

Peeps at To-morrow's Sunday Journal.



Strange tragedy of a Harvard D K E man.



This is a French warship that in vain tried to prevent an American buoy steamer from escaping from a French penal colony.



Emile Loubet, President of France, as a peasant boy. Read the Journal's interesting personal sketch of the peasant President.



The House fly's foot, which plasters microbes on our faces. Other common insects are engaged in poisoning us.

ANOTHER SCHEME TO INURE SCHLEY.

Friends Fear Examining Board May Attempt to Besmirch His Record.

HAS THE POWER TO DO SO

Sampson Partisans Say the Action of the Commission Will Be Only Perfunctory.

Washington, March 17.—The Sampson-Schley controversy is again in the Navy Department tonight by reason of the appointment of the board to examine into the moral, mental and professional fitness for service of a number of rear-admirals, including Sampson and Schley.

Navy officers who have been conservative in the agitation concerning these two officers see in the new board not only the possibility but the probability of an attempt to have Schley again officially besmirched.

The examination by this board, which consists of Rear-Admirals McNair, Howell and Howison, is preceded by a physical test. Admiral Schley has already passed this examination at the Washington Navy Yard, and it is presumed that Sampson, who was ordered to be examined on March 10, has also been examined and passed.

The Secretary of the Navy has taken note of the renewal of the controversy and issued a statement to-day in which he explains that neither Sampson nor Schley, nor any other candidate for promotion, will be discriminated against in these medical examinations.

Navy Department officials and the public are, however, more directly interested in the result of the examining board on the "professional fitness" of Schley, Sampson and other admirals. The statement has not been denied yet that it will be within the power of the board to report unfavorably on the charges of reprehensible conduct preferred against him by Admiral Sampson. It is believed that the board will be ordered to report unfavorably on Schley and that the appointment of this board was that which reached Sampson's record it would be obliged to take cognizance of his official condemnation of Schley and that the official report of Schley would be the result. Navy officials of the Sampson faction believe that the examination of the scheme in the controversy, but others are of the opinion that there can be no escape from a revival of the fight as soon as Sampson's case is reached.

Some of Schley's friends said to-day that he did not court but would not dodge the issue of Sampson's charge when taken up to-day. They are of the opinion that at least two of the board will act impartially and that Schley does not fear the expected reopening of the case on his merits.

ORDERS TO ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS.

Transfers, Discharges, Relief from Duty and Assignments for Special Work.

Washington, March 17.—Orders were issued to-day as follows:

Navy. Chief Engineer R. Inch is detached from the Charleston and will proceed immediately to Cavite.

Chief Engineer William Parks is ordered from the Long Island Navy Yard to the Iowa.

Assistant Gunner J. T. Roche is ordered to duty on the Keokuk.

Lieutenant G. H. Stafford, of the Yosemite, is ordered to go on the Abarenda to Samoa.

Assistant Paymaster W. T. Gray is ordered from the Navy Yard, New York, to the Prairie.

Assistant Engineer E. B. Pollock is ordered to the New York Navy Yard in connection with the preservation of machinery of ships on reservation.

Chief Engineer J. D. Ford, of the Olympia, is ordered home on waiting orders.

Army. First Lieutenant Frank H. Lawton, Twenty-first United States Infantry, is relieved from duty to take effect March 31, 1899, as assistant to the purchasing and depot commissary in New York City.

Major William R. Hall, surgeon, United States Army, is ordered to Camp Meade on business pertaining to hospital accommodations for the sick and supervising the sanitary conditions of the camp.

Lieutenant-Colonel William A. Mays, Ordnance Department, United States Army, will visit the Petersburg Iron Works, Petersburg, Va., to inspect projectiles.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Elias H. Porter is relieved from duty at Albany, Ga., and will proceed to New York City to report to Major Henry Skilbourne, surgeon, United States Army, medical superintendent of transport service to duty.

