

tection to Englishmen serving as seamen under it as to Americans likewise employed. Various communications were sent from the United States Consul-General to Captain-General Weyler on the subject. Mr. Williams and General Lee, it is understood, assumed the same position as England. When Weyler demanded proof of the crew's citizenship, Lee, I am told, informed him plainly that the members of the crew incarcerated all came in the same boat and were employed under the same flag, and must be adjudged alike as Americans, but here the matter rested by mutual consent, apparently between Secretary Olney and Minister De Lome.

CAPTAIN LABORDE'S STATEMENT.

Fortress Cabana, Havana.—I was the captain of the schooner Competitor. We got abreast of Cape Sable at 9 o'clock in the morning, when it fell dead calm again. I was in the cabin, when five of the passengers came to me with revolvers in their hands and told me that I had to give up the captaincy. They made me prisoner, not allowing me to go on deck. After a while three boats came off with men and loaded down to the gunwales with boxes and rifles. I was speaking with the mate on deck and telling him that a gunboat and launch were within five miles of us, when the launch came around the point and commenced to fire at us.

The Cubans who were on board hurried down into the boat and left for the beach, and shouted to me and the mate to come along, as the Spaniards would kill us. Neither of us would abandon the schooner, because we thought, under the American flag, they would stop all their brutalities.

I sent the mate down for the American flag, and when he came on deck he found we could not hoist it, as the halyards were foul around the topmast rigging and outriggers, so I sent the mate up the rigging, and he went up about fifteen feet and held the flag. He had to come down, however, on account of the shots.

We had a fifty-pound box of dynamite on deck, and as the fire grew hotter we thought we had a better chance in the water. The mate climbed over the stern and started, shouting to me to follow. This I did, with another Cuban.

A boat with five men in it left the Spanish launch and followed us. Two were rowing and the other three were firing at us as fast as they could. A shark caught the other poor fellow about ten feet from my side. Then the men in the boat picked up the mate first. I was almost drowned, because I had to swim under water to avoid the bullets.

Then they took us on board the launch and tied us up, and then proceeded to rob the schooner, taking everything belonging to her, \$45 in greenbacks and even the water supply. They waved the Spanish flag at the topmast of the schooner. They took us on shore at Esperanza, about 9 o'clock in the morning, and tied us up on the dock. When they untied us we almost fainted.

On the following morning they took me on board the schooner Cabello Marino and tortured me by putting a cord around my wrists and then putting an iron bolt in it and twisting it until they nearly broke my arms.

The captain of the Spanish launch, Carlos Bultron, told me I was a pirate. I answered that the schooner was not a pirate, and that she had her papers and was under the American flag.

"Where is that flag?" he asked. "You must have it, because the flag was on board the schooner," I replied, "and you must take down the Spanish flag from that mast, because she is an American schooner."

He told me shut up and not say any more about being an American. American.

We were then removed to Morro Castle, and finally to this prison.

ALFREDO LABORDE.

Consul-General here, the following response was obtained from General Lee, a copy of the letter being afterward sent from the British Consulate to Gildea for his personal information:

United States Consulate General, Havana, Cuba, February, 1897. Mr. Alexander Gollan, British Consul-General, Havana, Cuba: My Dear Mr. Gollan—Since the sentence of death was passed upon the Competitor prisoner, and its setting aside and the order for a new trial, nothing has been done in their case. Some time ago there was a sort of preliminary examination, as if getting ready for a new trial, but nothing as yet has resulted from it. I do not anticipate any serious consequences to them, but rather a continued imprisonment. I think the Spanish Government does not desire, for many reasons, a harsh sentence to be passed on them, and at the same time, for other reasons, it does not care to release them. Yours very truly, FITZHUGH LEE.

While Lee's note was so diplomatically worded as to avoid any indication of the line of future action by his Government on behalf of the prisoners, it certainly gave no promise of energetic steps either to hasten their retrial or obtain their release, intimating, to the contrary, that they would probably be allowed to remain untried in Cabanas dungeons until the war ends. But when Lee wrote he voiced the submissive pro-Spanish policy of the late Administration, and not the healthy American sentiment of those who now direct his official course. However, I have it on high authority that unless Washington acts, and acts soon, the British Foreign Office has determined to take up the cases of Gildea and companion and make direct diplomatic appeal to Spain for their immediate release.

SPANISH WAR SUPPLIES.

Captain-General Weyler's Agent Will Purchase Them in the Quaker City.

