

REVOLUTION IN FRANCE NIPPED BEFORE IT BLOOMED

(Special Cable Dispatches to the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

Deroulede and Sixteen Other Members of the Young Royalist and Anti-Semite Parties Arrested.

Plots Are Betrayed by Intercepted Telegrams—Headquarters of the Suspects Raided by Police and Their Papers Seized.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—M. Paul Deroulede, founder of the League of Patriots, and a member of the Chamber of Deputies for the Angouleme Division of Charente, was arrested at 4 o'clock this morning at his estate at Croissy, near Paris.

Several members of the Anti-Semite and Patriotic League, were also arrested, and other persons, whose names are still unknown, have been taken into custody. There are sixteen prisoners in all.

Deroulede was taken into custody by four gendarmes, and was driven to Paris. On his arrival here he was incarcerated in the Conciergerie Prison.

The arrest of M. Marcel-Habert is expected.

The police have closed the offices of the Patriotic League, which are now guarded by gendarmes.

The Ministry of the Interior declines to give the names of the prominent persons already captured or who are to be taken into custody.

When arrested, M. Deroulede shouted: "Deroulede asserts innocence."

"It is a rascality on the part of the Government, which is trying to implicate me in the same affair as the Orleanists, whose adversary I am."

It is pointed out that when the arrest of Deroulede was made no outsiders knew that the partisans of the Duke of Orleans were mixed up in the affair.

Curiously enough, Prince Victor Bonaparte has been closely watched by the Orleanists for several months, they fearing that he might disturb their schemes.

When an attempt was made to arrest M. Guerin, president of the Anti-Semite League, he refused to surrender and barricaded himself in his house. He says he is prepared to hold out for three weeks, having a good stock of food and firearms.

The doors and windows of his residence are barricaded, and M. Guerin announces he will blow up his house before he surrenders.

As this dispatch is sent, M. Guerin, armed with revolvers and knives, still holds possession of his apartments, the headquarters of the Anti-Semite League, to which entrance is only possible after running the gauntlet of a strong guard of Anti-Semites.

It is reported that M. Andre Buffet, vice-president of the Young Royalist League, has been arrested.

Telegrams Were Intercepted.

It appears that the officials unearthed telegrams sent by the Duke of Orleans from Brussels at the time of President Faure's funeral, the first saying: "All our men are ready."

The second telegram was dispatched the following day, saying: "It is useless to come."

The attempt at an insurrection against the Government had in the meanwhile failed.

Later, during the trial of M. Deroulede, traces were discovered of a fresh plot and of consultations at which the question was discussed whether the attempt should be made to change the form of government before or after the Rennes court-martial.

The Government thereupon, judging that the time for action had arrived, ordered a



THE LEADERS OF THE NIPPED REVOLUTION OF 1899.

Paul Deroulede, the eccentric poet, who has been called the male Jeanne d'Arc, leader of the Boulanger fiasco, and of the attempt to lead the army to a coup d'etat on the day of the funeral of President Faure. Deroulede is in jail.

Marcel-Habert, the chief lieutenant of Deroulede in fomenting revolution and encouraging royalistic notions. His constant drumming for his patron has contributed much to the position that Deroulede has taken in France. Marcel-Habert is sought, that he may be put in jail.

A semi-official note, issued this morning, reads as follows: "A certain number of arrests were made this morning, as the result of a magisterial inquiry and by virtue of Article 89 of the Penal Code, regarding a conspiracy organized for the purpose of accomplishing a change in the form of government. The persons implicated belong to the group of the Royalist Youth and the Patriotic and Anti-Semite Leagues. At the trial of the Neapoli-

Guerin Barricades Himself in His House and Defies the Gendarmes to Come and Capture Him.

His "Castle" Is Besieged, but He Declares He Can Hold Out Three Weeks and Will Blow Up the Place Rather Than Yield.

On May 31 the prisoners, who had been on trial before the Assize Court in Paris, were acquitted, although during the proceedings M. Deroulede admitted he wished to lead a brigade to overthrow the parliamentary republic, that his action was fully premeditated and that he would not cease his attempts to overthrow parliamentarism.

He acknowledged he was guilty of all the charges except the allegation that he wanted to lead the soldiers astray without a leader. He said: "I wanted a general at their head. I would have preferred the Commander-in-Chief. Unhappily, I had no choice."

He finished his harangue by demanding a plebiscitary republic, asserting at the same time that he never intended to turn the soldiers from their duty, but only wished to carry General Rogot, who was in command of the troops, with him.

M. Marcel-Habert also admitted that he wished to cause a revolution, but denied having incited soldiers to disobedience. He said he only sought to lead General Rogot to the Elysee Palace, and that the men with him had been merely following the officers.

