lar institutions 110.5 for considerable sums. The syndicate may be able to retail its allotment at a few decimal points profit, but what worries us is to decide which of the applicants deserves the more to be canonized—the man who was willin g to give 119 for the bonds, or the rival who thought he could get them at par."

The Times has not a word upon the subject of the bidding for the bonds.

WAITED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Now in Middle Life, Her Father Being Dead, Mary Passmore Weds James E. Watkis.

For fifteen long years residents of Hammonton, N. J., have been waiting for a wedding to take place. It came night before last, and the townspeople crowded the church to suffocation, and then crowded about the home of the bride after the reception and wished her happiness.

Fifteen years is a long time, but it was not too long for Miss Mary Passmore to wait for James E. Watkis, and now in middle life they go to the beautiful home he long years ago prepared for her on Middle Road, a few miles from the business centre.

The stern old father of the bride had opposed the marriage during all the fifteen years. Friends and kinsfolk went to him and pleaded for Watkis, who is rich and well thought of in the town, but it was all in vain. He would not budge an inch.

The couple tried to defy him. They sent out announcement cards several times, but the daughter could not look into the parental eye and decide to quit all her father's displeasure meant, and so she waited.

Three weeks ago the old man died. A week later the cards were out announcing the wedding. The townspeople knew the story, and rejoiced with the happy pair. The knot was tied by the Rev. W. Prescott, rector of the Episcopal Church, and the bridal couple settled yesterday in their country home.

MACEO REPORTED SAFE.

He Got Safely Out of the Trap Which the Spanish General Luque Prepared for Him.

A cipher dispatch sent to the Rodrigues faction of the Cuban party in this city last night states that Maceo and his main army of nearly 8,000 men got safely out of the trap which the Spaniards under General Luque had laid to keep him and his command hemmed in at the extreme west end in Pinar del Rio, by engaging the Spaniards with his rear guard in one direction while he drew his army out of danger in another direction.

Maceo sent his rear guard of over a thousand mounted men to the southwestern part of Pinar del Rio province, and led the Spanish a chase in that section, while the main army and Maceo passed to the north of Vinales in the mountains.

While sensational dispatches were being sent to the acting Governor-General in Havana from the military stations at Cristobal and the city of Pinar del Rio, telling how helpless Ma[illegible] in the trap, with the Spanish [illegible] one side and the [illegible] on the other, Maceo and his men [illegible] slipping eastward toward the province of Havana.

According to the news contained in the dispatch, all the fighting of the past few days in the southern part of the province has been with Maceo's rear guard only, and has little significance.

TO BLOW UP THE DOCTOR.

Portuguese Anarchists Throw a Bomb at a Hated Physician's House—Much Damage Done—Ten Arrests.

Lisbon, Feb. 5.—A bomb was thrown last evening at the house of the doctor who had certified to the insanity of the Anarchist who on January 30 threw a stone at King Charles as the King was driving in an open carriage.

The house was considerably damaged.

Ten arrests have been made in connection with the bomb throwing.

DR. SCHMERBER'S DIVORCE.

A New Yorker Secures an Absolute Divorce in Oklahoma.

Perry, Okla., Feb. 5.—F. Schmerber, who is the chief engineer of the Ball Engine Company, of New York City, sued his wife, Nellie Schmerber, for divorce in the courts here and was granted a decree to-day. Schmerber first met his wife in New Orleans, and they were married in San Francisco in 1883. Schmerber accepted a position with the Pierce & Miller Engineering Company, of No. 26 Cortlandt street, New York, and made his home at the residence of Louis Poncet, No. 269 West Twenty-fourth street.

Schmerber swore that he had been absent from home much of the time, and while he was away his wife became infatuated with other men. On one occasion he was away for over two months, and his wife sold all the household furniture and took a trip to Europe with a young man. She spent nearly a year abroad, and returned after having secured money from Schmerber's father in Paris, the elder Schmerber not having been apprised of her perfidy. When her means gave out the woman returned in tears and besought Schmerber to take her back, but he refused, and commenced an action for divorce.

THEIR GOLDEN JUBILEE.

It Extended from Their Wedding Anniversary Into the Flatbush Police Court.

James Rogers, who is seventy years old, and his wife, celebrated their golden wedding a few days ago at No. 661 Washington avenue, Brooklyn. After the jubilee the couple started on a supplementary celebration, and they ventured too far from home.

A policeman arrested the couple and brought them before Judge Steers yesterday.

"Now, be aisy, Judge," said Rogers; "ye see we celebrated our golden wedding and got a bit jolly."

"A better man never lived," said Mrs. Rogers.

"And me wife is a jewel of a woman," said the old man. Justice Steers discharged the old folks.

"A better Judge never sat on a bench," exclaimed the couple as they marched out of court.

THREATEN TO MOB AHLWARDT

Hoboken Hebrews Aroused by the Announcement That He Will Speak.

