

# TWO BODYS JOIN IN THE FIGHT AGAINST ROBERTS.

Presbyterians of New York and Illinois Demand That Congress Shall Close Its Doors to the Polygamist.

Mothers' Congress and Chicago's Ingeborg Club Also Appeal in the Name of Womanhood for His Unseating.

The movement to prevent Brigham H. Roberts from taking his seat in Congress is spreading and growing in strength every day. Yesterday the Presbyterian synods of New York and Illinois demanded that Congress unseat Roberts. The Mothers' Congress in session at Albany made a similar demand in the name of American womanhood, and the Ingeborg Swedish Women's Club, of Chicago, pledged itself to use every effort to the same end.

## NEW YORK SYNOD SAYS "DO NOT SEAT HIM!"

Troy, N. Y., Oct. 19.—At the session of the Synod of New York held here today these resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The people of the United States, believing that the marriage relation can exist properly and decently between only one man and one woman at the same time, have, through their representatives in Congress, repeatedly expressed their detestation of polygamy by the enactment of laws forbidding its practice in any territory under the exclusive jurisdiction of Congress; and Whereas, The people of Utah, professing to respect this national sentiment, gave their solemn pledge and promise as a condition of admission into the Union to forever forbid, both by constitutional provision and appropriate legislation, the practice of polygamy within that State; and Whereas, The people of the new State of Utah have elected to Congress Brigham H. Roberts, a man who is an avowed and confessed polygamist and an advocate of the practice of polygamy; therefore,

Resolved, That we, the Synod of New York, in session at Troy, N. Y., October 19, 1899, do respectfully memorialize the Fifty-sixth Congress when it shall convene, praying it:

First.—That it exercise its constitutional powers to expel from its membership the said Brigham H. Roberts.

Second.—That it propose to the several States an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, forbidding the practice of polygamy and punishing under any pretense whatever.

## ILLINOIS PRESBYTERY OPPOSED TO ROBERTS.

Joliet, Ill., Oct. 19.—At the annual synod of the Presbyterian Church of Illinois to-day this resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That the Synod of Illinois hereby urge all our citizens, by petition and otherwise, to give their hearty support to the resolution of the Mothers' Congress from occupying a seat in the House of Representatives of the United States, and to the energetic action to the House of Representatives.

## MOTHERS APPEAL TO CAST OUT ROBERTS

Albany, Oct. 19.—Unanimously and without debate the New York State Assembly of Mothers this evening adopted resolutions denouncing the polygamist Congressman-elect, Brigham H. Roberts, and calling upon all who would defend the sanctity of the home to use their utmost endeavors in preventing Mr. Roberts from taking his seat in the national body of lawmakers.

Mrs. Emilie D. Martin, national superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, offered the resolution. Mrs. Jennie Fowler Willing, of New York City, was the member of the Committee on Resolutions which brought in the favorable report. Mrs. Martin, speaking of the probable effect of the adoption of the resolution by the assembly of the New York State Assembly of Mothers, said:

"Such sentiment will be aroused, I believe, that the mothers of New York State will realize the gravity of the situation and make strong appeals to their representatives to drive the polygamist Roberts from Congress and prevent success of any future Mormon effort to establish a precedent by any of its representatives in Congress. I hope, also, that the law will be enforced to prevent polygamy and plural marriages. I anticipate that the women of New York State will so present the case to Congressmen that the entire New York delegation to Congress will be for the unseating of Roberts."

Mrs. Jennie Fowler Willing, M. A., said: "I hope every woman will appreciate the importance of this action by the Mothers' Assembly. Every woman should do as the resolution urges. It is the unanimous declaration of principles of the Mothers' Assembly of New York State and should appeal to every one who has at heart the preservation of the purity of the home."

## PRESBYTERIAN WOMEN DENOUNCE ROBERTS.

Troy, N. Y., Oct. 19.—The Woman's Synodical Society of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Synod of New York held a session in this city to-day. When the reports from the presbyteries were called for Mrs. William Dunant, of the Albany district, presented a report which included a petition against the seating of Brigham H. Roberts in Congress.

An address was made by Mrs. Darwin R. James, of New York, president of the Missionary Society. She entered a strong protest against the seating of Roberts in Congress.

