NEW YORK HERALD

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
PROPRIETOR.

The NEW YORK HERALD is published in New York, in London and in Paris.

NEW YORK EDITION.
Published every day in the year.
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TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS, FREE OF POSTAGE in the United States (outside of New York city limits), and in Canada and Mexico:—

DAILY, WITH SUNDAYS, one year	$10 00
DAILY, WITHOUT SUNDAYS, one year	8 00
DAILY, WITH SUNDAYS, six months	5 00
DAILY, WITHOUT SUNDAYS, six months	4 00
DAILY, WITH SUNDAYS, three months	2 50
DAILY, WITHOUT SUNDAYS, three months	2 00
DAILY, WITH SUNDAYS, one month	1 00
DAILY, WITHOUT SUNDAYS, one month	80
SUNDAY EDITION ONLY	2 00
WEEKLY, one year	1 00

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WEEKLY HERALD.—One dollar per year in the United States, Canada and Mexico, and one dollar and fifty cents per year in Europe and all places within the Postal Union, free of postage in all cases.
All business, news, letters or telegraphic despatches must be addressed NEW YORK HERALD.
Letters and packages must be properly sealed.
Rejected communications will not be returned.
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HERALD UPTOWN OFFICE—CORNER FIFTH AVENUE AND TWENTY-THIRD STREET.

PARIS EDITION.
Published every day in the year.
Price FIFTEEN CENTIMES in FRANCE and TWENTY CENTIMES elsewhere.
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THREE MONTHS	13.50	15	18
SIX MONTHS	27.00	30	36
ONE YEAR	50.00	58	70

SUNDAY EDITION ONLY.

	Paris. Francs.	France and Abroad. Francs.
THREE MONTHS	4	5
SIX MONTHS	8	10
ONE YEAR	15	20

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Situations, three lines	1f.
Marriages and deaths, one insertion	10f.

PARIS OFFICE—NO. 49 AVENUE DE L'OPERA.

LONDON EDITION.
Published every Sunday morning in London.
LONDON OFFICE—NO. 110 STRAND, W. C.
Subscriptions and advertisements for the New York edition will be received at the London and Paris offices and forwarded on the same terms as in New York.
All the editions are for sale at the main and branch offices in New York and at the foreign branches.

THE HERALD READING ROOMS.

The HERALD calls attention to the fact that Messrs. Eduard Saarbach & Co., the general agents of the paper in Germany, have opened the following HERALD Reading Rooms in the principal cities of Germany. Each of these Reading Rooms is supplied with the leading American, English and German newspapers:—

READING ROOMS.

BERLIN.—Dresdner Bank, No. 38 Behrenstrasse.
DRESDEN.—Robert Thode & Co., No. 1 Wilsrufferstrasse.
HAMBURG.—Anglo-Deutsche Bank, No. 20 Hermannstrasse.
LEIPSIC—Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, No. 9 Bruhl.
MAYENCE-ON-RHINE—Eduard Saarbach & Co., No. 1 Clarastrasse.
MUNICH—Mark Fink & Co., No. 4 Pfandhausstrasse.
STUTTGART—Stahl & Federer, No. 25 Calwerstrasse.

56TH YEAR.....NO. 6

AMUSEMENTS TO-DAY AND EVENING.

