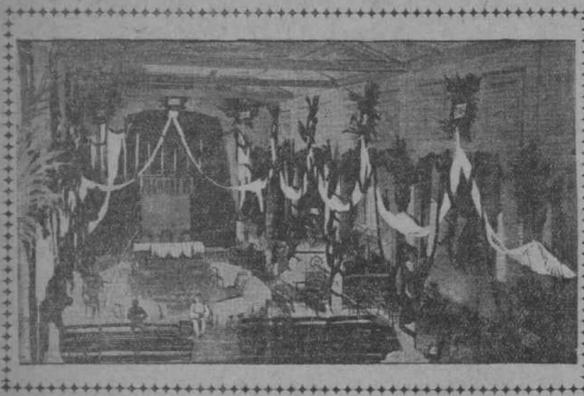


THE COLUMN WILL PRESS ON THROUGH THE SWAMPS TO MALOLOS.



Headquarters of the Filipino Leader.

The chamber in which Aguinaldo displays his authority and the golden shield that is the outward sign of his power.

Continued from First Page.

A lot of men from the sturdy Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment also crossed the river. They captured two prisoners. This sort of attack by swimming soldiers thoroughly demoralized the Filipinos and all who had not run became prisoners.

The Town Spared.

The Americans did not burn the town. General H. G. Otis's brigade crossed the river on the framework bridge. Colonel Hale's brigade making camp on the south bank of the river.

In the sharp fire that met the Americans when they first approached the river, they were killed and forty were wounded. Of the six killed three were officers.

The advance will be resumed without delay. The soldiers are in high spirits, though they have had seventy-two hours of fighting and marching.

Beyond Marilao lies Malolos. The distance is only about eight miles. This distance might be covered in a day, but probably such a march would not be attempted with an entrenched foe to scatter at every step.

In the course of the fighting to-day the Washington regiment had an opportunity to show the fierceness of its men. A band of insurgents fired upon the regiment from a stone house over which a French flag was flying.

The fight to-day on the banks of the Marilao River was the attempt of the rear guard of Aguinaldo's forces, to check the advancing army at a position easy to hold and defend.

Artillery and swimming made futile this attempt. Skirmishing will continue as MacArthur's division advances, but no important battle is expected until the Americans are drawn up before Malolos.

The United States Philippine Commission proposes to issue a proclamation immediately after the rebel government at Malolos is dispersed, holding that the most effective moment to secure the allegiance of the natives will be after they have received an object lesson of the power of the Americans.

REPORT THAT GEN. HALE WAS WOUNDED.

Denver, Colo., March 27.—An evening paper prints the following: In the victorious charge on the insurgents at Polo on Sunday General Irving Hale fell wounded. It is thought seriously, while directing the advance.

A cablegram reached Mrs. W. B. King, the General's mother-in-law, reading as follows: "Hale slightly injured. (Signed) IRVING."

The message was evidently sent to allay any fear when the list of dead and injured is received from the islands, but instead of reducing the anxiety it has increased it.

Neither Governor Thomas nor Horace M. Hale, the General's father, has received any news.

Neither the official reports nor the press dispatches from Manila have any mention of the wounding of General Hale. The dispatches indicate that he was in command of his brigade at the attack on Meycauayan on Sunday afternoon, and the capture of Manila yesterday.

General Hale is only thirty-one years old. He was graduated from West Point, but left the army. He lived in Denver and went into the war with Spain as Colonel of the First Colorado Regiment, a command he had held in the National Guard of the State. He was promoted to be Brigadier-General of Volunteers in December last.

6 KNOWN KILLED.

General Otis has notified Adjutant-General Corbin of these additional deaths in the fighting of March 23, 24, 25, 26:

THIRD ARTILLERY, BATTERY First Lieutenant M. G. Kravenbuhl, Captain and Commissary, I. S. V.

