.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The Grand Jury of the Supreme Court, Criminal Term, has reported an indictment against Patrolman Michael Sammon, charging him with murder in the first degree for the killing of Sergeant Timothy Cantlin early on Sunday morning last.

Sammon was taken into court at 10:30 o'clock, and the indictment read to him. He displayed the same coolness that has characterized his acts since the crime was committed, and when asked how he pleaded, he answered in firm tones "Not guilty."

Eugene M. Ashley appeared for Sammon and stated to the Court that his partner, Tracy E. Becker, being absent, no decision has yet been reached as to whether they would act as counsel for the prisoner, and requested a stay until Monday, when their decision would be announced. The Court granted the request and Sammon was led back to jail.

Election of Surface Road Directors.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Forty-second Street, Manhattanville and St. Nicholas Avenue Railway Company, held at No. 118 East Forty-second street, yesterday, the Third Avenue road was well represented among the directors elected.

They were as follows: Henry Hart, Silvanus S. Riker, Robert George Remsen, Robert W. Taller, John E. Parsons, Edward Lauterbach, Abraham Ayres, William H. Webb, Emanuel Townsend, Charles Remsen, Henry Iden and Albert J. Ellias. The inspectors elected were Leopold D. Mayer, E. Ritzema De Grove and Leopold Kayser.

OBITUARY.

Wilmington, Del., Jan. 16.—N. B. Smithers, ex-Secretary of State, died at his home in Dover this morning. He had also represented Delaware in Congress.

Akron, O., Jan. 16.—Newell North, inventor of the gimlet-pointed screw in common use everywhere, died at the County Infirmary yesterday. Study on other inventions made him crazy.

Hartford, Conn., Jan. 16.—John Abbey Burnham, a prominent resident of East Hartford, died this morning from concussion of the brain, brought on by a fall. He was seventy-eight years old, was born in East Hartford, and was a lineal descendant of Thomas Burnham, who settled there in 1635.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Mrs. Martha E. Holden, better known to the world of newspaper readers as "Amber," died at St. Luke's Hospital early this morning from the effects of an operation for cancer. Mrs. Holden was one of the most brilliant and versatile writers of this city and was well known all over the country. She was born in Harford, N. Y., about forty-two years ago.

Washington, Jan. 16.—News was received here to-day that Thomas C. Hannum, a well-known Washington correspondent and recently United States Treasury Agent at El Paso, Tex., died this morning at Conshohocken, Pa., of consumption. He was the compiler of the Democratic Campaign Handbook of 1888, and was well known throughout the country from his political writings.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 16.—A. W. Bennett, Superintendent of Pittsburg Parks, died early this morning. Typhoid fever was the cause. Mr. Bennett was thirty-one years of age. His parents reside at Flatbush, L. I. He was a member of the National Florists' Society and president of the Western Pennsylvania Florists' and Gardeners' Club.

CRITTENTON'S MISSIONS.

This Gospel Car Rolling on to the Rescue of Fallen Humanity—In Memory of His Daughter.

C. N. Crittenton's hope, cherished more than a decade, is now about fulfilled. There is a line of Florence Crittenton missions, veritable "lighthouses for the erring," extending clear across the continent. Mr. Crittenton has just written from Leadville, Col., where he is, stating that the homes of refuge bearing his daughter's name now number twenty-four. They are built in several States and many cities.

The most costly marble mausoleum in the cemeteries around New York seems inexpensive when compared with the memorial erected in Woodlawn by the millionaire druggist in memory of the sweet little girl who died nearly fourteen years ago.

In the entire list of missions there is not one that is more than partly self-supporting. Mr. Crittenton spends his entire time and income in maintaining them.

STRONG HOLD ON THE PEOPLE.

A few of the missions established have been closed for one reason or another in the thirteen years of work, but others have been opened in their stead and there has been steady growth in the great movement. Recently the mission at Gloversville was discontinued, but almost immediately new

Florence Crittenton.

The daughter of whom C. N. Crittenton was bereft fourteen years ago. Since her death he has devoted his life and fortune to establishing missions for the rescue of wayward humanity.