NEW PARK THEATRE—THE LILIPUTIANS, 8:15 P. M.
PROCTOR'S THEATRE—MEN AND WOMEN, 8:15 P. M.
FOURTEENTH STREET THEATRE—BLUE JEANS, 8 P. M.
WINDSOR THEATRE—A TIN SOLDIER, 8 P. M.
GARDEN THEATRE—BEAU BRUMMEL, 8:30 P. M.
BIJOU THEATRE—A TEXAS STEER, 8:15 P. M.
PALMER'S THEATRE—JUDAH, 8:15 P. M.
STAR THEATRE—THE SENATOR, 8 P. M.
BROADWAY THEATRE—GANELON, 8 P. M.
NIBLO'S—BABES IN THE WOOD, 8 P. M.
PEOPLE'S THEATRE—A DARK SECRET, 8 P. M.
ACADEMY—OLD HOMESTEAD, 8:15 P. M.
UNION SQUARE THEATRE—COUNTY FAIR, 8:15 P. M.
COLUMBUS THEATRE—THE INSPECTOR, 8:15 P. M.
DALY'S THEATRE—THE LAST WORD, 8:15 P. M.
AMBERG THEATRE—DER ARME JONATHAN, 8 P. M.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE—SUNSET and DR. BILL, 8 P. M.
HERRMANN'S THEATRE—HERRMANN, 8:30 P. M.
HARLEM OPERA HOUSE—CHARITY BALL, 8 P. M.
HARRIGAN'S THEATRE—REILLY AND THE 400, 8 P. M.
EIGHTH STREET THEATRE—PANTOMIME, 2 P.M.; 8 P. M.
CASINO—POOR JONATHAN, 8:15 P. M.
LYCEUM THEATRE—THE IDLER, 8:30 P. M.
STANDARD THEATRE—SHIP AHOY, 8:15 P. M.
TONY PASTOR'S—SPECIALTY COMPANY, 2 P. M.; 8 P. M.
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE—CHARITY BALL, 8 P. M.
MADISON SQUARE THEATRE—THE SILVER SHIELD, 8:30 P. M.
EDEN MUSEE—OTERO, 8 P. M.
KOSTER & BIAL'S—CARMENCITA, 8 P. M.
HUBER'S PALACE MUSEUM—Hourly performances.
AMERICAN ART GALLERIES—THE ANGELUS.
DORIS' MUSEE—Hourly performances.
WORTH'S MUSEUM—Hourly performances.
CHICKERING HALL—PHILHARMONIC CLUB CONCERT, 8 P. M.
FIFTH AVENUE ART GALLERIES—ARCHITECTURAL LEAGUE EXHIBITION.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1891.

TRIPLE SHEET.

This paper has the largest circulation in the United States.

Notice is hereby given to the public that no person is authorized to solicit advertisements or subscriptions for this paper and that it employs no agents whatever.

HIGH WATER MARK.
Circulation...190,500

MERCIAL CABLE COMPANY
ATLANTIC OCEAN
NEW YORK HERALD
GUNNETT CABLES

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tend in court that the purchase of the Long Island water works is a wise and profitable action by the city.

Pension lawyers of Trenton lured seventy-five veterans to May's Landing by conveying the impression that they were government officials in search of information regarding the nature of their wounds.

Encouraging reports of the effects of the lymph still come from the hospitals. Sir Joseph Lister describes Koch's present investigations.

Two hundred more HERALD peajackets were fitted on newsboys.

William F. Sheehan, of Buffalo, was nominated for Speaker of the Assembly by the democratic caucus.

Democrats and republicans organized separate Houses in the Montana Legislature, but the Senate and the Governor recognized only the democratic House.

The connection of Forest Commissioner Theodore B. Basselin with lumbering interests in the Adirondack wilderness is shown in some documents found by the HERALD at Albany, and grounds for an investigation of the commission are presented.

William Reed had a narrow escape from lynching by an infuriated mob at Watertown, N. Y.

Eleven men were killed in Utica mine, at San Andras, Cal.

There are rumors of further fighting between the hostile Sioux and the United States troops.

NEVER PRINT a paid advertisement as news matter. Let every advertisement appear as an advertisement—no sailing under false colors.—*Charles A. Dana's Address to the Wisconsin Editorial Association, Milwaukee, July 24, 1888.*

A STORY IS TOLD of an advertiser who presented himself at the NEW YORK HERALD counter with a three thousand dollar roll as an offer for a half column advertisement with a good sized cut accompanying it. The "ad." was refused without even consulting Mr. Howland. There is a standing rule in the HERALD office to never insert advertising cuts.—*Exchange.*

THE EXPENDITURES FOR PENSIONS for the year ending June 30, as now officially stated, amounted to $109,357,534. In the previous year we paid $87,644,779 11, while in the year before that we paid $80,288,508 77. The cost of the German army, it may be interesting to note, is for this year estimated at $91,726,293. Besides our pensions our army costs $30,000,000.

