

MACEO PENNED UP IN PINAR DEL RIO?

the Cuban General and Forces Hemmed in Spanish Soldiery?

circulated That an Im- and Decisive Battle Be Fought.

That Maceo Can Cross at Any Time He Wishes Make the Attempt.

HUNDREDS OF RECRUITS.

Cuban Army Is Greatly Strengthened by Recent Spanish Edicts Which Command Country People to Assemble in the Cities.

Havana, April 12, via Key West, April 12.—General Antonio Maceo and army are hemmed in the western part of the island in the province of Pinar del Rio by a military line that Captain-General Weyler has established from Banes, on the north coast, to Majana, on the Caribbean Sea.

Rumors have been rife lately that Maceo had crossed the line and was in Havana province, but they appear to have been without foundation. They were started by the publication in La Discusion of an item to the effect that a note signed by Antonio Maceo had been received by a planter in Havana province, in which the writer stated that he intended to destroy the addresser's property.

It now appears that the note was written with the purpose of puzzling people as to Maceo's whereabouts.

There were reports circulated last night to the effect that Maceo had attacked the military line all along its length from coast to coast.

For a time the wildest excitement prevailed in the city. It was known that if the line had been attacked there would be a real battle, one that would probably decide the fate of the rebellion.

After awhile reports were circulated that the first story was untrue and the excitement disappeared.

Cubans say it is not the intention of Maceo to attack the line or even attempt to cross it. His messengers, carrying dispatches to Loret, Gomez and the insurgent leaders in Havana, smuggle themselves across daily, and it is stated that when Maceo desires to come he can bring his army without being detected.

GENERAL MACEO'S PLANS.

As an evidence that Maceo does not want to cross the line, it is stated that he has been assigned to conduct a campaign in Pinar Del Rio province, and that it is his intention to remain there until there is not one stone upon another left in the province. In the meantime the Government is rushing troops out to strengthen the line, and this is something the insurgents are praying for, for they know that the more the Government has in the field during the winter the more victims will the yellow fever claim. What matters it to the rebels whether their enemies die from bullets or disease, so long as they die?

The report that Captain-General Weyler has asked the War Department to send him 50,000 more men is a circumstance that pleases the rebels greatly, for they want Spain to send all the men she can gather to Cuba at this time, in order that they may experience the fever siege.

Fighting in a small way continues all over the island. During the past week Maceo has attacked in Pinar Del Rio province the towns of Mariel, Juanao, Palma, Morenita and Cabanas, and his advances in Havana Province have fought in the towns of Guira de Melena and Alguazir.

Gomez is now in the neighborhood of Puerto Principe, in the east, on his march back. He gained hundreds of recruits for his army from among the men who were outlawed by the edict which commanded the country people to congregate in cities, and which was almost universally disregarded and disobeyed. He has sought the east in order to receive the numerous expeditions that are on their way from the United States with arms and ammunition.

Quite a number of expeditions have landed in the east lately and been received by Gomez's agents. Gomez has been quite ill, but has now almost recovered. He was also slightly wounded, but his injuries have healed.

LACRET STILL ACTIVE.

General Loret is still active in the Matanzas province. His men have had numerous skirmishes with the Spanish and have harassed the troops greatly, although there was no great loss on either side.

The "Inglesito," or, to call him by his proper name, Alfred Gold, has given evidence that he is not locked up in the Guines prison under the name of Walter Grant Dygert by attacking the town of Vieja Mermeja, in Matanzas province.

He made the assault on the night of the 8th inst. The soldiers were driven from the forts and Inglesito's men had things their own way. They destroyed a number of houses and took what provisions they needed. Upon leaving Inglesito informed the inhabitants that if they did not behave themselves he would return on another occasion and complete the destruction of the town.

FREDERICK W. LAWRENCE.

Instead of trifling with a boy sold use Dr. D. Jayne's Balm, which will loosen the lungs, relieve inflammation and soothe the throat. For the liver use Jayne's Painless Sanative Pills.



John B. Stanchfield, Who Would Be Governor.

He used to be a law partner of Senator Hill, and has been the Senator's lieutenant in Chemung County for a decade. He has come out as a candidate for the Democratic nomination in opposition to Jacob A. Cantor, John Boyd Thacher and Perry Belmont. Senator Hill is reputed to favor Belmont, while the Sheehans are for Stanchfield.

