FORTY NATIONS IN A TRADE CONGRESS.

Delegates from All Over the World in Philadelphia.

WORK BEGINS TO-DAY.

Their Object Is to Bring Various Countries Into Closer Relationship.

Philadelphia, Oct. 12.—With most impressive ceremonies, which partook of both an official and public character, the International Commercial Congress was formally opened to-day in the main building at the National Export Exposition. Fully eight thousand people assembled in the auditorium.

Forty nations of the world were officially represented by delegates and more than four hundred delegates were present, representing various chambers of commerce or trade boards in all parts of the world. The object of the congress is a development of the commerce of the world and the harmonizing of the varied trade interests. The discussions to follow in the sessions of the congress, the closing session being fixed for November 1, will be participated in by the delegates.

To-day's meeting was devoted wholly to the formal welcoming of the delegates. The deliberations will be in the English language, although delegates who prefer to speak their own language will be permitted to do so.

In to-day's exercises President McKinley was represented by Assistant Secretary of State Hill, while the foreign nations were officially represented by their legations. These diplomats occupied seats on the stage, while the delegates to the Congress occupied seats reserved for them. The foreign delegates and diplomats from Washington assembled this afternoon in the office of Mayor Ashbridge. Carriages later took them to the exposition grounds.

Their entry into the auditorium was the signal for a great outburst of applause. Former United States Senator Edmunds, the temporary chairman, called the meeting to order, and introduced David J. Hill, Assistant Secretary of State. Mr. Hill welcomed the delegates to the Congress in the name of the United States. Mayor Ashbridge, who extended a welcome on behalf of the city of Philadelphia, said:

"Never was such a cosmopolitan gathering witnessed elsewhere; never were so many nations and peoples assembled, by representatives, to discuss the peaceful arts of business. In this distinguished assemblage are numbered men, not only from surrounding nations; not only from English-speaking peoples, but from all quarters of the globe, even from Spain, now fast forgetting the late unpleasantness.

"The Transvaal and Cape Colony, around which the dread clouds of war are lowering, let us hope never to break, are represented here, together with the American nations to the south of us; all of the Continental powers and many of the Oriental potentates.

"That such a gathering is possible is a hopeful sign of the times. Nations are forsaking the panoply of arms for the no less glorious triumphs of industry."

Senator Edmunds followed in a brief speech in which he extolled the work of the Commercial Museums.

W. P. Wilson, director-general of the Philadelphia Commercial Museums and of the National Export Exposition, announced that former Speaker Thomas B. Reed will preside over the first session. The actual business of the congress will be begun to-day.

NO NEWS OF MISSING SON.

Bereaved Parents Beg for News of Young James Monahan.

James Monahan, who is seventeen years old and lives at No. 67 Hyatt street, Providence, came to this city to see the Dewey parade and has not been heard from by his relatives since. Last Sunday morning his youngest brother died and his parents had two causes for grieving.

Young Monahan was tall for his age and his relatives fear that he may have enlisted under an assumed name. Any news of him will be gratefully received by Patrick McGuigan, of No. 163 Walworth street, Brooklyn.

Payne Won Princeton Trolley Fight

M. Taylor Payne has apparently won his fight to prevent the Trenton Traction Company from getting into Princeton through any public thoroughfare, as the trolley people have now marked out routes through Stockton's Springdale Farm and will enter the town below the Pennsylvania station, terminating their line at Canal street.

Senator Scott Has Facial Erysipelas

Morgantown, W. Va., Oct. 12.—United States Senator H. B. Scott became very ill with facial erysipelas while here to attend the Chadwick sword presentation. A special train has been sent here to take him home, but he is too ill for the trip.

MARITIME NEWS.

OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail
Comanche, Charleston	—	3:00 p. m.
Lampasas, Brunswick	—	3:00 p. m.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Umbria, Liverpool	8:00 a. m.	11:00 a. m.	
La Champagne, Havre	7:00 a. m.	10:00 a. m.	
Statendam, Rotterdam	8:00 a. m.	10:00 a. m.	
Ems, Naples	9:00 a. m.	11:00 a. m.	
City of Rome	10:00 a. m.	12:00 m.	
Hekla, Norway	11:00 a. m.	1:00 p. m.	
Hindoo, Hull	—	—	
Salerno, Newcastle	—	—	
St. Andrew, Antwerp	—	—	
State of Nebraska, Glasgow	—	—	
Manitou, London	—	9:00 a. m.	
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	—	1:00 p. m.	
Havana, Havana	11:00 a. m.	1:00 p. m.	
Curityba, Nuevitas	1:00 p. m.	3:00 p. m.	
Silva, Newfoundland	10:00 a. m.	—	
Trinidad, Bermuda	10:00 a. m.	12:00 m.	
Alene, Jamaica	10:00 a. m.	12:00 m.	
Belvernon, Hayti	1:00 p. m.	3:00 p. m.	
Concho, Galveston	—	3:00 p. m.	
Hudson, New Orleans	—	3:00 p. m.	
Seminole, Charleston	—	3:00 p. m.	

