

DOES DISSOLUTION MENACE THE DREIBUND?

Queer Coincidental Meeting of Royalty Regarded with Suspicion.

King Humbert Delayed Forming His Cabinet Till Austria's Minister Was Near Berlin.

Emperor Franz with Queen Victoria at Nice During a Big Conference at the Schloss.

GOLUCHOWSKI'S ROYAL RECEPTION.

Much Speculation in Diplomatic Circles as to the Outcome of Negotiations During the Important Tete-a-Tete with Hohenzollern to-morrow.

By Henry W. Fischer. Berlin, March 9.—The coincidental doings of royalty and high ministerial personages in the end of commment here.

In order to understand the interest with which just now every act and move of the German and Austrian Emperors, of King Humbert, of Queen Victoria, of Count Goluchowski, the Foreign Austrian Minister, of Prince von Hohenzollern and other officials is watched the following important facts must be kept in view.

In the first place the two largest powers of the Dreibund are uncompromisingly opposed to the continuation of Italy's war against King Menelek.

In the second place King Humbert had promised Emperor William that he would never appoint a Prime Minister or a Cabinet which was antagonistic to German interests.

Premier di Rudini, who has just assumed the regime in Italy, is known for his anti-German propensities.

Why is it that King Humbert forming his Cabinet until Austria's Foreign Minister was actually en route to Berlin? Diplomats here are attaching much significance to these tactics of King Humbert, who acts usually with more promptness.

TO SMOOTH OVER MATTERS. Was there an understanding with Count Goluchowski before hand, and it is expected that the wily diplomat will smooth over matters with the Germans, so that they will not oppose the new Ministry, which under any circumstances, promises to die young?

And now that the King Humbert for revenge in Africa, and it is reported that the Government will renew the campaign against the Abyssinians, will the powers give their consent?

All these questions in high politics are discussed with feverish interest in diplomatic and financial circles, and it is no wonder that royalty and the Ministers are so closely watched.

Count Goluchowski entered here to-day upon a campaign of bouquets, dinners and receptions, such as is accorded to few foreign diplomats in the German capital. He was received in state to-night, and the Kaiser announces that he will call on him in person to-morrow. On Wednesday he will have a conference with Chancellor von Hohenzollern (a tete-a-tete from which much is expected), who will report the result of their negotiations to the Italian Minister, who dines with the Emperor in the evening.

A QUEER COINCIDENCE. About the same time, perhaps at the very hour, the Austrian Emperor will visit Queen Victoria at Nice, a coincidence which the official press characterizes as purely accidental.

Besides, it is learned that cipher dispatches are continuously exchanged between the royal houses, and Grandmother Victoria is not the least busy with the wires.

That a dinner will be given at the Italian Embassy on Wednesday is a great surprise, as the Ambassador has previously announced the cessation of all festivities on account of the national grief subsequent to the Italian defeat in Africa.

After everything has been satisfactorily settled (emphasize the adjective strongly) the Kaiser will visit King Humbert at Naples. His Majesty's yacht Hohenzollern has been directed to await him at Genoa, whence he will embark for his Mediterranean cruise. A complete suite of courtiers and officials will accompany him, and he will be kept from ennui by his celebrated Matroskapelle (Marine Brass Band).

DI RUDINI'S STRANGE CONCESSION. London, March 9.—A dispatch from Rome to the Central News says that the Marquis di Rudini, upon accepting the Premiership renounced his own views favoring the withdrawal of the Italian troops in Africa within a limited sphere. General Ricotti, the Minister of War, the dispatch says, has also abandoned his proposed reduction of the army corps.

It is probable that Signor Venosta will become Minister of Foreign Affairs.

SLAUGHTER OF ITALIANS NOT EXAGGERATED. Rome, March 9.—The official reports of the battle fought at Adowa on March 1 between the Italians and Abyssinians confirm the previous reports of heavy losses on both sides, those of the Abyssinians having been enormous. General Arimondi was wounded and is a prisoner in the hands of the Abyssinians.

In obedience to the order of General Baldissera, Kassala has been evacuated by the Italians.