47 MORE WOUNDED.

- TWENTIETH KANSAS, COMPANY F—Private John C. Muir, lung, fatal.
- COMPANY D—Artificer James E. Heston, neck, moderate.
- COMPANY B—Sergeant F. Barton, leg, moderate.
- TWENTY-SECOND INFANTRY—Tra Wright, foot, severe.
- TWENTY-SECOND INFANTRY, COMPANY A—Privates Henry J. Scandio, shoulder, slight; William Geyer, forearm, slight.
- COMPANY B—First Sergeant Patrick J. Byrne, leg, slight.
- COMPANY C—Artificer William Hagebaum, back, moderate.
- COMPANY D—Private John Miller, head, moderate.
- COMPANY E—Private William J. Bunlap, hand, severe.
- FIRST MONTANA—Major F. J. Adams, surgeon, thigh, slight.
- COMPANY B—Private Edward Morrissey, arm, slight.
- THIRD ARTILLERY, BATTERY K—Privates Joseph Walker, private, severe; Patrick O'Brien, forearm, slight.
- BATTERY L—Muson Callaway, side, severe.
- FIRST SOUTH DAKOTA, COMPANY E—Privates George Benson, leg, slight; Byron Hastings, knee, severe; Hiram A. Pratt, thigh, slight.
- COMPANY F—Private Fred Barber, chest, severe.
- COMPANY G—Artificer Arthur Hughes, thigh, moderate.
- COMPANY H—Private Myra Allison, hand and arm, moderate.
- Fred Lorenson, chest, severe.
- THIRTEENTH MINNESOTA, COMPANY E—Private Jack Hamilton, thigh and knee, slight.
- COMPANY F—Private Robert Gelb, thigh, moderate.
- SECOND OREGON, COMPANY A—Privates Leo B. Gray, neck, moderate.
- COMPANY D—Daniel C. Bowman, hand, severe.
- COMPANY F—Richard E. Preckdalle, leg, moderate.
- COMPANY G—Charles E. Cochard, sprained ankle.
- COMPANY M—Corporal Frank E. Edwards, thigh, severe.
- TENTH PENNSYLVANIA, COMPANY A—Private William D. Collins, shoulder, severe.
- Musielan Elmer E. Barnes, elbow, slight.
- COMPANY H—Private Ralph Hodgson, elbow, moderate.
- COMPANY I—Private William H. Stoffer, chest, severe.
- COMPANY K—Sergeant Charles T. Wallace, neck, slight.
- FIRST IDAHO, COMPANY A—Private Claude Hill, chest, severe.
- FIRST NEBRASKA, COMPANY C—First Lieutenant Joseph A. Stock, arm, slight.
- COMPANY A—Private Weiden R. Robins, thigh, moderate.
- COMPANY D—Private Fred Wagner, chest, severe.
- Harry Fetsche, hand, moderate.
- COMPANY E—Walker L. Smidger, thigh, moderate.
- COMPANY I—Private George G. Sowers, chest, severe.
- COMPANY M—Mate Sumers, neck, severe.
- FIRST NORTH DAKOTA, COMPANY D—Private Harry W. Donovan, forearm, moderate.
- SIXTH ARTILLERY, BATTERY D—Private Broderick J. Kelly, shoulder, slight.
- FIRST WASHINGTON, COMPANY G—Private Robert E. Morin, hand, slight.

DEATHS FROM ACCIDENT AND DISEASE.

- MARCH 17—William Tracey, private, Company C, First Idaho, drowned, accident.
- Joseph Walker, private, Company B, First Tennessee, variola.
- MARCH 18—Hugh P. McClellan, private, Company I, Fourteenth Infantry, pneumonia.
- Bernard J. Smith, musician, band First Colorado, variola.
- MARCH 19—William J. Harned, private, Company L, Fourth Infantry, typhoid.
- MARCH 20—William Wallace, private, Company L, First Tennessee, variola.
- Edward R. Lynch, private, Company
- K, First Colorado, from wound in action.
- Benjamin Hubbard, private, Company G, Fourteenth Infantry, jaundice.
- Henry Leinbacher, private, Company G, First Washington, drowned, accidental.
- MARCH 22—MILTON S. MELSER, private, Company D, First Washington, from wound in action.
- MARCH 23—Horace McCardie, private, Company E, First South Dakota, variola.
- MARCH 24—William H. Bush, private, Company I, First Colorado, dysentery.

