



The entrance to a trench in the Meuse district. The continuation of the trench is indicated, beyond the ridge, by the zig-zag lines. The trench protects the wood barely visible in the background, and stretches for several miles.

*Edmond Ratisbonne.*



The centre of German resistance in Flanders. This spot was taken by French troops during an attack in the late autumn.

*Edmond Ratisbonne.*



The Germans have made use of a ruined church on the Western front to conceal one of their "pill-box" concrete observation posts.

*French Official, Underwood & Underwood.*

**A CLUB FOR THE SERVICE**

Since the opening, more than 20,000 soldiers and sailors have used the National Service Club No. 1. The club occupies a three-story building at Thirty-third Street and Seventh Avenue, directly opposite the Pennsylvania Station. The ground floor has a large living room, in which periodicals and writing paper are to be found. At the rear of the living room is a canteen run by volunteers of the National League for Women's Service. In the canteen light meals and supplies are sold practically at cost. A limited number of sleeping rooms are on the upper floors and these are rented for fifty cents a night. The club, anxious to help the men in every way possible, is an information bureau for men in the service and there is some one there to tell all sorts of things—from how to find the Stock Exchange to the location of the nearest Baptist Church. The National Service Club No. 1 is entirely supported by voluntary contributions from members of the Harvard Club of New York.