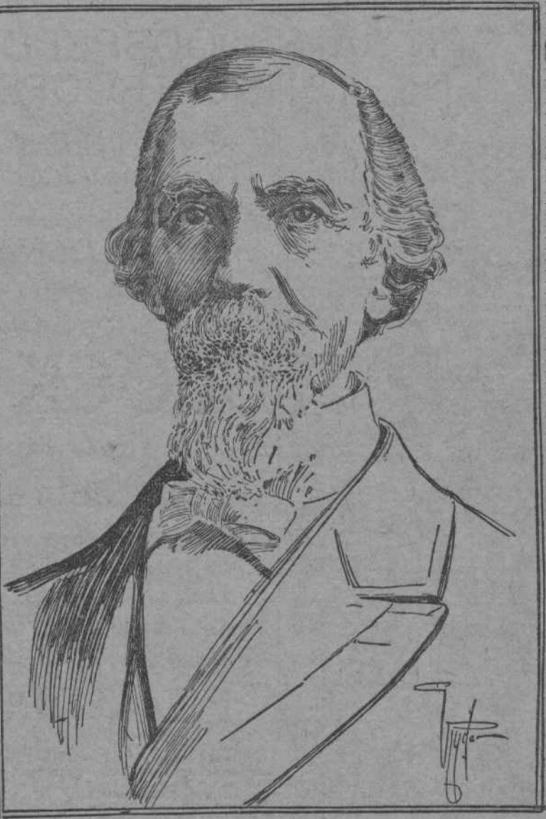
She read a petition from one hundred and thirty-eight missionaries directed to the Fifty-sixth Congress, praying that Roberts be not seated. It stated that "we bowed our heads in shame when we heard that the people of our beloved America had elected the polygamist to Congress."

Mrs. James urged the women to use every means to arouse members of Congress to do their duty and to vote for the unseating of Roberts. She characterized

## THE COMING FOOTBALL SEASON.

Remarkable features of the big college football teams will be illustrated in next Sunday's Journal.

Your "Want" Advs. to the Journal. Ask Central Advertisers, 108 Main, N. Y. call, 108 Main.



George Teasdale, Mormon Apostle. In a speech at Provo he denounced the opponents of Polygamist Roberts, and declared that those who do not believe in polygamy should leave Utah.

The election of Roberts as an insult to the American people.

## MISS GOULD UPHOLDS THE JOURNAL'S FIGHT.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 19.—Miss Helen Gould, who has taken such an active interest in the great anti-polygamy movement organized by the New York Journal, visited this city to-day.

She was accompanied by her brother Frank, Mrs. McCracken, wife of the Chancellor of the University of New York, and several Missouri Pacific Railway officials. They were escorted about the city by Governor Stanley, of Kansas, and Mayor

## THE JOURNAL'S ANTI-POLYGAMY PETITION.

Please sign this and secure as many other signatures as possible and attach and send them to the Journal. The time has arrived for sharp, quick and decisive action in the great National movement to cast out an avowed polygamist from the halls of Congress. All who believe in protecting the purity of the home should join this movement at once and send in their names for the monster petition to Congress.

## To United States House of Representatives:

The undersigned earnestly petition you to reject or expel Brigham H. Roberts, Congressman-elect from Utah, and to submit a constitutional amendment disqualifying Polygamists from holding office.

Ross, of this city. She said, in reference to the fight against polygamy and Roberts, that the manhood of America should reject the womanhood by urging Congressmen to deny Mr. Roberts his seat. She declared that she had gained admission to Statehood under false pretences, and that she would do all in her power to help cast out of Congress an avowed polygamist.

## WOULD DRIVE OUT ANTI-POLYGAMISTS.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 19.—George Teasdale, one of the twelve apostles of the Mormon

Church, has caused another sensation in the Roberts case by openly declaring that those who did not like polygamy should stay away from Utah. He suggests that all men who do not like the Mormons and their ways and who despise them as people should go elsewhere. He made these statements at the quarterly conference of the Utah County Stake at Provo.

This Apostle Teasdale, who would drive out of Utah all who will not tolerate polygamy, was himself a fugitive from justice on polygamy charges from 1884 to 1892. "Apostle Teasdale has been one of the most ardent champions of Mr. Roberts. His experiences with polygamy are somewhat similar to those of the polygamists

of the course Ryan is not the only man who can expose the dangers to the nation and the abuses of the New Jersey corporation laws. There must be numerous other men who have been used as Ryan has. Nor is it reasonable to suppose that Whitney can fall to revoke the charters of the queer trusts and corporations exposed by him. Whitney must be numerous other men who can do about it I do not yet know, but it can at least read the full particulars of the shameful affair.

