

Will come to-morrow to the Journal EXCLUSIVELY from the contestants themselves, their wives, the Governor of Nevada and ex-Senator Ingalls. By the unequalled enterprise of New Journalism the result will be known to readers in New York almost to the minute

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THE FIGHT TO-MORROW!

James J. Corbett, Robert Fitzsimmons, Mrs. Corbett, Mrs. Fitzsimmons, ex-Senator Ingalls, Governor Sadler, who approved the fight bill; George Siler, referee, who has interpreted the rules; William Muldoon, Tom Sharkey, W. W. Naughton, who brought Peter Jackson to America, and Al Smith will report it EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE JOURNAL.

NO. 5,234.

GUN BURST KILLS 30 RUSSIANS.

Terrible Accident on Man of War at Canea.

WERE FIRING SALUTE.

The Last Gun Discharged Explodes in Its Turret.

GUNNERS ARE MANGLED.

Fifteen Die Immediately, and the Others Are Fatally Hurt.

MOSLEMS' FALSE REPORTS.

No Proof That 800 Persons, Including Children, Were Slain by Insurgents at Sisia.

Copyright, 1897, by W. B. Hearst. Canea, March 15.—When the evening salute was fired at Suda Bay by the thirty

BEAUTIFUL GIRL SUICIDE.

Mabel Spray Shoots Herself Dead in One Hundred and Fifty-Second Street—Sister Faints on Her Body.

Mabel C. Spray, eighteen years old, a tall, handsome brunette, shot herself in the right temple on One Hundred and Fifty-second street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, last night.

When a policeman reached the spot, a very lonely one, the girl was dead. Her body was taken to the West One Hundred and Fifty-second Street Police Station.

As it lay there a woman and man hurried in. The woman, who was Lulu Spray, threw herself on the body, crying: "It's she! It's my sister!" then she fainted.

In the lining of the dead girl's waist a note was found:

My Dear Sister—I told you I might come back, but I don't think it possible. Forgive me for what I am going to do, but I can not help it. For old's sake never do as I am going to do. Think sometimes kindly of your foolish sister, MABEL.

This envelope containing the note was addressed to Miss Lulu Spray, No. 40 West Sixty-fifth street. There Mabel lived with her sister and her father, who is employed in Roosevelt Hospital.

The cause of the unhappy girl's suicide is as yet unknown.

CORRIGAN MUST WAIT.

Congregation Fide Opposes Giving the Archbishop a Red Hat at Present.

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Rome, March 15.—A high prelate of whom I asked the reasons why Archbishop Corrigan would not be raised to the Cardinalate informed me to-day that the Congregation Fide had given unfavorable judgment.

The reason for this is not of a personal character, but is believed to be due to a desire of the Vatican not to paralyze the work of pacification which it has initiated in the episcopate of the United States.

This is now proceeding efficaciously.

HE MADE BAD COIN, THIS SUICIDE LOVED HIS BABY.

Family Party of Counterfeiters Arrested in Brooklyn. Wife Wouldn't Let Him See the Child and He Took Poison.

NEED CAUSED THE CRIME. ON HIS 23D BIRTHDAY.

Smith, a Plumber's Assistant, Lost His Work, and His Children Were Starving. Slept All Night on the Door Step, and Then the Door Was Shut in His Face.

CAUGHT, HE CONFESSES ALL. TRIED TO DIE ONCE BEFORE.

His Wife Aided Him in His Nefarious Work—Their Sons Rejoice That They Will Now Have Something to Eat. They Had Been Married a Year and Were Separated by the Wife's Dissolute Habits.

A family party of counterfeiters was discovered in Brooklyn last night. The father of the family made the spurious coin, the mother passed it. They declare it was to save their two children from starvation.

Joe Manello keeps a fruit stand at No. 241 Smith street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Margaret Smith bought some fruit from him last evening and gave a five-cent piece in payment. Manello grew suspicious of the coin only after the woman had gone, and he easily put his teeth in it when he bit it. After awhile Mrs. Smith returned and again handed out a 50-cent piece for what she bought.

"The other was bad, and that's bad, too," said Manello.

The woman pretended to be very indignant, but when Manello threatened to have her arrested she hurried away. Growing angrier and angrier because he had taken a counterfeit, Manello went to the Butler Street Police Station. He told the police he thought the woman with the bad half-

Here is something about the life and death of a young man who, whatever his faults, loved his wife and child, and killed himself when he was separated from them. The facts are peculiar, for they are far oftener told of women than of men.

Nora Hickey is a tall, slender, pretty brunette, twenty-one years old. She lived with her mother, Mrs. Jennie Hickey, a widow, at No. 201 West One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street. On January 1, 1896, Nora met Philip Hessler, a fine looking fellow, who was then employed in a brewery. Philip fell in love with her; she thought she was in love with Philip; they were married in March.

Although Hessler had a good place, he had not saved money. But Nora had a few hundred dollars. With part of that they furnished a flat at No. 1040 Third avenue. Having tasted the sweets of idleness, Philip was reluctant to go to work again when his wife's money was spent. His mother-in-law, quite naturally, found

REPRESENTATIVE NELSON W. DINGLEY.



DINGLEY SEES MORE MILLIONS IN HIS TARIFF.

Claims \$75,000,000 Increase in the First Year.

FREE LIST'S GREAT HELP.

Big Cuts in It Will Add to Uncle Sam's Revenues.