"THE COLUMN WILL PRESS ON IN THE MORNING," WIRES OTIS.

No Chance to Be Given by the Americans for the Retreating Enemy to Rest—13 Spanish Gunboats Bought to invade the Shallow Rivers and Lagoons—Where Our Ships and Men Are.

Washington, March 27.—The following is the capture of Manila: Manila, March 27, 1899. Adjutant-General, Washington. MacArthur holds Marilao, severe fighting to-day and our casualties about forty. The insurgents have destroyed bridges, which impeded progress of train and artillery. Our troops met the concentrated insurgent forces on northern line, commanded by Aguinaldo in person, and drove with considerable slaughter. They left early one hundred dead on field, and many prisoners and small arms were captured. The column will press on in the morning.

Advices received by the War Department show that the number of casualties in yesterday's and to-day's fighting was: Killed, three officers and twenty-five enlisted men; wounded, nine officers and two hundred and three enlisted men. The following cablegram was received by the War Department on March 19, and has just been made public:

Manila, March 19. Adjutant-General, Washington. Have purchased all gumbins in Philippines of Spain, thirteen in number, near at Zamboanga. Half are in serviceable condition. Payment in cash from public fund upon delivery at Manila. They will be sent for this week. OTIS. Satisfaction is expressed at the War Department with the situation. It is said that the dispatches of General Otis and the press reports show that the column is

pressing steadily forward, and that the troops are vigorously in earnest and in good condition. The belief is expressed that the insurgents will soon get tired of being constantly fought, defeated and driven back with loss. Great confidence is expressed in the ability of General Otis to finish the war, because of his determination to give the forces of Aguinaldo no rest.

The Adjutant-General's office to-day prepared the following statement regarding the disposition of the troops under the command of General Otis: North of Pasig River—McArthur's Division. Wheaton's Brigade—Twenty-second infantry, two battalions Twenty-third, Second Oregon. H. G. Otis's Brigade—Twenty-third, First Montana, four batteries Third artillery, dismounted as infantry, Tenth Pennsylvania.

Hale's Brigade—First Nebraska, First Colorado, First South Dakota, two battalions First Wyoming. Hall's Brigade—Third and Fourth infantry, two battalions Seventeenth infantry, mounted squadron Fourth cavalry, two light batteries Utah artillery. South of Pasig River—Lawton's Division. King's Brigade—One battalion First California, First North Dakota, First Washington. Overstreet's Brigade—Fourteenth infantry, First Idaho, squadron Fourth cavalry, one battery United States artillery.