WALL STREET'S SITUATION

London Papers on the Condition of the Money Market—Mining Speculation in England Prospicious.

By Julian Ralph. London, April 12.—The Sunday Observer in a dignified money article says that the American railroad market remains stagnant and depressed. The one satisfactory feature of the situation is that the pressure of sales by the British holders of bonds and stocks has ceased, but Wall Street obviously fears realizations might be resumed if the prices were advanced.

There is less probability of a movement of this description, owing to the growing difficulty of making profitable investments in securities. The returns of many American bonds are by comparison so tempting that purchases will certainly be resumed as soon as the effect of the Venezuelan incident and the Baltimore & Ohio receivership passes away.

It may be hoped that the delay in the return of prosperity across the Atlantic will facilitate the task of currency reformers.

The Sunday Times says American railway bonds promise to come into favor as giving a fair interest and the best hopes of a rise in price. It may be a year before the currency is placed upon a proper footing, but the purchaser can hardly fail to make money if he looks bonds up for a couple of years. Intrinsically the position of American railways is now much better than it has been for many years, and such issues as Louisville 4 per cents, Missouri & Texas mortgages, Milwaukee generals, Southern 5 per cents and Atchison and Reading 4 per cents ought to be well worth picking up.

Sooner or later the glut of money will have to find relief in a speculative outburst in one of the leading departments, and so far as can be seen at present it is not unlikely that the mining market will again be the centre of excitement.

MORE EXHIBITS BY AMERICANS.

Guy Ferris Maynard and Edward Rook at the Champs Elysees.

Paris, April 12.—Two more exhibits by Americans have been received at the Champs Elysees.

Guy Ferris Maynard, of Northampton, Mass., sends a gemlike contrast in color and light, representing a little girl sitting in a room lighted by sunlight amid reflections.

Edward Rook, of New York, exhibits two canvases entitled "Paysage" and "La Laita," the former showing storm-beaten trees at sunset and the latter a fleet of boats at anchor in a harbor. He also sends four drawings, entitled "Les Pleuses," being lamp-light studies of Breton women spinning.

RABBIS MAKE A STATEMENT.

Dr. Gottheil and Silverman Say They Are Working in Harmony.

After the morning service in Temple Emanu-El, yesterday, Rev. Dr. Gottheil made the following statement, signed by him and by Dr. Silverman, in regard to the latter's sermon on Saturday, in which the Rev. Dr. Parker Morgan was defended from the charge of plagiarism:

"The incident that occurred at the Temple Emanu-El, at the conclusion of the morning service on the last Sabbath, has been represented as resulting chiefly from strained relations between Dr. Silverman and myself. We wish to say emphatically that such is not the case. Our relations have been friendly, and our work in the Temple has been pleasant and cordial, and will not be interrupted or suffer in the least from a mere difference of opinion. As far as we are concerned this ends the matter."

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HILL DOES NOT SCARE STANCHFIELD.

The Senator's Old Law Partner Proclaims His Political Independence.

He Makes a Vigorous and So Far a Successful Effort to Win Tammany's Support.

MAY GET THE CITY DELEGATION.

The Senior Senator Is Reputed to Be for Perry Belmont and Inclined to Discourage the Ambition of the Chemung Lieutenant.

Democratic politicians are casting about for a likely gubernatorial candidate. The apathy of the party of several months ago has been succeeded by an enthusiasm caused by the unpopularity of the Raines bill, and the prospect is for a lively scramble for the head of the ticket, and an "old-fashioned" convention with five or six candidates.

John B. Stanchfield, of Elmira, is the newest and perhaps most vigorous aspirant for the nomination. He has been strenuously prosecuting a still hunt. He has sounded all the Democratic State legislators in both branches, and has conferred with most of the State Committee-men. Mr. Stanchfield has boldly invaded New York City. His methods in conducting his personal canvass may be appreciated when his local work is learned. Within the last three weeks he has twice come to the city, during the recess of the Legislature, as the guest of five or six Tammany clubs. A committee on entertainment has taken him in charge on each occasion, and piloted him through half the Assembly districts in town. He has been entertained at various clubhouses, has met the rank and file socially, and has delivered a few happy speeches.