HERALD ADVERTISING.

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF COLUMNS OF ADVERTISING.

	Columns.
1889 over 1888	gain 1,295
1890 over 1889	gain 1,534
Total gain, two years	2,829

The gain is distributed as follows:—

	1889 over 1888. Columns.	1890 over 1889. Columns.
First quarter	gains 256	379
Second "	gains 288	462
Third "	gains 187	434
Fourth "	gains 564	259
	1,295	1,534
Total		2,829

Under the following classifications:—

	1889 over 1888. Columns.	1890 over 1889. Columns.
Help and situations wanted	gain 445	434
To lets and boarding	gain 71	189
Real estate	gain 163	190
Horses and carriages	gain 116	138
Dry goods	gain 81	166
Financial	gain 120	104
Miscellaneous	gain 299	313
	1,295	1,534
Total		2,829

The increase in number of separate advertisements during the two years is 119,051, distributed as follows:—

	1889 over 1888.	1890 over 1889.
First quarter	gains 10,001	16,699
Second "	gains 8,346	18,755
Third "	gains 10,596	16,644
Fourth "	gains 21,329	16,781
	50,172	68,879
Total		119,051

HERALD CIRCULATION.

The increase in HERALD circulation is equally satisfactory, as is shown by the following figures for the last week in December, 1890 (ending Saturday, December 27), compared with the same week in 1889—viz.:—

	Copies.
Sunday, December 21	increase 22,000
Monday, December 22	increase 9,400
Tuesday, December 23	increase 10,300
Wednesday, December 24	increase 12,300
Thursday, December 25	increase 9,800
Friday, December 26	increase 11,800
Saturday, December 27	increase 11,200
Total increase (one week)	86,800

N. B.—Attention is called to the following facts:—

First—The above comparative statements of increase in HERALD advertising are *not* based upon *columns reduced in width.*

Second—The HERALD does *not* publish "fake" advertising; and

Third—The increase in circulation of the Daily and Sunday HERALD is bona fide, and the figures published do *not* include *weekly* and *semi-weekly* editions nor *half-price evening editions.*

The Behring Sea Correspondence.

President Harrison has at last awakened to the importance, urged by the HERALD, of laying the Behring Sea matter before the people.

The correspondence was sent to the House yesterday. The latest expression of views on the subject is the letter of Secretary Blaine to Sir Julian Pauncefote dated December 17.

In this the Secretary undertakes to maintain the right of the United States to monopolize the seal fisheries on the basis of the Russian cession. In our opinion he signally fails for the reason that the claim cannot be substantiated on that basis.

As the HERALD has already shown, it matters not what right Russia in terms sold to the United States, or what right Mr. Blaine may think we got from Russia. In real estate law a grantor can convey no better right than he has himself. Even a warranty deed is not conclusive proof of title. A defect in the seller's title is a defect in the buyer's. The same principle holds in the law of nations. Russia could not convey to us and we could not acquire from her any right greater than her own. Hence the crucial question is not what she actually ceded to us but what she had the right to concede.

Mr. Blaine says she ceded the control of the seal fisheries in the open waters of Behring Sea. Admit that she did. Back of that is the vital question whether Russia had any right either to exercise or convey exclusive jurisdiction over the high seas or any part thereof. Nor can that right be acquired by exercising it for a series of years without molestation, as Mr. Blaine argues. But as a matter of fact, both England and the United States protested against the Russian claim of control.

The papers now given to the public only serve to emphasize Mr. Blaine's inability to maintain the claim he advanced and his mistake in refusing to submit the question to fair arbitration. To put forward a claim to monopoly beyond the three mile limit without being prepared to show either that Behring Sea is a closed sea or that national control may be asserted on the high seas was simply to invite diplomatic failure and national humiliation. A tyro in international law or diplomacy ought to know that such a claim cannot be successfully maintained by arguing that the acts of the Canadian sealers are "against public policy" or that the seals are ours because they breed in our waters. To plead "comity of nations" is to ask a favor rather than demand a right, while to base the claim on the Russian cession is to assume that Russia had a right on the high seas never conceded to any nation. Nor is the claim strengthened by citing the value of the seal fisheries and the danger of their extermination. If they are not ours their preservation is to be sought by international means.