Additional supplementary mails are opened—after the closing of the regular supplementary mails—on the piers of American, English, French and German Transatlantic lines, and they are kept open until within ten minutes of the time of departure of steamship.

INCOMING STEAMSHIPS.

DUE TO-DAY.

Manhattan	London	Sept. 27
Buffon	St. Lucia	Oct. 4
Louisiana	New Orleans	Oct. 6
Colorado	Hull	Sept. 30
Lucania	Liverpool	Oct. 7
Fuerst Bismarck	Hamburg	Oct. 5
British Queen	Antwerp	Oct. 1
Knight Bachelor	Barry	Sept. 28
Comal	Galveston	Oct. 7
Yucatan	Havana	Oct. 6
Kansas City	Savannah	Oct. 10

DUE TO-MORROW.

St. Paul	Southampton	Oct. 7
Cluden	Amsterdam	Sept. 30
Tuscarora	London	Oct. 1
Excelsior	New Orleans	Oct. 8
Iroquois	Jacksonville	Oct. 11

DUE SUNDAY.

La Gascogne	Havre	Oct. 7
Cymric	Liverpool	Oct. 6
Menominee	London	Oct. 1
Llandaff City	Swansea	Oct. 1
Clan Monroe	London	Oct. 1
Thomas Mellville	Gibraltar	Oct. 1

ALMANAC FOR FRIDAY, OCT. 13.

Sun rises	6:09	Moon rises	—
Sun sets	5:24	Moon sets	—

HIGH AND LOW WATER TO-DAY.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND		SANDY HOOK	
H. W.	L. W.	H. W.	L. W.
2:06 a. m.	8:42 a. m.	2:00 a. m	8:04 a. m.
2:42 p. m.	9:26 p. m.	2:24 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

Note.—High water at Hell Gate occurs 1 hour and 49 minutes later than at Governor's Island. The time used in this tide table is 75th meridian W.

TELEPHONE Your "Want" Advts. to the Journal. Ask Central for 4901 Cortlandt, Brooklyn call, 1058 Main.

SHE GETS $5,000 IN PLACE OF A "NEST."

Miss Minnie Thomasmeyer, Who Sued a Suitor.

A jury yesterday awarded her $5,000 in a suit for breach of promise against Alphonse De Lehner, an insurance agent.

Miss Thomasmeyers's Breach of Promise Suit Shows That Sometimes a Man May Borrow Money as He Woos.

Miss Minnie Thomasmeyer obtained a verdict of $5,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage against Alphonse De Lehner in the Supreme Court yesterday. He was not at court and made no defence.

The expression of her pale blue, patient eyes, the tone of her voice, the phrases in which she described her disillusion might have made her victorious, even if the man had been there with his denials.

Miss Thomasmeyer testified that they met at her cousin's house in 1887, and were on the most affable, friendly terms until 1896, when he was married to another person. He wrote many letters to her and borrowed from her at various times sums that amount to $600, she said.

He never returned a loan from her. He never gave the slightest reason for a suspicion that, after many years of promising to marry her, he might waver in his love. She had an implicit confidence in him, in spite of everything, until his marriage to another.

His letters were not admitted by the court in evidence of his promise of marriage, because she fixed the date of that promise at September 15, 1895, and they were written before that date, but Mr. Hummel, her lawyer, read them to the jurors after they had rendered their verdict. The letters said:

I had given up hopes of hearing from you and had resigned myself to my fate. I wonder how long I will have to wait before you will be willing to marry me? I am sure you cannot complain of my inconstancy. My aim has been to make you my wife.

Surely you can trust your happiness in my keeping. I have a nest for you, if you will consent to leave the old one. Oh, do, Minnie, dear! It seems so long until Sunday. If you only knew how lonely and sad I sometimes feel, when I am sitting in my room, without anybody to cheer me, you would not consent to my long wooing. I hope I do not plead in vain.