The Hebrews of Hoboken, N. J., are stirred up over the announcement that Herr Ahlwardt is to speak Thursday night at Schoch's Hall. Mr. Ahronberg, prominent in that city, and Charles Cohn, standard bearer of the Jewish Democratic Club, with several others of the club, went before Acting Mayor Timken yesterday and asked him to stop the agitator from speaking.

Mr. Timken told them that he could not do so. It is said that if Ahlwardt speaks he will be mobbed. The police will be on hand in case of any disturbance.

GOLD BY THE HALF BILLION.

Continued from First Page.

$76,000,000 at a fixed price of 110.075, which next about 3⅝ per cent, and an additional $10,000,000 at a lower figure.

The number of small bids was quite remarkable. The fifty-dollar offers ran up into the hundreds, and at fairly good prices, and over one thousand small banks and private individuals made offers at the highest rates of acceptability, the amounts bid for ranging from $500 up to $8,000 or $9,000. The offers by the classes of small bidders below the 110 and a fraction limit, which seems to shut off the issue, were still more numerous. An encouraging feature in these offers was that so many of those of large amount, ranging in many cases up to one or more millions of dollars, came from fiduciary institutions, which thereby indicated that they had a better outlet for their money than that offered by the United States bonds at the prices at which they will undoubtedly be awarded.

THE TREASURY OVERWHELMED.

The Treasury Department was simply overwhelmed by the enormous number of bids received, with fifteen expert clerks at work scheduling the bids at 6 o'clock to-night, they having worked incessantly since 8 o'clock this morning. One thousand two hundred bids remained unscheduled. They will be copied to-morrow.

It will take many hours of hard work to straighten out the tangle as to the bids received and the exact prices offered. In spite of the care exercised by the committee which opened the bids many unavoidable errors were maid in announcing the bids. As proof of this is may be mentioned that a number of the offers from prominent Eastern financial institutions, all apparently acting in concert, were read out as being at 110.75. This had progressed for some time when the correction was suggested by one of the parties in interest that all those bids were at 110.075. In future readings they were so announced. The offic[illegible] analysis of the figures will determine the result and this will be necessarily a week of great labor.

MORGAN SYNDICATE'S SHARE.

Comptroller Eckels said to-night that the "Morgan syndicate," as the combination represented by J. Pierpont Morgan is called, would get about 60 per cent of the entire loan of $100,000,000. He estimated that the bona fide bids at a price above that offered by Morgan would comprise about forty millions. There was, he said, only one thing for the Treasury to do after awarding bonds to the bidders offering them more than Morgan—that was, to sell the remainder to Morgan.

J. Pierpont Morgan, the head of the syndicate, was seen at the home of S. S. Howland to-night, and said:

"I believe that the bankers whom I represent will yet secure about one-half of the loan. A very large proportion of the small bidders have offered too low a premium and cannot receive consideration. I am very glad to testify to the success of the loan. It affords nobody more pleasure than myself."

"Charles R. McLean, of New York, was seen at the Arlington. As the legal representative of several bidders, he expressed the utmost delight with the outpouring of popular good-will.

Ex-Congressman Combs, of Brooklyn, said: "The result astounds me. I was prepared to see the loan fully subscribed for, but to find that it had been nearly six times bid for shows that the people of this country want a popular loan. In my judgment now is the time to build our great public improvements. After to-day's evidence I am satisfied that a bond of small denomination netting only 2½ per cent to the purchaser could be sold."

The bonds, which are redeemable in coin, will be issued in denominations of $50, or multiples of that sum, as may be desired by the bidders. Only United States gold or gold certificates will be received in payment of the bonds. Under the terms of the Secretary's circular calling for bids, the first payment of 20 per cent and accrued interest must be made upon receipt of notice of the acceptance of the bid. The remainder of the amounts bid may be paid in instalments of 10 per cent each and accrued interest at the end of each fifteen days thereafter.

Accepted bidders, however, are allowed to pay the whole amount of their bids at the time of the first instalment, or at any time previous to the maturity of the last instalment, provided that all previous instalments have been paid. The bonds will be dated February 1, 1895, to run thirty years from that time, and will, therefore, mature February 1, 1925.

HISTORY OF THE ISSUES.

The present issue of bonds is the fourth since February 1, 1894, all of them having been made ostensibly to maintain the Treasury gold reserve. The several issues have been: February, 1894, $50,000,000; November, 1894, $50,000,000; February, 1895, $62,315,400.

There were 238 separate bids received for the first loan of $50,000,000 5 per cent ten-year bonds. The prices at which they were awarded were as follows: Bonds at 117.223—Bid, $42,990,850; allotted, $40,704,700. Bonds at higher prices than 117.223, $9,295,300.

Under the second call for $50,000,000 five per cent, ten-year bonds, three hundred and ninety-four separate bids were received, as follows:

Amount of bids at 116.8898..... $50,000,000
Amount of bids below 116.8898. 61,776,100
Amount between 116.8898 and and 117.077..... 5,629,800
Amount at 117.077..... 50,000,000
Amount above 117.077..... 10,935,250

The bid of 117.077 was made "all or nothing" by a New York syndicate, and this bid was accepted. On February 8, 1895, the third issue of bonds was awarded under contract to the Morgan-Belmont syndicate. It was $62,315,400 four per cent, thirty-year bonds, and the price paid for them was 104.4009.