King Humbert has ordered the abandonment of the fetes which it was proposed to

hold on the fifty-second anniversary of His Majesty's birth, March 14.

AMERICAN ITALIANS TO THE RESCUE. Chicago, March 9.—Forty members of the Italia Club yesterday signed a memorial addressed to General Mecceni, the Italian Minister of War, declaring their willingness to leave their adopted country at the pleasure of the King and proceed to Rome, where they will join the Italian army and take part in the Abyssinian campaign. Yesterday Count Rasvadosky, the Italian Consul, cabled the following message to his Government:

"J. Zanagnolo has enlisted a company of forty members of the Italia Club, who offer their services to the Government for military duty in Abyssinia, or at the disposal of the Minister of War. They will proceed at their own cost to Rome, and only ask to be allowed to preserve their company organization."

All but the Grand Duke Drowned. Berlin, March 9.—Floods are reported in the Rhine, Saale and Moselle rivers. At Freiburg, Baden, the hereditary grand duke, accompanied by Councilor Siegel and Director Sonntag, was watching the work of salvage from the bridge over the Treisam River, when the bridge collapsed. Herron Siegel and Sonntag were drowned, but the Grand Duke was saved.

CRISPI WILL NOT RETIRE. Despite Newspaper Assertions the Iron-Willed Premier is Still on the Diplomatic Battle Field.

Rome, March 9.—Some newspapers here still assert that Crispi will retire to private life. This, however, is extremely doubtful, as one of the ex-Premier's friends assures me Crispi, despite his feeble health, does not miss a single sitting of the Chamber, wishing to answer all accusations against him, and particularly to explain the conduct of his Cabinet touching the African campaign.

It is as yet uncertain whether Barlatier will be tried in Rome or in Massawa, but as the General is a Deputy the authorization of the Chamber must be obtained.

It is now practically certain that Baldissera, being unable to abandon Adigrat, his other garrisons will propose to take the offensive before the rainy season. Consequently, he demands not less than 50,000 men. Two army corps, therefore, will probably be sent, but after the campaign will be dissolved, as Italy cannot normally maintain more than ten army corps, unless the credits for war be made much larger than has hitherto been announced.

In military circles it is affirmed to send 50,000 men to Africa 200,000,000 lire will be needed to cover their expenses till the end of September. Thus far over 80,000,000 have been expended.

Premier di Rudini has in no wise changed his former views favoring Italian colonial enterprise, if moderately carried out. He believes that an understanding with Menelek is still possible, and that it was impolitic to reject his last peace proposal.

RARE VENEZUELAN MAPS. They Will Assist in Determining the Boundary Line with British Guiana.

Twenty-one ancient and valuable maps, nearly all of them relating to Venezuela and contiguous portions of South America, were intrusted yesterday to the care of Frederic R. Couderc, of the commission appointed by President Cleveland to determine the boundary line between Venezuela and Great Britain's adjacent possessions. The maps are the property of William H. Breakell, who was for twenty-one years a New York policeman, and who now lives at Hasbrouck Heights, N. J. They have been in the Breakell family upward of 150 years, and were left to William by his father, James, who was Great Britain's consul to the West Indies in 1836-40. He came to New York, married a professional singer and died about twenty years ago.

The maps were published in Holland and France, and from an artistic standpoint are better than many modern maps. They were drawn from surveys made before Great Britain's claims into Venezuela, the land that was owned by Holland. At that time France and Portugal held territory adjoining, and it is for this land Great Britain is now contending.

Professor Barr, of Harvard College, who has been called to Washington to assist the Venezuelan Commission in establishing the boundary line, has seen the maps, and he pronounces them invaluable to the work which the commission has in hand. President Charles D. Daly, of the American Geographical Society, has also seen the maps, and the society will probably make an offer for them. Librarian Spoor, of the Congressional Library, says there are no duplicates of the maps in this country. Several small maps give enlarged details of sections of the bigger ones. In these the provinces of the different possessions are shown.