Tiebout Escapes the Police.

A Police Commissioner called at the residence of M. Tiebout, on the Quai Voltaire, at 4 o'clock this morning and policemen surrounded the house. But M. Tiebout escaped by a balcony to an adjoining house. The police have seized the Drapeau (newspaper) office.

The house of M. Andre de Buffet, representative of the Duke of Orleans, was searched and a number of papers were seized.

M. Maillard, of the Petit Parisien staff, has been arrested.

rack affair, facts relating to that incident alone were used as the basis of the prosecution; but searches were then made and documents were seized which led to the discovery of an organization, dating back to July, 1898, and of a plot to seize the Government by force.

"The documents leave no room for doubt, either in regard to the existence of the plot or as to the chief actors therein."

"After very close watch organized proof was obtained that the same groups were preparing for a fresh attempt at an early date, the proof being such as to enable the disturbances to be averted by immediate measures. The investigation of the affair is entrusted to M. Fabre, Examining Magistrate."

Prices were undecided at the opening of the Bourse to-day on the announcement of the arrests made by the Government in connection with the conspiracy against it. Business was depressed and the market closed quiet. Rentes were maintained, Ottoman Bank shares and Rio Tintos were steady. De Beers Mines were firm on London buying. Kaffirs were quiet, but were maintained.

MM. Deroulede, Chief of the League of Patriots, and Marcel-Habert, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, were arrested on the evening of February 23 last on the charge of inciting soldiers to insubordination in connection with the election of President Loubet.

OTOLOGICAL CONGRESS IS A BOON TO AMERICANS

We Are Far Behind European Scientists in Knowledge of Diseases of the Ear, Says Dr. Hollinger to the Journal.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

LONDON, Aug. 12.—About thirty American doctors attended the 86th International otological congress held in London this week.

Although in the declaration of the Congress otology only is specified, laryngology and rhinology came within the range of the discussion. Most of the time, however, was devoted to otology.

Talking on the subject to the Journal correspondent, Dr. Hollinger, of Chicago, said: "Otology would be better known if its importance were better realized. It is a startling fact that one-half of one per cent of the mortality in Chicago and New York is due to ear diseases.

"Dilate as the construction of the ear is, and difficult as is the treatment of many diseases which afflict it, the science of otology has progressed far enough to raise these diseases out of the region of incurables.

"It is ignorance arising out of apathy in studying the science that is the cause of mortality. With us, for example, otology is purely an optional subject in the medical curriculum, with the very natural result that it is relegated to an obscure place in the studies of students.

"I should like to see the day when otology will not only be made a compulsory subject, but when it will be made a separate and distinct branch of the medical profession.

"The effect of this congress cannot possibly be gauged at present. Americans have been enabled to come into touch with the greatest otologists in the world and have heard their weighty words and learned much that will help us to help afflicted American people.

"It may seem curious to the lay mind that one of the hottest discussions we had during the congress was on simple progressive deafness. The different conditions surrounding this apparently simple subject baffle specific treatment.

"There are remnants of old inflammations, scars, adhesions, thickenings, rheumatism of ossicles and many other features which different cases present. We can only deal with them according to a particular feature.

"Over 90 per cent of humanity has ear afflictions at some stage of their life. Most are unconscious of the fact.

"America is behind the Eastern countries in the knowledge of otology, and the people are suffering from scientific neglect. Persons with healthy ears ought to hear a whisper voice at eighty yards."

ADMIRAL DEWEY, HIS SHIP A FLORAL BOWER, SETS SAIL FROM NAPLES FOR LEGHORN.

Neapolitan Women Honor Our Hero with a Pretty Farewell and Send Him an Artistic Album—The Admiral Is Entertained by a Troupe of Strolling Musicians on the Olympia.

(Copyright, 1899, by New York Journal and Advertiser.)

NAPLES, Aug. 12.—The Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, sailed to-day for Leghorn.

The Admiral just before his departure declared that he was enchanted with Naples.

Admiral Dewey made several private excursions into some of the most populous districts of the city, keenly observant of everything and taking the liveliest interest in the people.

On one of these excursions Dewey stopped to listen to a wandering troupe of Neapolitan musicians. He invited them aboard the Olympia, where for two hours the troupe rendered a succession of popular Italian ballads.

The Admiral sent them off well paid and highly pleased.

Among the Italian cruisers, which the Admiral inspected he expressed the greatest admiration for the new ironclad Emanuele Filiberto, the latest product of the Italian ship yards.

The women of the Neapolitan aristocracy and the higher bourgeoisie sent the Admiral a magnificent artistic album.