There is one phase of the subject which is worthy of consideration, as exemplyfying the American character. The patriotic ardor aroused by the President's message on the Venezuelan question has borne solid fruit in the proffers of money to sustain the Government credit. The attempt of English money holders and money lenders to create a panic in the United States by suddenly throwing Government securities back on this market, stirred a sentiment of patriotism that made its first response to-day.

THE BIDS.

The list of important bids is as follows:

At 110.50—First National Bank, Susquehanna, Pa., $20,000; People's National Bank, Marlboro, Mass., $10,000; Salathiel J. Hooper, $12,000; Bank of Charleston, S. C., $75,000; Old National Bank, Whitehall, N. Y., $10,000; Daniel M. Bonney, $10,000; Franklin County National Bank, Greenfield, Mass., $20,000; First Ward National Bank, Boston, $25,000; Hecht Bros. & Co., $50,000; Utica (N. Y.) National Bank, $29,000; Lynn (Mass.) Institution for Savings, $25,000; First National Bank, Concord, N. H., $20,000; Mahoney National Bank, Youngstown, Ohio, $20,000; Merchants' National Bank, Shenandoah, Pa., $25,000; National Bank of the Commonwealth, Boston, $100,000; Robert E. Glemisanning & Co., $100,000; Hecht Bros. & Co., $50,000; First National Bank, Owasna, N. Y., $50,000; Vermont National Bank, Brattleboro, $10,000; Cumberland National Bank, Bridgeton, N. J., $25,000; Second National Bank, Hoboken, N. J., $20,000; Doylestown (Pa.) National Bank, $10,000; Quinsigamond National Bank, Worcester, Mass., $10,000; National City Bank of Cleveland, $60,000; State Street Safety Deposit, Boston, $20,000; Auburn (N. Y.) Savings Bank, $25,000; National Phoenix Bank, Westerly, R. I., $15,000; National Bank of Westfield, N. Y., $20,000; Alfred G. Sager, $15,000; Camden (N. J.) Safe Deposit and Trust Company, $25,000; Lambertsville (N. J.) National Bank, $10,000; Citizens' National Bank, Knoxville, Tenn., $10,000; Merchants' Loan and Trust Company, Chicago, $100,000; Farmers' National Bank, Salem, Ohio, $25,000; Northern National Bank, Erie, Ohio, $25,000; Merchants' National Bank, Albany, $100,000; Manufacturers' National Bank, Baltimore, $25,000; Winthrop National Bank, Boston, $10,000; First National Bank, Ashland, Ohio, $10,000.

At 111—Williamsburg Savings Bank, Brooklyn, N. Y., $500,000; Phillip Main National Bank, $25,000; Big Sandy National Bank, Catlettsburg, Ky., $25,000; Packard National Bank, Greenfield, Mass., $25,000; Central National Bank, Greencastle, Ind., $25,000; Bradford, Pa., National Bank, $70,000; Exchange National Bank, Pittsburg, $50,000; Port Chester Savings Bank, New York, $10,000; Bank of Athens, Athens, Ohio, $11,000; Winthrop National Bank, Boston, $10,000; First National Bank, Waterloo, Ohio, $50,000; F. H. Almstedt, $10,000; First National Bank, Butte, Mont., $25,000; First National Bank, Pittsburg, $45,000; Elliott National Bank, Boston, $100,000; Lynn Safety Deposit and Trust Company, $50,000; Union National Bank, Pittsburg, $20,000; Equitable National Bank, Baltimore, $50,000; Northern Trust Company, Chicago, $100,000; Hecht Brothers & Co., $30,000; First National Bank, Bellville, Ills., $10,000; H. W. Lamberton, $30,000; Daniel M. Bonney, $13,000; Fidelity Title & Deposit Company, $55,000; National Bank of Newbury, Wells River, Vt., $20,000; Warren National Bank, Peabody, Mass., $20,000; First National Bank, Lurango, Iowa, $12,500; Eutaw Savings Bank, Baltimore, $30,000; Dispatch (Pa.) National Bank, $10,000; Brookline (Mass.) National Bank, $25,000; First National Bank, West Point, Neb., $12,000; Shelburne Falls (Mass.) Savings Bank, $10,000; Theodore W. Wiles, New York City, $50,000; National Bank of the Commonwealth, Boston, $100,000; First National Bank, Danville, Pa., $25,000; Quinsigamond National Bank, Worcester, Mass., $10,000; Union National Bank, Huntington, Pa., $50,000; Carl Van Wagner, $200,000; Medford (Mass.) Savings Bank, $25,000; Erie County Savings Bank, Buffalo, $250,000; Phoenix National Bank, Woonsocket, R. I., $20,000; National Tubs Bank, Monticello, N. Y., $25,000; Springfield (Mass.) Safety Deposit Trust Co., $20,400; Lynn (Mass.) Institution for Savings, $25,000; Camden (N. J.) Safe Deposit and Trust Co., $25,000; First National Bank, Newcastle, Pa., $10,000; Knoxville (Iowa) National Bank, $15,000; William M. Shoemaker, Boston, $18,000; Second National Bank, Danville, Ill., $25,000; First National Bank, Concord, N. H., $20,000; Providence Savings Bank, Baltimore, $20,000.