Mr. Blaine has not found this a promising field for bluff, jingoism or a "vigorous foreign policy." He has failed not only to maintain his claim over his diplomatic adversary, but also to convince his own countrymen of its soundness. We fancy that both Mr. Blaine and Mr. Harrison now realize this, and the mistake of not having accepted just arbitration when it was offered.

Fortunately it is not yet too late for arbitration, and we are confident that this is the best if not the only way out of the muddle. We think the people will not only approve but demand fair and just arbitration, by which we do not mean arbitration with a guaranty beforehand that Mr. Blaine's claim shall be sustained.

Indeed, Mr. Blaine himself now opens the way to this by an offer which shows a disposition to come down from the high horse he has been riding and which gives promise of an amicable settlement of the dispute.

Upper New York.

The most significant announcements and suggestions in Mayor Grant's message bear upon the improvement of New York beyond the Harlem.

The new Washington Bridge is open and a magnificent span is soon to take the place of the rickety Macomb's Dam structure. The municipal authorities, the Mayor announces, are co-operating to the best of their ability with the federal government in pushing the Harlem waterway improvement from the Sound to the Hudson. The immediate improvement of the lands taken for parkways in the annexed district is recommended by the Mayor—grand thoroughfares which will connect the great system of new parks and "open up a vast territory now devoted to farming purposes that will immediately become valuable for building sites."

Here is a vast area inviting settlement—an attractive site for a new city. The new aqueduct affords an unsurpassed water supply for it. To it may be extended our improved police, fire, public works and health service. But one thing is wanted to set in motion all the forces that will cause a new city to spring up, and that is rapid transit.

This, then, as Mayor Grant says, is the greatest need of the metropolis—the most important matter that confronts the municipal authorities. And with equal truth does he add that "when a system of rapid transit is complete and developed and the streets and avenues of the upper portion of the city are opened a population more than equalling that contained within the limits of the city at this time can be readily and conveniently accommodated."

Give us rapid transit and the greater New York will follow.

Koch's Consumption Cure Under Fire.

It is significant that foreign experts and American physicians who have visited Berlin and clinically studied Professor Koch's treatment of consumptives have expressed favorable opinions of its therapeutic value in phthisis, while the criticisms and disparagements of his work have come mostly from doctors who have studied it only on paper, or have had no personal experience in subjecting it to adequate tests in hospital practice.

The fact that the constituents of the lymph have not yet been made known renders it impossible for any doctor to speak authoritatively as to its curative power in consumption. But the report of cases in the New York hospitals in our local columns to-day indicates that patients suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis have already derived marked benefit from the new treatment.

Ten days ago the *Medical Record* said:—"It must be conceded that Koch's lymph has shown no special remedial power against pulmonary tuberculosis." This does not appear to be the opinion of the American experts who have recently been to Berlin, and hence have had the best opportunity of seeing the lymph experiments in phthisis.

The lymph has been on trial in New York scarcely four weeks, and hence no American physician can be competent to determine from actual observation that it has no special remedial power against pulmonary tuberculosis. Dr. H. P. Loomis on the 3d inst. reported in the *Record* six cases of the dread disease, which he has been treating with the lymph at Bellevue Hospital from nine to twenty days, and in this short time there was at least a slight improvement in almost every case. A few months hence perhaps it will be possible for those physicians who have persistently employed the Koch treatment in pulmonary tuberculosis to form a reliable opinion of its curative value in that malady.

Give Us an Enumeration.

You can settle down on one fact—namely, that the apportionment in New York State will not be based on Porter's fraudulent census.

If Porter wants to cheat this city out of two hundred thousand people and Brooklyn out of fifty thousand more—a total of a round quarter of a million—that is his business. If, as we have always maintained, that census was taken in the interest of the republican bosses and for the purpose of suppressing any additional representation to which democrats are entitled, why, the republican leaders who successfully played the trick must answer to the people at the next election.