One map in the collection is styled a "New and Complete Map of All Known Parts of the Terrestrial Globe, by N. Bellini, Engineer of the Marine, at the Hague, by P. De Hondt, MDCCCL." The only towns along the Atlantic coast, as far as the commission has in hand, are "Santa Augustina" and "Charles-town." There is the River "Oyo," and "Longue Island" has a prominent place.

CANUCKS ARE INDIGNANT. They Scorn Rejection by the United States Senate of a Treaty to Give Them Damages.

Ottawa, Ont., March 9.—Much indignation has been called out here by the receipt of official advices indicating the practical rejection by the United States Senate of the treaty to provide a commission to assess damages for illegal seizure of Canadian sealers as provided for in the award of the Paris Tribunal.

Government officials are reticent as to the exact facts, but it is known that the proposed treaty as signed by the British Ambassador, Sir Charles D. Daly, and Secretary Olney, representing the United States, has been so modified by the United States Senate as to be virtually nullified, even the wording of quotations taken from the award of the Paris Tribunal has been changed by the amendments inserted in the treaty by the United States Senate.

The whole instrument, therefore, falls to the ground and the owners of the Canadian sealers who were tendered \$425,000 as compensation by the late Secretary Gresham may have to wait years before they receive any compensation whatsoever.

One Moonshiner Convicted. Pincus Folowitshi, Abraham Dorff and Abcham Goldberg, who were arrested in a raid on an illicit still at No. 147 Prince street, have been on trial in the United States Court, Brooklyn. Yesterday the jury found Folowitshi guilty, but could not agree as to the other two. A second trial was ordered for the latter, and Folowitshi was sent to the penitentiary for sixty days.

SPAIN DELIGHTED WITH HALE'S SPEECH.

His Words Called an Eloquent Vindication of Her Attitude.

The Spanish Press Urges Calmness and Prudence During the Crisis.

Minister Taylor Is Getting Ready to Send His Family Away from Madrid.

RIOTS AT BILBAO AND SALAMANCA.

The American Banner Again Torn to Tatters and Trampled Under Feet—Many Persons Injured by the Police During the Demonstrations.

Madrid, March 9.—The knowledge that the Cuban belligerency question would be debated in the United States Senate to-day raised the popular interest to fever heat.

Newspapers are receiving very lengthy reports, and their offices are full of persons waiting to hear the outcome. Great gratitude was felt at the news of Senator Hale's eloquent vindication of the Spanish position, and particularly his justification of the means of warfare in Cuba.

The press in general continues to exhort the people whatever outcome debate may have, to calmness and prudence, although some journals of good standing, like the Liberal, sorrowfully draw pessimistic deductions from all American proceedings, urging that they show once more the radical hatred of North Americans to those who discovered and civilized the country.

The Premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, received to-day a very patriotic telegram from the Mayor of Havana. In reply to which he wired that Spain had made immense sacrifices to place Cuba in position to answer all eventualities, and he hoped that in the midst of the vicissitudes created by the present circumstances no Spaniard in Cuba or Spain would refuse to bring further sacrifices with which to maintain the honor and integrity of the mother country.

The American Minister, Mr. Taylor, has begun to pay his accounts and the Herald asserts that his family is leaving Madrid. I understand that the Government has received an official intimation that it would be possible to effect a compromise between Cuba's political parties, and it is therefore much pleased at the prospect that future military operations will not be seriously hampered; moreover, the news of the defeat of so large a body of troops as is under General Macao is welcomed by the Government as a clear proof of its contention as to the moral position of the insurgents.

At Salamanca a large number of students of the university, which is just now a hotbed of political ferment, carried out a demonstration to-day. One enthusiastic shopkeeper had supplied thirty Spanish banners.

The Governor twice addressed the crowd earnestly, counselling them to disperse, but the students finally drowned his voice by whistling, and then promenade through the chief thoroughfares asking all tradesmen to close their shops and vigorously hooting those who refused. They then burned the American banner.

During this proceeding a small force of gendarmes arrived and attacked the students, who greeted them with whistling and all kinds of defusive cries, and finally threw volleys of stones at them. Reinforcements of police, however, came up and charged the crowd repeatedly, injuring several, and making numerous arrests.

