. DAWNS FOR JDYARD KIPLING.

Great Poet Holds His wn on the Eighth Day of His Illness.

LLETINS ARE GUARDED.

icians Announce That the Ar- cial Respiratory Treatment No Longer Necessary.

KIPLING TAKES A DRIVE.

For the First Time Since Her Hus- band's Case Became Critical She Leaves Her Apartment at the Grenoble.

The following bulletin concerning the condition of Rudyard Kipling was issued at 11:10 o'clock last night:

Mr. Kipling has, on the whole, not gained during the day, though the respiratory function has so far improved that the use of oxygen is no longer necessary. The influence of the persisting inflammation in the upper lobes is still manifest.

E. G. JANEWAY.
THEODORE DUNHAM.

Rudyard Kipling lives. It was the eighth day of his illness yesterday. It was as black, or as blank, to him as the night that he wrote of in India was white. He had fever, delirium, and opium in large doses had to be given to him.

Intently the physicians had to watch his heart. At 8:30 in the morning they wrote:

"Mr. Kipling has not lost any ground during the night.

"E. G. JANEWAY.
"THEODORE DUNHAM."

It was encouraging.

"Is it encouraging?" every one asked.

The physicians shrugged their shoulders. They would not say if it were an encouraging report. They could not say. No one knows what pneumonia may do. It is treason itself. You are cured, suddenly you are doomed. But Mrs. Kipling went out for a half hour's drive in the Park, and her absence inspired confidence. "Oh, if Mrs. Kipling went out he is not in imminent peril!" the young women passing by the desk to go to the breakfast room said.

Mrs. Kipling pinned a note to the bulletin, saying: "Mrs. Kipling wishes to acknowledge with grateful thanks the many letters and telegrams of sympathy sent her. They are too numerous for her to reply to them individually." They were too numerous for her to read—tributes of great men similar to wreaths of laurel, tributes of modest men similar to violets hidden under their leaves, naive expressions of grief of unknown men who had only hearts.

It was "La Nuit Blanche" in the daytime for Kipling:

In intolerable stillness
Rose one little, little star,
And it chuckled at my illness,
And it mocked me from afar;
And its brethren came and eyed me,
Called the Universe to aid,
Till I lay with naught to hide
'Neath the Scorn of All Things Made.

Friends came and stood in front of the desk in the corridor. The scene was like a levee at a court. There were beautiful women and men with airs of distinction waiting. Joaquin Miller took off his hat.

His long hair is still dark brown and his long beard is all white. He wore reddish corduroy clothes. There was a big diamond, too, glaring on his left hand. He said that he would wait patiently for news from the physicians, and walked to and fro impatiently. At 2:50 the following bulletin was placed on the desk:

"Mr. Kipling's condition does not so far show any improvement. He still has symptoms due to the inflammation of the upper lobe of each lung—delirium and fever.

E. G. JANEWAY.
THEODORE DUNHAM."

Tears glistened in the old poet's eyes. He said, in reply to a question, "I am too oppressed by this dreadful illness of Kipling to give form to my thoughts of it. He is the Napoleon of literature. Do you understand? He has conquered a world. He is Britain's new Shakespeare. I cannot tell you more, can I? Later, perhaps, when he is well. I may analyze for you the sentiments that all men who know a little what a poet is feel at present."

S. S. McClure, one of Kipling's publishers, came from the patient's room pale and trembling. He said: "The bulletins are complete. Do not imagine that there is anything between the lines of them. If you saw how carefully they are written you would appreciate the futility of asking questions about them. Certainly, I am hopeful, but certainly also, I am afraid. It has been a terrible night. The men and the women in that room have no other thought in the world than to aid him in winning it."

It was the eighth day of Kipling's illness. How bravely he was fighting! Every twenty-four hours of life was a whole cycle of eternity gained. Everyone said that. When night fell and no thing despairing was heard about him everyone said: "Kipling lives; he will live!"

TO OBLITERATE THE MASON AND DIXON LINE.

Spanish-American War Veterans Will Form an Association to Bind Patriots Together.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 28.—A new association, to be known as the Spanish-American War Veterans Association, is about to be formed, and a call has been issued for a convention to be held in Washington September 2, 4, 5 and 6. The proposed association will have for its objects the wiping out of sectionalism, the promotion of closer fraternal relations, the fostering of a more unselfish patriotism and the corporate effort to secure the enactment of legislation in State and nation in the interests of soldiers, the army and navy generally.

Major-General Joe Wheeler is chairman, and Brigadier-General J. . S. Gobin, Major E. C. Davis, Atlanta, and Major Russell B. Harrison, Provost Marshal Seventh Army Corps, will act as executive committee.