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The commission to-day probed into the Federal Street Company without accomplishing much. There must be numerous other men who have been used as Ryan has. Nor is it reasonable to suppose that Whitney can fall to revoke the charters of the queer trusts and corporations exposed by him. Whitney must be numerous other men who can do about it I do not yet know, but it can at least read the full particulars of the shameful affair.

Lawyer Ryan has an office in No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. His home is No. 247 First street, where his wife last night said he still was in Washington and probably would not return before to-day. Mr. Ryan is a law partner of Edward H. Hoos, son and present private secretary of Mayor Hoos, of Jersey City.

A meeting of lawyers was held yesterday in the offices of Alfred K. Moe and Theodore Burdette, at No. 1 Montgomery street, and they issued a statement in which they defended the course of Mr. Ryan and said his action was entirely within the law.

If you value the right of vote register to-day so you can exercise the right on November 7.

POLICE CALLED TO QUEL A ROW OF COUNCILMEN.

# WILL ASK JERSEY TO FIGHT FOR HILTON ESTATE. TO REVERSE ITS TRUST LAWS.

Industrial Commission Will Furnish Facts to the Attorney-General on Which He May Proceed for Revision.

Lawyer Ryan Says He Will Furnish a Full List of All the Corporations for Which He Has Acted as a "Dummy."

Jersey Lawyers Are Aroused and Declare That to Act as an Incorporator for an Outside Concern Is Lawful.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 19.—The amazing disclosures made yesterday to the Industrial Commission by Dennis B. Ryan, of Jersey City, and published exclusively in the Journal to-day in regard to the flagrant violations of the New Jersey corporation laws, will be presented in strong form to the proper authorities of New Jersey. This course was decided upon to-day by the Industrial Commission in executive session.

A complete abstract of Ryan's testimony before the Commission will be prepared by Secretary Sackett and forwarded to the Attorney-General of New Jersey. This is as far as the Commission has power to go. Ryan, who returned to Jersey City this afternoon, has promised to prepare and forward to the Commission a complete list of the corporations for which he received a fee of five dollars each to act as a "straw man" that he might get charters in New Jersey. He reiterated to members of the Commission to-day his statement of yesterday that he had been acting as a "straw man" for Peter Whitney, of No. 100 Broadway, and E. Arden Noblett, of No. 1 Nassau street, New York, and for these two only.

He suggested that all men who do not like the Mormons and their ways and who despise them as people should go elsewhere. He made these statements at the quarterly conference of the Utah County Stake at Provo.

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POLICE CALLED TO QUEL A ROW OF COUNCILMEN.

A fight between the Aldermen of Mount Vernon was barely averted on Wednesday night at a hearing on the question of building bridges across the Hutchinson River. The police had to be called in to quell the disturbance. It was proposed to build four bridges at a cost of \$35,000, and Aldermen Bell and Fletcher, Republicans, were opposed to the scheme. Alderman Hayward, Democrat, presided, and when a resolution was offered to continue for the bridges, Alderman Bell refused to vote, and persisted in saying that the proceeding was a farce.

Speeches of "Put him out" were heard, and Bell defied his colleagues. The arrival of the police quieted matters, and the resolution was defeated.

Henry G. Hilton, second son of Judge Henry Hilton, instituted yesterday a contest of his father's will. By its terms he receives only \$25,000 conditionally, and even this, by another clause, he is debarred from it if he opposes the testament in any manner.

To each of his brothers and sisters are bequeathed estates valued at from one to four million dollars, yet at one time Henry Graham Hilton was his father's best loved child and the son upon whom his highest hopes rested. The misfortune that followed like a curse the millions of A. T. Stewart was not so terrible to Henry Hilton as his second son, now practically disinherited.

There was not much surprise when Alexander T. Stewart, the merchant prince, left to Henry Hilton one million dollars and placed the great estate bequeathed to his widow largely in the power of the lawyer.

Henry Hilton had been, first, Stewart's lawyer, then his adviser, and in quick succession his confidential friend and business associate. At the lawyer's suggestion the millionaire had broadened the sphere of his influence, had purchased lands, built marble palaces and erected mammoth hotels, all his interests were practically beyond the power of one man to look after. The great goods house alone conducted business aggregating \$30,000,000 or \$30,000,000 yearly.

## His Infatuation for the Actress Cost Him Millions.

Judge Henry Hilton, his father's A. T. Stewart's adviser, friend and beneficiary, cut him off by will only \$25,000, and now the son gives notice that he will contest the instrument.