Washington, April 10.—The mission of Major Sandora to the United States is to buy military supplies for the Spanish army in Cuba. He arrived in Washington today and will remain until Monday, when he goes to Philadelphia to make his purchases. Senor de Lome will probably accompany him. The Spanish Minister has purchased a large portion of the munitions of war used in Cuba. Philadelphia is his favorite market. About a month ago he bought in the Quaker City nearly \$100,000 worth of portable hospitals and shipped them to Havana.

Besides the commercial object, it is believed that the visit of General Weyler's emissary is to submit to the Spanish Legation a detailed account of the military operations in Cuba. This paper has been prepared under the direction of the Marquis y Palmerola, and it contains descriptions of every skirmish and battle that has occurred in Cuba the past year. This account will be submitted to the Secretary of State by Senor de Lome. The Spaniards consider that this paper should be conclusive evidence against Senatorial contention that the United States should recognize the belligerency or the independence of Cuba.

SANGUILY IS AGAIN FREE.

Spanish Vice-Consul at Jacksonville Refuses to Testify, and the Case is Promptly Dismissed.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 10.—General Julio Sanguiy and Colonel Manuel Lechuga, charged with fitting out and attempting to set on foot the Heronda expedition from Fernandina last week, were discharged from custody to-day. The warrant for their arrest was issued upon the affidavit of Juan Potous, the Spanish Vice-Consul, but to-day the Vice-Consul refused to testify. Commissioner Lock would have issued an attachment for Senor Potous if the Government had been ready to proceed. He denied the Government's motion for a continuance, and dismissed the case, saying that the Government had been given sufficient time to produce its witnesses. Sanguiy will leave here for New York to-morrow.

Durrant's Death Date Fixed Again.

San Francisco, April 10.—Theodore Durrant was this morning for the second time sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Blanche Lambert in Emanuel Church two years ago. He will be hanged at San Quentin Prison on June 11.

CLUB'S GOSSIP OF NEVILL.

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and so make a target of himself. But he had Neville arrested and taken to Jefferson Market Police Court, just as if he did not belong to the "swell" Metropolitan or any other club. Colonel Neville also had a very pretty row in Washington with Prince Augustine Therbide. Prince Therbide's grandfather was Emperor of Mexico, but since Mexico has become a republic the Prince has not flourished as did his grandfather. Prince Therbide was a member of the Metropolitan Club, too. But the governors expelled him for scandal-mongering. The indignant Prince brought suit to be restored to membership and lost the suit. The Prince is a good deal of a horseman himself. He and Colonel Neville had a little difference as to horsemanship. The Prince said he could ride a horse up the Washington monument or across the surface of the Potomac or something like that. Colonel Neville intimated that the Prince did not know the meaning of the word of a duel between them, but no shooting.

CAN "WHIP THE EDITOR."

John R. Chapman Says That's Better Than Passing the Absurd Ellsworth Bill.

The regular weekly meeting of the Woman's League for Political Education was held in Berkeley Lecture, No. 23 West Kingsbury street, yesterday morning. Mrs. Henry M. Saunders presided. The address was by John R. Chapman, on "Inferno in Municipal Politics."

CURIOUS MISSOURI SURNAMES.

There is a county in Missouri in which the following curious surnames are to be found: Red, White, Blue, Green, Gray, Brown, Black, Yellow, No. 23 West Kings, Queens, Earls, Dukes, Marquises and Lords. In animated narrative are to be found Wrens, Birs, Crows, Hawks, and also Hawksins and Poyfers. Among the quadrupeds are: Wolfe, Lamb, Lyon, Bull, Steer and Red-heffer. At one time in a county in western Kansas there lived Reddick, Sourbeer, Drybread and Pancake. (Chicago Chronicle.)

Known as the "Gin Duke."

The Duke of Leeds, who appears to be booked for the Governor-Generalship of Canada, to succeed the Earl of Aberdeen, is known in England as the Gin Duke, for the reason that when the Earl of Kings and managing director of the firm of Hoiland & Co., which has the largest gin business in the United Kingdom.—Washington Post.

WAR'S SWORD IS NOW DRAWN.

Hostile Armies of Greece and Turkey Facing Each Other.

FIGHTING IS CERTAIN.

Invasion of Turkey by Irregulars Fires the Martial Spirit in Both Countries.

FIERCE BATTLE ON FRONTIER.

Four of the Turkish Outposts Destroyed, but the Small Force of Greeks is Almost Certain to Be Cut to Pieces.

By Langdon Perry. (Copyright, 1897, by W. R. Hearst.)