I need money for clothes and shoes and other articles. Now, dear girl, if there is a little love for me in your heart, I expect you to respond materially and quickly to my appeal, and let there be no misunderstanding. When I get a place and, at last, call you my dear wife, you will think with pleasure and satisfaction of how you helped your affectionate

ALPHONSE.

The defendant is a life insurance agent. The plaintiff lives with her parents in Astoria. Her success at court lit her eyes for an instant. But they were sad soon again, and she said: "I wish he had been here. He had not the courage to deny verbally, as in the written answer to the complaint, his promise to marry me. I wish he had been here, and tried, and failed."

TWO HUNDRED GUESTS SAW SHE WAS JILTED.

This Aggravates the Breach of Promise Suit Miss Wilson Has Brought Against Young Judson.

Miss Martha J. Wilson, eighteen years of age, said in the Harlem Police Court yesterday:

"William Franklin Judson was to marry me on October 8. I had invited two hundred persons. The house was filled with them, with lights and flowers. The minister, Dr. Tipple, of the St. James Methodist Episcopal Church, was there. We waited three hours. I do not know why Mr. Judson did not come. That is why I have had him arrested."

Mr. Judson, eighteen years of age, said:

"When I promised to marry Miss Wilson I did not know that she was fickle and frivolous. I met her in Little Coney Island, at West Farms, and fell in love with her at once. I presented her to my father and mother at our home on Brooks avenue. They liked her at first, but something that her parents said made them suspicious. They learned how Miss Wilson had acted. They would not let me marry her. I would not marry her now if they consented."

Judson's father said:

"I sent an announcement to Miss Wilson's parents of my intention to call upon them and talk of our children's marriage. Their reply was that I should be thrown down the stairs if I came. I learned who they were and how they lived. Their house is on filled-in ground at the river end of Madison avenue. The place is known as Canary Island in the vicinity. Its reputation is not what it should be. I learned that Miss Wilson went frequently to Little Coney Island. I could not accept her as a daughter-in-law."

The young man said that he had witnesses to prove that he was not unjust to Miss Wilson in breaking his promise of marriage to her. The Magistrate appointed October 23 for the examination of those witnesses. Miss Wilson muttered:

"He said that he was a soldier of the Two Hundred and Second Volunteers in the war with Spain. I do not believe it. A soldier would not act like that. I might have married his cousin, James O'Brien. I refused James because I loved Judson."

BRAVE WOMEN FIGHT FOOTPADS AT NIGHT.

Miss Bulaham Follows and Catches the Robber Who Took Her Purse.

Miss Elizabeth Bulaham, a Brooklyn school teacher, was attacked by a highwayman last night. The robber now wishes that he had not molested so plucky a woman. He is behind the bars and it was Miss Bulaham's bravery that put him there. She teaches in the North Seventh street school and lives at No. 9 Hewes street.

She was on her way home at 11 o'clock Wednesday night, when, in Bedford avenue, in the Williamsburg district, she was accosted by a young man. She paid no heed to him and hurried on. The man followed and caught up with her. Then he snatched her pocketbook and made off with it. He did not run, for fear of attracting attention.

Miss Bulaham followed the robber and walked so fast that she was close to him before he discovered that she was on his trail. He ran up a side street, pursued by the young woman, who was also running, jumped over a fence and hid.

Miss Bulaham, nothing daunted, climbed the fence, too, and laid hold of the robber. The man threw the pocketbook in her face and tried to escape, but his captor held on to him.

Just then Colonel Andrew D. Baird happened along. He kept the robber a prisoner in the yard until he could stop the first person passing. This happened to be a policeman off duty in citizen's clothes. The robber was marched to the Hamburg avenue station house, and was held for trial yesterday.

Arrested as a Scold, She Sued in Vain.

Mrs. Mary Murphy, of North Bergen, N. J., was refused damages for injuries to her nerves. She sued John O'Hare in the Hudson County Circuit Court for having caused her arrest as a common scold. She admitted that she had been arrested five times on the same charge and the jury returned a verdict for the defendant.

Boy of Eighteen Rescues a Plucky Woman from a Highwayman.

This is the story of how a boy of eighteen robbed a highwayman of his prey in Brooklyn on Wednesday night. The hero is Albert A. Reilly, of No. 2 Felix street, the son of a merchant of that neighborhood. He went to the Star Theatre and was on his way home at about 11 p. m. He had not gone more than a block from Flatbush avenue, in the heart of the city, when he heard the screams of a woman.

It was very dark. The boy ran in the direction of the screams. In a moment he found a footpad who had his arms around a woman trying to throw her to the ground. One hand clasped her pocketbook, but the woman was holding that with a death grip. When the highwayman saw Reilly he struck at him. Reilly dodged and let out with his right. The robber fell to the sidewalk. Then he got up and ran. Reilly pursued him for two blocks.