## Henry G. Gives Notice That He Will Contest His Father's Will, Which Cut Him Off with Only \$25,000 Out of Millions.

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Some estimates of A. T. Stewart's wealth shortly before his death placed it at \$70,000,000 and few valuations went below \$50,000,000.

And little by little, and as if by magic, Henry Hilton, counselor and friend, secured every bit of this. Mrs. Stewart, when after her husband's death, decided to Hilton to pay her \$1,000,000 for the entire real estate business of A. T. Stewart, and later she gave to him full power of attorney to manage, direct and even use the rest of the great residuary estate.

There were many criticisms of the lawyer's professional relations with his client's widow. He was taking too much power, gaining too great a grasp on the Stewart millions, some said, and shook their heads, prophesying that no good would come of it.

Chapter II. The great ambition of Henry Hilton was that the fortune he had acquired should descend to his sons, and that they should become through the business he had succeeded to great powers in the world of commerce and finance. That was his hope. It failed utterly.

Edward B. Hilton, the eldest son, would have nothing to do with trade. It was not to his liking. He preferred a life of greater ease and of what he considered more elevating pursuits. His father played him in the firm. A good interest was settled upon the young man, but he declined it, and his wife, went to Paris, where, with his wife and two daughters, he still lives, unwearyed by trade.

Upon the second son, Henry Graham Hilton, who had always been a favorite, his father now looked with even fonder aspirations. He was well educated, high social, and he entered the firm willingly. He married when he was young Agnes Sauney, a Brooklyn girl, pretty, refined, the daughter of a merchant.

Chapter III. Henry G. Hilton for a time bent his steps as his father wished. Then came the temptation to find pleasures outside of his home, and dissipation followed. There were many quarrels and many times was the erring son and husband forgiven.

It was not until he met Sylvia Gerrish, however, that he any longer separated from his father. Miss Gerrish was a singer at the Casino and her beauty had attracted men about town, who showered attentions upon her. She had come from the West, where, it is said, she sang in a church choir. She was the centre of a set noted for extravagant living.

Young Hilton met her. Soon she received the attentions of none but the rich lawyer's son.

When his wife went back to her parents Judge Hilton parted with his son. He dissolved the firm and would have dropped him from it, but young Hilton threatened to sue. His father gave him, it is said, \$200,000 to withdraw.

Two years ago a receiver was appointed for Henry G. Hilton. In the provisions of the will can be seen the testator's grievous disappointment in his son. Even the \$25,000 is to be his only at the discretion of the trustees. On this point the will reads:

My executors are hereby authorized within their discretion to set apart out of my estate the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, which they may from time to time, as they see fit, pay to or for the use of my son, Henry G. Hilton, and his wife, Agnes S., or so for the use of either of them such sums and in such amounts as they shall see fit or shall consider proper and expedient.

In another clause it is provided that any contest shall lose his share in the bequests of the will. The contest of the will is based on the grounds of undue influence over the testator by "persons unknown," and the testator's legal incapacity to make a will. But behind this formal ground is the bitter family history of the Hiltons, that may be publicly told should the case not be settled out of court.

CARNegie HALL, Chidking Hall, Cooper Union, Blyn Academy of Music; evangelists Sunday night; Res. A word of love. See statement on page 1.



SYLVIA GERISH, BECAME A FALK. HENRY G. HILTON.

# POLICE SEEK TRUNK AS A MURDER CLEW.

A Piece of Mme. Dubemond's Baggage Vanished with Her.

WAS SENT TO A HOTEL. Directed to the Normandie, but It Never Reached There.

Another element of deep mystery concerning the disappearance of Mme. Dubemond, or as she was otherwise known, Claffie Duquette, was brought to light yesterday by Journal reporters.

When her trunk was taken from the Maine Steamship Company's pier at Market street, she directed that it be sent to the Hotel Normandie, Thirty-eighth street and Broadway. The trunk was never delivered there, and no record of it can be found.

The Union Transfer and Storage Company, of No. 102 East Twenty-second street, which, it is said at the office of the Maine Steamship Company, took the trunk away, has no record showing that any of its drivers handled the trunk.

Their Baggage Taken to the Pier. On September 26, the day on which Madame Dubemond and her companion, Mabel Wallace, were sent away from the apartment house, No. 225 West Seventeenth street, Expressman Vogt, of West Sixteenth street, delivered their two trunks and two valises at the Maine Steamship Line pier.