At 112¼—Catlettsburg, Ky., National Bank, $15,000; Bank of Charleston, H. B. A., Charleston, S. C., $25,000; Union National Bank, of Pittsburg, $10,000.

At 112.75—Robert E. Glendening, Philadelphia, $300,000.

At 112.78—Bank of California, San Francisco, $100,000.

At 113—Port Chester, N. Y., Savings Bank, $10,000; First National Bank, Cumberland, Md., $15,000; National Bank of Brookville, Pa., $10,000; New First National Bank, Meadville, Pa., $25,000; Warren National Bank, Peabody, Mass., $20,000; Baker Boyer National Bank, Walla Walla, Wis., $50,000; Jacob Harris, Boston, Mass., $75,000.

At 114—Trenton, N. J., Banking Company, $30,000; First National Bank of Helena, Ark., $10,000; First National Bank of Cadiz, Ohio, $20,000; First National Bank, Grafton, W. Va., $10,000; Nevada Bank, San Francisco, $100,000.

At 112.02—Ames B. McNairy, $15,000.

At 112.03—National Shoe and Leather Bank, Auburn, Me., $25,000.

At 112.10—F. H. McCormick, $15,000; Dime Savings and Banking Company, Cleveland, Ohio, $20,000; August W. Nichte, $100,000.

At 112.12—First National Bank, Fort Dodge, Iowa, $10,000; First National Bank, Portsmouth, N. H., $25,000; Amesbury National Bank, Amesbury, Mass., $10,000.

At 112.2—Germania Savings Bank, New Orleans, La., $25,000; Winthrop National Bank, of Boston, Mass., $10,000; F. G. Farrell, $1,000; National Bank of Newbury, Wells River, Vt., $30,000; National City Bank, Lynn, Mass., $20,000; First National Bank, Belleville, Ill., $10,000; Mrs. Dora Bearman, $10,000; First National Bank, Columbus, Miss., $20,000; Warren National Bank, Peabody, Mass., $20,000; Avery Horton, No. 70 Howard avenue, Utica, N. Y., $10,000; Jenkintown National Bank, Jenkintown, Pa., $10,000; American Exchange Bank, St. Louis, Mo., $50,000; Old Colony National Bank, Plymouth, Mass., $2,500; State Street Safe Deposit and Trust Co., Boston, $25,000; National Phenix Bank, R. I., $20,000; City National Bank, Springfield, Mass., $50,000; First National Bank, St. Augustine, Fla., $25,000; Union National Bank, Pittsburg, Pa., $20,000; First National Bank, Salem, Mass., $25,000; Wynne County Savings Bank, Honesdale, Pa., $20,250; Camden Safe Deposit and Trust Co., Camden, N. J., $25,000; First National Bank, Boston, Mass., $25,000; George H. Carlton, administrator, Haverhill, Mass., $10,000; Riggs & Co., Washington, D. C., $100,000; W. H. Albertson & Co., Boston, Mass., $400,000; National Bank of Commerce, Cleveland, O., $50,000; the Lamprecht Bros. Co., Cleveland, O., $100,000; No signature, Pittsburg, Pa., $25,000; T. J. Allison, Statesville, N. C., $10,000; Shelburne Falls National Bank, Shelburne Falls, Mass., $25,000; First National Bank of Concord, N. H., $20,000; William Wissemann, New York, $20,000; Fourth National Bank, Cadiz, O., $10,000; Harrison National Bank, Cadiz, O., $25,000; Stoneham National Bank, Mass., $10,000; Second National Bank, Cooperstown, N. Y., $30,000; Third National Bank, Louisville, Ky., $20,000; First National Bank, Litchfield, Ill., $15,000; First National Bank, Manhattan, Kan., $10,000; Littleton National Bank, N. H., $25,000; National Bank of Urbana, Ohio, $50,000; Schenevus National Bank, New York, $10,000; First National Bank, Shamokin, Pa., $50,000; J. Morris, $20,000; First National Bank, Hector, N. Y., $25,000; Adolph Silberstein, $30,000; Reading National Bank, Pennsylvania, $50,000; Boatmen's Bank, St. Louis, Mo., $105,500; Charleston National Bank, South Carolina, $25,000; Pacific National Bank, Nantucket, Mass., $10,000; First National Bank, Milltown, Pa., $19,000; Shamokin National Bank, Pennsylvania, $50,000; Bradford National Bank, Pennsylvania, $90,000; First National Bank, Wallingford, Conn., $20,000; First National Bank, Susquehanna Depot, Pa., $15,000; First National Bank, Ashland, O., $10,000; Exchange National Bank, Pittsburg, Pa., $30,000; First National Bank, Cumberland, Md., $15,000; Savings and Trust Company, Cleveland, O., $50,000; Taunton National Bank, Massachusetts, $20,000; Thomas E. Davis, $10,000.