(Drawn from a photograph.)

missions threw open their doors at Williamsport and Harrisburg, Pa. The work has a tremendous hold on the people, as is indicated by the establishment of these refuge homes in the absence of Mr. Crittenton in the West. Principal among the missions now offering friendly shelter to any poor soul seeking help are the ones in New York City, Philadelphia, Trenton, Scranton, Pittsburg, Baltimore, Atlanta, Chicago, Denver, San Francisco and Los Angeles. There are missions in Washington, Boston, Nashville, Fargo, Norfolk, Oakland, Cal., and other smaller towns. All of them find noble work to do and all of them are patterned after the "mother" mission on Bleecker street.

THE GOSPEL CAR.

In his work as an evangelist Mr. Crittenton has found it necessary to travel almost all the time. Lately he has been using his "Gospel car," holding meetings in it while at stations too small to afford a hall. This car was once rifled by a pretended convert, who has since been sent to the penitentiary. Such accidents do not discourage the philanthropist. He expects many of those he is trying to help to fall, but is sufficiently satisfied with the aggregate progress made.

"Often I am asked," writes Crittenton, "'Can the fallen be saved and do they stand?' My answer to any such is, if when C. N. Crittenton, down by the swelling of Jordan, and realizing that he is soon to be in another world, can repeat from his heart the words, 'I'll be there,' it is good enough for me."

It is such spirit as this that keeeps the man of walth at his task. He is soon to be on his way to California, and expects to keep on laboring for the fallen the rest of his life.

IOWA HAS A NEW GOVERNOR.

Francis M. Drake Inaugurated as the State's Chief Executive.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 16.—Francis Marion Drake was inaugurated Governor of Iowa in the rotunda of the Capitol building this morning, in the presence of thousands of spectators and both branches of the General Assembly. Seated on the stage were Chief Justice Rothrock, Speaker Byers, of the House; ex-Governor Jackson, ex-Lieutenant-Governor Dungan, General Drake, Lieutenant-Governor Parrot, Senator Allison and General J. S. Clarkson.

The exercises commenced about noon, and upon the administration of the oath of office by the Chief Justice, Governor Drake delivered his inaugural address. To-night a reception was held in the Governor's rooms by the retiring and incoming Executives.

Fire in the Country Club.

Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 16.—The fashionable Country Club's quarters were visited by fire early this morning, and nearly destroyed. Although beyond the city's jurisdiction, the Fire Department responded and subdued the flames. Janitor Salsbury was almost suffocated. The damage will not exceed $300.

W. C. T. U. Selects San Francisco.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Announcement was made this morning that the committee of officers of the National Women's Christian Temperance Union, appointed to select a location for the next national convention, has decided to accept the invitation from San Francisco.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

John W. Browne has been appointed receiver for Elise Roch, dealer in wines and liquors, at No. 434 Sixth avenue, on the application of Harry Held.

F. Havek & Co., manufacturers of furniture, at No. 619 Tenth avenue, yesterday confessed judgment for $7,993 to Lawrence B. Lynch for money loaned.

Alfred Shellhase, dealer in musical boxes, at No. 329 Fourth avenue, and made an assignment yesterday to Augustus C. Fransioli, giving preferences for $1,437, the largest being to M. J. Paillard & Co.

Judgment for $20,036 was entered yesterday against Lewis Edwards, of No. 12 West Twenty-third street, in favor of Robert Lenox Belknap, for balance due on a note of $50,000, made on March 24, 1888, payable one year from date.

The Widmer-Stigler Music Publishing Company, of No. 131 West Forty-second street, applied to Judge Pryor yesterday for a voluntary dissolution of the company, and the order to show cause was set down for April 17. The liabilities are $3,525; assets, not stated.

Louis A. Lehman was yesterday appointed receiver of the Home Tablet Company, manufacturer of medicine tablets at No. 127 West Thirty-second street, by Judge Truax, on the application of the directors for a voluntary dissolution of the company. Liabilities, $7,124; nominal assets, $7,407; actual assets, about $3,700.

Deputy Sheriff Whorlskey has received an attachment against Louis Hirsch, dealer in clothing at Passaic, N. J., from Goldsmith & Doherty, for $940. He was formerly in the clothing business at No. 111 Bleecker street, this city, and went to Passaic about six months ago. The attachment is directed against his half interest in real estate at No. 436 East One Hundred and Twenty-third street.

John F. Quayle has been appointed receiver of rents of No. 314 West Sixty-ninth street, a tenement house, said to be occupied by colored people, in a suit brought by Clement March to foreclose mortgage for $12,000. John C. Muller is declared to be the owner of the premises, but could not be found to be served with the summons. He is said to be in Kalamazoo, Mich., and it was stated that he is wanted at the District-Attorney's office, having executed various recognizances which have been forfeited.