But to suppose for a single instant that we shall adopt Porter's humbug census is something more than preposterous. We should then be guilty of condoning his offence and deprive ourselves of one State Senator and at least four Assemblymen. Our growth entitles us to these five additional members of the Legislature, and it is not the habit of the men in this section to take anything less than the full amount which is due.

When the Legislature meets its first business will be to order an enumeration of the inhabitants of this State. After that has been done we will have a reapportionment on the basis of figures which we know to be correct. Porter may undercount us, but we shall not follow suit and undercount ourselves by accepting his aggregates.

Not a bit of it. We are bound to accept the federal census as the basis of national representation, because the republicans of Congress are in the majority and have refused to give us fair play, but we do it under protest. For State representation, however, we must have our own figures or there will be trouble.

It is to be hoped that Governor Hill will stand firm in this matter.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

HERALD WEATHER FORECASTS.—A small anticyclone, without very low temperature, will drift slowly from the lakes to the southeastward. The storm yesterday off Nantucket will move northward and eastward. Temperature underwent no decided change in the United States yesterday; the chief minimum reported was 2 degrees Fahrenheit; at Bismarck, N. D.; the chief maximum 62 at Key West. In this city and suburban districts to-day fair weather will probably prevail, with slightly lower temperature, followed by rising temperature and fresh northerly and westerly winds, preceded by cloudiness on the coast line. In the Middle States to-day fair, slightly colder weather and fresh to light northerly and westerly winds will prevail, followed by a rise of temperature and variable winds, and in New England slightly colder, partly cloudy to fair weather and fresh northwesterly winds, preceded by high northerly winds north of Boston. On Wednesday in this city and section and in New England, warmer, fair weather and light, variable winds will probably prevail, followed on Thursday by slightly warmer, fair to partly cloudy weather. European steamers now leaving New York will have mostly westerly breezes and fair weather to the Banks.

TO WOMAN.

A MATTER WORTHY HER CONSIDERATION.

In the years that lie behind you
You might scorn the simplest laws,
Argument of any kind you
Might dismiss with just "Because."

But when higher education
Makes you equal with the men
And you seek such elevation
How about your reasons then?

OBSTINATE.

The strangest thing about the "crank" is that he can't be turned.

HAPPY CONCEITS.

Without a tremor—the prohibitionist.

The front row bald head may be said to sin till late.

There's nothing artificial about the teeth of the wind.

The more cane a Southerner raises the more sugar he has.

Only a wooden headed man will wear a box coat when he can't afford to pay his board.

A DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.

[From the European Edition of the Herald.]

THE NEWEST SHAPE IN HATS.

This is one of the newest shapes in hats. The top is crimson, and it is surrounded by a gold band. The plumage of the bird at the back is yellow and white.

WITHOUT DOUBT.

First Citizen—Who is in charge of the street cleaning department now? I have quite forgotten.

Second Citizen—His name is Mudd, I guess.

Ex-Governor Henry B. Bigelow, of Connecticut; ex-Governor Frederick Smyth, of New Hampshire, and ex-Congressman William Whiting, of Massachusetts, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Mr. Horace Rublee, of Wisconsin, is at the Albemarle. Mr. R. R. Cable and Mr. H. H. Porter, of Chicago, are at the Windsor. Mr. James Coats, of Providence, is at the Buckingham. Mr. Cecil Clay and Miss Rosina Vokes are at the St. James.

ALL THE SAME.

Jim—Are your people eligible for the Colonial Dames?

Jam—No. Mine have joined the Continental Dams.

Congressman Charles A. Russell, of Connecticut; ex-Congressman John E. Russell, of Massachusetts; President Merrill E. Gates, of Amherst College; General Chauncey McKeever, U. S. A., and Mr. Daniel E. Bandmann are at the Murray Hill Hotel.

HOLD UP.

A highwayman who robs passengers on the frontier usually does it for stage effects.

Judge Rufus W. Peckham, of the New York Court of Appeals, is at the Buckingham Hotel, and Judge Charles Daniels, of the New York Supreme Court, is at the Park Avenue.

HE CALLED HER SPIDER.