Successive Cable Cars in Accidents.

Michael McCrystal, of No. 304 East Twenty-eighth street, employed in changing the Third avenue railroad system from cable to electricity, was not quick enough in getting out of the way of a car at Sixty-seventh street yesterday afternoon. The car bruised his right knee and back. The gripman of the next car omitted to change cables at this point, and the car came a sudden stop. Joseph Phillips, of No. 6[illegible] East One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street, was severely cut on the head by being thrown through the window, and a woman, with a child in her arms, was thrown from her seat to the floor, and several other passengers were thrown down on top of them. She was not injured.

Trust Gobbles Cuban Tobacco.

Arrangements for the incorporation of a syndicate which is to control a large part of the output of Havana tobacco are said to have been completed in this city. The syndicate will be organized under the title of the Consolidated Tobacco Company of Cuba, and will be capitalized at $12,000,000. The company is said to have options on twenty-three large plants, with tobacco lands attached. The factories are said to include almost those on the island of Cuba.

HAVEMEYER BABES HAMPER THE LAW.

By Coming Into the World They Delay the Settlement of an Estate.

AT INOPPORTUNE TIMES.

Next of Kin List Always Expands Just When the Lawyers Are Ready to Act.

That baby fingers should be poked into the majestic machinery of the law and bring it to a standstill over and over again has scandalized Surrogate Silkman, of Westchester County, and demoralized his court. Not one but many successive babies are the culprits. And they are all Havemeyers.

Frederick C. Havemeyer died ten years ago worth something over a million, and the estate has not yet been settled up. The surviving trustee is Henry O. Havemeyer. Each time he has made preparations to render an accounting to the Surrogate a new-born infant has kicked its way into his plans and broken them up.

The trouble is that all heirs and next of kin are required by the law to be cited to an accounting. This would be very well if the "next of kin" were a fixed quantity; but experience shows that it is not.

Whether this is peculiarly the case in the Havemeyer family the offending Surrogate has not ventured to assert; but his manner of commenting on the circumstances suggests the theory that Havemeyer babies, if they are not more numerous than other folks' babies, have at least a trick of coming into the world at times inopportune to the limbs of the law.

Hence it has happened that Henry O. Havemeyer's attorney is growing gray under the strain of serving cooing infants with citations, and trying to figure out a time for the accounting when there is a reasonable probability of no brand new next of kin making its appearance in any of the numerous branches of the family.

Three times within the past four months have the best laid plans of lawyers and tobacco magnates ganged agley in this interesting manner. A citation embracing all the Havemeyer infants then in existence was issued and made returnable on October 29 last. Before that date arrived, however, the stork had alighted in a Havemeyer household. It was necessary to begin all over again. A new citation was issued. Once more the proceedings fell through, for there were more babies.

The latest Havemeyer guilty of obstructing the law is the posthumous son of Charles F. Havemeyer, who died at Roslyn, L. I., last May. When his widow gave birth to the fatherless bairn another citation went to pieces. Surrogate Silkman was quite irritable yesterday when this fact was mentioned.

"It is absurd," he said, "that ten years should have elapsed without a settlement. This infant, I understand, is a grandson or grandnephew of Frederick C. Havemeyer, and has an interest in a contingent trust fund. I will adjourn the case for four weeks, and I trust there will be no further delays of this kind."

And he looked as severe as if he were on the point of issuing a permanent injunction.

NOVELIST ROD DINES WITH HARVARD MEN.

The Distinguished French Author is Here to Deliver Lectures on Dramatic Poetry.

Professor Edouard Rod, the distinguished French novelist, who arrived here yesterday on the French liner La Normandie, was the guest of honor at a dinner last night of the Cercle Francais de l'Universite Harvard.

It was at the invitation of the Cercle that Professor Rod came to this country to deliver eight lectures at the Harvard University. His general theme will be "The History of French Dramatic Poetry." Many members of the Cercle were at the dinner last evening. Rudyard Kipling was to have been present, but his illness prevented him from attending. M. Rod asked after Mr. Kipling and expressed great sorrow at his illness.

Carr Must Pay $124,009 in Commissions.

Judgment for $124,009 was entered yesterday against Julian S. Carr in favor of William D. Judkins for damages for breach of contract in refusing to pay a commission of 5 per cent on the sale of $2,448,901 of stock of the Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Company, which was negotiated by Mr. Judkins on December 13 last. The Sheriff's jury assessed the damages.

Farmer Shot His Cousin-Burglar.

