

FEVER DEFIES THE COLD SNAP.

Over a Score of New Cases at Different Points Yesterday.

LOUISVILLE HAS ANOTHER.

Eighteen Added to the List at Edwards, Miss., and Two Deaths at New Orleans.

TWO NEWSPAPER MEN VICTIMS.

Temperature Was the Lowest for the Week in the Infected District—Want Theatres Closed.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 23.—The second case of yellow fever to develop in Louisville was today announced by Health Officer White. The first case was that of Frank De Runser, who died at an infirmary in the city on August 16.

De Runser came here from Ocean Springs, Miss. Soon after his arrival he was taken sick. He was immediately removed to the infirmary, where he died in a few days.

The second case was reported by Health Officer White yesterday afternoon. The patient was John McDougall, a machinist in the Louisville & Nashville Railroad shops at Mobile. McDougall arrived here from Mobile on September 9. He was taken ill last Wednesday, and as his illness showed peculiar symptoms, Health Officer White was called in consultation. The doctors watched the case carefully, but it was not until yesterday morning that they were able to diagnose it as yellow fever. As soon as they were sure Health Officer White had McDougall conveyed to the detention hospital.

Dr. White said that the frost of the past few nights would prevent any one in Louisville from contracting yellow fever.

Two More Deaths at New Orleans.

New Orleans, Sept. 23.—Shortly after 10 o'clock this morning two deaths from yellow fever were reported at the Board of Health. Both occurred in the extreme upper portion of the city.

One new case was also reported this morning. The total number of cases up to the present is eighty. There have been ten deaths in all. The death rate is a trifle over twelve per cent.

The temperature this morning was lower than for any day this week, and last night was extremely cool. The change has had the effect of increasing public confidence and of strengthening faith in the opinion of Dr. Toussaint, that there is absolutely no danger here of an epidemic.

Requests are being made to the Board of Health to close the theatres. The Board, however, has taken no action in the premises.

Growing Graver at Edwards.

Edwards, Miss., Sept. 23.—Eighteen cases of yellow fever were reported today, making the total to date 100. There were no deaths today. Thirty-three of the fifty-one patients now under treatment are convalescent.

Situation at Biloxi Worse.

Biloxi, Miss., Sept. 23.—The fever situation is less favorable. The record shows one death and five new cases. The new cases were Dr. J. M. Wright, J. W. Sweetman, Druggist, Mrs. J. W. Sweetman, Ella Hays, the wife of Capt. News, and F. H. Benedict, of the Review.

New Cases at Ocean Springs.

Ocean Springs, Miss., Sept. 23.—Seven new cases of yellow fever are reported here. The Marine Hospital Service has furnished a full bacteriological outfit from Washington for the use of Surgeon Washburn, who will make a careful investigation of the causes of yellow fever.

On the Increase at Mobile.

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 23.—Two new cases of yellow fever were reported today. There were no deaths. Ten patients were discharged, leaving out of a total of forty-eight cases, nineteen now under treatment.

Option of Leaving New Orleans.

Washington, Sept. 23.—General Wilson, chief of engineers, has telegraphed to Major Quinn, the engineer officer in charge of the lower Louisiana river and harbor works, that he may exercise his discretion in removing his force from New Orleans to some convenient and safe point in the country to escape yellow fever.

Official Yellow Fever Summary.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Surgeon-General Wyman today sent to various State Boards of Health the following bulletin summarizing the yellow fever situation:

The following cases of yellow fever were officially reported as occurring on the 22d: New Orleans, 12; Mobile, 4; Edwards, Miss., 18; Beaumont, Texas, 1. Reports from Ocean Springs, Biloxi and Scranton, Miss., delayed. Suspected case at St. Louis reported as malarial. No case in city. Suspected druggists at Montpelier, N. H., declared free from infection by Acting Assistant Surgeon John Guiteras.

DR. GUITERAS'S TUG SINKS

Government's Yellow Fever Expert Reached the Shore Safely, However, in a Boat.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 23.—Dr. John Guiteras, the Government expert, passed through Memphis last night en route to Cairo. He was on board the Government tug Minnetonka, used as a dispatch boat for the dredging fleet.

His mission was to trace the origin of two cases of fever at Cairo. Early this morning, at a point near Gold Dust, the tug sank. The doctor and crew made their way to the shore in boats. The physician proceeded to Memphis on another boat. He left for Cairo at 8 o'clock by rail.