At Bilbao the manifestations against the United States were resumed to-day. A large crowd of rioters proceeded to the American Consulate and stoned the gendarmes who were guarding the building. Nine of the guards were quite severely injured. Reinforcements were hurriedly dispatched to the Consulate, and upon their arrival a charge was made upon the mob, which was quickly dispersed. A score of the rioters were wounded by the gendarmes, and six were arrested.

The Herald says that the Hon. Hannis Taylor, the American Minister, is about to send his family away from Madrid. Their baggage, the paper adds, was taken to the railway station to-day.

The anti-American riot at Bilbao last night proves to have been more violent than was at first reported. The mob, numbering about one thousand persons, first stoned the private residence of the United States Consul, breaking the windows of the building, and then proceeded to the Consulate, shouting, "Death to the Yankees!" "Down with the United States!" and other anti-American cries.

Arriving at the Consulate, the crowd attempted to tear down the escutcheon which was fixed over the door, but were repelled by the gendarmes who were guarding the Consulate.

A fight ensued between the mob and the police, in which sticks, stones, knives, etc., were freely used. Three gendarmes were injured, and a number of the mob were hurt. The police succeeded in dispersing the crowd at midnight.

FAURE'S COLD WELCOME.

Bourgeois Much More Popular Than the President—The Latter Greeted with a Funeral March at La Clotat.

Paris, March 9.—The tour through France which President Faure has just finished was made as glorious as possible with troops, bands, meetings of royal personages and the rest, but, alas! the loyal Southerners are strongly urged with Radicalism and Socialism.

Premier Bourgeois seemed to be competing with the President for popularity, and he took a long lead in some places. The last place visited, for instance, was the town of Aix, in Provence, where the bulk of the noise of welcome was for Bourgeois.

In Marseilles, on the first day of the visit, the carriage of Bourgeois was filled with flowers before the President got any at all. On the following day President Faure visited the public hospital, and a girl patient seized the occasion to try to commit suicide by stabbing herself.

The police were kept busy in many places tearing down portraits of the Due d'Orleans, which were posted up on the streets overnight. Faure went to Antibes, a Radical stronghold, and a man displayed a wreath of immortelles as the President passed by, but that is a bagatelle compared with the occurrence at La Clotat, where a band played a funeral march as the President marched through the streets.

Wherever such occurrences took place M. Bourgeois received the heartiest ovation.

NEW USE FOR THE X RAY. A Munich Professor Hopes to Discover in It a Destructive Influence on Bacteria.

London, March 9.—Exceedingly interesting experiments have been made in Munich in the University Physical Institute with reference to the effect of the Roentgen rays on bacteria.

It is well known by scientists that daylight, as also electric light, exercises a strong destructive influence on bacteria. Accordingly experiments were instituted to ascertain whether the X rays has a similar effect, the importance of the point being that were this so the transparency of soft portions of the human body toward this illuminant would afford ground for the most optimistic views on the cur of infectious diseases.

Professor F. Minck accordingly exposed cultures of typhus bacteria, which he partially covered with strips of lead, making use of the pear-shaped Hittorf tube. An exposure of thirty-five minutes produced no apparent change between the illuminated and unilluminated portions, though Professor Minck believed that at the second attempt he perceived certain activity.

At any rate, he entertained the view that better results are to be expected from a sufficiently long exposure—of, say, at least five hours.

GEN. BOOTH BACK HOME.

The Head of the Salvation Army Arrived in London from His Visit to India.

London, March 9.—General Booth, commander of the Salvation Army, arrived in London this morning from India, where he had been visiting in the interest of the army.

He was met at the railway station by the chief officers of the organization, and, after the exchange of greetings, he proceeded to a hotel.

ENGLAND'S HEAVY EXPENSES.

Government's Estimate for the Ensuing Year Calls for \$500,000,000.

London, March 9.—The Government expenses already announced show five hundred million dollars must be provided for the ensuing year.

Among the items are the following: Army estimate, \$90,000,000; navy estimate, \$100,000,000, and for the revenue departments, \$88,000,000.

