

HERALD ANNOUNCES TELEGRAM'S FINISH

It Could Not Vie with Such a Competitor as the Evening Journal.

UNABLE TO FOOL PUBLIC.

Once Prosperous and Mr. Bennett's Pet, It Had to Stop Publication.

SATURDAY'S ISSUE THE LAST.

The Herald Says It May Be Started Again When the Time Is Ripe for It to Stop Being Fooled.

You can fool all the people some of the time and some of the people all of the time, but you can't fool all the people all the time.

The Evening Telegram ceases to appear from yesterday for the time being in accordance with Abraham Lincoln's wise saying that "you can fool all the people some of the time and some of the people all the time, but you can't fool all the people all the time."

And he was right. The public also can fool publishers all the time and advertisers can fool publishers some of the time, and they seem to be continuing to fool them all the time. But the Evening Telegram doesn't propose to be fooled all the time.

As up to date evening paper at one cent doesn't pay. Therefore those who are publishing evening papers at one cent are either fooling the public or fooling themselves.

As the Evening Telegram doesn't intend either to fool itself or fool the public it has ceased publication until the time becomes ripe when it can stop being fooled and stops fooling.

This editorial article printed in the New York Herald of yesterday, told of the passing of the Telegram, the evening edition of the Herald. Many who read the Herald gave some consideration to the interesting history of the Evening Telegram. The paper was founded in 1866 by James Gordon Bennett, son of the founder of the New York Herald.

The proprietor, seeking some means to make his new journal distinctive, determined to print it upon pink paper.

Upon pink paper it was printed, and pink paper was used during all these thirty-one years since publication began. For many years the price of the Telegram was 2 cents. The pink paper had a considerable vogue, was a good paper in its time and undoubtedly was a profitable property. Not only the color of the paper, but the general style of the matter printed upon pink has remained about the same for many years.

For a long time the Telegram was issued at 10 o'clock at night, and a large part of the revenue of the paper came from sales of this edition. The price of the Telegram was reduced to 1 cent per copy. The paper was feeling the competition with modern journalism. The Evening Journal had appeared upon the streets, giving the news of the day with such completeness and in such interesting style that the Telegram was unable to compete with it.

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The search steamer Victoria returns from Spitzbergen without discovering any traces of the explorer.

Tromsø, Tromsø Island, Nov. 21.—The steamer Victoria, which was fitted out by the Governor of Tromsø, under instructions from King Oscar, to search for Professor Andree, the missing aeronaut, and his party, and which left here on November 5, has returned from Spitzbergen.

She brings no news as to the whereabouts or movements of Professor Andree, although exploring parties landed ten times at various points in Danmar's Isles.

The Victoria was provisioned for eight months and carried a crew of fifteen men. Paul Bjorvick, the explorer, was one of the company. It was understood that the expedition would search Danmar's Isles, Advent Bay, Cape Thorsden, Prinz Karl Fjord and possibly Dane's Island, from which point Professor Andree's balloon, the Eagle, ascended in July last. The expedition was to cross the site of the North Pole.

PAID THE "POLICEMAN."

Julian L. Dashwood Gave \$25 to Hush a Charge of Immoral Conduct.

According to the story told in the Morristan Magistrate's Court yesterday by Julian L. Dashwood, of Burnside avenue and Sedgwick street, John Dolan, a bartender, is guilty of extortion. Mr. Dashwood alleged that Dolan called on him last Friday and, representing himself as a policeman, demanded \$25 to hush a charge of immoral conduct, of which he accused Mr. Dashwood. The latter asserts further that Dolan threatened him with bodily harm if he did not pay, and that in fear he gave him the money.

Mr. Dashwood avers that Dolan called again, but demanded \$25 more, but not having the cash Mr. Dashwood gave him a check. An altercation ensued over the cashing of the check, and Dolan was arrested on complaint of Dashwood's housekeeper. He acknowledges receiving the money on check, but says that he entered Dashwood's house by invitation and that Dashwood gave him the money and check without a demand or even a request. The fact that Dashwood made no complaint to the police in regard to the transaction on Friday, and the further fact that Dolan's arrest was caused by the housekeeper and not by Dashwood, cast considerable suspicion on Dashwood's story, but Magistrate decided to hold Dolan for trial.

Will Be a Historical Bar.

The ruins of the old Major Andre house at Tappan had been purchased by C. A. Pike, of that place, for \$2,000. Two years ago Dr. Stephens refused an offer of \$10,000 from the State of New York for the historic landmark. Mr. Pike says he intends to rebuild the fallen walls and then open the house to the public. The old sold mahogany bar that did service in the tavern in 1776 is still in good condition.