At 110.13—The Union Savings Bank and Trust Company, Cincinnati, $20,000.

At 110.0064—O. L. Leland, Boston, $100,000.

At 110.02—Rhode Island Hospital and Trust Company, Providence, R. I., $300,000.

At 110.0002—Natick National Bank, Natick, Mass., $25,000.

At 110.0156—Irving W. Pollard and Abraham White, Boston, $200,000.

At 110.0030—A. White, $200,000.

At 110.03—Second National Bank, Toledo, O., $50,000.

At 110.61—O. L. Leland, Boston, $100,000.

At 110.51—Provident Institution for Savings in the Towns of Salisbury and Amsbury, Mass., $50,000; Winthrop National Bank, Boston, $100,000.

At 110.375—The Globe National Bank, Boston, $50,000; Third National Bank, Rockford, Ill., $25,000.

At 110.75—Essex Savings Bank, Boston, $100,000; Merchants' Loan and Trust Company, Chicago, $100,000; Nebraska National Bank, Omaha, Neb., $25,000; J. W. Pollard and Abraham White, Boston, $200,000.

At 110.0035—Merchants' National Bank, Lowell, Mass., $100,000.

At 110.27—People's National Bank, Pittsburg, Pa., $105,000.

At 110.1—National Union Bank, of Boston, $25,000; Union Savings Bank and Trust Company, Cincinnati, $50,000; Henry Pearce, Providence, R. I., $25,000; A. White, Boston, $100,000.

At 110.02—R. B. Sparry & Co., Baltimore, Md., $50,000; W. W. White, Boston, $200,000; Union Savings aBnk and Trust Co., Cincinnati, $50,000.

At 116.625—Lewis Dussenbury, $30,000.

At 116.6471—First National Bank, Pasadena, Cal., $25,000.

At 116.70—George H. Marsther, $10,000.

At 115—John Stich & Bro., $10,000; Nevada Bank of San Francisco, Cal., $200,000.

At 113.50—First National Bank, Grafton, W. Va., $10,000.

At 113.75—Albert Judson, $500,000.

At 114.05—The Bank of California, San Francisco, $50,000.

At 114.0509—First National Bank, Lewiston, Me., $15,000; German-American Savings Bank, Burlington, Iowa, $15,000; New Orleans National Bank, Louisiana, $100,000; First National Bank, Fresno, Cal., $100,000.

At 114.13—Sutro & Co., $100,000.

At 110.0205—Peter B. Rendan, $10,000.

At 113.06—Sutro & Co., $100,000.

At 113.125—C. F. A. Kerr, $150,000.

At 113.15—Maria W. Andacas, $12,000.

At 115.25—Nevada Bank of San Francisco, Cal., $100,000.

At 110.77—A. D. Easign, $90,000.

At 110.82—Merchants' Loan and Trust Company, Chicago, $100,000.

At 110.875—Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, $100,000.

At 110.84—Merchants' Loan & Trust Company, Chicago $100,000.

At 110.75—National Bank of Commonwealth, Boston, $100,000.

At 110.85—Farmers' National Bank, Webster City, Ia., $12,500.

At 111.50—Union National Bank, Macomb, $30,000; Suffolk Savings Bank for Seamen and Others, Boston, $200,000.

At 110.55—Oswego City Savings Bank, Oswego, N. Y., $10,000.

At 110.60—Second National Bank, Saginaw, Mich., $50,000; William Strachey, $100,000.

At 110.64—Merchants' Loan & Trust Company, Chicago, $150,000.

At 110.70—Lincoln National Bank, Boston, Mass., $200,000.

At 110.25—Charleston National Bank, West Va., $70,000; Alexander D. Forbes, $10,000; First National Bank, Belle Plain, Ia., $50,000; Boston Five-Cent Savings Bank, $200,000; Second National Bank, Winona, Minn., $50,000; First National Bank, Ticonderoga, N. Y., $10,000; National Bank of Troy, N. Y., $150,000; National Exchange Bank of Boston, $300,000; People's Trust & Savings Bank, $10,000; the Northern Trust Company, Chicago, $100,000; Tower-Giddings Company, Boston, $50,000; Fallkill National Bank, of Pougkeepsie, N. Y., $50,000; Isaac Sherrill, $100,000; W. R. Thompson & Company, $30,000; New Hampshire Savings Bank, Concord, N. H., $10,000; National Bank of Redemption, Boston, $50,000; National Bank of the Commonwealth, Boston, $100,000.

At 110.03—Ellenville Savings Bank, Ellenville, N. Y., $25,000; E. Salinger, $20,000.