Carrollton, Ohio, Feb. 28.—Clark Scott, a highly respected farmer living ten miles southeast of here, heard a man at midnight ransacking an upstairs room of his dwelling. Scott emptied both barrels of a shotgun through the door panel. Forcing an entrance he found he had mortally wounded his cousin, Beatty Scott, who has served several terms in the Ohio Penitentiary.

MARITIME NEWS.

OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.
SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Louis, Southampton	7:00 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
Britannic, Liverpool	10:00 a. m.	12:00 m.
Athos, Jamaica	10:30 a. m.	12:00 m.
Andes, Jamaica	10:00 a. m.	12:00 m.
Trinidad, Bermuda	8:00 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
Grenada, Trinidad	11:00 a. m.	1:00 p. m.
Hildur, Curacoa	11:00 a. m.	1:00 p. m.
Yucatan, Havana	1:00 p. m.	3:00 p. m.
Lampasas, Galveston	——	3:00 p. m.
Iroquois, Charleston	——	3:00 p. m.
Huberi, Para	4:00 a. m.	6:00 a. m.
Eastern Prince, La Plata	1:00 p. m.	3:00 p. m.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Finance, Colon	12:00 m.	2:00 p. m.
Tartar Prince, Azores	——	——
Seneca, Nassau	1:00 p. m.	3:00 p. m.
Gen. Whitney, N. Orleans	——	3:00 p. m.

Additional supplementary mails are opened—after the closing of the regular supplementary mails—on the piers of American, English, French and German transatlantic lines, and they are kept open until within ten minutes of the time of departure of steamship.

INCOMING STEAMSHIPS.
DUE TO-DAY.

Chicago	Hull	Feb. 7
Attila	St. Michael	Feb. 16
Foreric	London	Feb. 11
Boston City	Swansea	Feb. 11
Boric	Liverpool	Feb. 17
Laughank	St. Michaels	Feb. 15
Marquette	London	Feb. 16
Leon	Galveston	Feb. 23
Majestic	Liverpool	Feb. 22
Comanche	Jacksonville	Feb. 26

DUE TO-MORROW.

Trave	Bremen	Feb. 21
Werkendam	Rotterdam	Feb. 18
Albania	Hamburg	Feb. 18
New Orleans	Galveston	Feb. 25
El Monte	New Orleans	Feb. 25
Nachoochee	Savannah	Feb. 27

DUE FRIDAY.

Lucania	Liverpool	Feb. 23
Pennsylvania	Hamburg	Feb. 18
Oldenburg	Bremen	Feb. 18
Karamania	Gibraltar	Feb. 15
Cyprian Prince	St. Lucia	Feb. 24

ALMANAC. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1.

Sun rises 6:35 | Moon rises 10:32 p. m.
Sun sets 5:51 | Moon sets ——

HIGH AND LOW WATER TO-DAY

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND		SANDY HOOK.	
H. W.	L. W.	H. W.	L. W.
3:06 a. m.	4:24 a. m.	3:31 a. m.	3:46 p. m.
3:39 p. m.	4:34 p. m.	10:21 p. m.	3:[illegible] m.

NOTE.—High

HAD TALKED OF "ENEMIES" AND DIED FROM POISON.

The House Bennett Sought to Tenant with Negroes.

As a result of a continuous feud with his neighbors, the man who died from poison on Monday threatened to move out of his handsome residence, at No. 104 Hendrix street, Brooklyn, and turn it into a negro tenement.

Widow of Eccentric W. J. Bennett Insists That He Was Murdered.

THE POLICE SAY "SUICIDE."

They Declare That the Brooklyn Saloon Keeper Was in Despair.

William J. Bennett, the eccentric Brooklyn saloon keeper, who for years declared that he had been persecuted by mysterious enemies, and who was found dying in his saloon at Willoughby and Pearl streets early on Monday morning, died of poison. This fact was established yesterday by Coroner's Physician Hartung, after an autopsy. According to the physician, the evidences of poison were unmistakable, and it was also made certain that the poison was a strong irritant. The police assert that Bennett committed suicide. Bennett's wife declares that he was murdered by one of his many enemies. She says he was of a jovial temperament and one of the last men in the world to have sought his own life.

Bennett had left his home at No. 104 Hendrix street, in the Eastern District, at 5 a. m., to open his saloon as usual. He was found lying on the floor of a small rear room of the saloon at 7 a. m. by a man who cleaned up the place. The cleaner had often before found his employer prostrate on the floor, overcome by drink. Not thinking that anything serious was the matter, he placed Bennett in a chair and went on about his work. An hour later, William F. Hill, from whom Bennett had leased the saloon a year before, and who was anxious about money due him, called and discovered that his debtor was in a bad way. A doctor was called, but before he arrived Bennett was dead.