Major Edward Davis, assistant adjutant-general, United States Volunteers (Captain Third United States Artillery), is honorably discharged from the Volunteer Army of the United States.

Second Lieutenant Gwynn R. Hancock, Sixth United States Artillery, will report at Harrisburg, Pa., for recruiting duty.

Captain Abraham S. Bickham, assistant quartermaster, United States Volunteers, is assigned to take charge of property on either the transport Zealandia or Pueblo, sailing from San Francisco on the 24th inst. to Manila.

Her Singing Makes Them Think Her Crazy. Constant singing is the mania of Mrs. Mary Gartner, who was recommended to jail yesterday by Magistrate Steers in the Egan Street Court, Brooklyn, to have her mental condition watched. She has been living at No. 66 Driggs avenue. The tenants were so annoyed by her boisterous singing that the landlord obtained a warrant for her arrest.

The Greatest American Author, Edgar Allan Poe. Many readers of the Evening Journal have expressed a desire to read more of the works of Poe, who was undoubtedly one of the most imaginative authors the world has ever known. His stories, representative of their kind, are practically unread by the people of this generation, and it is with great pleasure that the Evening Journal will to-day present the first of a series of Poe's tales. In conjunction with it will be published a short love story by a well-known author, that those who do not like to read of the ghoulish and startling alone may find something in a lighter vein.

HERE ARE A LOT OF BRAND NEW TRUSTS.

Some Are Being Formed to Fight Other Trusts, More Designed to Restrict Production, Control Trade and Squeeze Consumers.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

Foxcroft, Me., March 17.—Manufacturers of men's woollen goods in this section have been approached by representatives of the Boston syndicate, who propose to bring about a combination of woollen manufacturers under one management with a capital stock of \$10,000,000. The mills desired in this section are those of the Brown Manufacturing Company, at Dover; the Sangerweaver Company, at New York; the Abbott Mill, at Dexter; and the Bonson Mill, at Pittsfield. The owners of the mills here are given the choice of stock in the syndicate or money for their plants.

CRACKERS.

Syracuse, March 17.—The formation of a biscuit and cracker trust to control the industry west of the Rocky Mountains was confirmed to-day by former Mayor Jacob Amos, of this city, a close business friend of Charles M. Warner, of this city, and Thomas A. Murray, of New York, probable owners of the combine. Charles E. Ide, a lawyer, also of Syracuse, is in the West looking up titles and other information relative to property in question. New deals will be pushed through upon his return about April 1.

LAMPS.

Pittsburg, March 17.—A combination of decorated glass and metal lamp manufacturers is in process of formation and it is expected will be in active operation before the middle of next month. The new combination will include all the lamp manufacturers of the country and application for a charter will soon be made in New Jersey. The capital of the new concern has not yet been decided upon, but it will amount to several million dollars.

PLOUGHES.

Chicago, March 17.—As a consequence of increase in the price of steel in the consolidation of large iron and steel industries the plough manufacturers are forming a combination. A stock company, capitalized at \$2,000,000, under the name of the Plough Manufacturers Association, will be formed, and all the manufacturers of ploughs are expected to be united in it. They will have the alternative of accepting stock or cash for their plants. Options have been secured on more than twenty plants.

The interests upon which options are held are at Syracuse, N. Y.; Moline, Rock Island, Canton and Springfield, Ill.; Racine, Wis.; South Bend, Ind., and Louisville, Ky. There are about twenty-five plants in the country.

TROPHY BOARD APPROVED BY BOTH SECRETARIES.

It Will Determine the Division of the Guns Captured by the Army and Navy in Cuba.

Washington, March 17.—The trophy board, appointed to determine the division to be made of the guns captured by the United States Army and Navy in Cuba, has been approved by Secretary Long and Secretary Alger.

The number of captured guns in the custody of the War Department is 122 as follows: At Waterville Arsenal, San Santiago, eighty-two, of which eleven are steel, thirty-one cast iron and forty bronze; New York Arsenal, from Santiago, forty bronze pieces.