For the national debt charges a hundred million has to be set aside. The debt, however, which now stands at \$657,000,000, is steadily decreasing.

HER DRESS CAUGHT FIRE.

Lily Post Created Excitement at the Cabaret du Neant's Professional Matinee.

Lily Post was one of nearly 500 actors and actresses who visited the Cabaret du Neant (Inn of Death) in the Casino Chambers yesterday in response to the invitation extended to the theatrical profession to attend a matinee.

While seated in the Cafe du Mort, Miss Post and others in her vicinity noticed the odor of smoke, but, supposing it to be part of the performance, paid little attention to it. When the party reached the coffin chamber the odor was more perceptible, and Miss Post asked Manager Allen what smoke had to do with the performance.

Before he could answer, Molloy, one of the lecturers, stepped up to her and informed her that her dress was on fire. Still under the impression that it was part of the game, Miss Post replied jokingly: "Milroy thereupon raised her skirt and found the lining lining for a space of about a yard around the base, was smoldering. He tore out the lining, burning his hands severely, and extinguished the flames.

There was a small panic for a time in the gruesome chamber, but Dan Daly, Otis Hazian and several others, by making light of the affair, speedily restored confidence. Miss Post's dress, however, is ruined. The accident was probably due to the train of her gown resting on the stump of a cigar carelessly thrown on the floor.

Representatives of nearly every theatrical company in the city attended the matinee on the 21st West Forty-second street, from Dayton, Dunphy & Swift, on for \$2,130 in favor of George Fischer for the loaned, and the other for \$1,704 in favor of James Z. Parrall on a note. Mr. Fischer has been in this line of business for eight years, and was formerly of Fischer, Schroeter & Co., who dissolved three years ago.

AN OLD MAN'S SUICIDE.

Allen Purdy Cut His Throat with a Razor After Living for Eighty-Four Years.

Port Chester, N. Y., March 9.—Allen Purdy, eighty-four years old, who has been a resident of Port Chester for half a century, lies at his home on Willet street in a critical condition, resulting from an attempt to commit suicide. His wife died a short time ago and he was so deeply affected by her loss that he has never recovered his old-time spirits. Several months ago he was brought down with an attack of Bright's disease and dropsy, a medical aid failed to relieve him, the old gentleman became very despondent.

His illness kept him confined to his room. When his daughter, Mrs. W. H. Reynolds, went to serve his breakfast yesterday morning, his room was vacant. He had crept up to the garret, and there on his knees he was found leaning over a bucket, blood flowing from deep gashes in his neck and wrists. Dr. Norton Sands sewed up the ugly wounds, and hopes to save the aged man's life. A male nurse now guards Mr. Purdy. Where he got the razor is a mystery.

MOONSHINERS REPULSED. Revenue Officers in a Desperate Battle Kill Two and Capture a Thriving Still in North Carolina.

Charlotte, N. C., March 9.—From the deep recesses of the mountains of Western North Carolina comes a story of a desperate struggle in an isolated portion of that country this morning between revenue officers on the one side and a band of moonshiners on the other.

Some time ago it was learned that this gang were openly violating the Revenue law by illicit distilling. They sent word to the officers warning them to keep away. Notwithstanding this broad threat, a band of revenue men set out from Greensboro yesterday afternoon for the seat of war.

On arriving they dismounted, and were in the act of tying their horses when a storm of rocks and bullets was poured upon them. More shots were then exchanged on both sides, and the moonshiners began to sneak from their hiding places and made a drive for the forest. As they ran two of their number were killed, but the others, six in number, escaped to the woods. The dead men were identified as James and John Cook, two noted illicit distillers.

During the fight Revenue Officer Jones was shot three times, and it is believed, will die. After the smoke of the battle had cleared the officers found stored away in caves and beside a stream that runs along the mountain side one hundred casks of brandy and whiskey. A messenger was dispatched to Greensboro and a posse of men went at once to the scene of the morning's battle. More trouble is feared, as that section is inhabited by a desperate class of people.

THROWN OUT AND HURT.