At 110.05—Merchants' National Bank, Providence, R. I., $50,000; B. E. Tilden & Co., $100,000; Portland Trust Company, Portland, Me., $15,000.

At 112.80—State National Bank, Cleveland, O., $100,000; the Nevada Bank, San Francisco, $100,000; William B. Holden, $20,000.

At 112.804—The Lamprecht Bros. Company, $100,000.

At 112.50—George B. Baker, $10,000; The People's Bank of Lansingburg, N. Y., $10,000; Bank of Charleston, Charleston, S. C., $25,000; Albert W. Akers, $100,000; Winthrop National Bank, Boston, $10,000; First National Bank, Plattsburg, Mo., $12,500; National Exchange Bank of Steubenville, O., $20,000; the American Exchange Bank, St. Louis, Mo., $50,000; Quaker City National Bank, Philadelphia, $10,000; Worcester Five-Cent Savings Bank, Worcester, Mass., $15,000.

At 112.7815—First National Bank, Niles, Ohio, $40,000.

At 119.3229—Rufus R. Humphrey, $10,000; First National Bank, Fresno, Cal., $10,000.

At 110.15—Merchants' National Bank, Providence, R. I., $50,000.

At 110.51—Second National Bank, Allentown, Pa., $25,000.

At 112.7814—H. H. Powers, F. A. Serber, trustees, $10,000; People's Bank, Wilkesburre, Pa., $20,000; Alfred Dento, $25,000; Bangor Savings Bank, Bangor, Me., $20,000; Baxter National Bank, Rutland, Vt., $20,000; People's Trust Company, Brooklyn, N. Y., $100,000; Edwin J. Remick, $120,000; Woodstock National Bank, Woodstock, Vt., $10,000; First National Bank, Allegheny, Pa., $50,000.

At 110.15—The National Bank of Redemption, Boston, $145,000.

At 110.05—Emma Morganste, $10,000.

At 110.631—Merchants' National Bank, New Bedford, Mass., $100,000.

At 110.375—Rockford National Bank, Rockford, Ill., $26,000.

At 110.05—National Market Bank, Boston, $25,000.

At 110.125—National Bank of Oshkosh, Wis., $50,000; Sprague National Bank, Brooklyn, $50,000; Tower-Giddings Company, $25,000; Manufacturers' National Bank, Neenah, Wis., $15,000; Amesbury National Bank, Amesbury, Mass., $10,000; First National Bank, Fort Dodge, Ia., $10,000; First National Bank, Dexter, Me., $12,000; A. G. Verrinder, $10,000; Manufacturers' National Bank, Boston, $50,000; Isaac W. Sherrill, $100,000; the Littleton National Bank, New Hampshire, $60,000; Riggs & Co., $100,000; Edgerly & Crocker, $35,000.

At 110.31—Natick National Bank, Natick, Mass., $30,500; Howard National Bank, Boston, $25,000; National Bank of Northern Liberties, Philadelphia, $100,000.

At 110.3192—The Lamprecht Brothers Company, $100,000.

At 110.07—A. Ellasburg, $10,000.

At 110.39—People's National Bank, Waynesboro, Pa., $15,000; New Bedford Five Cent Savings Bank, Massachusetts, $110,000; National Bank of Commerce, $50,000; Citizens' National Bank, Cincinnati, Ohio, $300,000; Union Bank, of Jackson, Mich., $10,000; Albert W. Bee, $100,000; Hartford National Bank Connecticut, $100,000; Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, Providence, $300,000; National State Bank, Newark, N. J., $25,000; First National Bank, Arlington, Mass., $12,500; Bankers' National Bank, of Chicago, $30,000; H. I. Freiwalk, $20,000; Edwin J. Remick, $150,000; Marine National Bank, Bath, Me., $10,000; People's National Bank, Brattleboro, Vt., $10,000; John Snyder, $15,000; David L. Snyder, $15,000; First National Bank, Rochester, Minn., $20,000; Mechanics' National Bank, New Bedford, Mass., $101,000; New Bedford Institution for Savings, $100,000.

At 110.10—Citizens' National Bank, Parkersburg, W. Va., $30,000; Dime Savings Banking Company, Cleveland, O., $20,000; First National Bank, Canton, N. Y., $10,000; William Folwell, $50,000; Second National Bank, Toledo, O., $50,000; Lynn Institute for Savings, Massachusetts, $50,000; American Union Life Insurance Company, New York, $25,000; August W. Nitsch, $100,000; Rochester Trust & Safe Deposit Company, $75,000; First National Bank, Parkersburg, W. Va., $100,000; National Market Bank, Boston, $25,000; J. A. Bailey, Jr., $20,000.