"He was a short, thin, little fellow," said Reilly, "but he could outrun me. I did not see a policeman the whole time. My man got away and then I returned to the woman.

"She said that she was going along the street when the man jumped out from behind a tree and grabbed her pocketbook. It was only a moment later when I arrived. The woman said that she was Mrs. Addison, but she would not tell me where she lived. She was about thirty years old, well dressed and pretty. She said that she had considerable money in the pocketbook. She thanked me and went her way. And still I did not see a policeman."

Forced Rise of "Copper" in New Jersey.

Chief of Police Murphy, of Jersey City, has issued an order that hereafter when any Commissioner, the Chief, Inspector or captain enters a room in which there are sergeants, roundsmen or patrolmen seated, it shall be the duty of each policeman to rise and stand. The superior officer is required to acknowledge the salute.

CHILDREN STOLE; PARENTS IDLED.

Boy and Girl Robbed 6th Avenue Stores Every Day.

WORE FINE CLOTHES.

Caught and Bailed, They Say They're "Going to Boarding School."

The lot of little John Oleszerska, fourteen years of age, and his sister, Mamie, eleven, has been the envy of the children of Greenpoint.

First, and perhaps most important, they did not have to go to school.

Next, they washed themselves very seldom.

Third, their parents did not exercise the supervision over their manners and their methods of amusing themselves that is customary in the tenement at No. 1108 Manhattan avenue, where they live. In fact, they were the despair of the janitress. They would screech through the halls, smash the stair rails, throw the washtubs out of the windows and enjoy themselves generally, after the fashion of imps incarnate.

And last, they wore such beautiful clothes!

"John would go out in patent leather boots, a pair of real kid gloves, a b-e-e-utiful black derby hat, and the prettiest bow on his neck!" said a little girl. "And, oh, the clothes Mamie had! Silk stockings, changeable petticoats and just the sweetest dresses and capes!"

Where the Clothes Came From.

On Tuesday afternoon Miss Louise Eltoft, the detective in a big Sixth avenue department store, was on her rounds. Sauntering along, hand in hand, came a handsome little boy and girl. Their dirty faces presented a curious contrast to the well-made, if somewhat ill-fitting, clothes that they wore.

"I think I have seen those children in here several times lately," said Miss Eltoft to herself. And she proceeded to follow them.

In a very short time the pair stopped before the hat counter. The prettiest piece of millinery within reach was marked $13.90, and disappeared beneath the girl's cape so quickly that the detective could scarcely believe they had taken it. She placed them under arrest and they were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Meade in Jefferson Market Court.

Their stepfather, Edward Kranz, and their mother were there. Both are Polacks. The children were sent to the Gerry Society's rooms and held in $300 bail on a charge of petty larceny. Their parents found a bondsman and took the children home late in the afternoon.

How the Children Told It.

"We have been spending the night with our aunt," remarked John to a group of boys and girls on the stoop, which he joined after his return. "We are not going to be around here much longer, as we are going to boarding school," yawned the young philosopher in a bored tone to his interested audience.

And is boarding school such a bad way to put it?

The children's mother formerly kept a saloon at the corner of Box street and Oakland avenue, near their present home. When they lived there the children went to school and differed in no way specially from their companions. But about two months ago the saloon was sold, and since then their parents have done no work. They moved to their present abode, at No. 1108 Manhattan avenue, hired a servant, of whom the neighbors were very proud as the only one in the house, and began to enjoy life in the primitive fashion—no work, plenty of clothes and double meals.

Mysterious Errands.

"Those children never played with the others," said a neighbor last night. "Every morning they used to go out, generally with a large leather bag. They said they were going to see if the optician had finished a pair of glasses for Mamie's weak eyes. Goodness knows how many times they have told me that."

"Yes," claimed a little girl, "and every time they went out they would start poorly dressed and come back looking fine. Yesterday morning John wore a white shirt with no collar when he left. When he came back he had on a collar and a great big blue silk tie. Oh, such a beauty!

"And Mamie had on only a black cotton petticoat. When she came back she had a striped silk one and a flannel underskirt."

"Oh, the clothes their father and mother have," said a woman. "It looks so queer to see their rooms: no carpet on the floor and just a little bit of furniture, and then them coming out dressed like dudes.

"The other day, when it was cool, they had their things airing on the lines. Silk dresses, petticoats, capes and hats (the children were always telling how they had just bought a hat) for Mrs. Kranz and all kinds of fancy silk underwear for him.