Deputy Sheriff Butler has received a writ of replevin against George Hamilton, in favor of the Vereinigte Strohstoff Fabriken, of Saony, Germany, to recover $17,000 worth of straw pulp. He was their agent here for seven years, but was succeeded by Harry O. Bateman on October 17, 1894, and declined to give up the pulp, claiming a lien on it for $2,600 commissions. The Sheriff levied upon the pulp, which he found in several storage warehouses.

MRS. PIERSON'S PLIGHT.

Arrested for Maintaining a Disorderly House, She Denies the Charge.

Gerry Agents Accuse Her of Selling Liquor, High Kicking and Immodest Posing.

HER MANY FRIENDS DEFEND HER.

They Declare That a Grievous Mistake Has Been Made and That She Is a Refined Woman and Devoted Mother.

Mrs. Annie M. Pierson, a handsomely dressed and well-educated woman about thirty years old, was arraigned before Magistrate Wentworth, in the Harlem Police Court, yesterday, charged with maintaining a disorderly house at No. 301 St. Nicholas avenue. Mrs. Pierson occupied the first flat in a handsome brownstone house immediately opposite Convent Hill.

Her friends in Harlem, and she appears to have a great many, are strong in their belief that a mistake has been made, as she has always been regarded as a woman of irreproachable character. Her husband is a travelling salesman in the employ of a large toy house and is at present in Colorado. Mrs. Pierson has two beautiful children, Frank, aged ten, and Florence, aged eight. The family resided for six years on One Hundred and Thirtieth street and for four years on One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street. The landlords of both places speak of her in the highest terms.

GERRY AGENT'S CHARGE.

Thomas H. Agnews, of the Gerry Society, made the complaint in the case. In his affidavit he swears that he visited the flat on three separate occasions. The first time was on January 6, when Mrs. Pierson smoked cigarettes, sold him liquor and performed some high kicking, which he describes in minute detail. He called again on January 9 with Agent Theodore Diederich, when the incidents which characterized the first visit were repeated, he says, and a Mrs. Burr introduced.

The third visit, he alleges, was marked by the purchase of many rounds of drinks and dancing, during which the ladies vied with each other in immodest posing.

When the arrest was made Benjamin Loutrel, a salesman, forty-six years old, was found in the place and was also locked up. He is a nephew of the late Millionaire George Loutrel, who was killed by falling from the window of a hotel in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street. He is a well-known figure in Harlem and characterized the arrest as an outrage. Magistrate Wentworth promptly discharged him, as there was no charge against him.

Mrs. Pierson appeared in court in a rich attire of black silk, with a gray chinchilla coat and a hat trimmed with ostrich plumes. Her two children were also richly dressed. Lawyer D. A. Van Cott appeared for the defendant and requested a postponement to January 20, which was granted. Mrs. Pierson was placed under $500 bail, which was furnished by Augustus Frey, a real estate agent, of No. 150 East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street. The children were committed to the care of the Gerry Society pending the result of the examination.

Mrs. Pierson denied in every detail the statements of the Gerry agents, and says she cannot imagine what prompted them to prefer the charge. She telegraphed to her husband yesterday to return here at once. Agent Agnew says a complaint was lodged with the society some months ago by neighbors of Mrs. Pierson, who resided on One Hundred and Thirtieth street, and he has since that time been endeavoring to secure evidence against her.

Several persons who were seen yesterday speak of her in the highest terms as a woman devotedly attached to her children. They attend the One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street school and are always well behaved and handsomely dressed. Mrs. Pierson comes from an eminently respectable family up the State and has been married twelve years. She attended the Presbyterian Church on One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, near Madison avenue, though she was not a member.

BURKHARD'S PLUCKY RESCUE.

Climbed Down the Arch of the Bridge and Saved a Man from Drowning.

New Rochelle, Jan. 16.—Baggage Master Joseph Burkhard, of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, who is a resident of New Rochelle, bravely rescued a man from drowning last evening. Burkhard's train leaves the Grand Central Depot at 5:15 o'clock, and when the engine reached Pelham Bridge, twenty minutes later, last evening, the signal was given to stop at the entrance of the bridge over Pelham Bay. Burkhard saw a man struggling in the water in the stream below and shouting for help, and he climbed down the arch of the bridge to his rescue. He succeeded in getting him to the shore after a hard struggle and he was sent to the Harlem Hospital in an ambulance.