Flask of Deadly Poison.

By Bennett's side was found a whiskey flask filled with a milky fluid. This was sent by a clerk to Morrisey's drug store, at Fulton street and Myrtle avenue. Mr. Morrisey put a drop of it on his tongue, and at once experienced a numbness of that organ that caused him hastily to rinse his mouth. There was, he said, a strong odor of peach pits about the mixture, and from its action he believed that it was largely composed of hydrocyanic acid, or what is familiarly known as prussic acid. The effect of this poison is to produce death as if by asphyxiation, and it is not as corrosive as was the poison that caused Bennett's death, according to Dr. Hartung.

No other poison was found in the saloon, although Captain Piper and Detectives Roche and Belger searched every part of the place carefully. If Bennett committed suicide, he must have taken the whole of the poison he secured for that purpose. Mrs. Bennett is not willing to name any one she believes to be answerable for her husband's death, and the theories that Bennett took the poison before he left home or was forced to take it by some one who overcame him in his saloon is laughed at by the police.

Police Say Positively "Suicide."

"Bennett had become a sot," said Police Captain Dunn, of the Adams street station, which is close to Bennett's saloon. "He had been in a state of collapse for some time, and was out of his mind from delirium. Twice within six months he reported here that he had been stabbed by a secret assassin, but we found that the stabbing in each instance was the result of a brawl, in which Bennett had made some barroom loungers drunk, and had abused them. He had simply reached the end of his string, and so he killed himself. That's all there is to it."

It is known that Bennett's pecuniary affairs had reached such a stage that he was to have been dispossessed by his landlord to-day for non-payment of rent, and that he was deeply in debt to Hill, from whom he had purchased the good will of the saloon, and to many other persons. He had already removed most of his stock to his home.

A chemical analysis will be made of the dead man's stomach to determine accurately the cause of death. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

Bennett had many quarrels with his neighbors in Hendrix street, once accusing one of them of trying to kill his children by throwing poisoned candy over the fence. He threatened to "get even" with his neighbors by renting his house to a colored family, but continued to live in the house until his death, because, as he said, he could not get a large enough colored family to take the place.

Odd Fellows Elect State Officers.

Gloversville, N. Y., Feb. 28.—The Grand Encampment of the State of New York, I. O. O. F., this afternoon elected the following officers: Grand patriarch, W. H. Mosher; grand high priest, Philip Block; grand senior warden, E. J. Stearns; grand scribe, J. G. Denbert; grand treasurer, Benjamin F. Hamilton; grand junior warden, W. E. Slocum; grand representative, M. C. Lee.

A LAMPLIGHT COMPANION.

Between now and Spring time there will be many opportunities of an evening to read up on the different portions of the Great Northwest.

To this end the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. has printed for free distribution to Eastern farmers a number of illustrated instructive pamphlets regarding the various States traversed by its lines.

In sending your address to W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, Old C[illegible] Building, Chicago, Ill., please state preference is for information about Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Northern Michigan or North Dakota.

FRENCH EMBASSY GIVES UP ITS PEW.

Withdraws Its Support from St. Matthew's Church After a Disagreement.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The French Embassy has sprung a sensation upon Washington. The pew leased by the French Government in St. Matthew's Church and the sum that has been contributed by the Government of France to the exchequer of that church ever since France has been represented in the Diplomatic Corps has been withdrawn.

The breach is an irrevocable one, and today the French Embassy, in open acknowledgment of this, has leased a pew in St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church.

The trouble between the Embassy people and the rector of St. Matthew's, the Rev. Father Lee, a direct lineal descendant of "Light Horse" Harry Lee, related to the services in memory of the late President Faure, of France. This ceremonial, which took place with great pomp on Thursday last, was attended by the President, the Cabinet, the Diplomatic Corps and all of the prominent officials in Washington.

First came the primary dissension between the French Embassy and Father Lee in regard to the money for the mass. This sum—$500—in defiance of all rules in this respect, so far at least as the diplomats are considered, was required to be paid in advance.

Second, the French Embassy declared the decorations of the church were in no wise sufficient.

Third, the music fell far short of what the French Embassy claims it should have been.

Fourth was the slight which the Embassy declares was put upon President McKinley by beginning the mass long before he appeared. The President, thinking the mass did not begin until 11:30, ordered his carriage so that he would arrive promptly at St. Matthew's at that time.

The Embassy members went to Father Lee, and explaining the situation to him desired that the opening of the mass be postponed until the arrival of the President.