Whene'er he called on Mary Ann
She almost ate him in her glee,
And, since he was a jocose man,
He called her "Spider," for you see,
A spider of the gentler gender
Eats up the lovers who attend her!

Mavroyeni Bey, Turkish Minister at Washington, is at the Albemarle Hotel.

A FOREIGN VIEW.

The new platform of the Farmers' Alliance is an effort to make every farmer rich and happy by act of Congress.—*European Edition Herald.*

United States Senator Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire, announces that he is not a candidate for succession to the late Daniel Clark as United States District Judge.

A DROP IN THE MARKET.

He—Darling, this engagement ring is worth $350.
She—The last one I had cost $400.
He—You are older now!

CALLS AND CALLS.

"Do you receive calls on New Year's day, Mr. Whitechoker?"

"Yes; but I should not consider one unless it brought promises of a large increase of salary."

WHENEV'R SHE'S RILED.

The widow's mite was rather small,
As preachers do relate,
But while her mite might have been small
The widow's smite is great.

PATRIARCHS DANCE AGAIN

Second Ball of the Season, and Not so Large as the First, Which Did Not Number Four Hundred.

MR. M'ALLISTER DISAPPOINTED.

He Was to Have Escorted Mrs. Astor to Supper, But She Was Not Well Enough to Attend.

Through a veritable bower of roses, primroses, tulips, daffodils and narcissi did the guests pass last evening on their way to the ballroom at Delmonico's, where they attended the second Patriarchs' ball.

No decorations were permitted in the beautiful white and gold ballroom, but the Klunder Company had filled every space in the halls with flowers.

As it was opera night, past eleven o'clock arrived before the ball began.

Lander played for the dancers in the ballroom and the Hungarian Band played in the red parlors facing Fifth avenue.

Among the strangers present were John Fraser, of London; Marquis Imperialle, George Barker and Mrs. Leiter and the Misses Leiter, who came on from Washington; George Wurtze, secretary American Legation at Berlin; Arthur Bradshaw, England; La Marquise Talleyrand-Perigord, Paris; Mrs. Edward Willing, Barton Willing and Miss Willing, Philadelphia; Victor Bowring, of England; General Floyd King, Louisiana; Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Ingersoll, New Haven; Edward Everitt, Boston; Wilson Lewis, Philadelphia; Colonel and Mrs. J. Lyon Gardiner and Miss Coralie Gardiner, of Gardiner's Island; Frank Andrews, Boston; Bailey Post, New Jersey; Miss Florence Giles, Paris; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Oelrichs and Miss Neill, Newport; Mrs. Charles Carroll, Hempstead, L. I.; John V. L. Pruyn, Albany; Miss Lulu Thompson and Charles Thompson, Detroit, Mich.; Lieutenant P. Van Horn Lansdale, U. S. N.; Caspar Crowinshield, Boston; Commander Chadwick, U. S. N., and wife; Edward Lowndes, U. S. N.; Marquis de Choiseux, Paris, and Mr. Samuelson, London.

The second Patriarchs' was a much smaller ball than the first, as there were only 325 guests present.

THE MARCH TO SUPPER.

Supper was served in the restaurant at one o'clock. Mr. McAllister was to have accompanied Mrs. Astor, but she was too ill to be present. Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt escorted Mrs. Edward Willing, of Philadelphia; Chauncey M. Depew followed with Mrs. Paran Stevens, and Joseph Choate came next with Mrs. Lloyd Brice.

The cotillon was begun just after supper. Franklin Bartlett led with Mrs. Thomas F. Newbold, of Hyde Park. Mr. McAllister danced with Mrs. Ladenburg, Mr. Samuelson with Mrs. Pelham Clinton, Center Hitchcock with Mrs. Fernando Yznaga and John Fearer with Miss Lulu Thompson, of Detroit.

Near the leaders on both sides were Miss Beatrice Chapman, Mrs. Burke Roche, Miss Grace Nelson, Miss Chamberlain, Miss Ethel Forbes-Leith, Miss Ara Willing, Miss Bessie Depfield, Miss Flora Davis, Miss Kitty Cameron, Miss Kitty Sands and Mrs. Cooper Hewitt.