It is only fair to say that Mr. Stanchfield has made a good impression. He is forty-one years old, and athletic. A certain natural reserve makes his geniality all the more effective. He has the gift of remembering names and faces, a thing appreciated among local workers who like to see leaders get "close to people."

NOT MR. HILL'S CANDIDATE.

It may be authoritatively stated that Mr. Stanchfield is not Senator Hill's candidate. The Senator is said to prefer Perry Belmont, and as the Senator and Tammany are likely to be wide apart in the matter of candidates, it would not be surprising if Stanchfield became Tammany's choice.

Recently Mr. Stanchfield said: "I am a candidate for Governor, and my issue is the Raines law. I will remain a candidate until the end, no matter whether or not Senator Hill likes it. I have friends all over the State, and I regard my chances as quite good."

It remains to be seen if this attitude on the part of Stanchfield means a break between him and Hill. The two were law partners once in Elmira. Since they dissolved partnership they have remained personal friends, but have frequently differed on party questions. The younger man's declaration of his independence may breed a coldness between him and his former political protector. This is almost certain to occur if Tammany opposes Stanchfield's cause as against Hill's championing of Perry Belmont's.

A strong difference of opinion already exists between Hill and Stanchfield over the question involved in setting a date for the Democratic State Convention to elect national delegates at large. Senator Hill's influence with State Chairman Hinkley has caused the latter to call a meeting of the State Committee in the latter part of May, with the prospect of having the convention on June 24.

Mr. Stanchfield disagrees entirely with this arrangement. He thinks the State Committee should be called to meet the first week in May and should set the date for the State Convention for the last week. He, with many others, thinks the Democracy should be vigorous and aggressive this Fall. He thinks it should begin its agitation against Republican machine control immediately. He favors a complete divorce of National from State issues, and is confident that the Democracy can carry this State by pledging itself to give excise legislation a satisfactory character.

Senator Hill believes in initiating "Prer Rabbit" to the extent of "lying low" for a while, so that the Democrats can profit by observing the Republican programme as it develops. A glance at the personnel of the Democratic State Committee shows that fifteen members at least are all Hill men, hard and fast. Tammany controls probably as many more, leaving two-fifths of the committee in a practically independent position. If Stanchfield gets Tammany's support he will have a nucleus of support to which he can probably make additions, and his position before the Convention would be strong.

The other known Democratic candidates are Perry Belmont, John Boyd Thacher and Senator Jacob A. Cantor. None of these gentlemen have any pronounced personal following in the State, although all three are highly esteemed.

Mr. Belmont's first appearance, practically, was at the last State convention, where he made a good speech. John Boyd Thacher, now Mayor of Albany, a scholarly gentleman, was on that occasion Hill's choice for the gubernatorial nomination, which Tammany forced the empty honor on the Senator. Jacob A. Cantor has led the Democratic minority in the Senate with skill and courage. Unfortunately for him, he is not likely to get the support of his own organization—Tammany—without which there would seem to be little chance for his success.

RUSSIA'S SMALL RESERVE.

She Has Only \$44,000,000 in Gold, Which is but One-Tenth of the Public Debt.

By Henry W. Fischer.

Berlin, April 12.—The Russian Council of State has postponed the adoption of the gold standard until the Fall. Meanwhile the silverites of Europe are making strenuous efforts to prevent the gold scheme from being carried out.

The latest official figures place Russia's gold reserve at 700,000,000 rubles (\$44,000,000), which is insufficient, being only one-tenth part of the public debt.

In Germany the scarcity of gold continues, the banks refusing to accept thalers, while the Government insists upon using them as legal tender.

FILIBUSTERS GOT AWAY.

Steamtug George W. Childs, with Men and Ammunition, Easily Eludes Pursuing Revenue Officers Off Florida.

Key West, Fla., April 12.—The steamtug George W. Childs, which became notorious as a filibuster about a year ago, is once more in the service of the Cubans, and Friday left Cape Florida with an expedition for the island. The Cubans have been fitting out this expedition for some weeks, and it was one of the best equipped that has yet left the United States.