Father Lee, it is said, refused to listen to the suggestion, and gave the order for the mass to proceed. Thus, when President McKinley walked in and was shown to his place in St. Matthew's Church the mass was virtually over, and because of his unwitting mistake in regard to the time the President was greatly and, the French Embassy declares, unnecessarily mortified.

This is the third serious disagreement with wealthy diplomatic members of St. Matthew's Church Father Lee has had within as many months.

HANNA'S SHIPPING BILL RADICALLY CHANGED.

Public Criticism Compels a Limitation of Subsidies and Curtailment of Beneficiaries.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Senator Frye, from the Committee on Commerce, to-day reported additional amendments to the Hanna-Payne Shipping bill. The amendments place additional restrictions upon the bill and are intended to meet the criticisms that have been made upon the measure. The assertion has been made that if the bill should become a law it in time would require an annual expenditure of $100,000,000. To meet this criticism a provision was inserted limiting the aggregate bounties to $9,000,000 annually.

The bill as originally reported extended its proposed benefits to foreign built vessels under contract for American citizens on January 1 last. The measure is changed so as to require that ships coming under this provision shall have been in actual course of construction on January 1. The bounty to be paid to foreign built vessels is also reduced to fifty per cent under the new additions to the bill.

ROCKEFELLER BEAT THE TOWN TRUSTEES.

His Assessment Reduced by the Supreme Court and Then He Paid His Taxes.

Although William Rockefeller's property in the village of North Tarrytown, in Westchester County, was advertised to be sold for non-payment of taxes, it was not sold at the tax sale held in that village yesterday. A representative of the oil king, at the last minute, paid the taxes.

But the check offered was for $28.03 instead of $41.75, the amount stated in the public notice. This was caused by the fact that Howard B. Morse, the counsel for Mr. Rockefeller, had secured from Justice Mareau, of the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, an order reducing the valuation of the millionaire's property from $18,000 to $3,700.

Mrs. Seabrooke Will Testify.

Justice Gildersleeve, in the Supreme Court, yesterday, appointed Henry McPike, of San Francisco, as a special commissioner to take the testimony in that city of Mrs. Lulia Croix Seabrooke, in the action

CABINET DINNER ON U. S. S. DOLPHIN

Secretary Long Departs from Tradition in Entertaining.

TRICOLOR DECORATIONS.

Brass Cannon, Bunting and a Myriad Electric Lights Take the Place of Flowers.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The Cabinet dinner given to-night to the Secretary of the Navy and Miss Long was a decided departure from the run of such stately functions. It was given on board the Dolphin, now lying off the Navy Yard wharf, and had about it all the charm of novelty.

Throughout the day the crew had been busy getting things in apple-pie order on the Dolphin and draping the yards with bunting and flags. To heighten the picturesque effect myriad electric lights were used, so that the vessel looked from shore like a fairy ship. It was a bit dramatic, too, the arrival of the President and Mrs. McKinley, for as they stepped from their carriage and set foot upon the gangplank of the vessel the Marine Band, stationed in full uniform upon the upper deck, burst forth with "Hail to the Chief."

Secretary Long and his oldest daughter stood in the forward cabin to receive their guests, the Marine Band taking possession of this place as soon as the company was seated at dinner.

The cabin in which the dinner was served was hung with the Stars and Stripes. The tricolor effect was carried out upon the table, where candelabra in the form of small cannon were tied in red, white and blue ribbons. The centre of the table was hollowed out, and, rising from a setting of ferns and flags, was a small brass cannon, one of the tiny guns that did some effective service in the war with Spain. The Dolphin, it will be remembered, was off Guantanamo on the day of the victory at that place.

No wines were served, as the Secretary is the head of the Cold Water League of New England.

The guests, in addition to the President and Mrs. McKinley and members of the Cabinet with their wives, were Secretary Hitchcock, who has just arrived from abroad; Mrs. Glover, of Boston, mother of Secretary Long's first wife; Miss Margaret Long, who came over from the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore for the occasion; Mr. Hemenway, of Boston, partner of the Secretary of the Navy; Captain Lyons, in command of the Dolphin; Mrs. Lyons, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and Mrs. Allen. There was no dancing.

Business Troubles.

MORRIS COHEN, of No. 1723 Madison avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $24,744 and no assets.

JAMES W. CARROLL, of No. 1768 Madison avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,084 and no assets.

OTTO URNSTEIN.—Richard H. Jaeger has been appointed receiver in supplementary proceedings for Otto Urnstein, manager of a concert hall at No. 302 Bowery, by Judge Gildersleeve, of the Supreme Court, on the application of the executors of the estate of Henry F. De Graaf.