AMONG THOSE PRESENT.

The guests included J. Ridgeway Moore, Miss Effie Choate, Miss Chapman, Miss Tooker, Worthington Whitehouse, G. M. Tooker, John C. Furman, Sir Roderick Cameron and the Misses Cameron, Elisha Dyer, third; Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Abercrombie, Charles R. Beekman, Miss Katharine Beekman, Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Nelson, Miss Grace Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis C. Ledyard, R. T. Wilson, Jr.; Miss Sands, George Baker and Miss Evelyn Baker, Ogden Robbins, G. G. Hazen, William Johnston, J. Hampden Robb, Thomas C. Myer, Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Kane, D. McRae Livingston, J. Walter Wood, Jr.; Mrs. A. Newbold Morris, Miss Eva C. Morris, Hugh L. Cole and Miss Cole, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Wyeth, Miss Eliza Wells, W. P. Wainwright, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wysong, Miss Hewitt, Gordon Norrie, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Ogden, Miss Ogden, Howland Pell, Rawlings Cottenet, E. G. Potter and Miss Potter, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Teal, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wessbold, C. Burrall Hoffman, Miss Hoffman, Henry Chauncey, Munroe Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. De Forest, Miss Sallie Hargous, Lawrence Wells, Miss Wells, W. K. Sturgis, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Brice, Hamilton Webster, J. W. Gerard, Jr.; Erskine Hewitt, Miss Emma T. King, J. A. Van Rensselaer, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Beekman, Mrs. William Jaffray, Miss May Jaffray, Frederick D. Thompson and Amory N. Carhart.

A POLITICAL CANDIDATE.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. R. Cruger were also conspicuous, as were Thomas J. Hollowell, Eugene Lewis, J. V. L. Parker, B. W. Bibby, Mrs. J. C. Barron, Miss May Barron, Miss Sibyl Kane, Miss Olivia Cushing, Mr. and Mrs. F. Yznaga, Wilkerson Kane, Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Wood, David Gardiner, Herbert Wilmerding, Mr. and Mrs. Lucius K. Wilmerding, John B. Ireland and Miss Ireland, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cooper, F. V. S Crosby, Robert Hargous, J. Montgomery Strong, John Jacob Astor, Robert L. Cutting, Jr.; Arthur Leary, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sloane, Mrs. Paran Stevens, Mrs. Fred Kernochan, Miss Anna Leary, Miss H. L. Whitney, D. O. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Pierson, Miss Daisey Pierson, Fred Beach, H. W. Berryman, Center Hitchcock, F. Huntington, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, Gardiner Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Stewart Gould Redmond, Temple Bowdoin, Miss Mesier, Mr. and Mrs. George Bend, Miss Amy Bend, Miss Meta McAllister, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cary, Mrs. Chamberlain and Miss Chamberlain, Dr. and Mrs. Woodbury, J. Clinton Spencer, A. C. Gurnee, Miss Josephine Johnston, Mrs. Henry Robbins, Miss Maude Robbins, R. L. Cutting, Mrs. G. S. Scott, Miss Scott, J. L. Kernochan, Mme. de Barrios, Robert G. Hoe, Jr.; Mrs. J. T. Farish, Mr. and Mrs. Robert G. Munroe, Phillip Allen, Henry S. Cram, Howard Gallup, R. W. Willing and the Misses Willing, Henry Fateo, Charles Emmet, Dr. and Mrs. Albert H. Buck, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. D. Lanier, Charles L. Cottenet, G. Beekman Hoppin, Edward Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Forbes-Leith, Miss Forbes-Leith, Miss Helen Hamilton, Malurin L. Delafield, Jr.; Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Kip, Miss Edith Kip, Miss Hoyt, Percy Hoyt, Frank Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Rives, P. Lorillard Ronalds, T. C. Butler, William H. Low, Percy Clark, William H. Morgan, Miss H. Dresser, the Misses Clarkson, J. W. Stevens, Miss Mabel Stevens, Dr. and Mrs. F. L. Satterlee, Miss Satterlee, Dr. and Mrs. Francis Delafield, Miss Bessie Delafield, Eben Stevens, Miss Katherine and Miss Anna Sands, A. Bruce Joy, Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Steers, William Cutting, Jr., Charles Sands, John Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury G. Langdon, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Jones, Miss Jones, B. H. Stuyvesant, Louis Van Hoffman, Mrs. Stone and Miss Stone.