WOMEN OF MERVE FOR KLONDIKE.

Party Will Sail on the Steamer City of Columbia December 1.

MANY WILL PROSPECT.

Others Are Equipped to Engage in Mercantile Pursuits in the Mining Camps.

HUSBANDS ARE NOT BARRED.

Mrs Hannah S. Gould, One of the Moving Spirits, Blushingly Admits That Matrimonial Offers Will Not Be Ignored.

The steamer City of Columbia, lying at the foot of East Ninth street, was the attraction which drew hundreds of visitors

across the East Side yesterday. Not that the City of Columbia is, in herself, particularly an object of interest, for she is an old steamer of the type common in the coasting trade. The interest felt in the craft is due to the fact that she is to be the home of a party of men and women who expect to start in her within a few days for the Klondike regions by way of Cape Horn, December 1 is the day set for the steamer to leave, but she will probably be delayed.

Klondike parties are so common nowadays that the organization and departure of one causes scarcely a ripple of interest. It is the fact that so many women, nearly all of them widows or maidens, will go on the ship that creates interest in the enterprise. Who are the women? What are they going for? are questions to be heard on every hand. To add to the mystery and also to the interest, the managers of the scheme refuse to tell the names or addresses of any of their prospective women passengers.

Room for the Women.

There is a strong suspicion, however, that nearly all the women are actuated by matrimonial designs in taking the trip. In fact this view was almost confirmed yesterday by Mrs. Hannah S. Gould, of No. 290 West Twenty-second street. It was she who originated the idea of taking a whole shipload of women to the new gold fields. Speaking of her project, Mrs. Gould said:

"Oh, there's plenty of room for women in the Klondike. I understand there are only eleven women there now, while there are 7,000 men. The women who are going on this trip are all clear-headed women of business, and they should have no trouble at all doing well in the different mercantile branches in the mining camps. A mystery surrounds the identity of the adventurous women who will brave the dangers of a sea voyage 18,000 miles long and the rigors of the Alaska climate for the ostensible purpose of making money and uplifting the social status of Dawson City and other delighted and frozen places. Mrs. Gould says she will have at least a score of women, three of them accompanied by their husbands. Not many of these are residents of the city. Nearly all come from communities like Plainfield and Philadelphia.

When the Secret Will Be Out.

On the day of sailing Mrs. Gould will present her squad of blushing widows and maidens to the critical eye of the assembled multitude and representatives of the press. At that time Mrs. Gould will tell their real names and what each of them intends to do.

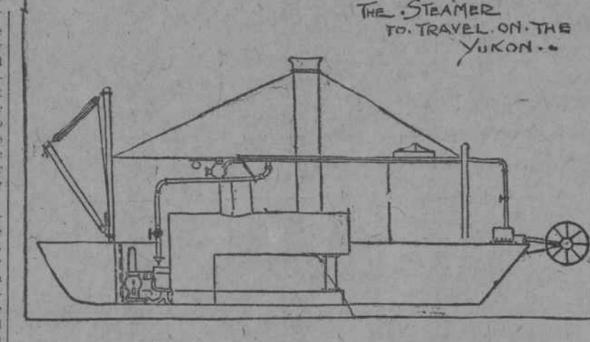
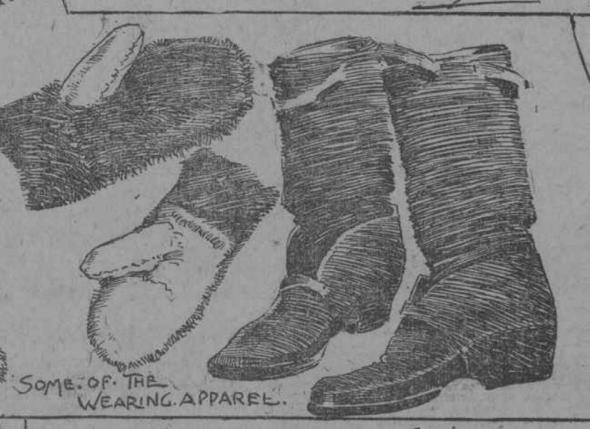
Nearly all of them are country-bred women," she said, "strong and able to do their full share of hard work. I have applications from many stenographers, but I do not accept them, for the reason that I do not believe the training of a stenographer is of the character to fit her for the hard knocks incident to life in the Klondike."