From Cairo it is learned that the two patients whom Dr. Guiteras treated are also improving rapidly. The alleged case at East Cairo also is convalescent. The quarantine against the Marine Hospital in Cairo will be raised.

Drop a three-line want ad. in the advertising slot of the Journal and get a bushel of results.

TWO SEPTEMBER WEDDINGS.

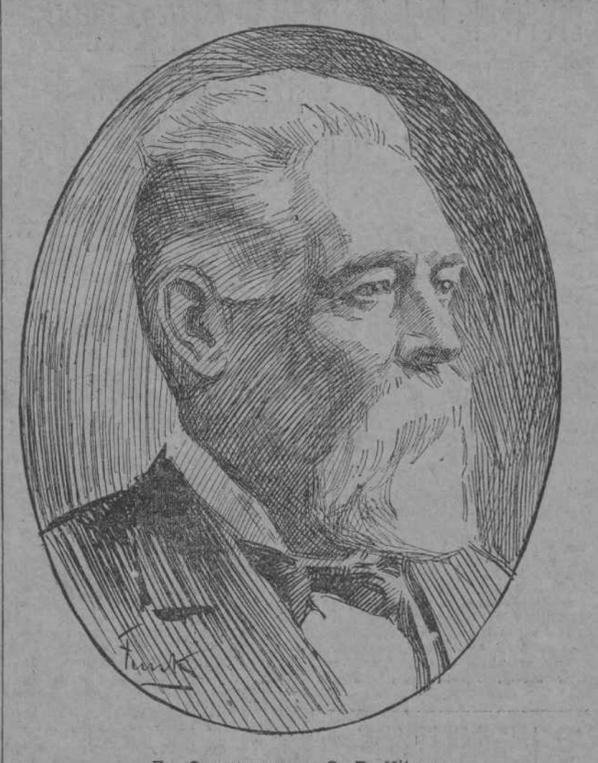
Ceremonies Celebrated at Delmonico's and at the Waldorf.

Miss Matilda Reinhardt, and Benjamin Elms, of Atlanta, were married at noon yesterday in the red room at Delmonico's. The Rev. Joseph Silverman performed the ceremony.

Miss Lucille Elms, a niece of the bridegroom, and Miss Elsie, his sister, were the bridesmaids. The list of Boston, acted as best man. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Reinhardt, of No. 131 West Ninety-fifth street.

The wedding of Miss Clara Kessler and Eugene H. Block was celebrated last evening at the Waldorf. The Rev. Joseph Silverman performed the ceremony. Miss Elsie is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Kessler, of No. 123 East Ninety-first street. There were no bridesmaids. Charles Kahn, Isador Block, Edward Kessler and Leon Mayer were the ushers.

BUCK KILGORE PASSES AWAY.



Ex-Congressman G. B. Kilgore.

Death of the Texan Who Kicked in the Door While Reed Was Counting a Quorum.

Arkmore, I. T., Sept. 23.—United States Judge G. B. Kilgore, ex-Congressman from Texas, died here this afternoon after a short illness, passing peacefully away at 12:30. The Judge commenced sinking about 9 a. m., and passed into unconsciousness about noon. Before that he rallied and his mind became clear. Calling his wife and children to his side, he kissed each one affectionately and bade them a last goodby.

Drs. McNeer and McCoy, United States Attorney Cruce, United States Marshal Stowe and his private secretary, Bleakmore, in addition to the members of the family, were by his side when death came. His death was painless. He asked for water and motioned to be turned on his side. His request was generally complied with when he passed away. He will be buried at his old home at Willis Point tomorrow afternoon. A committee from the Arkmore Bar Association and Masonic fraternity, of which Mr. Kilgore was a member, will accompany the remains to their last resting place.

Buckley Kilgore was one of the most famous backwoods characters that ever went to Congress and attained high Federal office. For three years he had been judge of the United States District Court for the Indian Territory, and had filled his position with great credit to himself. Prior to that he served three terms in Congress.

"Kicked in the Door on Reed." "Buck" Kilgore achieved notoriety in a single night while in Congress by kicking down the door which Speaker Reed had caused to be locked so that he could hold a quorum while it was being counted. That brought him universal notoriety and immense popularity on the Democratic side of the House.