At 110—People's Trust & Savings Bank, Clinton, Ia., $10,000; National State Bank, Troy, N. Y., $20,000; Daniel M. Bonney, $13,000; J. M. & R. W. Wade, $10,000; First National Bank, Mobile, Ala., $15,000; Penn National Bank, Reading, Pa., $50,000; Iowa State National Bank, Sioux City, Ia., $10,000; Eutaw Savings Bank, Baltimore, Md., $100,000; National Bank of Baltimore, Md., $100,000; Westchester County National Bank, Peekskill, $30,000; Fowler Brothers, Limited, $35,000; The Southport National Bank, Southport, Conn., $50,000; Massasoit National Bank, Fall River, Mass., $14,000; Theodore W. Myers & Co., $25,000; First National Bank, Boston, $125,000; Merchants' National Bank, Boston, $50,000; First National Bank, Madison, Ind., $25,000; Antonio Cuneo, $10,000; Cocran & Close, $30,000; First National Bank, Chillicothe, O., $25,000; Merchants' National Bank, New Haven, Conn., $40,000; National Bank of Smyrna, Del., $50,000; William Gray, $50,000; Studebaker Bank, Bluffton, Ind., $40,000; Charles A. Eldridge, $12,000; Winnebago National Bank, Rockford, Ill., $20,000; National Bank of Houghton, Houghton, Ill., Mich., $25,000; Second National Bank, Wilkesbarre, Pa., $100,000; National Bank of Granville N. Y., $10,000; Citizens' National Bank, Covington, Ky., $90,000; First National Bank, Franklin, Pa., $50,000; Lobdell, Farrell & Co., $30,000; W. J. Mann, $25,000; Fort Worth National Bank, Fort Worth, Tex., $50,000; Union National Bank, Pittsburg, Pa., $20,000; Exchange National Bank, Jefferson City, Mo., $10,000; Moline National Bank, Moline, Mass., $10,000; First National Bank, Whitewater, Wis., $25,000; Exchange National Bank, Polo, Ill., $15,000; Henry F. Barrows, $10,000; Texarkana National Bank, Texarkana, Tex., $25,000; Edisto Savings Bank, Orangeburg, S. C., $20,000; First Ward National Bank, Boston, $25,000; Baldwin & Gleason Company, Limited, $10,000; Hatch Brothers & Co., $50,000; First National Bank, Atchison, Kan., $50,000; First National Bank, Belleville, Ill., $10,000; David J. Pearsall, $50,000; Home Insurance Company, New York, $50,000; First National Bank, Central, Neb., $15,000; Phil Rauh, $120,000; John D. H. Luce, $20,000; Second National Bank, Elmira, N. Y., $50,000; First National Bank, Brockport, N. Y., $50,000 Franklin Savings Institution, Greenfield, Mass., $50,000; Second National Bank, Providence, R. I., $10,000; Springfield Safe Deposit and Trust Co., Springfield, Mass., $45,000; Jenkintown National Bank, Jenkintown, Pa., $10,000; National Bank of Commonwealth, Boston, $100,000; Lincoln National Bank, Chicago, Ill., $25,000; First National Bank, New Kensington, Pa., $30,000; Fourth National Bank, Boston, Mass., $50,000; National Bank of Redemption, Boston, Mass., $60,000; Second National Bank of Parkersburg, W. Va., $35,000; First National Bank, Letonia, Ohio, $10,000; the New York Savings Bank, New York, $100,000; Fourth National Bank, Grand Rapids, Mich., $110,000; A. M. Kidder & Co., $100,000; Second National Bank of Boston, $50,000; Samuel D. Davis & Co., $100,000; Manchester National Bank, Manchester, N. H., $30,000; Edward H. Drew, $10,000; Second National Bank, Danville, Ill., $25,000; Utica City National Bank, N. Y., $20,000; Natick National Bank, Natick, Mass., $10,050; People's Bank, Jamestown, N. Y., $20,000; Irving W. Pollard and Abraham White, $200,000; National Bank of Baltimore, Md., $100,000.

WHAT THE FINANCIERS SAY.

JOHN A. STEWART, PRESIDENT OF THE United States Trust Company and the organizer of the combination which bore his name: The loan—one of the most magnificent successes in financial history—has lifted a cloud which has been hanging over the country. I will say now that my object in placing bids for others at a price fixed by me was simply to see the bonds sold at somewhere near their market value. I am glad to see that so many others came to the same conclusion. The bids I placed were from parties and firms from Maine to California and from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Many were from savings banks, representing the people, because the savings banks are the depositaries for the working classes. To this extent, at least, it was a popular loan. Although none of the bonds will be awarded to our combination, the bid we made prevents any bonds going at a lower price, and it may have some effect in obtaining the higher price. The effect of the over-bidding will be most beneficial to the country, and will be particularly good because of the confidence in our credit it will establish among financiers abroad.

JAMES STILLMAN, PRESIDENT OF THE National City Bank: The extent of the subscription surpassed all expectations. The good effect of it cannot be overestimated. All Europe now knows that American credit is on a sound foundation, and in this country the big over subscription will renew confidence. The aggregate of the subscriptions surprises financiers, as well as laymen.