"Well, now that John and Mamie are going to be locked up, do you wish you were like them any more, children?"

Chorus: "No!"

Robbed St. Peter's Poor Box of $8.37

When Patrick J. Cuneen, sexton of St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church in Barclay street, opened the church yesterday morning he discovered that the poor box had been robbed of $8.37; later he found a man who said he was Robert Bartlett, a gold beater, with no home, hiding behind a pew. Cuneen made Bartlett a prisoner and called a policeman. The contents of the poor box were found in Bartlett's possession. When arraigned in the Centre Street Police Court Bartlett was held in $1,000.

Boer War Booms Freight Rates.

African freight rates have been advanced on an average of 5 shillings a ton owing to the fact that the English Government has chartered more than eighty steamships for transport service, half of which were in the Atlantic trade. Within the last few weeks the freight rates are said to have advanced 25 to 30 per cent.

FILIPINOS WOULD YIELD WILLINGLY.

Gen. Funston Says They Are Being Deceived by Leaders.

INCAPABLE TO GOVERN.

A Firm Colonial Administration Needed—He Is Ready to Fight Again.

San Francisco, Oct. 12.—Brigadier-General Frederick Funston, who has arrived at the home of his wife, in East Oakland, found time to-day to talk more at length than he did yesterday aboard the Tartar to the Journal correspondent.

"I see no reason," he said, "why the Americans should not be sole masters of the Philippines by March of next year.

"The situation in the islands has reached a stage where it is very easy to see how to cope with it. There must be no temporizing, no wasted sympathy, no foolish sentiment. It must be a case of fight. The Filipinos are now in such a frame of mind that they will not yield until they are thoroughly thrashed and convinced that it is useless to oppose America.

"I do not say this unadvisedly. I have given the matter many months of deep study and my knowledge of Spanish has enabled me to converse freely with officers and prisoners on the rebel side.

Filipinos High Minded.

"We arrived at Manila last December, which was two months before hostilities began. During those two months the officers of the Filipinos frequently came within our lines, and I discussed with them every phase of the situation. They were very high minded and gave me the opinion that they were well able to look after themselves.

"The best among them, however, are ignorant. Occasionally I found a smattering of education. **But they are absolutely an ignorant race, and quite incapable of self-government.**

"It is true that they possess much shrewdness and are cunning, but in reality the chief trait in their character is treachery. It is this which has enabled them to make as good a showing as they have made, but this is no argument, nor can it be made so, that they are capable of governing themselves.

Fear of Insurrection.

"Suppose that they were left alone. The islands would be a scene of insurrection without any possibility of restoring peace. Only a strong power can take hold of those islands, subdue the various factions and place them on a solid footing.

"I am convinced that the best way to govern the islands is to give them a firm, stiff-necked colonial government, moulded on the same lines as the government of colonies of Great Britain. There should be a Governor-General, who should have absolute power over the civil government, and also the command of the United States troops and any native troops that it may be considered judicious to organize.

"This may seem strange, but I am convinced that as soon as the rebellion is crushed there will be an entire change of heart among a large percentage of natives, and they will be quite willing to carry arms under American officers.

"With the 35,000 men now down there, and the additional 25,000 that will be on the ground when the November campaign opens, there will be ample soldiery to walk through the Islands. Sixty thousand troops will teach the Filipinos the lessons they deserve. But it must not be a campaign of temporizing. It must be aggressive and persistent from the start. There must be no let-up, and no opportunity must be given the rebels, once routed, to recover.

No Match for Americans.

"The Filipinos are no match for Americans on the battle field. In one instance, at Caloocan, where the Kansas troops were engaged, we lost two men, while I personally counted 112 dead Filipinos. This is, of course, not a fair comparison, but the Americans are certainly as much superior under arms to Filipinos as six to one.

"The sent of all the trouble at this time is the Filipino Junta at Hong Kong. This pernicious little body is keeping the war alive. It is in communication with the insurgents, and it supplies Aguinaldo's army with the hope from which it lives. It sends out reports of fearful disaster to our troops that never occur. It imagines all manner of friendly feeling the world over toward the Filipinos. It assures them of all kinds of outside support without foundation, and in this manner keeps their spirits alive.

"The Filipinos are busiest just now circulating reports that the trend of public opinion in this country is against the American procedure in the islands. They are informed by this Junta that a majority of all the States have pronounced against the policy of the Administration, and that they have only to wait until the next general election, when the United States will grant them their independence.