SAMUEL KAHN, cloak manufacturer of No. 828 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy to get rid of debts contracted in 1889 as a partner with Isaac S. Plaut and Ralph Plaut in the Mercantile Cloak Company. The liabilities are $71,357 and the nominal assets $5,422 in worthless claims.

ALEXANDER DOUGLAS, of Pleasantville, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $5,357 and assets of $1,216, which includes equity of $1,000 due on a contract of $4,000 for building a county hospital at East View, N. Y., after deducting liens.

THOMAS J. LAWLER.—George W. Alger has been appointed receiver in supplementary proceedings for Thomas J. Lawler, machinist of No. 963 Boulevard, by Judge Gildersleeve, of the Supreme Court, on the application of the Power Publishing Company, a judgment creditor for $722.

RAVENSWOOD GLASS CO.—Judgment for $15,384 was entered yesterday against the Ravenswood Glass Manufacturing Company, formerly at No. 56 Exchange street, in favor of Seymour Mandelbaum, of Baltimore, on two notes of the company dated January 21, 1899, payable on demand. The summons was served on Moses D. Frank, secretary of the company, at No. 743 Broadway.

ONGLEY ELECTRIC COMPANY.—Judge Gildersleeve, of the Supreme Court, has appointed Charles Donohue permanent receiver of the Ongley Electric Company, formerly at No. 1 Broadway, on the application of George J. Schoeffel. Mr. Donohue was appointed temporary receiver on June last. His bond was fixed at $10,000.

WILLIAM W. BELVIN.—Judge O'Dwyer, of the City Court, has signed an order vacating the appointment of Julian B. Shope as receiver in supplementary proceedings for William W. Belvin on March 9, 1895, at the instance of David B. Sickels, receiver of the Harlem River Bank, on a judgment for $485.

THEODORE BUCKINGHAM, of South Dover, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $18,750 and no assets. He was formerly in the lumber business and made an assignment on April 2, 1896, and the assets realized $4,880.

Petitions in bankruptcy were also filed yesterday by the following persons, who have no assets: Emma L. Armstrong, who did business as E. L. Pettigrew, milliner, at No. 26 East Twenty-fourth street, with liabilities of $2,127; Samuel D. Levy, of No. 1855 Lexington avenue, with liabilities of $1,086 (was formerly in the clothing business in Minneapolis and a fruit dealer in Jersey City); William McCourt, liquor dealer at Mount Vernon, with liabilities of $2,976; Archibald Measrole Almdie, of No. 564 West One Hundred and Forty-ninth street, with liabilities of $6,362.

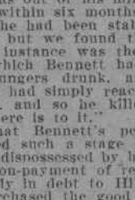
Heir to Wealth Gave Bad Check.

Andrew S. Cornwell, aged seventeen years, who lives at No. 162 Hewes street, Williamsburg, and is heir to a large share of a $200,000 estate left by his father, was accused in the Lee Avenue Police Court yesterday of passing a worthless check for $5 upon John Kracke, a saloon keeper of No. 727 Wythe avenue. The youth made a settlement and was discharged.

Thirteen words in the maxim next Sunday. $200 in 23 prizes. Win one. Particulars on "Want" pages.

Be Sure To Demand, and See That You Get a

BENSON'S,



(ON THE GENUINE) (3 SEAL STAMP)

't is the best POROUS PLASTER

Don't neglect your "Chest Colds." Apply Benson's Plasters to chest; they ward off complications and promptly cure the cold. Price 25 cts. All Druggists. Of Mailer, Seabury & Johnson, N. Y., if unobtainable.

SKIN-TORTURED

Babies and Tired Mothers Find Comfort in CUTICURA.

A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single anointing with CUTICURA, [illegible] smallest skin [illegible]

PRESIDENT SAVES THE ARMY BILL.

He Prefers the Senate Compromise to an Extra Session.

SO IT WILL BE PASSED.

Chairman Hull Does Not Like It, but Gives Way to McKinley.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The House Committee on Military Affairs will report back from committee the Senate compromise on the Army Bill to-morrow.

Chairman Hull will make a speech in opposition to compromise and will end by recommending that the bill be passed by the House without amendment, as the time is too short to attempt anything else.

In making the recommendation that the compromise bill be passed as it came from the Senate Chairman Hull will voice the wishes of President McKinley and not his own. He called on the President to-day and by him was informed that the Administration thought the Senate bill infinitely preferable to an extra session of Congress, and, as it was either one or the other, it had selected the compromise measure.