COUNTRESS OF WARWICK IS NOW A SOCIALIST.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Countess Warwick has declared herself to a Journal interviewer to be not only a convert from Toryism, but a Radical and a Socialist.

When the Earl of Warwick sat as Lord Brooke in Commons the Countess notably assisted him in keeping his seat as an ultra-Conservative.

It was a curious evolution, and the Journal tried to learn its cause. The Countess said: "I was very young then. For the last ten years I have taken a deep interest in educational and social matters. Since I have been brought more in contact with the people I see in Socialism the best path toward doing good for the masses. Seriously, I think it is the only path."

ENGLAND HAS NEW CLASS OF FIGHTING MONSTER.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

LONDON, Aug. 12.—At the moment Emperor William was telling Congressman Foss that the best Peace Conference is a strong navy, plans had just passed the British Admiralty for an entirely new class of war ship. Great interest is taken in the new vessel, which was designed by Sir William White, Director of Naval Construction, who has given out the following particulars:

"We believe she will be the greatest triumph in naval architecture, both for speed and fighting. She will cost, ready for sea, about a million and a quarter; her speed will be a knot in excess of any British battle ship, and her guns, torpedoes, torpedo tubes, nets and booms will embody ideas which experience and experiment have proved far beyond anything yet attempted in this or any other country. Her guns will be, generally, of smaller calibre than those of the Bulwark, now building.

"She will be the longest and broadest war ship ever laid down in a Government dockyard, while her draught will be shallow. Her speed is designed to attain the maximum steadiness under fire, and from her new steel gear very excellent results are certain. Forward will be circular turrets mounted with rapid-fire guns.

"Her total armament will be fifty-two guns. The details as to their calibre for the present must be kept secret. Six torpedo tubes will complete her equipment. Her protection of Harveyized steel will be less than on the ships now building.

"The Spanish-American War directed our attention to coal capacity, and nothing will be wanting in that respect. Her displacement will be 13,000 tons. The new vessel, which will be laid down in November at Devonport, immediately after the Bulwark is off the slip, should be ready within a year. She will be the nearest approach yet attained to a perfect combination of the fighting capacity of a battleship with the mobility of a cruiser of that type advocated by one of the highest naval authorities in the world, Captain Mahan."

FUTILE EFFORTS TO STOP LADY CHURCHILL'S WEDDING.

The Prince of Wales Himself Sees the Cornwall-Wests in a Vain Attempt to Have the Engagement Broken Off.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The engagement of Lady Randolph Churchill to young Lieutenant G. F. M. Cornwall-West, brother of the most violent opposition, meeting with the most violent opposition. The Marlborough family is furious at her, while Lieutenant Cornwall-West's family are denying the engagement everywhere.

and have openly slighted Lady Randolph Churchill.

All influence is being brought to bear in the matter. The Prince of Wales even went to see the Cornwall-Wests especially to talk it over, and he also spoke to Lady Randolph Churchill on the subject. But, nevertheless, the engagement has not yet been broken off.

KRUGER MUST SUBMIT, OR TAKE THE CONSEQUENCES.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

LONDON, Aug. 12.—It needs no soothsayer to explain that the Ministers declared that the Transvaal must submit to the demands made in the Queen's name or accept the consequences.

Falling the acquiescence of President Kruger to the British demands, they mean to compel acquiescence at the point of the sword. A high official of the Colonial Office says: "Surely the Americans realize that their sympathy and interests are with Great Britain over the Boer question. There are large numbers of American Uitlanders, and it is to their benefit, as well as to the benefit of the Britishers, that these reforms should be carried out.

"The case of John Hays Hammond (the American engineer who was imprisoned in the Transvaal) ought to have brought the situation home to the Americans. We fully understand the underlying sympathy of the United States for all republics, but the protection of citizen's interests, whether American or British, ought to have nothing to do with the republic principle."

MRS. PEROT PROFITS BY TOO STRONG AFFIDAVIT.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The Queen's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice was the scene this morning of a second development in the case of Mrs. William Y. Perot, charged with the abduction of her daughter, Gladys, from Baltimore, Md., following the dramatic serving of the summons of habeas corpus Thursday as Mrs. Perot was leaving the Bow Street Police Court.