The Shrewd Aguinaldo.

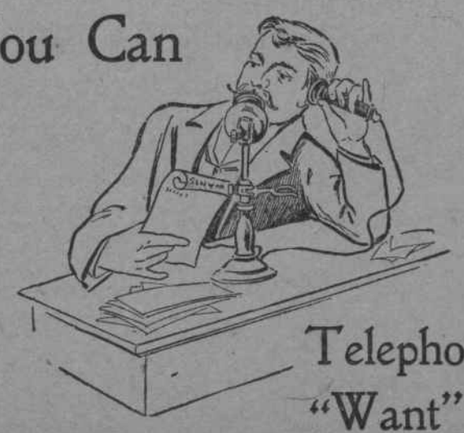
"Aguinaldo himself is shrewd, but not clever. He circulates and corroborates all that the Junta sends out and adds to it all that his cunning imagination can devise. With him the campaign is a great confidence game. If his people could be induced to accept the situation they would desert him to-morrow.

"I came back," continued General Funston, "because I was ordered to. I would have stayed very gladly, and wish that I were there now."

"Did you ask to stay?"

"No," he answered. "I would not do that. I haven't asked, nor will I, but if it is thought that I can be of any service in the Philippines I will go back on very short notice. I take it that, the terms of enlistment of the State volunteers having expired, the number of volunteer generals is being reduced."

From Your Desk You Can



Telephone Your "Want" Advts. TO THE JOURNAL.

Call, 4901 Cortlandt.

Brooklyn Call, 1058 Main

FEW DEPARTMENTS GET MORE THAN LAST YEAR.

Board of Estimate Is a Bear on Any Increase of City Expenditure.

The Board of Estimate finished yesterday consideration of the estimates of many city departments.

The Commissioners of Accounts received an allowance of $160,000, the same amount as was allowed for 1899.

The estimate of Register Fromme showed an apparent increase of $14,392, but Mr. Fromme insisted that the real increase was only $8,000. Mr. Fromme and the Mayor got into an argument, and the Mayor called for another department.

The County Clerk of Kings asked for $55,000, but will have to be content with $12,500, the same as last year.

Dr. John T. Nagle, Chief of the Bureau of Municipal Statistics, wanted a deputy chief at $2,500 and several additional clerks, but received no increase.

Loans.

COLUMBIA LOAN CO. (INCORPORATED.) Morton Building, 116 Nassau st., rooms 508-509. Loans made immediately in Greater New York on furniture, storage receipts, pianos and office fixtures, without removal; easy payments; legal rates; confidential; private offices. Branch 850 East 134th st. Open evenings.

MONEY LOANED IN GREATER NEW YORK. $25 to $200, 3 per cent. per month, on household furniture, store fixtures, storage receipts, machines, without removal; all business strictly confidential; also assignments of rents; life insurance policies. NATIONAL LOAN ASSOCIATION (INCORPORATED). 90 NASSAU ST., cor. Fulton. Tel. 3199 Cort'dt.

EMPIRE LOAN CO., inc., 289 4th ave., near 23d st., New York. $25 to $200 loaned on day of application on household Furniture, Pianos, etc., without removal, in New York and Brooklyn; confidential and strictly legal rates. We pay your loan to other companies when due. Call or write for our agent.

PACIFIC LOAN Association, Incorporated, 150 NASSAU ST., ROOMS 609-610. 2 BLOCKS SOUTH OF BROOKLYN BRIDGE. No trouble to obtain money immediately in New York or Brooklyn on furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; easy payments; confidential; legal rates; private offices.

LOANS ON SALARIES, ON FURNITURE without removal; legal rates. Shoe and Leather Bank Building, 271 Broadway, room 44. Removed from 10 East 14th.

MONEY loaned on furniture; lowest rates, easy payments; confidential. H. Giles, 240 East 52d st. Open evenings.

GLOBE LOAN ASS'N, 150 EAST 125TH ST. $15,000 TO LOAN On furniture, pianos, without removal; legal rates.

STANDARD LOAN Association; Incorporated; loans on furniture without removal; legal rates; repayable in easy instalments; strictly confidential; send postal; agent will call. 2293 3d ave., corner 125th st., room 1.

$$ SALARY LOANS. $$ $15 to $200 to reliable salaried persons; anywhere; best terms; confidential. Room 84, 186 Remsen st., Brooklyn.

Loans on Salaries, $15 Up. Easy payments; entirely confidential; immediate attention; reasonable. CHESTERKIRK, Mezzanine floor, Mail and Express Building, 208 Broadway.