As far as his routine Congressional work went, he was known first and foremost as an objector. How many bills misappropriating money he killed the people will never know, but no doubt millions of dollars were saved through him. Yet his manner was so bland while he was punting that he still kept the compliments of his youth. It used to be his boast that he could ride anything in the way of horse-flesh, and he had often astonished friends by picking up stones from the ground to throw at them while riding at full gallop.

A Georgian by Birth. Judge Kilgore was born in Newnan, Ga., February 20, 1835. In 1846 he removed with his parents to Rusk County, Tex., where he received a common school and academic education.

He served in the Confederate army, first as private, and by successive promotions reached the grade of Adjutant-General, serving as such in Ector's Brigade, Army of the Tennessee. He was wounded at Chickamauga, and in 1864 was confined as a prisoner in Fort Delaware.

He was admitted to the bar after the war, and in 1875 was a member of the Texas Constitutional Convention. He was a Presidential elector in 1880 on the Hancock and English ticket, and in 1884 was elected to the State Senate for four years, and in the following year was chosen president of that body for two years. He was elected to the Fifty-first and Fifty-second Congresses as a Democrat.

He confessed his guilt to his pastor. A number of negroes were arrested as a result of the Coroner's Jury investigation of the death of Gardner, and several were tried and sentenced at the last session of the Criminal Court to the State Penitentiary, and several more are now being tried at the present term for participating in a riot, a number of whom have already been heavily fined. Several were discharged for want of evidence.

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The case of the negro Johnson was remarkable, because his crime nearly resulted in a serious race war. Four women who were gathering wild flowers on June 23 were alarmed by a negro, who acted in a threatening manner. Three of the women escaped. Mrs. Atwell, however, was caught by the negro, who was subsequently captured and identified as Sylvanus Johnson. He was positively identified by all the women. On June 24, when the prisoner reached the court house, C. B. Pendleton, proprietor of the Daily Equator Democrat, demanded that the prisoner be lynched.

Saved from Lynchers. Hearing cries of "Yes, yes," he started to approach the negro, when the Sheriff and other officials presented their pistols and threatened any one who touched the prisoner.

This caused an exodus from the building. During the excitement the prisoner was conducted to his cell. The negroes, led by Joseph Pinkney, tried to lynch Pendleton, but he kept them at bay with his pistol until he was rescued by friends, and the crowd slowly dispersed.

Shortly after sunset, however, negroes surrounded the jail to prevent the prisoner being lynched. That night William Gardner, a white man, sitting in the rear of the court house, was told by the negroes to move on. He had gone hardly ten steps before a bullet pierced him, causing his death two hours later. To cover the shot of the assassin, a volley was fired by the negroes, but no one else was hurt. The militia company was called out and stationed at the court house.

Nothing further occurred except that a negro was discovered crouching near the court house, and being ordered to come out, started to run, and the Sheriff wounded him, causing him to be taken and conducted to jail.

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SURGEON'S KNIFE TO STOP SUICIDE.

Physicians Seek to Cure Insanity by Using the Trepan.

HIT WITH A BOTTLE.

Pretty Patient Has Wanted to Kill Herself Ever Since She Was Hurt.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—The question whether suicidal mania can be cured by the use of the surgeon's knife, mooted for many years by the leading surgeons of the country, may be satisfactorily answered by an operation performed by Drs. Elbert C. Fortner and Thomas A. Davis, at the Detention Hospital here yesterday.

The patient is a very pretty young woman, known in Chicago as Millie McDonald, but formerly the wife of C. H. Krause, the manager of a theatre in San Francisco. Her malady is pronounced an aggravated case. A week or more ago she attempted to cut her throat with a tongue of a silver garret. She lacerated her throat and neck severely and also scratched her wrists in an attempt to sever an artery. She was taken to the Detention Hospital and tried for insanity. The jury found her mentally unbalanced.

It developed that she had made no less than four attempts on her life last year. She says her husband once struck her on the head with a bottle and that ever since she has had a mad desire to do away with herself. Dr. Fortner, physician for the Detention Hospital, found the case one of the most interesting in his twenty years' experience.

The woman showed evidences of unusual refinement and intelligence. She talked well and rationally upon all subjects. She had no hallucinations, no presentiments. Ordinarily she was vivacious and light-hearted. From time to time, however, she would grow suddenly morose, and she confessed to the physicians that at such times her whole mind was possessed with a more or less uncontrollable desire to slash or maim herself with a sharp instrument of some kind. During her short stay in the hospital she had several suicidal impulses, but she resisted them and sought diversion in the society of the nurses.