Mr. Hull feels much aggrieved over the situation confronting him. He personally desires to see the Senate bill defeated, but reluctantly admitted to-night that he would accept the bill as the only way to avoid an extra session.

Before Mr. Hull saw the President and received his instructions to pass the bill, he asserted that the measure had been so framed by the Senate that instead of giving the President a maximum of 100,000 men, it gives him a maximum of 58,000 men only.

This, he explained, was possible by the action of the Senate in adopting as a maximum the number originally suggested as a minimum for a company. In this way the highest number which could be enlisted was 58,000, as he figured it, and 35,200 as Representative Dalzell and others figured it. For a time this alleged error was believed to be fatal to the passage of the bill, but after the interview with the President and the latter's instructions to pass the bill, the error was not mentioned.

Mr. Hull said to-night: "The President is willing to accept the bill in its present shape rather than call an extra session. You may say that, so far as the Army bill is concerned, there will, in my opinion, be no extra session."

SMITH BEAT HIS NEIGHBOR.

Belabored Him with a Club Because He Walked on His Pavement.

W. O. Smith, of Vineland, N. J., was arrested last night on the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill, preferred by his neighbor, William Kennedy. Because of a dispute with the Township Committee Smith had built across the sidewalk in front of his residence two high board fences, cutting off travel. He warned off all trespassers. While going to church Sunday morning Mr. and Mrs. William Kennedy and their two daughters had occasion to step between the fences in front of Smith's property in order to avoid the muddy road. Smith rushed out of the house with a club, and after brandishing it threateningly about the women belabored Kennedy unmercifully about the head. A physician had to sew up the wounds on Kennedy's head. Smith wanted the township to pay for the land in front of his residence used as a sidewalk, and a dispute over the price culminated in the erection of the barriers.

SIMPLICITY is the great thing aimed at in scientific inventions. When you can add to this the advantages of EFFICIENCY AND ECONOMY nothing is wanting. All three are successfully claimed for the latest forms of GAS APPLIANCES. A full assortment—lighting, heating, cooking—at 1131 Broadway.

Proposals.

NO. 1.—PROPOSALS FOR REGULATING AND GRADING PARK PLACE FROM TROY TO SCHENECTADY AVENUE.
NO. 2.—PROPOSALS FOR REGULATING, GRADING AND PAVING WITH MACADAM PAVEMENT AVENUE D (BEVERLY ROAD) FROM FLATBUSH AVENUE TO OCEAN PARKWAY.
NO. 3.—PROPOSALS FOR REGULATING, GRADING AND PAVING WITH MACADAM PAVEMENT OCEAN AVENUE FROM FORT HAMILTON AVENUE TO AVENUE I.
NO. 4.—PROPOSALS FOR REGULATING, GRADING AND PAVING WITH MACADAM PAVEMENT 84TH STREET FROM 4TH TO 7TH AVENUE, BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES for the aforesaid will be received by the DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS, in room 1704, 150 Nassau street, corner of Spruce street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, until 11 o'clock A. M. TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1899.
For further particulars, see CITY RECORD.

NO. 1.—PROPOSALS FOR PREPARING THE GROUND FOR PLANTING IN RIVERSIDE PARK, BETWEEN 86TH AND 96TH STREETS.
NO. 2.—PROPOSALS FOR CARPENTER AND MASON WORK REQUIRED FOR BUILDING A NEW VERANDA, ETC., ON RESTAURANT HOUSE, NEAR ARSENAL, CENTRAL PARK, BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES for furnishing the aforesaid will be received by the PARK BOARD, at its offices, Arsenal Building, 64th Street and 5th Avenue, Central Park, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, until 11 o'clock A. M., THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1899.
For further particulars, see CITY RECORD.

NO. 1.—PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING AND DELIVERING PLUMBERS' SUPPLIES.
NO. 2.—PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING AND DELIVERING HARDWARE, FOR THE BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES for furnishing the aforesaid will be received by the PARK BOARD, at its offices, Arsenal Building, 64th Street and 5th Avenue, Central Park, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, until 11 o'clock A. M., THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1899.
For further particulars, see CITY RECORD.

PROPOSALS FOR THE MATERIALS AND WORK REQUIRED FOR CARPENTER, ROOFING, PAINTING AND WOOD FLOORING AND STEEL CEILINGS, TO BE PUT IN CITY HOSPITAL, BLACKWELL'S ISLAND.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES for furnishing the aforesaid will be received at the office of the DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES, foot of East 26th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, until 12 o'clock noon, MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1899.
For further particulars, see CITY RECORD.