Those in possession of the Navy Department number fifty-six as follows: Seveta at the New York Navy Yard, of which four were taken from the Reina Mercedes, one from the Almirante Oquendo and two from the Albatross. Three are at the Norfolk Navy Yard, two of which were taken from the Marlin and two from the Boston Navy Yard, secured from the gunboat Sandoval; twenty-three at the Washington Navy Yard, of which ten were taken from the Vizcaya, from the Maria Theresa and three from the Oquendo.

\$100,000 TO BE SPENT REPAIRING THE RALEIGH.

The Vessel Is Now on Her Way Home from Manila from Service with Dewey.

Washington, March 17.—Rear-Admiral Hichborn, Chief Constructor of the Navy, has recommended that the Raleigh be sent to the Portsmouth (N. H.) Navy Yard for repairs when the ship reaches this country from Manila. A board of survey will be ordered to inspect the vessel and determine the extent of her defects.

CHINAMAN TO BECOME A REAL UNDERTAKER.

Tom Fee Has Become a Catholic, and Is Going to Learn to Embalm and Then Open a Shop.

Tom Fee, of Washington ave., Elizabeth, N. J., is going to open an undertaker's shop. Tom is a native of Canton, twenty years ago he cut off his queue and began to learn English. Now he parts his hair in the middle, wears a luxuriant mustache and clothes cut in the latest style.

A year ago he forsook the washbub and began to work in Martin's undertaker's shop. He will soon take a course of study in this city and then open a shop in Chinatown.

Fee has joined St. Mary's Catholic Church, St. Elizabeth. He will be baptized on Easter Sunday. He says he likes the Catholic faith because he observed the devotion of priests among the lepers in China.

"FISHERMEN, AHoy! LETS MAKE WAR ON NETS."

Deep Sea Anglers Mean to Stop the Pollution of the Waters About New York, Too.

Deep sea fishermen will hold a mass meeting at German-American Schutzen Hall, No. 12 St. Mark's place, on Thursday evening, to protest against the indiscriminate slaughter of fish in the waters adjoining New York. They are organized under the name of the Protective League of Salt Water Fishermen.

The call for the meeting is headed, "Fishermen, ahoy!" and summons all deep sea anglers to attend.

The speakers include Eugene Blackford, Daniel O'Reilly, George C. Austin and Theodore Bredinger, president of the league, who will tell how their fish day after day in Jamaica Bay without catching anything more than a cold in the head.

Three of the Dean Conspirators Held Magistrate Plummer, in the Centre Street Police Court, announced his decision yesterday in the E. S. Dean Company conspiracy case. The three defendants, D. B. Kellogg, Samuel Keller and Myron S. Bernard, were each held for trial in Court of General Sessions, and their bail fixed at \$2,000. Defendant Kellogg at once furnished bail, Keller and Bernard, through their counsel, Abraham Levy, were given until this morning to produce bonds.

MALT.

Buffalo, March 17.—The efforts of the malling interests outside of the American Mailing Company to get together are meeting with success. J. Clark White, of the Lake View Malt House, stated to-day that options had been secured on 30,000 bushels of malt in the interest of the syndicate. A. W. Wheeler, of Wheeler & Co., says an option has been given on the good will and whole outfit of his company, which option runs until May 1. Negotiations are made upon a cash basis. The Wheeler firm is to keep out of the business for ten years if the transfer is made, according to the option.

SARDINES.

Eastport, Me., March 17.—C. H. Randle, representing a syndicate of Chicago capitalists, this afternoon announced that he had completed a deal with the leading sardine packers of Eastern Maine whereby 75 per cent of the industry will come under new control. These packers have agreed to sell their plants to the syndicate, the transfer to take place on or before April 15. The new trust is to be known as the American Sardine Company, capital \$3,000,000.