The expedition was commanded by Colonel Juan Monzon, and it is said there were over one hundred men in the party, about half of whom were Americans. The Americans were mostly young men and came from various States to this place, whence they were transported by water to Cape Florida, the place of rendezvous. The Cubans have been storing arms and ammunition at that point for three weeks. Many of the arms were brought here by steamer and then taken in schooners to the Cape. The schooner Cora Lee took two cargoes from this place and the schooner Delite three.

The steamer Three Friends, of Jacksonville, which passed down the coast a few days ago, also left a lot of rifles, 500,000 cartridges, five galling guns and a great number of pistols and machetes were stored at the rendezvous.

The tug Childs left here Thursday night, ostensibly to bring a disabled schooner to port, but the vessel proceeded to Cape Florida, took the munitions and men on board and sailed for Cuba. It is claimed that the Childs effected a landing about 1 o'clock Saturday morning on the coast of Pinar del Rio, being met by a detachment from Maceo's army.

HAYTI AGAIN IN FERMENT.

General Manigat's Friends Conspiring to Overthrow President Teresias Simon Sam.

Port au Prince, Hayti, April 7.—Discontent is every day growing greater and greater over the selection by the Ministers, on the sudden death of President Hippolyte, of General Teresias Simon Sam to be successor in the Chief Magistracy of the Republic.

SHE BIT A GERRY AGENT.

Eight-Year-Old Girl Rolled on the Floor, Scratched, Cursed in Court and Defied Four Men.

Maggie Buckley is a girl eight years old and not overdeveloped for her age. When Magistrate Wentworth, at the Jefferson Market Court, committed her to the Catholic Protectors yesterday for insolubility she fought so valiantly that it required Agents Barclay and Murray, of the Gerry Society, and two policemen to execute the mandate of the Court.

Maggie's mother is Mrs. Margaret Buckley, a washerwoman, who lives at No. 11 Hancock street. She came to America from Wales four years ago, after her husband died, leaving her four children there with relatives. Three months ago she sent for them and has since been trying with her scanty earnings to keep the family together. But Maggie and her brother, Cornelius, aged twelve, became troublesome to the neighbors and were reported to the Gerry Society. The agents of the society at first declined to interfere, but finally, on the appeal of the mother, the case was investigated.

Agents Barclay and Murray called at the house Saturday. When they started to take Maggie and Cornelius away Maggie fought like a tigress. She bit Barclay on the hand and scratched him and struggled against the agents so lustily that they called in two policemen from the Mercer Street Station. Her screams aroused the neighborhood, and a crowd collected in front of the house. A patrol wagon was brought and the girl and boy were taken to the rooms of the Gerry Society, at Fourth avenue and Twenty-third street. During the drive the girl's cries of "Murder!" caused crowds to follow the wagon.

Both children were quiet when before Magistrate Wentworth yesterday, but after their commitment the girl started to scream again and cursed her custodians so loudly that she could be heard all over the court building. In her paroxysms of anger she rolled and kicked about the floor. All efforts to quiet her were unavailing. The boy did his best to shriek with her, but was soon quiet from sheer exhaustion. They were finally taken to the Protectors in a patrol wagon.

Agent Barclay pronounces Maggie's case the worst that has ever come to the notice of the society.

FIND FRAUD BY ACCIDENT.

Cleverly Forged Checks Taken from the Pocket of a Man Arrested for Drunkenness.

In the arrest of an intoxicated man the police of the Leonard Street Station think they have captured a veritable Jim the Penman. He was arraigned yesterday at the Centre Street Court and pleaded not guilty to a charge of intoxication on the street.

When searched at the station there was found on him a check for \$120 on the First National Bank of Madison, N. J., payable to John Clark and purporting to be signed by Julius Slaughter, of the New York Cotton Exchange, and another for \$140, supposed to be signed by Charles Fiechman, a merchant of Madison, N. J. The man said his name was John Clark, and that the checks belonged to him.

The police communicated with Mr. Slaughter. The latter said Clark had been a nurse in his employ, but left a day or two ago. There was a balance of \$20 due him, for which he requested a check. Mr. Slaughter told the man to come to his office later, but the fellow became intoxicated before he could return. Mr. Slaughter pronounced his signature a forgery. It was such a cleverly executed one that almost any bank would have accepted it.

As far as the police know, the man is an entire stranger. At the present time the only charge against him is for intoxication. Magistrate Mott remanded him without bail.