George Perry and Mrs. Roberts of Mt. Vernon Run Down by a Trolley Car While Out Driving.

George Perry, a retired business man, living at No. 233 North Sixth street, Mount Vernon, while driving along the White Plains road yesterday afternoon in a road wagon, in company with Mrs. E. L. Robert, of Mount Vernon, was run into by a trolley car of the Union Railroad.

The wagon was demolished and both occupants of the carriage were hurled to the street. Mr. Perry was seriously hurt, being bruised and lacerated and probably internally injured. Mrs. Roberts was also hurt. An ambulance was summoned from the Fortham Hospital, but Mr. Perry refused the assistance of Dr. Reilly, and was taken home to be attended by his family physician.

The motorman was arrested by the Westchester police. The glass in the car window was smashed and Mr. Perry's horse had to be shot.

WAR ON THE FRANKFURTER.

The Police Will Not Allow Newark Side-walks to Be Blocked.

Newark, N. J., March 9.—War is to be waged on the hot tamale and frankfurter vendors from now on in this city. A tamale vendor named Joseph Goldstein insisted on getting in the way of pedestrians last night with his kettle and wares. Policeman Crane arrested him. When arraigned before Judge Mott to-day Goldstein denied that he had done anything wrong and openly stated that he was innocent because he would not pay tribute to the police.

When questioned as to what he meant Goldstein stated to the Court that Vendor Fine had been forced to pay to Officers Crane and Heller \$25 for the privilege of selling his tamales at Broad and Market streets. He claims that he could prove his assertion. He was allowed to go, but the Court was not impressed with his story.

Hopper Announces a Find. Charles H. Hopper made his maiden speech on the stage of the Standard Theatre last night, where he is playing "Chimney Paddon." A Knight Templar pin was picked up in the lobby and turned over to the box office. Hopper was requested to announce the find from the stage. He did so, but made a mistake and referred to it as a diamond necklace. The error was corrected and the loser recovered his valuable trophy.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Joseph J. Vygan, druggist, at One Hundred and Eighty-fifth street and St. Nicholas avenue, made an assignment yesterday to B. Franklin de Free. He dined the pass in January at a cost, it is said, of \$2,500, but the volume of business was not sufficient to make the place pay.

Deputy Sheriff Mulvaney yesterday took charge of the place of business of the National Macaroni Company, at No. 611 West Thirty-fourth street, in an attachment for \$5,137 in favor of Dr. L. Bolton Bangs, whose claim is on two demand notes made on the company, one dated March 20, 1895, for \$1,000, and the other dated February 20, 1896, for \$4,137, payment of which was demanded on Saturday and refused. The company was organized on the ground that it is a New Jersey corporation. It was incorporated in October, 1892, with a capital stock of \$50,000. Florence H. Bangs was president and Gilbert Bangs treasurer.

Charles Levenstein has been appointed receiver for the firm of Nickerson & Young, publishers of "The Standard," by Judge Church and Musical Director, by Judge MacLean, of the Supreme Court, in a suit brought by Edwin Nickerson against William S. Young to dissolve the firm on account of partnership disagreement.

Deputy Sheriff Whoriskey yesterday received two executions against Ferriman A. Fischer, decorator of stained glass, etc., at No. 218 West Forty-second street, from Dayton, Dunphy & Swift, one for \$2,130 in favor of George Fischer for the loaned, and the other for \$1,704 in favor of James Z. Parrall on a note. Mr. Fischer has been in this line of business for eight years, and was formerly of Fischer, Schroeter & Co., who dissolved three years ago.

TO HELP WORKING GIRLS.

The National Council of Jewish Women to Organize Several Clubs in Newark, N. J.

Newark, N. J., March 9.—The young women of the Newark section of the National Council of Jewish Women, have completed arrangements for the establishment of a club for Hebrew working girls in this city. The clubs, for the scheme carries with it eventually the founding of many of these places in various parts of the city, will be similar to those founded by Miss Grace Dodge and the University Settlement clubs in New York. The need of such places where girls may spend their spare time is great in this manufacturing centre, and it is the intention of the society to make them prominent for just this class. There are many Russian girls employed here and these will receive special attention.