Miss Louise Glausch, a petite brunette, with an abundance of wavy brown hair, regular features and big brown eyes, will be a passenger on the brigantine Harriet G. when she leaves this port for San Francisco to-morrow. Miss Louise is twenty-six years old, and she is not afraid to have everybody know it.

She has earned her own living since she was twelve years old, and now she is going to the Klondike to find a place where she can do her own work. She will find that mine, and that she will be a rich woman before she returns to New York. She is the second daughter of Carl Glausch, a well-known architect at Frankfurt-on-the-Oder, Germany, and one of her family know of her prospective trip. The voyage around Cape Horn has no terrors for her, as she has made eight trips across the ocean and has been to the Pacific coast before.

She Means Business.

Miss Glausch is stopping with friends in West Forty-fourth street. She talked of her plans yesterday. She was surveyed the contents of two big packing cases.



Women of Courage Who Will Go the Klondike.

They were both filled to the brim, but there wasn't a single fancy article of dress in either one, for Miss Glausch realizes that comfort is far more essential than appearance in the Klondike.

The fill of one trunk contained a full supply of ordinary remedies used in every household, including two dozen mustard plasters. Miss Glausch had just attired herself in her Arctic suit of seal-skin to note the appearance she would make, and only a portion of her face was visible.

"I've been thinking of going to the Klondike," said Miss Glausch, "ever since the first reports of the gold fields were printed in the New York papers. I do not fear the cold in the least, for I shall be well prepared to meet it. The Harriet G. after a week at San Francisco, will go to Seattle and from there to St. Michael's, where a five-storied vessel is now being constructed will take the passengers up the river to Dawson City.

"I don't propose staying in Dawson City. I shall leave there as soon as possible on a prospecting tour."

Mrs. Grube, wife of the vice-president of the European conferees, was greatly interested in the project, and she will also be a passenger on the brigantine.

BLAME AT GAGE'S DOOR.

Friends of the Bimetallism Committee Claim That It Was Hampered by His Public Utterances.

Washington, Nov. 21.—There is no longer any doubt in the minds of earnest advocates of international bimetallism that the Wolcott Commission was betrayed by its supposed friends. The exposure of the Administration's secret work against the Commission, through Ambassador Hay, in the domial yesterday, created a sensation in financial and Congressional circles.

The friends of the Commission declare that the European conferees were greatly incensed against international bimetallism by statements made by Secretary Gage and Mr. Preston, director of the mint, in opposition to the very propositions the Commission was contending for. The European financiers felt that the Secretary of the United States Treasury would not make anti-bimetallistic statements unless they were sanctioned by the President.

Senator Chandler, who takes a deep interest in this subject, said today that he believes the commission has accomplished something in behalf of honest bimetallism. There is no doubt in his mind, he added, that the commission was embarrassed by the public utterances of Secretary Gage. He has discussed the question with Senator Wolcott since the latter's return from Europe, and he believes that there is a middle ground upon which the advocates of the single gold standard and the silver monometallists may come together.

It Will Take a small army of busy people this morning to attend to the results from the Sunday Journal "Wants" yesterday.

GENERAL ORDWAY DIES FROM SHOCK.

Bettina Gerard's Father Loved Her to the End of Life.

HIS LAST WORDS OF HER.

Found His Wayward Child in Bellevue on His Return from Europe.

MADE ILL BY THE SHOCK.

Excitement and Feebleness Made Recovery from a Surgical Operation Performed at the Hoffman House Impossible.

A good old man, whose life during the last fifteen years has been full of anguish, caused by the actions of a wayward daughter.

representative at the National Capital of the Potomac and Chesapeake Company. He was the friend of Presidents and cabinet officers, a man universally respected and admired, and, of late years, sincerely pitied.

His daughter Bettina was the apple of his eye. She was educated by the good Sisters at Georgetown and returned to the house of her father when her education was completed a dished young woman, joyous, vivacious, affectionate.

The old General loved her with all the power of his soul and when the time came to present her to society he arranged for her a great reception at which all the people prominent in Washington social and political life were present. She was the belle of the season and the pride of her father was great.

However, the old man saw that Bettina was disposed to be erratic. She sought a gay company and soon succeeded in getting herself talked about. A very short time after her debut she astonished the crowd and bowed the heads of her parents in shame by taking off her slipper at a dinner in White Sulphur Springs, filling it with wine and offering it to a young attaché of the French embassy. He drank the wine. The next day newspapers throughout the length and breadth of the land published the startling story and Bettina Ordway was well started on her gay life.