Mr. Randle also claims to have made contracts for the catch of nearly all the best fishing waters on the Eastern Maine and New Brunswick coast for a term of years, at \$4 a hoghead. It is estimated that the annual pack of the factories in the syndicate is a million dollars.

Julius Wolf, of New York, and George Burnham, of Portland, are here, it is understood, in the interest of the syndicate which is after all the factories outside of the Chicago syndicate.

LUMBER.

Norfolk, Va., March 17.—The lumber men of this section are working hard to effect an agreement whereby the North Carolina Pine Lumber Association shall not only obtain control of the output of the numerous mills embraced within its jurisdiction, which it has succeeded in curtailing, but also to regulate prices. The committee having in charge the deal is working hard, and although no definite agreement has as yet been reached, it is believed the syndicate will be formed in a few days. It is both false and malicious to say indictments have been "hung up" in this office for political reasons. No person ever asked me to do such a thing. If anyone should venture to make such a suggestion I would have him thrown out of my office.

If these scandalous attacks on me continue I shall call them to the attention of the Grand Jury. That body can only investigate charges of corrupt conduct, but when the newspapers said there were thirty cases pending in the Tombs, they asked for the facts in the case, and when they learned the truth they congratulated me on the able manner in which this office had been conducted.

"It is a fact that no such record ever made in this office as we can show for the past fourteen months. My predecessor left me 2,911 cases, and since then there have been more than 10,000 in all, of which I have been in charge of 11,717, besides 5,117 police court cases, where no indictment was necessary, making in all a total of 11,717 cases handled by this office in fourteen months."

HER SCALP A MOSAIC OF 4,500 GRAFTINGS.

Mary Maloney, of Chicago, Lost the Old One in a Laundry Accident.

Chicago, March 17.—Four thousand five hundred tiny bits of skin have been grafted upon the head of Mary Maloney, who lives on Carroll avenue, near Leavitt street, and the young woman, who was recently injured by the machinery of a laundry, is now reported to be not only recovered from her wounds, but enjoying the triumph of one of the most remarkable operations in the history of surgery.

Miss Maloney's hair was caught in a revolving shaft at the laundry where she was employed and the scalp and skin were torn from the forehead to the back of the neck. Dr. C. Schaeffer attempted to replace the severed scalp, but found that it would not stay upon the skull. Skin grafting was then tried. Nearly 1,800 bits of skin were cut from the injured girl and 2,700 from her brother and two sisters. The process was long and painful, but proved successful, and Miss Maloney now has a new and healthy scalp as a result of the operation.

MRS. WINTERS'S WILL ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Surrogate Fitzgerald Finds That the Aged Woman Was Capable of Making Her Own Will.

Surrogate Fitzgerald has admitted to probate the will of Anna Maria Winters, holding that the charges of undue influence entered by the contestants have not been sustained, and that at the time of the execution of the will she was mentally capable of making a will.

The will, which was drawn out twenty years ago, was admitted to probate. It was a fortune of \$1,000,000. Mrs. Winters died about a year ago at the age of seventy-eight. About four years before her death she was married to Byram L. Winters, a lawyer, more than forty years her junior. She left everything to him.

Twice previous to her marriage to Winters she had been married to the altar. It was from her former husband that she inherited her wealth. Several relatives alleged that she was of unsound mind and subjected to undue influence on the part of her young husband.

WOMAN WAS A BUSY BURGLAR.

Ten Charges Against Catherine Lopato, Who Was Caught Plundering a Flat.

Ten charges of larceny confronted Catherine Lopato, the woman burglar of Williamsburg, and her accomplice, Jacob Friedman, yesterday, when they were arraigned in the Lee Avenue Police Court.

They were arrested last Monday while the woman was being carried to the State Medical Institute, a discovery case naturally and has never failed him. One of his recent cures was a most hopeless case, the disease having caused the hair to fall out and the body was one mass of putrescent sores, boils, blotches and unsightly disfigurements. In a few days the entire outer skin was healed and

YOU CAN HAVE IN YOUR HOME 4 FULL QUARTS HAYNER'S PURE RYE WHISKEY.