Athens, April 10.—War is absolutely certain. Every available man in Athens is being armed and shipped to the frontier. My dispatch of yesterday is officially

nerve to be in readiness to strike a decisive blow when the time comes. Greece has called out two more classes of army reserves, and an imperial decree has been issued at Constantinople ordering the purchase of six coast defence guns, rifles and quick-firing guns, and 1,000 horses for the use of the army. Three warships of the Turkish fleet left the Golden Horn to-day, and three other warships will leave on Monday to join the squadron in the Dardanelles.

Eight thousand volunteers are prepared to start from this city for the frontier as soon as war is declared.

Turkey to Strike Back. Iassouza, April 10.—Ethem Pasha, the Commander-in-Chief of the Turkish army, has received orders from Constantinople to cross the frontier of Greece with his forces should it be proved that Greek regular troops are among the invaders.

REAL NAME REVEALS ROMANCE.

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He, Joseph pretended to choke and left the room. The constable followed, but Patrick slammed and locked the door in his face and sped away. He was captured later, however, and when brought to trial was convicted, chiefly through the evidence of Agnes Kapetakis. The trial over, Agnes thought Hervey would at once renew his attentions to her. Instead, he was cold and indifferent. When the girl whom he had asked to some day be his bride, demanded to know why he spurned her, he had no answer save that he had grown to like another girl. Agnes resolved to leave the little village of Sayreville forever. Without telling her

PLAYING TAG; SLAIN BY A CAR.

Little Mary Taylor, Laughing, Ran on the Trolley Track.

DEATH TOOK A PRIZE BABY.

"He's Sleeping Mightily Scound," Said the Child's Mother Could Not Wake Him.

SAD MISHAPS TO MANY CHILDREN.

Five-Year-Old Dropped Lighted Matches Into Varnish—Boy with No Home and a Bad One, Who Ran Away.

Unfortunate children, unhappy little ones, figured in the news yesterday. Mary Taylor, a pretty child and bright, was only three and a half years old. Her father, Patrick Taylor, keeps a saloon opposite Sailors' Snug Harbor, Staten Island. Mary, her sister and some other girls, were playing tag on Tyson street, before her home. The child's sister was "it,"

"Fruit and candy," they exclaimed. "We have no money for food." That is literally true; they have no money to buy their food. Examination proved that Madeline died of peritonitis. A Bird Caused His Fall. This boy, John Kramer, fifteen years old, may die. He lives at No. 48 Charlton street. He went to the roof of a vacant house, No. 164 Varick street, to catch pigeons. The house is being torn down. Kramer, climbing a ladder, fell through the skylight in the roof to the second floor and sustained a severe concussion of the brain. He was taken, unconscious, to St. Vincent's Hospital.

Little Milton Berg played with five. Milton is three years old, the son of Abraham Berg, a plumber, No. 1193 Third avenue. While his father was away yesterday Milton amused himself by dropping lighted matches into a tub filled with varnish. The inflammable stuff exploded, burning Milton and setting fire to the house. Firemen put out the fire with \$250 damages.

Dangerous, too, was Frank Jackson's playing. Frank, who is six years old, found a dynamite cap in a vacant lot through the avenue. He carefully put the cap on a rock and let another rock fall on it. The explosion wounded him severely, but after his hurts were dressed Frank was taken to his home, No. 678 Kingsbridge road.

BLUNDER COST HIM HIS LIFE.

Continued from Page Ninety-seven.

and wife, about the possibility of any poisonous evidence. "She was very forcible in her statement that it was out of the question," Look said, "you see there is nothing of the sort in the room."

UNFORTUNATE ADVICE.

"Of course I don't wish to criticize Mr. Moore, but his advice to her was very unfortunate. If I had known that the man had taken rough on rats I should have sent him at once to the hospital. "His ruling was normal when I saw him first, and he had sounded so profusely that I thought his stomach was perfectly empty."

Manager Holmes tells a very different story. He gave the following signed statement to the Journal yesterday: I will state correct some misstatements which have been made regarding the circumstances attending the death of Elliott S. Newton, on March 12. Mrs. Newton stated in her testimony before the Coroner yesterday that I had advised her, previous to the arrival of Dr. Holmes, not to tell the Doctor that her husband had taken poison, because Mr. Newton was getting better, and if the fact that he had taken poison was known he would be arrested for at-

KENTUCKY VOTES AT \$5,000 A PIECE.

That's What Candidate Hunter's Accusers Say He Bid for Them.

INDICTMENTS PREPARED.

Senator Blackburn's Would-Be Successor and Two Lieutenants Are in Danger.

VIGOROUS DENIALS FROM ALL.

Trio Assert That These Charges Are Only the Last Attempt of the Democrats to Prevent Hunter's Election.