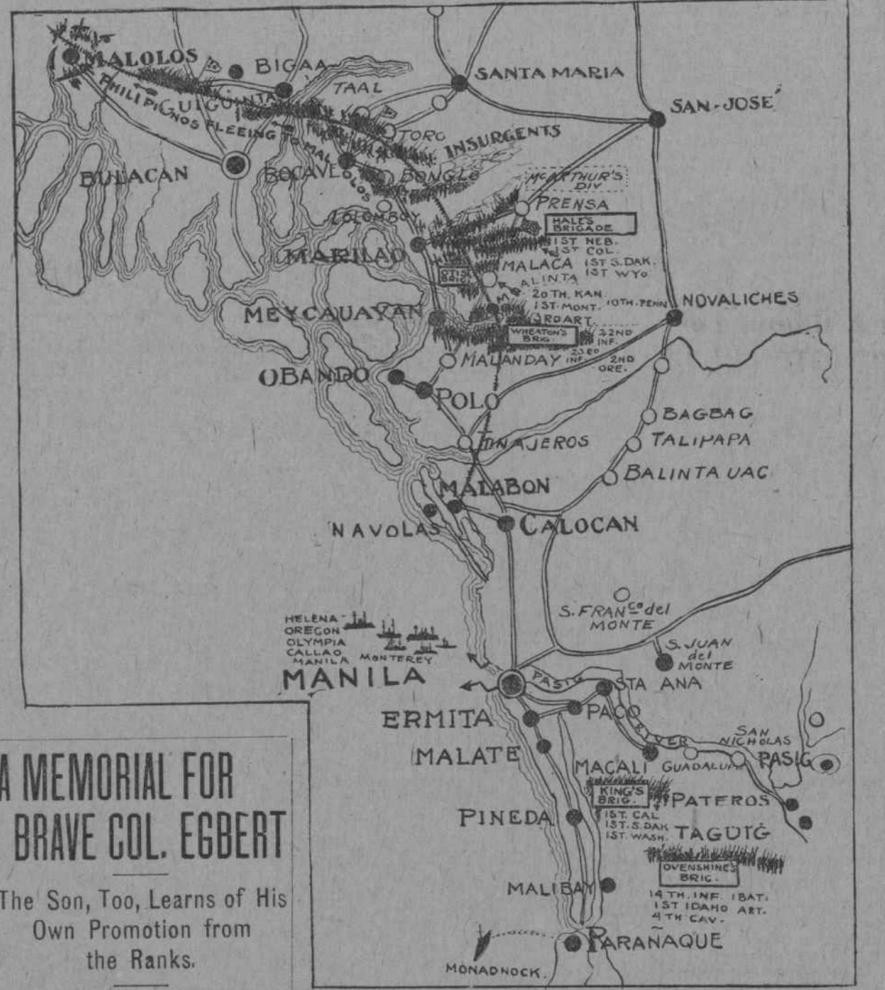
On Other Islands. At Iloilo—Eighteenth infantry, First Tennessee, one battery Sixth artillery. At Negros—Two battalions First California. At Cebu—One battalion Twenty-third infantry.

Force on Unknown—Two batteries California heavy artillery, one battalion First Wyoming, battalion Twentieth infantry, fifty-first lower. These troops are either within the city of Manila or at Cavite. Adjutant-General Corbin says that the position of the Thirteenth Minnesota is not known, but has possibly been attached to General Hale's brigade. The fact that it has suffered several casualties indicates that it has been upon the fighting line, but where it is located cannot be ascertained from the dispatches thus far received.

The Navy. Admiral Dewey has cabled the Navy Department the situation and positions of the American vessels of his fleet. The dispatch follows: "Manila, March 27. The Olympia and the Oregon, the Monadnock and Monterey, Callao, Manila and the Helena occupying strategic positions at Manila Bay. The Boston and Charleston, the Concord and Petrel cruising in the islands to the south. The Battleships and the Yorktown cruising off Luzon. Have sent Benington to Hong Kong to dock. The Princeton is at Singapore repairing propeller, propeller is broken. The Nashuan has gone to Guam. Iris will sail shortly for Iloilo with coal. Will dispatch Solace as early as possible. "DEWEY."

THE ROUTE OF THE ADVANCE TOWARD MALOLOS.

In fulfillment of the plan of Major-General Otis, commanding the United States forces in the Philippines, a division of the army corps under command of Major-General MacArthur moved northward from Manila to engage Aguinaldo in decisive battle. The advance of the Americans has been resisted by Filipinos well entrenched. In three days the Americans have advanced a distance of eight miles, and the Filipinos have retreated sixteen miles, from Calocan to Malolos. On Sunday night the brigades of Hale and H. G. Otis took Meycauayan, and yesterday took Marilao after sharp resistance from the rear guard of Filipinos, entrenched on the north side of the Marilao River. By display of artillery force and by the assault of infantrymen, who swam the river, the Filipinos were routed. The distance from Marilao to Malolos, the seat of Aguinaldo's Government, is eight miles. The advance northward is to be resumed to-day. Paranaque, the town shelled yesterday by the Monadnock, is south of Manila.