Previous to this she had performed cleverly in amateur theatricals. She was selected, the possessor of a sweet voice, which her father had had cultivated by the best teachers, and in the excitement following her remarkable display at White Sulphur Springs she announced her intention of going on the stage. General Ordway succeeded in dissuading her for the time. Soon after she met Arthur Padelford, a young Philadelphia of good family and enormous wealth, who married her. The father possessed his soul in peace then, for he believed that as a matron his wayward child would cast off the frivolity and love of pleasure that animated her as a girl.

When Bettina came home a divorced woman, her father was shocked and followed by a partial stroke of paralysis which had rendered useless to her the right side of her body. He was not well, and the sudden information shocked him to such an extent that he took to his bed. Dr. Pease, the house physician, was called, and advised that he be kept quiet. He insisted that he would go to Bellevue the next day and see his daughter.

On Wednesday morning General Ordway was very ill. His physician forbade absolutely that he marry or his intention of visiting his daughter, assuring him that the shock in his enfeebled condition, would kill him at once. As he could not go himself, he sent his wife, who was accompanied by her little granddaughter, the child of Bettina by her first husband, Arthur Padelford, of Philadelphia. The mother and the little child were taken to the presence of the stricken woman and a long conference followed, at the end of which Mrs. Ordway announced that her daughter would be removed to a private sanitarium conducted by Dr. W. Gill Wylie. The transfer was effected late on Thursday night. Since then she has been recovered to the Fifty-ninth street hospital.

Relapse Is Fatal.

When Mrs. Ordway returned to the hotel and reported to her husband the result of the interview he seemed soothed, and it was thought he would get better speedily. But on Friday a serious relapse set in and Dr. Janeway, with other eminent physicians, was called in for a consultation. An operation was decided upon and performed at once. After it was over General Ordway rallied and gave to a reporter of the Journal an interview in which he expressed his intention of taking his wayward daughter to his home in Washington, as soon as she had recovered sufficiently to allow of her making the journey.

A statement was given out on Saturday to the effect that General Ordway was improving rapidly and would soon be about home. Yesterday he seemed strong until noon, when he began to fail rapidly. Dr. Pease was called, but could do nothing to postpone the inevitable, and the old general passed away at 7:15 o'clock.

At his bedside when he breathed his last were his wife, his sister, Mrs. Emma Ordway, Mr. E. W. Verry, of Washington, his friend and associate in business, and Dr. Pease. No arrangements have been made for the funeral, which will be held in Washington. He was commander of the militia of the District of Columbia, and the

END OF A DRUNKEN FURY.

Crazed with Liquor, John Hausleib Kicks His Wife into the Borderland Between Life and Death.

Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 21.—What may turn out to be wife murder was committed in Long Hill this morning. John Hausleib, a milkman, while in Bridgeport, got drunk, and when he went home quarrelled with his wife. She upbraided him for his disregard of the Sabbath, and he flew into a passion, seized her by the throat, dug her to the ground, and then turned her out of the house.

Her piteous moans brought neighbors to the rescue, and they did not respond promptly the ruminated man would have kicked his wife to death as she lay bleeding and insensible in the road.

Dr. Hill was summoned and, after a careful examination, said the woman could not live. Hausleib was put in irons and taken to the Bridgeport jail under a strong guard.

NEW JOURNAL TRIAL TO BEGIN TO-DAY.

Both Sides Declare That Fresh Evidence Has Been Found.

BARBER TO TELL HIS STORY.

Emanuel Friend Has Turned Mrs. Nack Over to the District-Attorney.

THORN SINGS DURING SERVICES.

He Appears to Be Weakening, and Jail Attendants Believe That He Will Eventually Break Down.

Martin Thorn will be placed upon trial for the second time to-day to answer for the murder of Guldensuppe in June last.

The history of the first arraignment of the barber, which collapsed ten days ago on account of the serious attack of appendicitis which disabled Juror Larsen, is too fresh in the public mind to necessitate a recital of its sensational incidents, the startling confession from Mrs. Nack which it furnished and the progress that had been made when Justice Wilmut M. Smith was forced by circumstances to declare it a mistrial.