Money Loaned on Salaries. No security. TOLMAN, room 1417-18, 320 Broadway. Also room 99, Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

SALARY LOANS. 150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE 729.

Loans on Furniture. 110 East 125th st., rooms 15 and 16.

ADVANCES to reliable clerks, salesmen and bookkeepers; easy terms; strictly confidential. MERCANTILE TRADING CO., 621 Broadway.

ADVANCES procured immediately upon salaries, furniture, etc.; easy payments; confidential. Room 103, Potter Building, 145 Nassau st.

LOANS on furniture; legal rates; repayable in instalments; confidential and reliable. HAWKINS, room 144, 32 Broadway.

LOANS on furniture and salaries; Bronx Borough only; evenings until 7. MRS. TAYLOR, 703 East 138th st.

MONEY ADVANCED. on Inheritance and Legacies in U. S. and Europe. M. REINACH, BANKER, 534 5TH ST.

$15 UP quickly loaned on salary without security; clerks, bookkeepers, salesmen, railroad, express employes, etc.; easy payments; legal rates; private; open until 7. 73 West 11th st., near 6th ave., above real estate office.

Lawyers.

Divorces, $50, entire expense. Lawyer GEO. ROBINSON, 99 Nassau st., N. Y.

LAWYER EDWARD DEVOE, 149 Broadway—Injuries to person or property and other legal rights; bankruptcy and Surrogate's practice; correspondents in all cities; advice free.

Medical.

OLD DR. GRINDLE, OLD DR. GRINDLE, GRADUATE UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK (MEDICAL DEPARTMENT) 35 years specialist in the diseases of men. Under OLD DR. GRINDLE'S scientific treatment blood and skin diseases, pains in bones, red spots, sore throat and mouth, ulcers, painful swellings, kidney and bladder complaints, scalding, inflammation, gravel, etc., are speedily, thoroughly and permanently cured. Men about to marry should consult OLD DR. GRINDLE. Every impediment removed. Sufferers, do not waste time visiting less skilful physicians. Remember OLD DR. GRINDLE never fails. OFFICE OVER 15 YEARS at 171 West 12th st., between 6th and 7th aves. Advice free. Medicine, $1. Hours 9 to 9. Sundays, 9 to 3.

OLD DR. GREY, 45 years a specialist in diseases of men only; quickest permanent cure guaranteed in all diseases peculiar to men, no matter what the cause or how long standing. Blood poison, skin, kidney and bladder trouble, ulcers, strictures, weakness, nervous debility. Don't doctor, marry or despair until you have consulted OLD DR. GREY first. He is the oldest established and the longest in practice of any specialist in the city. Office over 35 years at 120 East 17th st., near Union square. Hours, 9 to 9. Sundays, 9 to 3. Scientific treatment. Advice free. Medicine only 50c.

ABILITY—The Hallett New York Medical Institute. The doctors of this institute have been blood and nerve specialists for forty years, and will guarantee to cure all secret and private diseases of men in a few days; also stricture, blood poisoning, ulcers, skin diseases, nervous debility; lost vigor restored; you will save time, money and great suffering by consulting us first; thousands cured yearly; best of advice and treatment free; small charge for medicine only. Private office, 218 East 16th st., near 3d ave.; hours, 9 to 9. Sundays included.

DR. AND MRS. SIMPSON, the leading specialists in New York, successfully treat all female complaints; private sanitarium, with trained nurses, for patients remaining under doctor's care; 28 years' experience; consultation free; 9 to 9. 22 West 27th st., near Broadway.

A.—A.—A.—MRS. ROTHKRANZ, incorporated sanitarium; skilful treatment all diseases women; consultation free; expert doctor in attendance; strictly private; monthly cure; 30 years' experience. 219 7th ave., near 23d st.

MRS. SCHOTT, specialist, 30 years' practice; skilful treatment all diseases women; consultation free. 227 East 82d st.

228 WEST 49TH ST.—DR. CROWE cures female complaints at once without pain or medicine; fee, $10.

Telephone

Your "Want" Advts. to the Journal . . . . Ask Central for 4901 Cortlandt. Brooklyn call, 1058 Main.

Rates for Advertising "WANT" ADVTS.

No advt. accepted for less than the cost of 2 lines.

NOTICE.—Three and Seven time rates apply to consecutive insertions only.