The drowning man, a Turk, had attempted to cross the bay on the ice, which gave way, precipitating him into the water.

AXE VERSUS GUN—GUN WON.

Hired Man Attacks a Farmer Near Albion, N. Y., and Is Shot Through the Lungs.

Albion, N. Y., Jan. 16.—A shooting affray took place last evening at the home of Wright Lattin, an elderly farmer, living just south of this village. Mr. Lattin lived alone with a hired man, Eugene Wood, who, it is alleged, had threatened his life many times.

Last night a quarrel took place, and Wood set upon the old man with an axe. Mr. Lattin fired in self-defence and shot Wood in the lungs. He will probably die.

Family Stricken with Diphtheria.

Jamaica, Jan. 16.—Mr. and Mrs. Lockwood Baylis, prominent residents of Springfield, near here, are lying at the point of death with malignant diphtheria. Three of their children died from the disease last night, and the death of Mr. and Mrs. Lockwood is expected at any hour.

CURRENCY INADEQUATE.

Comptroller Eckels Discusses the Financial System of the United States at a Chicago Banquet.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—At the banquet of the real estate men here this evening Comptroller Eckels made a brief address. He said that in no nation is there to be found a currency in any financial system so inadquate for the purposes to be accomplished as that of the United States. It presents in its circulation feature the singular spectacle of nine different kinds of currency, all except two being directly or indirectly dependent upon the credit of the United States.

"The Treasury Department established by it is the greatest banking institution in the land clothed with the least powers for self-preservation and beneficial action," he continued. "One statute requires the Secretary of the Treasury to redeem the legal tender notes in coin on presentation, and another compels him to pay them out that they may return again and again for redemption.

"Designing to have the banks created under it and subject to governmental supervision to supply the currency needs of the country, it still insists on competing with them in their note issuing function, and prevents, through tax and other barriers which it erects, their attaining the very end for which they were brought into being.

"The legal tender issues of the Government ought and must be redeemed and retired, if the American people are to be rid of the recurring danger and loss arising from their being a part of our currency issues.

"It is asserted that when the revenue of the Government exceed the necessary expenditures bond issues will cease and no further trouble follow. The difficulty, however, goes beyond the question of revenge and touches the vital point in trenching upon the confidence of those dealing with us in our ability to always pay these obligations in gold.

"Complete confidence cannot be restored by simply increasing the Government income, but even if it could there would be no guarantee against future impairment of it through the same cause. There is but one road to absolute safety, and that lies through their payment and cancellation."

WOOED OVER A TELEPHONE.

Prosch Was Charmed by Miss De Leon's Voice as She Answered "Hello."

There was a happy sequel to a telephone courtship on Monday evening, when a young couple were married in St. Michael's Church, on Ninth street, Jersey City. The bride, Miss Minnie De Leon, has been living with her uncle and aunt in a pretty cottage close by the church, and the young groom, Charles Prosch, is connected with a newspaper reporters' bureau at Police Headquarters in this city.

In the course of his duties Prosch has held frequent conversations with Miss De Leon over the telephone, and these led to meetings, and the courtship which ended in marriage. A wedding reception was given by Mr. and Mrs. Prosch at their future home, No. 311 Ninth street, Jersey City.

Landlord Boehm Met Instant Death.

Herman Boehm, proprietor of the Southfield House, New Dorp, S. I., was instantly killed on Wednesday evening in Tompkinsville. Boehm was driving near the railroad track, when his horse took fright and ran away, and he was thrown down an embankment upon the tracks and was struck and crushed by the engine of a passenger train. Boehm was well-known on Staten Island, and was formerly the proprietor of a hotel in West Houston street, this city.

Hundreds of Men and Women Stop Work.

Pittsburg, Jan. 16.—Thre hundred and eighty men and two hundred and fifty women, employes of the Westinghouse Electric Company, in East Pittsburg, were notified this morning of a 25 per cent reduction in their wages. At noon they decided that the reduction was unjust, since for some time they have been able to make only half time, and quit work in a body. It is rumored that wage reductions in other departments will be ordered to-morrow, and that the one thousand men affected will also refuse to continue work.

COTTOLENE.