PROPOSALS FOR [illegible] LAUND[illegible]

His Rupture Cur

C. & N. W. Engineer Restored Wonderful Rice Method.

Member of Waseca, Division No. How He Was Cured.

One of the old timers on the C. & N. W. been in their employ over 20 years, relat very interesting facts about how he cured of rupture by the well known Rice method name is H. A. Read, a member in good st of Waseca, Division No. 9, B. L. E., so says for the benefit of other railroad men ruptured can be relied upon as truthful value. Mr. Read says: "I had as bad a as you can run across in many months, but th

H. A. READ

Rice Truss and Lymphol cured me. It was a hard rupture to hold, as I had to jump on and off my engine so often, the spring and other kind of trusses I wore would shift and let the rupture out. But the Rice truss fitted me exactly, and after the first night I wore it I knew it would cure me. I went to sleep feeling like a new man, as the truss held my rupture, no matter what I did or the way I moved about. I never lost one hour from work, and as I am a railroad engineer it means considerable to be laid up with a rupture. I have saved a hundred dollars already in the time I have made up, and I shall always recommend the Rice cure with a grateful heart." Sincerely, H. A. Read, Waseca, Minn.

The Rice method is a perfect fitting truss, the only one known, and a marvellous healing lotion that securely knits and binds the broken muscles together, making the cure complete and permanent. Every ruptured reader should write to Dr. W. S. Rice, 409 K Main st., Adams, N. Y., and he will send a complete and illustrated series of pamphlets showing conclusively that his method cannot fail to cure. It is a home treatment at small costs, without pain, danger, operation or an hour's detention from work. Do not fail to write for either yourself or someone you know to be ruptured.

Loans.

Persistent Advertising Pays in a PROGRESSIVE Advertising Medium—Use Special 3 or 7 Time Rate—Great Results.

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IN 5 HOURS AT 3 PER CENT PER MONTH on household furniture and pianos without removal; strictly confidential; most reliable; loans taken up from other companies when due. PACIFIC LOAN ASSOCIATION (Incorporated), Broadway, corner 17th st., Hartford Building, room 514.

GLOBE LOAN ASS'N
(Incorporated), 134 E. 125th st., cor. Lex., Room A, $15,000 loaned on furniture, without removal. Amounts to suit, from $25 to $100. Inducements to city officials; quick attendance; legal rates; confidential.

STAR LOAN ASS'N
147 EAST 125TH ST., 12TH WARD BANK BLDG.
LOANS FROM $25 TO $200
in city and suburban towns on household furniture, pianos, without removal; legal rates; business strictly confidential.

Money Loaned on Salaries.
No security. TOLMAN, 18th floor, 220 Broadway. Also room 99, Asbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

ADVANCES on furniture without removal; confidential; easy payments; renewals when desired; legal rates. STATE LOAN ASSOCIATION, Jefferson Building, 4 Bowrum place, near Fulton st., Brooklyn.

ADVANCES to reliable clerks, salesmen and bookkeepers; easy terms; strictly confidential. MERCANTILE TRADING CO., 621 BROADWAY.

ADVANCES procured immediately upon salaries, furniture, etc.; easy payments; confidential. Room 103 Potter Building, 145 Nassau st.

INHERITANCES AND LEGACIES collected in the United States and Europe. Money advanced UNTIL CLAIM IS COLLECTED. M. REINACH, Notary Public, 534 8th st.

LOANS on furniture and salaries; Bronx Borough only; evenings until 7. MRS. TAYLOR, 144 Willis ave.

MONEY loaned to salaried people and others; confidential; prompt. MUTUAL LOAN CO., 11 Broadway, room 1018.

MONEY loaned on household furniture; legal rates; incorporated. 190 Bowery, corner Spring. Germania Bank Building, room 412.

PRIVATE loans on salaries or furniture. A. D. BROWN, 25 East 14th st., near Broadway.

SALARY.—$25, $50, $75, $100, $200, etc., on salary; open until 7 p. m. 301 West 21st st., bell 1.

SALARY or furniture loans made quickly; privately. W. P. DAVIS, room 25, 273 Broadway.

$15 TO $100 quickly loaned on salary, without security; clerks, bookkeepers, salesmen, railroad and express employes, etc.; easy payments; legal rates; private; open until 7. 63 West 11th st., near 6th ave.

$10 TO $100 LOANED responsible employes without security; no publicity; no delay; legal rates; small payments. CHESTERKIRK, mezzanine floor, Mail-Express Building, 203 Broadway.

$15 UP quickly advanced on salary unknown to employers; give particulars and business address in confidence; will call if requested. PRIVATE, box 87 Journal.

$15, $20, $