EXPRESS PREPAID FOR \$3.20

The high standard of Hayner's Seven-Year-Old Double Copper Distilled Rye Whiskey never varies. We have been selling this brand direct from distiller to consumer for thirty years. We are the only firm which does this. The benefit to you is manifest. You get a whiskey guaranteed to be absolutely pure and free from adulteration, delivered in plain box, no marks or brands to indicate contents, right at your door, at a very low price, because short of all middlemen's profits.

A whiskey of the Hayner standard cannot be had except at fancy prices from the retailer. We give every customer the privilege of testing the whiskey when it arrives, and if not right in every way, they can return it at our expense and we will cheerfully refund the money.

References: Any bank in Dayton, or any Commercial Agency. HAYNER DISTILLING CO., 496-502 West Fifth St., DAYTON, OHIO. P. S.—Orders for Ariz., Cal., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Pa., Wash., Wyo., must call for 50 cents, freight prepaid.

GARDNER TELLS HOW HE'S ABUSED.

Says the District-Attorney's Office Was Never in Such Fine Shape.

TALKS OF LIBEL SUITS.

He Thinks There Is No Serious Intention to Investigate His Office.

The Journal exclusively printed the fact last Wednesday that Chairman Brackett, of the Senate Judiciary Committee, was busy making inquiries relating to the indictment of Roland B. Mollenau. Mr. Brackett said he might ask his associates on the committee to join with him in an investigation of District-Attorney Gardner's "methods." Yesterday morning a New York newspaper printed this prominently. In order to give it an "up-to-date" tint it declared that Governor Roosevelt had promised to sanction such an inquiry, providing it did not prolong the session of the Legislature.

Governor Roosevelt denied yesterday that he had made any such statement. The "up-to-date" portion of the story was gratuitous.

For the first time since his troubles with the Judges of the Court of General Sessions, District-Attorney Gardner consented to talk for publication yesterday. He took this course after his attention had been called to dispatches from Albany to the effect that a legislative committee might be appointed to investigate his office.

Colonel Gardner said he had not had much time recently to read the newspapers, but that his mind was easy as he knew he was performing his duties to the best of his ability and that the records of his office showed that there were fewer trials pending now and fewer indictments awaiting disposition than at any time within years.

Referring to the proposed investigation, Colonel Gardner said: "It is an excellent idea. Let them investigate me. I am all ready to receive them and they can't come too soon. It is a shame and an outrage that a public servant striving to perform his duties should be attacked and vilified as I have been. It is both false and malicious to say indictments have been 'hung up' in this office for political reasons. No person ever asked me to do such a thing. If anyone should venture to make such a suggestion I would have him thrown out of my office."

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TRAIN DID 23 MILES A WEEK.

Snow Between Denver and Leadville Will Block the Line Another Month.

Como, Col., March 17.—The first train from Denver since February 21, consisting of a rotary and four engines, reached here yesterday afternoon.

The train has been a week coming from Grant, a distance of twenty-three miles. The railroad people expect to reach Breckenridge in about ten days and Leadville within four or five weeks.

BLOOD CURE SENT FREE.

A FREE TRIAL TREATMENT SENT PRIVATELY BY MAIL TO ALL WHO SUFFER.

A Remarkable Remedy for a Terrible Affliction. The Cure Is Permanent.

A free trial treatment is being sent out by the State Medical Institute in order to demonstrate the fact that the most horrible of all diseases can be cured. There is a good deal of controversy over the subject among those who declare the disease incurable, but the facts are indubitable and must be acknowledged. The action of this new remedy is peculiar. The physician in charge of the Institute has had a long and varied experience in treating this disease of the blood, and about two years ago, after a long series of experiments, he found the exact specific that effects the cure, renders it harmless, and eliminates it from the body. Having personally examined many hundreds of cases and familiarized himself with every detail of the disease, his discovery came naturally and has never failed him. One of his recent cures was a most hopeless case, the disease having caused the hair to fall out and the body was one mass of putrescent sores, boils, blotches and unsightly disfigurements. In a few days the entire outer skin was healed and

There was noticeable improvement in all other respects. A brief continuation of the remedy brought about a radical cure.