Since that adjournment of the case another new panel of talesmen has been summoned and all is in readiness for the new hearing, which is to begin in the Court House of Queens County, in Long Island City, at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

"Everything is in readiness for the new trial," said District-Attorney Youngs, at his home at Oyster Bay, L. I., yesterday. "The business necessary to make up a fresh panel were found with much difficulty, and from present indications I can see nothing that should stand in the way of a prompt and successful prosecution of the charge against Thorn. If anything, the State's case has been materially strengthened since the first ten days, and I feel entirely satisfied with the present condition of affairs."

Mrs. Nack will be used as a witness against the defendant, and her testimony may be introduced. The case is in a state of thorough preparation and I feel confident as to the outcome."

New Important Witness.

An important witness not subpoenaed in the first trial will be Constantine Keeshan, a barber, who worked side by side with Thorn in a Sixth avenue shop for nearly a year, and who came to be quite an intimate of the man accused for murder. The prosecuting attorneys expect to prove to Keeshan that Thorn threatened, months before the murder, to have revenge upon him. He could not be readily induced toward Guldensuppe to his barber shop companion, so Keeshan will be expected to swear and promise to witness vengeance upon his rival in Mrs. Nack's affections.

On the other hand Thorn's attorney, Mr. Howe, will by no means been idle. He too, declares that he will present some new and startling testimony. The most important part of the defense will be Thorn's appearance on the stand. The Journal has already forecasted that the man who killed the murder. His testimony will be equal to a plea of being an accessory after the fact. He will swear that it was Mrs. Nack who plotted the murder, who hired the bath rubber into the Woodlee house, who fired the shot that killed him, and who cut the body open and tied the pieces in separate bundles. He will, however, declare, was merely to aid her in disposing of the ghastly remains and protecting her by the means of a bath rubber.

Mr. Howe will also call to the stand Mrs. Ida Ziegler, whose testimony against Mrs. Nack in the shape of a signed statement, which was introduced in yesterday's Journal, Mrs. Ziegler, who resides on the West Farms road, will swear that one Sunday, prior to March 15, of this year, she saw a man called Art, No. 1671 Eastburn avenue, New York, where she was then living, and wished to rent rooms.

Mrs. Ziegler says the woman said she was a widow, and introduced the man as her husband, under the name of Braun, which, it will be remembered, was the name under which the cottage was rented afterward. The woman, she says, objected to the rooms for reasons which, in the light of Guldensuppe's murder, seem significant.

Mrs. Ziegler has further identified photographs of Mrs. Nack and Guldensuppe as those of the man and woman, and says further that she described his occupation as that of a bath rubber.

May Be Hard to Get a Jury.

"I expect to have great trouble," said Mr. Howe yesterday, "in getting a jury on this second trial, and dread the ordeal very much. The story of the crime with which this man is charged is not a pleasant one, and the publicity that has been given to it, and the fact that it is a matter to find competent jurors, will make it difficult to find competent jurors. I do not believe that the jury will be present when Thorn's trial is begun to-day."

He said yesterday: "Mrs. Nack is one of the State's witnesses, and in the hands of the District-Attorney. I have turned her over to Mr. Youngs, and it rests with him as to what disposition will be made of her testimony. Of course, I shall be present when she takes the stand, but only in an advisory capacity. I do not see any particular objection to her testimony. Thorn, since the collapse of the first trial, has been Mrs. Nack will go on the stand again, and repeat her story, which has been substantiated by the finding of the jury with which she declares Guldensuppe's body was identified. I can see no reason why the second trial should not be entered upon and pursued as expeditiously as the first."

Will Thorn Break Down?

Thorn is displaying evident signs of weakening, so much so in fact that those who come in contact with him daily in the prison believe that he will break down during the progress of the trial this week. When the usual Sunday services were held yesterday in the corridor of the jail upon which Thorn's cell opens, he came out and joined in the singing. He possesses a not unpleasant voice, and seemed to find real enjoyment in following the religious songs. He displays much nervousness, more inquietude and restlessness than he has yet shown. At times he is even ill-humored, and Pastor Miles, who is with him almost daily, he talks freely upon the subject of his trial, and has been known to make amends. Yesterday Mr. Miles preached to him and to the other prisoners.

MADE OVER.

An irritable man can be worked over into quite a fellow if he is fed properly. The lack of proper digestion sets up a condition of brain, that in turn shows in worry and fretfulness. Coffee is shown, in scientific experiments in artificial digestion, to arrest the process of digestion and delay and interfere in a serious manner with the operations. Persons with anything but the most powerful digestive apparatus will find it advisable to leave coffee out of their dietary and use Postum Cereal Food Coffee. The change will result in a "breakdown" in a short order.

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