FREDERICK D. TAPPEN, PRESIDENT OF the Gallatin National Bank: The over subscribing of the loan demonstrates to the entire world that Americans have the courage and the money to take their own bond issues regardless of the size. The influence of this will be world-wide and will establish the credit of the Government as firmly as that of any other nation. No result could have been better.

JAMES T. WOODWARD, PRESIDENT OF THE Hanover Bank: If there has been any impression abroad that this country has been forsaken by the people, the result of the loan will correct it. The prices received for the bonds were good, but they would have been even better had it not been for the enemies of the country in Congress. The Hanover Bank did not go into any syndicate, but it expects to be awarded a big block of the bonds. We are gratified particularly, however, by the over subscribing, which demonstrates the financial power of America.

W. W. SHERMAN, PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL Bank of Commerce: I cannot say that the bond issue has affected the credit of the country. The credit will not be good until the nation takes some action indicating what its promises to pay mean. There will never be any stability, confidence or real prosperity until the matter is settled in a satisfactory way.

HENRY W. CANNON, PRESIDENT OF THE Chase National Bank: The issue was a greater success than anybody looked for. It has demonstrated the great wealth of the country, and should completely set at rest any feeling that our credit is not as good as that of any other nation of the world. While many bidders will undoubtedly be disappointed, it will be much easier for comparatively few individuals and institutions to handle the issue than if a great many small bidders had been successful. The over-bidding shows that there is plenty of money in the country, so there should be no tightness in the money market, as had been feared, when the bonds are paid for.

DUMONT CLARKE, PRESIDENT OF THE American Exchange National Bank: The over-subscription is additional evidence of the astounding resources and wealth of the country. It is certain that from this time on industries and enterprises will take on fresh energy. The good effect abroad cannot be overestimated. Foreigners will now undoubtedly cease regarding our credit with misgivings, and they will naturally buy more of our securities.

R. M. GALLAWAY, PRESIDENT OF THE Merchants' National Bank: I am pleased and astounded at the success of the loan. It will have a beneficial effect on all banking and commercial interests. In the general rejoicing it should not be overlooked that when Mr. Morgan formed the syndicate to take the bonds at less than they brought by bidding he was to make an agreement requiring him to support a certain line of policy. The bonds he gets by bidding are obtained under no agreement, which doubtless explains the difference in prices.

J. EDWARD SIMMONS, PRESIDENT OF THE Fourth National Bank: I expected all along that the bond issue would be a great success, but the magnitude of the over subscriptions are far beyond my expectations. The effect will be most beneficial to the business interests of the country.

WARNER VAN VORDEN, PRESIDENT OF the National Bank of North America: Although the success of the bond issue is very gratifying, there are still many difficulties in the Treasury and in general conditions to be overcome. The bidding exceeded my expectations both as to the aggregate of the bids and the price. It will make the money situation easier and give a boom to things all around.

A. B. HEPBURN, PRESIDENT OF THE Third National Bank: My surprise at the great success of the loan is only equalled by my gratification. It must have a good effect on the credit and business of the country. I hope it will arouse sufficient financial and commercial pride to impel Congress to provide the best currency known in the world. There is no reason why America, with its vast resources, should not have such currency, and the over subscribing indicates the necessity of it by showing the extent of America's wealth.

GEORGE RUTLEDGE GIBSON, OF WATSON & Gibson, brokers: The number of the bids and the total amount bid for, about $684,000,000, are gratifying to our pride. It looks pretty small, however, compared with the last 2½ per cent municipal loan of Paris, which was subscribed for eighty-three times over. No further issue will be necessary for the maintenance of gold payments, if the House Tariff bill becomes a law. The issue of a coast defence loan, payable in legal tenders, is one of the possibilities of the near future. In banking circles it is said that those who did not get any bonds at this sale will soon have a chance to get in on the next issue.

HENRY CLEWS: THE IMMENSE UPRISING OF the American people in bidding for the United States bond loan was largely inspired by the recent majority action of the United States Senators in weighing down all necessary legislation simply as a hold-up for the purpose of carrying through their repudiation silver scheme. The majority of the people who subscribed for the bonds did it to sustain the Government credit as against the attack of the United States Senate. The result of the bond success will be to lay out the silver Senators and eventually send them to their political graves. We are in for a good bull movement of important dimensions and for a prolonged period. Washington legislators have now done their worst and will not be feared hereafter.

G. B. CUTHBERT, OF CUTHBERT & CO., brokers: The bond issue is a great success, and the character and the amount of the subscriptions surpass the most sanguine expectations. The Street does not yet fully appreciate or realize the importance of the success of the loan. The success of the loan will stimulate large investment purchasers in all the better class of securities.

JOHANNESBURG IS AT FEVER HEAT.

Boer Troops Ordered to Occupy the Heights Above the City.

The Greatest Excitement Prevails Among the Miners of the Rand.

John Hays Hammond's Fate Still Hangs in the Balance and His Friends Are Anxious.

NO NEWS FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Consul Knight Cannot Get an Answer Through from the State Department at