Justice Lawrence fixed 10 o'clock this morning as the time for hearing the affidavit, which W. H. Perot, the father-in-law of Mrs. Perot, handed yesterday to Mr. Rose-Innes, counsel for Mrs. Perot. Mr. Rose-Innes, addressing the Court, said: "I only received the affidavit in this case at 10 o'clock yesterday. Taking into account the fact that it is remarkably strong, tracing the career of my client since her marriage, and that it contains allegations of the worst character, I must ask you to adjourn the case to a convenient day, that we may have an opportunity of presenting it. If I read to you Lordship paragraph seven you will see wherein lies the strength of my application. It states that whereas Letitia Perot during the past three years has dwelt with John Neptune Blood, Barrister, as his wife, and, further, has been residing with the same in company with the child, Gladys, since her return to England, she is an unfit person to take charge and control of the child.

"Now, may I point out that the whole of that paragraph is false? There is no John Neptune Blood, Barrister. Mrs. Perot has been residing with her sisters the whole time since she came to England. We want to answer this affidavit in extenso."

The Judge, in giving judgment, said: "I shall order the child to remain in custody of her mother until Wednesday, on the undertaking of Mr. Rose-Innes that the child is produced in Court."

Mr. Rose-Innes gave the undertaking and the proceedings ended.

Mr. Perot's affidavit refers to Mrs. Perot's domicile at his house after her husband went to Demerara and the request of her sister-in-law that she move, owing to the scandals she was creating. Among the points raised, the affidavit avers Mrs. Perot has been a patient of a notorious doctor, named Collins, now undergoing ten years' penal servitude for causing the death of a London society lady, Mrs. Ezell.

KAISER'S SERMON PUTS A SAILOR FAST ASLEEP.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—It is well known that His Majesty the Kaiser, during his annual trip aboard the Hohenzollern to the Norwegian fjords is in the habit of conducting divine service Sunday mornings. He usually reads a short liturgy and follows prayers with a sermon—not his own composition, but from a collection of some well-known German divine.

During a recent trip officers noticed that a sailor during service had fallen fast asleep. Their consternation was great. They were relieved when the imperial sermon ended, the sailor awakened with a start. After the service the captain gave the sailor a sound rating and sentenced him to two days' arrest.

It is the Kaiser's custom aboard the Hohenzollern Sunday afternoons to hear the captain's report of events of the preceding week. If any sailor has distinguished himself or says a few kindly words. If a sailor has been punished the Kaiser hears the details.

The captain reported on the incident of the sleeping sailor and the punishment inflicted. "Was he on watch the night before?" asked the Kaiser.

"He was, Your Majesty."

"Then let the poor devil off. Besides, it wasn't much of a sermon, anyhow."

A Few More Words on Venezuela.

Paris, Aug. 12.—The sessions of the Anglo-Venezuelan Boundary Arbitration Commission were resumed to-day. Professor John R. Soley began his argument on behalf of the Venezuelan side of the case, treating of the period of the British possession of the Essequibo. He declared that up to 1866 Great Britain only possessed Moruca.

Admiral Dewey Going to Muskoka Lakes.

World greatly benefit in health and enjoy the fishing, boating, bathing, golfing, lawn tennis and other pleasures. Reported by the Grand Trunk Railway, 290 Broadway, New York.

One Way to Keep Cool.

Take a few days at the beach and pay for it with what you save on a \$30 Suit or Overcoat

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Order for

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Ends Sept. 10th.

This sale includes all the choicest fabrics for the Fall and Winter season. It will pay you to order now. The prices advance to \$15 after Sept. 10th.

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During our Half-Yearly Sale means that you get for \$12, made to order, a suit or overcoat which we at no other time make for less than \$15 (from the same materials for which high-priced tailors charge \$30.) We are now exhibiting some advanced patterns for Fall and Winter which are included in this sale at \$12.

Among which are Vicunas, Unfinished Worsteds, Yorklyn Diagonal, Bradford Tweed, Whipcord, West of England Melton, Kersey and Cassimere.

Cut and finished by skilled men-tailors on the premises, and trimmed with guaranteed linings.

No Sweatshop Work.

N. W. Cor. Nassau & Ann Sts., N. Y.
ENTIRE BUILDING.

PRINCE OF WALES WILL BUY AN AUTOMOBILE.

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LONDON, Aug. 12.—There is authority for stating that the Prince of Wales is shortly to become the owner of a Daimler motorcar. The order is being negotiated privately by the Hon. Evelyn Ellis, who is recognized as an intermediary

between aristocracy and motorcar companies. He is a perfect connoisseur of motorcars.

It will be of the twelve horse-power type of vehicle, of small wagonette style made to carry four persons.

The Prince's patronage is all that's required to make the motorcar the fashion-above-conveyance in England.

R. H. DAVIS AND WIFE SAIL FOR HOME.

Captain Alfred T. Mahan and Cora Urquhart Potter are on the Same Boat.

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RESULTS from Journal "Want" ads. always THE BEST.