Frankfort, Ky., April 10.—Indictments charging bribery and conspiracy to bribe have been prepared by the Franklin County Grand Jury against some of the most prominent Republicans in the State. True bills are expected against ex-Congressman W. Godfrey Hunter, of the Third District, the Republican nominee for the United States Senate; ex-Congressman John H. Wilson, of the Eleventh District, one of Dr. Hunter's closest advisers, and E. T. Franks, one of the leading politicians of the Second District.

The indictments were prepared last night upon the testimony of Captain Noel Gaines, Captain Tanner, his brother-in-law, and Fred Gordon, all of this city. The charges are indignantly denied by Dr. Hunter, Mr. Wilson and Mr. Franks, all of whom say they will prosecute for criminal libel all who have testified to the above facts



AMERICAN CREW OF THE SCHOONER COMPETITOR, IMPRISONED IN FORT GABANA, CUBA.

confirmed. Three thousand insurgents crossed the Greek boundary into Turkey and threw themselves on the Turkish outposts of Finkli, Berilaza and Bimbassi. The Turks at first took to flight. Near by is a small Turkish block house at Grlanzas. The garrison fired on the Greek outposts and wounded an officer. The Greek troops surrounded the block house and the Turks stopped firing.

TURKISH OUTPOSTS DESTROYED.

The battle between the Greek invaders and the Turks, according to the latest reports from the front, was again renewed. Artillery was used on both sides, and four Turkish outposts were destroyed. Fourteen battalions of Turks were engaged.

The Greeks divided into three bands when they crossed the frontier. One division was attacked by the Turks and the two others closed in and made a strong fight. The Greeks were greatly outnumbered, and, it is said, were forced back.

I learn that the three thousand patriots have practically sacrificed themselves. They have rushed against a Turkish army of 90,000 men. When the great body is cut to pieces and the rest are hurled back over the frontier the Greek army will be forced to go to their rescue.

CRITICAL AT ARTA.

The pretext of war will be found at Arta. Colonel Mano, commanding the troops at Arta, exhorted the insurgents not to enter Eperus, saying: "If you go I must follow." From sure sources I know that at this moment these heroes are crossing into Eperus. Turkey and Greece are straining every

parent she left her home about three weeks ago to make her own way in the world. She answered an advertisement inserted in a New Brunswick paper by Mrs. Henry Solomon, calling for a maid, and obtained the place. She took to her duties readily. She was always cheerful and gay, but talked little about herself. She gave her name as Agnes Sosa. Her suicide occurred a week later.

The Solomon had the girl buried from the Catholic church with proper ceremonies. Yesterday the friends of Agnes Kapetakis traced her to Mrs. Solomon's home. The identification was made positive by Mrs. Ruck, a court interpreter, who recognized the girl's clothes. Her friends assure she committed suicide. It is said that Hervey has returned to the old country. He has not been in Sayreville for some time.

FATHER FORETOLD HIS END.

Henry Homer, Who Killed John Russell, Was Warned of the Fate That Would Be His.

Henry Homer, the discharged waiter who, Friday evening, shot and killed John Russell, the night manager of Cornell's restaurant, No. 223 Third avenue, was arraigned before Magistrate Plummer in the Harlem Police Court yesterday morning. Appended to the charge presented to the Magistrate were three letters written by Homer a short time before the shooting, which make his position dreadfully more serious than was at first supposed. The letters were found ready for mailing in Homer's pocket. The first is addressed to his father, W. J. Homer, No. 211 Steuben street, East Orange, N. J. It reads as follows:

Dear Father: I write to tell you my last days of happiness is gone. I have been treated wrong. Rum and women has got the best of me. You always tell me where I would end. Well, there is where I will stop. I am going to show this fellow. God bless me. Accept my love and forgive me. Your own dear son, HENRY.

and chased Mary, who, laughing, and looking over her shoulder, ran into the roadway and upon the track of the Staten Island Electric road. She did not see trolley car, No. 111, which was whizzing along from St. George to Port Richmond.

"Look out, Mary!" shrieked her sister. "People on the sidewalks shouted warning, too, and ran toward the child. Motor-man John Manley, rang his gong, shut off the power, did all he could to save the little one. But the car struck her, knocked her down and instantly killed her. Her mother immediately heard of the accident. Almost distracted, she ran into the street screaming: "Mary! My darling! Oh, Mary, what has happened to you?"

With difficulty she was restrained from throwing herself on her child's body. She was led back to her home, weeping hysterically. Manley and White, the motorman and conductor of the car, were arrested. Justice Acker held each in \$500 bail on the charge of manslaughter.

SLEPT AND DID NOT AWAKE.