The committee having the matter in charge is composed of Miss Jennie Marx, Miss Addie Leucht, Miss Beatrice Maybaum, Miss Ida Lasser and Mrs. Sarah Kussey. The object of the clubs will be primarily educational. By Wednesday night when the society meets, the committee will be prepared with a full and detailed report. Enough financial support has been forthcoming to enable the start.

Thrown From His Saddle. Elizabeth, N. J., March 9.—Abraham Sharp, of Newark, was the victim of a serious runaway accident on the Boulevard this morning. His horse became unmanageable and dashed into an open field, and Mr. Sharp was thrown out. He is seriously injured about the head, but will recover. He was taken to the General Hospital.

CLEVELAND PLEASSED THEM. New York Presbytery Expressed Their Appreciation of His Mission Speech.

At the weekly meeting of the New York Presbytery held yesterday in the Presbyterian Building, the Rev. Dr. Thompson reported that the proceeds from the recent meeting in Carnegie Hall amounted to \$8,055.30.

A resolution was adopted expressing the Presbytery's special appreciation to President Cleveland for his statement of the tendency and condition of evils which made missionary work so desirable in many quarters.

The Presbytery voted that sessions be recommended to consider the use of unfermented wine at the communion table.

A Fishing Snook Run Down.

Greenville, S. C., March 9.—The snook, Lady Elgin, commanded by Captain William McCall, while trying to reach a steamboat wharf at this place this morning was run into by the steamer Monahan. The prow of the steamer crashed through the starboard bow of the snook, causing damage which will take a few hundred dollars to repair. The Monahan is owned by the steamship company of that name and plies between Sag Harbor, this village and New York.

DEATHS.

CASHIN.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., on Sunday, March 8, 1896, Martin A., only son of Anne Cook and the late Martin Cashin, aged 24. Buried from his late residence, 25 Drake ave., on Tuesday, March 10, 1896, at 2:30 p. m.; thence to the Church of the Blessed Sacrament.

COLEMAN.—In San Francisco, Cal., March 8, Michael, beloved husband of Ann, and father of David O. and John T. Coleman, native of County Waterford, Ireland, aged 62 years and 6 months.

QUEST.—At her residence, 52 Lafayette st., New Rochelle, N. Y., Saturday morning, March 7, 1896, Catharine Ackerman, widow of William M. Quest, formerly of New York City, in her 78th year.

She always made home happy. Funeral from her late residence Thursday, March 12, at 2:45 p. m. Carriage in waiting on arrival of the 1:04 and 2:02 p. m. trains from Grand Central Depot. European papers please copy.

MEISELBERG.—At his residence, Port Richmond, S. L., Friday, March 6, George Meiseberg, of the firm of Meiseberg Brothers & Co., in his 63rd year.

Funeral services at St. Mary's Church, Port Richmond, Tuesday, March 10, at 10 a. m. Carriages will meet the 9 a. m. boat from New York at Port Richmond station.

Brooklyn.

BRUCKMANN.—On Sunday, March 8, 1896, Louis Bruckmann, in the 70th year of his age. Buried from his late residence, 192 18th st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 11, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private.

SCHOTT.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, March 8, 1896, Catharine A., widow of George W. Schott and daughter of the late J. Chas. Morrison. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 658A Monroe st., on Tuesday, March 10, at 8 p. m.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, soothes the gum, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c.

PERSONAL.

ALL SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed forever by electrolysis, using the latest improved apparatus, at 213 Washington st., Newark, N. J.

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

100 doz.—In Lawn, Gingham or Madras,—striped or checked. Collars and cuffs of white linen, or of the same material.

95 cts., value \$2.00.

Lord & Taylor, Broadway & 20th St.

Sour Stomach Caused by indigestion, may be avoided by stimulating the liver, stomach and bowels with Hood's Pills.

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AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. DAMROSCH OPERA CO. WALTER DAMROSCH, Director. First Performance at Popular Prices. WALTER DAMROSCH'S American Opera. THE SCARLET SWORD. Second performance.