KEEP THE PUBLIC CALM.

Advice by German Papers to Spaniards on the Cuban Affair.

Berlin, April 12.—In regard to the action of the United States Congress concerning Cuba, the inspired Post expresses hope that the Spanish Cabinet, in the interest of maintaining good relations with the Government at Washington, will prevent any demonstrations against the United States and keep the public calm. Anti-American disturbances, the Post says, might enlarge the Cuban situation into a general internal crisis full of danger to Spain.

The Neueste Nachrichten expresses belief that the Madrid Cabinet will show the greatest prudence and deliberation in judging the decision of the American Congress in the Cuban matter.

Serum Poisoning Was Not Proved. Berlin, April 12.—The autopsy held by the public authorities upon the body of the infant son of Professor Fangehahn, the medical director of the Max Hospital, has left the charge that he was poisoned by an injection of Dr. Behring's diphtheria serum unproved.

MAYER WILL BOX SLAVIN.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 12.—Tom O'Rourke to-night signed Peter Maher to box Frank Slavin twenty rounds at the Europa A. C. Club, Island City, on May 29. The purse will be \$5,000, and the loser is guaranteed \$1,000. Slavin has previously signed to meet Maher on April 4.

DEFEATED UNIONS USE A NEW WEAPON.

Will Prosecute the Broadway Street Railway's President.

Committee Appointed to Pursue Mr. Vreeland for Ten-Hour Law Violations.

MEN ARE NOT PREPARED TO STRIKE.

A Condemnation of Secrecy in Labor Organization Elicited by the Expulsion of a Railway Detective.

The Central Labor Union yesterday appointed a committee to see the Mayor, Police Commissioners and the District Attorney, whom they wish to interest in the prosecution of President Vreeland, of the Metropolitan Traction Company. Delegates of the committee appointed to see President Vreeland on behalf of ten men alleged to have been discharged for joining the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, reported the failure of his mission.

In a speech following his report Mr. Harris charged that the Ten-Hour law was daily violated on the Broadway street railway, operated by the Traction Company.

He then suggested a committee to lay the grievances of the men before the Mayor and the Police Board.

"These men, who are working on the roads," Harris continued, "are not in a position to look horns with a powerful corporation. They are helpless and at the mercy of the company, which has detectives everywhere. Some of these detectives are at our meetings."

"I put one of them out to-day," shouted Sergeant-at-Arms Edwards.

The committee appointed consists of Delegates Harris, Bausch and Warner, the same who had been delegated to see President Vreeland for the discharged men.

The reference to detectives in the meeting brought out a much applauded speech by Delegate McDermott, of the Plasterers' Union, who said:

"Labor unions are to blame for a good deal of the trouble they have. They leave themselves open to the scoundrels and organize in secret. If a labor union is a good thing let it be an open one. You can't look for public sympathy as long as you conduct unions in secrecy. The employers and out what you are doing anyway, and it makes cowards of workmen. There never was a secret labor or political organization that was a success, and there never will be. Secret organizations are the opponents for the demagogues and the mountebanks."

MEETING OF THE MONARCHS.

The Conferences of the Members of the Drabund Will Be Very Important.

Berlin, April 12.—The programme of the movements of the Emperor in Vienna, received here last night, marks the official exchange of visits between the Kaiser and King Humbert for to-day, which formal visits are to be followed by an interview between the two monarchs, the highest members of the Italian Ministry, the Italian Ambassador to Germany and the German Minister Ambassador to Italy. The conference will be of the highest importance.

Chancellor Von Hohenlohe recently sent upon a secret mission to the Vatican Dr. Kraus, the Catholic professor of the university, with special instructions relating to the future convocation of the College of Cardinals for the election of a pope.

After the conference there will be a gala dinner at the royal palace. In the evening there will be night fetes on the Grand Canal, when a great cortege of illuminated gondolas will pass through the canal and choral music will be discoursed from various points, as well as upon the moving boats. Everything connected with the affair is designed to give the imperial party a complete exhibition of festive Venice.

Prince Hohenlohe will meet the Emperor in Vienna on Tuesday, prior to the court dinner which will be given in honor of the Kaiser on that day. A conference will be held during the Emperor's two days' stay at the Austrian capital.

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