A MEMORIAL FOR BRAVE COL. EGBERT The Son, Too, Learns of His Own Promotion from the Ranks.

Washington, March 27.—The vacancy in the colonelcy of the Twenty-second Infantry caused by Colonel Egbert's death will be filled by the promotion of Lieutenant Colonel John W. French, of the Twenty-third Infantry, who is now in that regiment in the field in the Philippines. Colonel French is a native of the District of Columbia, and entered the army at the outbreak of the civil war as a private in the Seventh New York Volunteers. In October, 1861, he was appointed second lieutenant of the Eight Regular Infantry, and has served with the regular army since that date, reaching the grade of lieutenant-colonel of the Twenty-third Infantry in July, 1885.

In the hospital corps and went to Manila. He is said to have succeeded twice in getting through the lines of the enemy under fire. On one of the trips he secured a double sword, which he sent to his father in Oakland. A letter describes his death while in the enemy's lines as a spy. His body was found out to pieces.

Lieutenant Winfield S. Overton, who was seriously wounded on Saturday, is a son of W. S. Overton, editor of the Rockaway Journal. He was graduated from the United States Military Academy in 1897. When wounded he was in command of Battery G, Third Artillery, his captain being detailed to duty on a gunboat on the Pasig River.

GEN. FLAGLER IS BETTER.

Newport News, Va., March 27.—General E. W. Flagler, who has been critically ill at Old Point, has taken a turn for the better and his physicians to-day pronounce him to be fairly on the road to recovery.

LOOKING FOR BARGAINS?

There's no place like the auction rooms to find them. There's such a variety that you can always buy something useful for the home. Little things—or even big things—you need here or there can always be bought in at a sacrifice, and such articles are frequently new, or as good as new, coming from manufacturers or private residences. Even table necessities are offered at these auction sales. All advertised on last page of this morning's Journal.

MONADNOCK'S GUNS TURNED ON A TOWN Half of Paranaque Destroyed by the Projectiles from the Monitor.

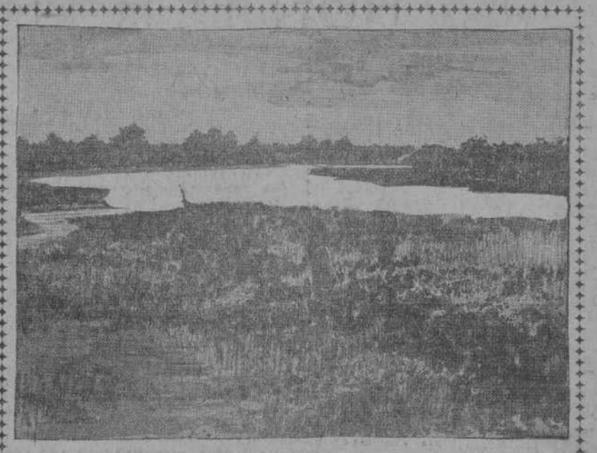
Manila, March 27.—The residents of Paranaque, a town south of Manila, had an experience to-day with the big projectiles from the guns of the monitor Monadnock. The vessel was at anchor off the town, and the petulant insurgents, made bold by the long silence of the warships on guard duty, opened fire on her with muskets, killing one and wounding three of the crew.

RAINY SEASON NEAR.

The incident which impresses army officers here is the fearlessness, approaching ferocity, of the insurgent forces. They appear to be quite as daring and obstinate as the American Indians, and ground gained to-day must be hotly contested for the next morning. There is no doubt that the American authorities in Manila have been surprised by the strength and the resistance of the enemy. The situation becomes the more serious with the approach of the hot and rainy season, and there remains no more than three or four weeks when our troops will be able to do active work.