After a careful study of the case Dr. Fortner came to the conclusion that an operation on the brain would restore the young woman's mind. Dr. Davis, whom he called into consultation, was of the same opinion, and after elaborate preparations had been made, the operation was performed yesterday. Her head was first closely shaved, then she was put under the influence of ether. The cutting consumed only a few minutes.

A large section of the scalp was laid back, a section of the skull was cut out, the scalp was replaced and finally the scar, 2 1/2 inches long, caused by the blow from the bottle, was cut out. The woman bore the operation remarkably well, and is today so much improved that the surgeons are confident that it will prove successful.

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RACE WAR OVER SCHOOLS.

Colored Citizens of Alton, Ill., Do Not Want Their Children Educated in Separate Buildings.

Alton, Ill., Sept. 23.—The fight between the Board of Education and the negro citizens of Alton over the separation of the white children from the black is growing more and more heated. The attendance at the Douglass and Lovejoy schools, the two buildings set apart for the colored children by the Board of Education, has been very small, and, on the other hand, the old buildings are over-crowded on account of the colored residents insisting that their children attend the same schools as the whites.

Superintendent Haight has given instructions that the negro shall be admitted, but that no negotiations shall be heard until they go to their own school. They are allowed to remain in the school rooms, but only as visitors. There has been no serious trouble, but several of the school buildings were surrounded by colored men and women, who were there to see that their children received proper recognition.

The members of the Board are firm in the stand they have taken and say that no pupils will be recognized or allowed to receive a lesson until they are in the proper building. The stand they have taken is that the city of Alton has been put into one large school district, and they, with the Superintendent, have the right to assign pupils to any school they think desirable. They say they are willing, if need be, to have the matter tested before the courts.

On the other hand the colored residents oppose the separate school plan, and are no less emphatic in the stand they have taken, and say they propose to fight the case to the end. Public meetings have been held and a large sum of money has been raised. They claim the scheme to separate their children is an illegal one.

It is said that Colonel John G. Bronholt, of this city, and Senator John M. Palmer have been retained as counsel for the colored citizens.

PRICING LAND FOR DEPEW

After a 300-Acre Farm in Massachusetts, but Whether for a Domain or Railroad Purposes is a Secret.

Boston, Sept. 23.—Whether it is for a stock yard to be used in connection with the foreign trade of the Fitchburg Railroad or for a private domain—the object is a secret as yet—an agent of Chauncey M. Depew and the Vanderbilts is picking land for a 300-acre farm in the suburbs, within ten miles of the State House. He looked at and priced land in Lexington, Weston and Weymouth among other places.

It was hinted that the land was wanted in connection with the shipment of cattle abroad, to be used as a sort of stock yard or storage place. It was imagined that the deal had some connection with a Vanderbilt scheme to secure control of the Fitchburg road. Real estate men think this hardly probable, however.

Londonderry Lithia Water

opens with a vim-snap, sparkle-bubble. As effervescent as champagne.

Absolutely pure, delightful to the taste. No wonder it is considered the greatest table water in the world. Moreover, it possesses a peculiar power, found in no other water, to dissolve and expel uric acid, that poisonous product of high living.

Londonderry is prescribed by leading physicians all over the land, every day in the year.

Notwithstanding the advance in price of foreign waters, prices on Londonderry remain the same.

Sold by all dealers in Mineral Waters, and in Every Hotel and Club in America.

STRUGGLED ON THE HANGMAN'S ROPE.

Johnson Choked for Twenty-five Minutes After the Trap Sprung.

ESCAPED A LYNCHING.

His Crime Nearly Caused a Race War in Key West, Fla.

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NAPHEY'S "BEST" LARD

ABSOLUTE PURITY FINEST QUALITY

Geo. C. Napphey & Son PHILADELPHIA

Weak Men

Having Drains, Night Losses, Impotency, Varicocele, etc., should use nature's own remedy.

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cured 5,000 last year with my wonderful Electric Belt and Suspensory. Over 30 years' experience. Book, "Three Classes of Men," explaining all, sent free. Write to-day or drop in and consult me free of charge.

Dr. A. Sanden, 826 Broadway, New York

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All secret and private diseases of men cured in a few days: skin diseases, blood poisoning, nervous debility, waste, undeveloped organs, impotency, penile prostration, lost vigor restored. Go to the HALLETT MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 219 East 16th St., near 2d Ave.; no charge unless cured; hours 9 to 9, Sundays included.

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