The free trial treatment has saved a great many who otherwise were doomed to early destruction, and it was this object which induced the Institute to make the offer. In all cases where the sores have become characteristic of the disease, the patient fully realizes the name and nature of his affliction, but a great many who have inherited the disease or who have recently contracted it should ask the Institute for their 44 page book describing fully the disease and also explaining the action of their new remedy. Send your name and address to the State Medical Institute, 61 East Rock, Ft. Wayne, Ind., and they will forward, prepaid, the free trial treatment that will bring to the sufferer such wonderful relief, such an ecstatic feeling of joy for the improvement shown as to fully compensate for the suffering and despair that previous failure has caused. Write to-day without fail.

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SUICIDE MANIA SEIZES HER AGAIN.

Helen Gould's Protege, Amelia Steingruber, in a Straitjacket.

CAST OFF BY HER OWN KIN

On Being Released from Bellevue She Tries Twice to Kill Herself.

Amelia Steingruber, who was trained for the profession of a nurse at the expense of Miss Helen Gould, and was admitted to Bellevue Hospital a month or two ago, after she had tried to kill herself five times, is again trussed up in a straitjacket, with two more sincere but futile attempts at suicide to her credit.

She left the hospital alone yesterday and started for the home of her parents at North Bergen, N. J., where her father has a face factory. The impulse to destroy her life returned to her when she was half way across the river on a Weehawken ferry boat, and she tried to throw herself overboard. She was seized by two deckhands and kept under guard until the boat reached the other side, when she was handed over to a policeman. The latter escorted her to the home of her parents, but they would have nothing to do with her.

"No," they said, "she has given us too much trouble already. Nothing will cure her of the determination to kill herself. Take her away!"

There was no choice but to take her to the village jail and there she was locked up. At that time she was acting with perfect decorum, and such was her genteel dignity that the jailer could hardly credit the statement that she had attempted to commit suicide and had been cast off by her own kin.

He changed his mind half an hour later, when the incessant banging enabled him to drag her back into the straitjacket and to throw herself out of the window.

That was attempt No. 7. So violent was the prisoner that it was found necessary to tie her in a straitjacket. Even this was not enough, for a little while after, ward she began to dash her head against the wall, and it needed the strength of three men to restrain her. Thereafter she needed constant watching until she was transferred to a padded cell in the Hudson County Jail.

Miss Steingruber's first attempt to kill herself was on the steps of the Union Hill Post Office, where she swallowed poison. Once she threw herself off a Staten Island ferryboat and again she took carbolic acid in a Central Park.

But of all her adventures none attracted so much attention as one that occurred when she was a nurse in the Manhattan Hospital. That was last July. A policeman found her at midnight on a street near the station of the "L" road, suffering from the effects of chloroform. She threw the empty bottle away when he spoke to her.

It was with difficulty that her life was saved, and in her delirium she articulated the name "Willie" so frequently as to give rise to the suspicion that a love affair was at the bottom of her desperation. She confessed that she was a morphine fiend.

TOO MANY CHILD WIVES.

New Jersey Grand Jury Finds Early Marriages End in Unhappiness.

The necessity of a law to prohibit parents from consenting to the marriage of their daughters until they are at least sixteen years old was urged in a presentation handed into court by the Grand Jury in Newark yesterday.

The presentation was prompted by the great number of cases of domestic unhappiness which were noted in the Newark County Jail in nearly all these cases the trouble was caused through jealousy growing out of the fact that the wife had married when she was fourteen or fifteen years old.

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