BEST REMEDIAL AGENT.

Duff's Pure Malt Whiskey is a perfect medicine and nothing within the range of the whole pharmacopoeia compares with it in efficiency as a preventive and cure for Coughs, Colds or Chills. In the more serious maladies, Grip, Asthma, Bronchitis, douris prescribable and administer it freely. In Pneumonia it has invariably brought about the desired reaction, and been a more potent remedial agent in effecting a cure than any other medicine. The medical profession recommend it freely, having learned by experience to rely on its unimpaired stimulating properties.



The Paranaque River, Near the Town of the Same Name. The Monitor Monadnock, while at anchor off Paranaque, on guard duty, was attacked from above by Filipinos, who fired at the crew. The Monadnock answered the fire with projectiles from her big guns and destroyed half the town.

THE WRONG BAIT IN OTIS'S TRAP.

Aguinaldo Did Not Wait for the Americans to Pen Him In.

STERN CHASE TO MALOLOS.

How the War Department Interprets the Report of the Fighting North of Manila.

Washington, March 27.—The Acting Secretary of War and all the officers of the War Department are following eagerly every move of the American army in the Philippines. They realize that two important points will soon be determined, as to whether General Otis, with his present force, is able to crush the insurgents in the island of Luzon, and the second as to the probable duration of the campaign.

To-day's messages made plain the fact that General Otis had been compelled by the outcome of the previous two days' fighting to change his entire plan of battle. It is evident now, as the officials here view it, that Otis has determined upon a straight advance to Malolos, the capital and present base of the insurgent forces.

Through the Swamps.

With General MacArthur leading the attack the insurgents are being forced from one stronghold to another along the line of the railway toward Hoeve. General Otis, with the reserve force, is following MacArthur, and the fact that he, too, is fighting, shows the craftiness of the insurgents in avoiding a decisive attack by the extension of the American line gives Aguinaldo, with his larger number of men, a better opportunity to harass and impede the progress of the reserve forces.

MONADNOCK'S GUNS TURNED ON A TOWN.

From Marilao to Boeay, a distance of about five miles, MacArthur has the advantage of open country, but his progress is necessarily slow, because the numerous dikes in the rice fields impede the advance of the artillery.

GOOD FOOD.

Strength comes from good food and sickness of any sort often means a lack of the right sort or failure of proper digestion thereof. Crisp's Nuts, the delicious new food made by the Postum Co., Barre Creek, Mich., can be digested by babes as well as adults, and charms them all. At grocers.

ALCOHOLISM IS CURABLE!

Treatment at home without publicity. No hypodermic injections. Write for circular. The Barrett Cure Co., R. 918, 1123 Broadway, New York.

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MORE MEN TO FIGHT THE FILIPINO FORCES.

Four Regiments of Sturdy Regulars to Be Added to General Otis's Corps.

Washington, March 27.—General Otis's force will soon be materially enlarged. A short time ago the Zealandia and the Finley left San Francisco for Manila with the Nineteenth Infantry. By the first of April four transports are expected to arrive at San Francisco from Manila, and they will return with reinforcements for Otis about the 15th of that month.

The Hancock will take the Twenty-first Infantry, the Warren will take the Sixth Artillery and recruits, the Newport, 250 marines and recruits, and the Morgan City, six companies of the Thirteenth Infantry. A little later the Ohio will take the remainder of the Thirteenth Infantry. The Senator is expected later in the month, and can take 1,000 men.

Infants are affected by foods taken by the nursing mother.

Prof. W. B. Cheadle, of St. Mary's Hospital and author of a treatise on the feeding of infants, has shown by experiments that wasting diseases will result from depriving children of fats and hypophosphites.

Dr. Thompson says Cod-liver oil is what such mothers and infants require. "Scott's Emulsion" is pure Norwegian Cod-liver oil with hypophosphites.