	Per Agate Line. 8 Ordinary Words.
Agents Wanted (per word) 7c. per word for three consecutive insertions. 15c. per word for seven consecutive insertions. No advertisement accepted for less than the cost of fifteen words.	.05
Bicycle "Wants" 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.20
Boarders or Board Wanted 3 time rate, 35c.; 7 time rate, 75c.	.15
Business Property To Let or Wanted 3 time rate, 35c.; 7 time rate, 75c.	.15
Business Opportunities 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
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Dogs and Birds 3 time rate, 55c.; 7 time rate, $1.25.	.20
Educational 7 time rate, $1.25.	.20
For Sale 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
Farms For Sale 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
Furnished or Unfurnished Rooms To Let or Wanted 3 time rate, 35c.; 7 time rate, 75c.	.15
Flats and Apartments (Furnished or Unfurnished, To Let or Wanted) 3 time rate, 35c.; 7 time rate, 75c.	.15
Good Will and Interest for Sale 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
Help Wanted (Male or Female) Advertisements inserted without charge, not exceeding 10 words week days or 15 words Sundays.	
Hotels and Restaurants	.20
Horses and Carriages 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
Houses, Furnished or Unfurnished, To Let or Wanted 3 time rate, 35c.; 7 time rate, 75c.	.15
Lawyers	.30
Loans or Loans Wanted 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
Lost, Found and Rewards	.25
Machinery 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
Millinery and Dressmaking	.25
Miscellaneous	.25
Partners Wanted 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
Patents	.50
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Special Notices	.50
Pianos and Organs 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
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Real Estate 3 time rate, 65c.; 7 time rate, $1.40.	.25
Religious Notices	.20
Situations Wanted (Male or Female) Advertisements not exceeding 10 words week days or 15 words Sundays inserted without charge.	
Summer, Autumn and Winter Resorts	.20

Railroads.

Pennsylvania RAILROAD.

STATIONS foot of West Twenty-third Street and Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets.

☞The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M., FAST MAIL—Limited to two Buffet Parlor Cars New York to Pittsburg. Sleeping Car Pittsburg to Chicago. No coaches to Pittsburg.

8:55 A. M., FAST LINE—Pittsburg and Cleveland.

9:55 A. M., PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED—Pullman Compartment Sleeping, Dining, Smoking and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis.

1:55 P. M., CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS—For Louisville (via Cincinnati), Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis.

5:55 P. M., WESTERN EXPRESS—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Sunday.

7:55 P. M., SOUTHWESTERN EXPRESS—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Nashville (via Cincinnati), Louisville, Indianapolis, St. Louis.

7:55 P. M., PACIFIC EXPRESS—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:25 P. M. (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets 8:35 p. m.), MAIL AND EXPRESS—Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car New York to Atlanta. East Liberty, Pittsburg and points West, daily, except Sunday. No coaches.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:10 (Desbrosses Street 10:16, Cortlandt Street 10:15) (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) a. m., 12:55, 2:10 (Desbrosses Street 2:16, Cortlandt Street 2:15), 2:55 (3:25 "Congressional Ltd.," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 8:55 p. m., 12:10 night. Sundays, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 (Dining Car) a. m., 12:55, 2:55 (3:25 "Congressional Ltd.," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 8:55 p. m., 12:10 night.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Express, 2:55, 4:25 p. m., 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY—For Memphis and New Orleans, 2:55 p. m. daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE—Express, 9:25 a. m. and 8:55 p. m. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY—2:10 p. m. week days (Desbrosses Street 2:10 p. m., Cortlandt Street 2:15 p. m.) Through Express, Estimate Parlor Cars. Passenger Coach and Combined Coach.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

6:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets 6:20), 7:25, 7:35, 8:25, 8:35, 9:25 (9:35 Penna. Limited), 10:10 (Desbrosses Street 10:16, Cortlandt Street 10:15) (Dining Car), 10:35 (Dining Car), 11:35 a. m., 12:25, 2:10 (Desbrosses Street 2:16, Cortlandt Street 2:15), 2:55, 3:55, 4:25, 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 5:35 (Dining Car), 7:55, 8:25 p. m., 12:10 night. Sundays, 6:10, 8:25, 8:35, 9:25, *9:35 (Limited), 9:55, 10:55 (Dining Car) a. m., 12:35, 2:10 (Dining Car), 2:55, 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 5:55 (Dining Car) p. m., 12:10 night.

Ticket Offices, Nos. 461, 944, 1196, 1364, 111 and 351 Broadway, 1 Astor House, West Twenty-third Street Station and stations in front of Delmonicos and Cortlandt streets; 4 Court street, 860 Fulton street, 98 Broadway and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street," for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

J. R. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Pass'r Agent.