REPUBLICANS ARE SOLID.

That Party's Ways and Means Members Unanimously for the Bill.

CHAIRMAN GIVES REASONS.

Sugar Growers and Farmers to Be Protected and the Rich to Be Taxed.

Washington, March 15.—Chairman Nelson Dingley, Jr., to-night made the following statement regarding his tariff bill:

"The bill has two purposes, namely, to raise additional revenue, and to encourage the industries of the United States.

"On the basis of the importations of the last fiscal year, the bill would increase the revenue about \$112,000,000 divided among the several schedules roughly as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Schedule, Amount. A. Chemicals \$3,500,000; B. Crockery and glassware 4,000,000; C. Metals 4,800,000.



Black and White Studies at the Opening of the Tariff Congress.

men-of-war a most ghastly accident happened on board the giant Russian ship Sissoi Weliki.

In the turret of the last gun fired there were thirty men.

The cannon exploded, the top of the turret was blown off and the mangled bodies were thrown into the air.

Fifteen were killed outright, and the fifteen others were so fearfully mangled that they must die. The deck was strewn with portions of the bodies.

The ship on which the explosion occurred is one of the largest in the Russian navy, her displacement being 17,000 tons. She draws 25 feet of water, is 365 feet long and 69 feet beam. Her armor is 16 feet thick, and she carries 26 guns, including four 12-inch guns. Her horse-power is 10,600, and she can go 16 knots an hour.

The report of the Italian Consul at Heracleon, saying that 800 Moslems have been killed in Sisia, and more especially reporting the massacres of 180 Moslems in a mosque, has not been substantiated by other Consuls.

The report rests on the affidavit of three

thanks to the tact and skill of Mgr. Martinelli, and when it is finished Archbishop Corrigan will certainly be created a Cardinal.

Perhaps the promotion will take place at the October consistory.

FREE PASS BILL KILLED.

Assemblyman Robbins Led the Fight and It Was Defeated by 75 to 48.

Albany, March 15.—Assemblyman Fred A. Robbins, the independent Republican member from Allegany, who has achieved fame for his straight-forward and unswerving attacks on the trusts and monopolies, to-night led the fight against the Wilcox bill, which provides free railroad transportation for State officers, including members of the Legislature. The bill was defeated in the Assembly by the close vote of 75 to 48.

It can be authoritatively stated that even if the bill had passed it would have been vetoed by Governor Black, he believing it to be unconstitutional in several respects. Governor Black's position was not known generally while the debate was going on to-night.

Mr. Robbins was helped out by Colonel Sanger, Hill, of Erie; Green, of New York, the two latter having been constitutional delegates. Fitzrold, another constitutional delegate, voted for the bill. Most of the lawyers in the House voted against the bill.

dollars lived on Douglass street, and Detectives Mouney and Murphy and Patrolman Story went out to find her.

They learned that such a woman as Manello described lived in the rear of No. 83 Douglass street, but when they demanded admission it was refused. They broke open the door and searched the rooms. Charles S. Smith, the father of his counterfeit-fellow, suddenly looked on, while the mother tried to silence her boys, Jim, who is eight years old, and Rob, five years, who were weeping.

Counterfeiting Tools Found. The police found some counterfeit-forging tools, a plumber's hand stove, a small furnace and smelting pot, plaster of paris dies for half and quarter dollars and cents. They found eighteen bad half dollars, and twenty-three quarters in a trunk, and more such coin in the closets. The counterfeit-forgers were of lead with a little silver in them, and were of poor execution. When Smith saw the evidence accumulated against him, he exclaimed:

"I might as well own up. I made those counterfeit-forgers because it was easier to make money that way. I worked as a plumber's assistant until three months ago. Then I lost my job. My family was starving and I took to counterfeiting."

Smith, who is forty-two years old, and his wife, who is thirty-eight years, were locked up. Jim and Rob were taken to the rooms of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, on Livingston street. There Jim unconsciously confessed one of his father's statements. Rob was crying bitterly. Jim patted him on the back.

"Shut up, Rob," said he, comfortingly. "Shut up. We'll get something to eat here."

fault with him. Then she tried to induce her daughter to return home. In June last Mrs. Hickey found a pretext to separate Nora from her husband. Mrs. Hessler returned to her mother's home, and there a baby girl came to her.

Hessler went to see his wife, and was not permitted to enter the apartments. On June 10 he was informed that his daughter was being christened. There was a party at the Hickey's in celebration of the event. Hessler went there. They would not let him in. He went to the drug shop on the corner and bought carbolic acid. He walked up three flights of stairs and deliberately swallowed the acid. He fell against the door of Mrs. Hickey's rooms, and the guests at the christening found him writhing in the entry. He was taken to the Manhattan Hospital and recovered.

Discharged from the hospital and discharged from the police court, Hessler re-

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. D. Wood 1,750,000; E. Sugar 21,750,000; F. Tobacco 7,000,000; G. Agricultural 8,300,000; H. Liquors 1,800,000; I. Cottons 1,700,000; J. Iron, Tin and Lead 2,800,000; K. Wool 17,500,000; L. Manufactures of wool 27,500,000; M. Silks 1,500,000; N. Paper and paper 58,000; O. Sundries 6,200,000.

How Estimates Were Made. This estimate is on the supposition that the imports of each class of goods would be the same the next fiscal year as in the

Continued on Fourth Page.