Mme. Dubemond had told the janitress of the flat house, Mrs. Johnson, that she and Mabel Wallace were going to Boston or Portland. The steamship Manhattan sailed at 5 p. m., on September 26, and about five minutes before that hour Mabel Wallace went aboard, carrying the two valises. Her trunk was taken on the steamship.

Mme. Dubemond was not seen. Her trunk, after the vessel sailed, was put into the storage room on the pier.

Woman and Trunk Vanish. A telephone message was received on October 2 at the office of the Maine Steamship Company from a woman who said she was Claffie Duquette, asking about her trunk. She was informed that she could have it by producing a receipt. Later Mme. Dubemond appeared at the office and said she was Claffie Duquette. She said Mabel Wallace had her receipt. She described the contents of the trunk, and it was turned over to her.

Mme. Dubemond and her trunk left the steamship pier at the same time, and both have vanished.

The police are bending all their efforts toward finding Mme. Dubemond, as they say her description answers more closely that of the murdered woman than any other persons reported missing.

Captain Schmittberger received a typewritten letter yesterday containing a possible clue to the quest of sufficient importance to put detectives at work on it. The captain said it was from a business man, but would not tell what the clue was.

Mrs. Sarah Carroll, of No. 290 West Eighteenth street, who reported the disappearance of Mrs. Kate Foley and heard screams of murder on the night of October 6, received a telegram yesterday from Chicago, assigned by Kate Foley, and saying she was alive and well, and would explain her absence by letter.

The ballot is the weapon of the freeman. Register now.

## POLISH IMMIGRANTS ESCAPE IN A BOAT.

Two Break for Freedom from the Steamer Narragansett at Ellis Island.

Immigration officials are wondering what has become of three Polish immigrants, who escaped from the steamboat Narragansett, now used as a lodging house for detained immigrants in the Ellis Island slip.

The three men, who had arrived three days before, were detained for lack of money, got away soon after 4 o'clock last Monday morning. Their names are refused by the immigration officials.

A rowboat, one of the Whitehall pattern, seventeen feet long, was tied to the pier near the steamer. How the men escaped from their room on the boat is unknown. They cut the painter of the boat.

There were no oars, and they probably used one of the seats which would not die. It was very foggy at the time, and neither boat nor men have been seen since.

## Something Besides Price

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Our reputation has been established upon cheapness for quality—real, not sham cheapness.

Sailor and Vestee Suits—unique and exclusive designs, \$5, \$6, \$7, \$7.50 and up.

Double-Breasted Two-Piece Suits—ages 7 to 16—in fine Cheviots, Home-spuns and Cassimeres, \$3.50, \$4, \$5, \$6 and up.

Youths' Suits—ages 15 to 19—either single or double-breasted, with or without double-breasted vests, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$14, \$15 and up.

Everything in Overcoats and Reefers worth seeing.

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Three BROADWAY Stores. Cor. 13th St. Cor. Canal St. Near Chambers.

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# N. Y. Sunday Journal Editorial Section.

A better variety of better brains than can be found in the columns of any other newspaper published in the United States. 1918

Questions that make History find impartial discussion in the Sunday Editorial Section.

# OUT OCTOBER 22.

- Lord Charles Beresford— "THE MEN WHO WILL FIGHT FOR ENGLAND."
- Alphonse Daudet— "POSTHUMOUS FLASHES OF WIT AND WISDOM—PUBLISHED BY HIS WIDOW FOR THE FIRST TIME."
- Edgar Saltus— "A REVIEW OF THE WEEK."
- Dr. J. J. Walsh, Ph. D.— "YOUR CHANCES OF PNEUMONIA."
- Senator John T. Morgan— "OUR RELATIONS WITH GERMANY."
- F. Peter Junne— "MR. DOOLEY AS A SPORT."

# The Magazine, Music and News Section.

There will also be a sixteen-page magazine section issued the coming Sunday. It will contain a Tragedy, a great Social Occurrence, a declaration for which the people of this country have been waiting some time; a page of fashion, a page of science, a page of wonderfully good luck. And, again, a page about the most interesting woman in the Old World. And, moreover, stories of love and genius and great scientific discoveries.

"ELOISE" is the song of the week. Free with the Sunday Journal. Words by Fred Hamill, Music by Paul Cohn. Cherida Simpson is the singer.

See the great Comic Supplement, scintillating with humor. Get the Journal and you will get the news.