Death came to two other children with almost equal suddenness, but less dramatically. Those who visited the last baby show will remember Samuel Grant, a fat, laughing colored baby, two years old. This youngster was playing with his brother and sister at his home, No. 211 East One Hundred and Third street, yesterday afternoon. Little Sam asked his mother for a piece of bread, and she gave it to him. Then she said he was sleepy and laid down.

"That boy Sam is sleeping mighty sound," said Mrs. Grant after a while. She tried to awaken him. He was dead. The child's father, Samuel Grant, sold young Sam was insured in the Undertakers' Medical Supply Society until three weeks ago. Then, Grant said, he called in the society's physician, but the doctor said young Sam was not ill and refused to treat him. Then the father refused to longer insure his son. Marlaina Amadrallo, eleven years old, died suddenly at No. 144 Baxter street. Coroner's Physician Donli thought at first appendicitis had been fatal. Have you been giving this child pennies to buy fruit and candy?" he asked her parents, who have six other children.

tempting suicide. Concerning that I would say that statement is absolutely untrue, for previous to the Doctor's coming I had no conversation whatever with Mrs. Newton. I said to Mr. Newton: "You haven't taken anything, have you?" He answered: "Yes, I've taken enough to kill ten men."

After that I left the room immediately and went myself to a neighboring drug store and secured some mustard. Returning I administered it to him.

SAYS HE INFORMED THE DOCTOR.

Now, as to Dr. Holmes's statement at the inquest, that "if anything was said about the man's having taken poison, he didn't hear it," I was in the office when the doctor came in, and the very first thing I said to him after being introduced to him by the night clerk inquired: "Doctor, we've got a d-d fool up stairs that has taken 'Rough on Rats.' I've given him mustard."

The doctor answered that that was the best thing I could have done. "Coming up in the elevator Dr. Holmes said: "These fellows will do these things, you know." I answered: "Yes, but I wish he'd selected some other place to do it." "What Mrs. Newton may have told him about poison I don't know. But she did not withhold any information by my advice. As manager of an office I naturally was anxious to prevent a fatal outcome of the affair, and I should have concealed the truth about the matter or advised her to do so. From the doctor whom I had called for that very purpose, is ridiculous.

Dr. Holmes asked a lot of useless questions about the man's drinking. I thought at the time that it was strange he should do that when he knew perfectly well what was the matter. When he came downstairs, after Newton was dead, he said: "Well, we've gotten ourselves into a mess, and must make up some sort of story to straighten it out."

These are the facts, to which I am willing to make affidavit, and to the most of which I can furnish witnesses. JOHN MOORE, Manager of the Warwick.

Manhattan Beach Rumor Denied. It was rumored in Wall Street yesterday that the Long Island Railroad Company was quietly trying to obtain control of the Manhattan Beach Improvement Company. The truth of the rumor was, however, denied at the office of both corporations.

before the Grand Jury. They all claim that it is the last desperate effort of the Blackben Democrats to prevent Dr. Hunter's election.

Captain Noel Gaines's statement before the Grand Jury in part, is as follows: "When Dr. Hunter came to my house he said he had been told I could aid him in getting three votes. Hunter then added: 'I want three votes, and am willing to pay \$15,000, or \$5,000 a vote. I will furnish the money all right, but will have to have one of my representatives complete the trade and give you the money, as it would not do for me to hand it to you.'"

"He said that he would have ex-Congressman John H. Wilson, one of his friends, call on me. Hunter told me that Representatives W. G. Gosson and Nerge Clark, of Warren County, and John H. Johns, of Floyd County, could be gotten, and they should be the first ones for me to see, as he was pretty certain I could get them."

"Mr. Wilson came to my house to see me on two occasions. On one he said: 'The agreement is now that this money will be turned over to you when the men vote. If you can't get those men to vote for Hunter, get them to go away, and if you can't get them to go away, have them clipped out and keep them out until the ballot is over.'"

The greatest excitement prevailed during the first ballot for United States Senator at noon to-day. The call of the roll showed no quorum present, but a vote was taken by ballot, which gave Hunter 57 and Boyle 1. There was no change on the second ballot.

UGLY CHARGES AGAINST A BANK.

Boston, April 10.—Lawyer Chapin, counsel for the complainants, created a sensation at to-day's session of the investigation of the charges against General A. F. Martin, chairman of the Boston Board of Police Commissioners, before Governor Wolcott. He asked that the books of the Howard National Bank be submitted for examination, saying that "it made a fraudulent transaction in which it swore in \$10,000 of cash capital that never existed." Governor Wolcott decided that the books be produced.