FRY it in Cottolene

Fry your food in Cottolene instead of lard and it will be free from that greasiness and "richness" so distressing to dyspeptics; the flavor will be delicious instead of rancid, and your food will *do you good*. Put it in a cold pan, heating it with the pan. Cottolene reaches the cooking point much quicker than lard—care should therefore be taken not to overheat it. Follow these instructions—you will never use lard again.

Genuine Cottolene has trade-marks—"*Cottolene*" and *steer's head in cotton-plant wreath*—on every tin. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, and Produce Exchange, New York.

Diffuse Help!

In this way. When you see how Pearline has helped you, tell others and let it help them. Where a woman is trying to do housework in the old, hard-working, rubbing way, it's actual charity to tell her about Pearline. Perhaps she uses it for scrubbing, washing dishes, etc., but can't believe that in washing clothes it can save so much work and wear without doing harm.

Your personal experience might convince her. That would help Pearline, to be sure—but think how much more it would help her, by saving time and strength and real money.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled; If your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—*send it back.* 446 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

A NEW SONG

By Harry S. Miller

WITH

NEXT SUNDAY'S JOURNAL.

Full Music Folio Size, with Beautiful Cover Design by Wechler, executed in Eight Colors.

The Scores of Interesting Features

That will go to make up the 32-Page Sunday Journal

Will Be Announced Later.

DON'T WAIT,

however, but tell your newsdealer to-day that you want it. The Sunday Journal is always sold out to the last copy, and if you do not order it in advance you are not likely to get it. The reason for its extraordinary sale is that it is

BETTER THAN THE BEST

AND

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

It costs, with Beautiful Music Supplement,

ONLY 3 CENTS.

SOCIETY'S CINDERELLA DANCE

The Second of the Series Given at Sherry's Last Night.

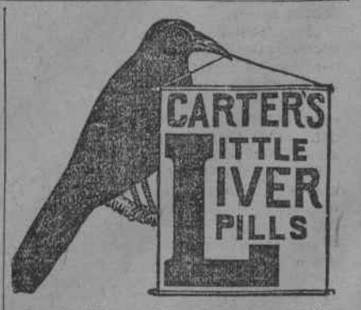
The second of the popular Cinderella dances was given at Sherry's last night. Mrs. John S. Barnes, Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. Frederic R. Jones, Mrs. Joseph H. Choate and Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes received the guests.

Small tables were arranged in the ball room after the dancing, where supper was served.

The cotillion was led by Mr. L. F. H. Betts. There was one favor figure in which fans were provided for the girls and orders for the men.

Among the dancers were Miss Charlotte A. Barnes, Miss Cornelia Barnes, Miss Edith S. Barnes, Miss Adee, Miss Louise Robb, Miss E. Hoffman, Miss Eunice Ives, Miss Stokes, Miss Una Soley, Miss Sibyl Sherman, Miss Marie Winthrop, Miss De Peyster, Miss Delafield, Miss Katherine Duer, Miss Elsie Clews, Miss Daisy Post, Miss Edith Knowlton, Mr. James Barnes, Mr. Sanford Barnes, Mr. George Adee, Mr. George Blagden, Jr., and Mr. Dexter Blagden.

The third and last of the Cinderella dances will be given on Thursday, February 6. They are under the patronage of Mrs. Charles T. Barney, Mrs. John S. Barnes, Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Mrs. James B. Cross, Mrs. Walter Cutting, Mrs. Francis Delafield, Mrs. Frederic De Peyster, Mrs. J. Montgomery Hare, Mrs. George Hoffman, Mrs. Brayton Ives, Mrs. Frederic R. Jones, Mrs. Edward King, Mrs. John Alsop King, Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor, Mrs. H. B. Livingston, Mrs. George Macculloch Miller, Mrs. George H. Morgan, Mrs. John E. Parsons, Mrs. Alfred Pell, Mrs. Charles Phelps, Mrs. Charles A. Post, Mrs. J. Hampden Robb, Mrs. William Watts Sherman, Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes, Mrs. Robert Sturgis, Mrs. Thomas Wren Ward, and Mrs. Stanford White.



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Waitresses Fled From Fire.

When the 12 o'clock diners were rushing into Dennett's Fourteenth street restaurant yesterday, a lamp exploded on the third floor, occupied as the sleeping rooms of the Florence Home for Working Girls. A number of the waitresses were dressing in the rooms at the time, and ran screaming downstairs into the street. The firemen soon put out the blaze, which had caused but little damage.