LAST, BUT NOT LEAST.

Mrs. W. W. Sherman and Miss Sherman attracted some attention. Near them I saw General and Mrs. Burnett, Miss Flora Davis, Mr. and Mrs. McK. Twombley, Governor and Mrs. G. P. Wetmore, Miss Helen Nelson, Miss Wetmore, Joseph Stevens, Edward Buckley, Jr.; Peter Marie, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Baylies, Daniel Dougherty, W. H. Brown, Alfred King, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Colgate, Arthur Tuckerman, Smith Clift, Miss Edith Clift, Miss Smith Clift, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Ward, G. C. Munsey, Alexander Harrison, of Paris; Hamilton Cary, Fred Spencer, Ed Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, W. G. Gregory, J. W. A. Griswold and Miss Griswold, Frank Riggs, Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer, Miss Van Rensselaer, Commodore E. T. Gerry, Mrs. Gerry and the Misses Gerry, Miss Marie Havemeyer, Temple G. Emmet, Miss Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Edgerton Webb, J. F. Kernochan, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Griswold, J. E. Alexander, Miss Isabel Marbury, Mrs. Francis L. Marbury, Julian Potter, Miss M. S. Whitney, Miss Manice, Colonel William Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Newbold, Le Roy Edgar, Mrs. Nicholas Fish, Miss Fish, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lee, Mrs. Woodruff and Miss Woodruff, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Coster, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Williams, Mathew Astor Wilks, G. B. Hammond, Shipley Jones, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Porter, Miss Bishop, Miss Grey, Edmond Walren, G. J. Warren, Miss Rita Lawrence and Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan Winthrop.

SOROSIS ON PERSONAL EFFORT.

Sorosis met at Delmonico's yesterday and discussed the question:—

Resolved, That the length of the period of active usefulness in human life is contingent in a great measure upon individual resolve and individual effort.

Mrs. Mary V. Terhune (Marion Harland) presented the question, which was afterward discussed by Mrs. Elizabeth Ackers Allen, Mrs. Margaret Yardley and Dr. Jennie M. Lozier.

Mrs. Sidney Rosenfeld sang two beautiful selections and Mrs. Jean Stuart Brown recited.

BROWNING—DIMICK.

In the Madison Square Presbyterian Church yesterday afternoon, at four o'clock, Miss Theresa Fletcher Dimick, daughter of Jeremiah W. Dimick, No. 31 Madison avenue, was married to William Hull Browning.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, pastor of the church.

Miss Ella Dewy and Miss Marion Bush were the bridesmaids.

William I. Ellis, John H. Townsend, Samuel T. Shaw and J. B. Hoyt, Jr., were the ushers, and Jeremiah Dimick, Jr., was best man.

WALLACE—FULLER.

BRILLIANT WEDDING CEREMONY OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE'S DAUGHTER AT WASHINGTON.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

HERALD BUREAU,
CORNER FIFTEENTH AND G STREETS, N. W.,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 5, 1891.

The company at St. John's Church to-night had not often seen a prettier bride than the one they beheld in Miss Mildred Fuller.

Before eight o'clock there was scarcely a vacant seat in the historic old church and the soft light-

MRS. WALLACE, NEE FULLER.

ing, the fragrant odors of the fresh Christmas greens, the roses on the altar and the elegantly attired assembly, made up a delightful picture.

The ushers were Senator Dubois, of Idaho; Governor West, of Utah, and Mrs. J. Bachry, John C. Lewis, John H. Mitchell, Jr., of Tacoma, and Archibald Brown, of Chicago.

Just as the bridal party entered the church the white robed choristers in the chancel sang, "The voice that breathed o'er Eden."

The bride was escorted by the Chief Justice.

The officiating clergymen, Dr. Daniel Weston, and the Rev. Dr. Douglass and the expectant groom, Mr. Hugh Wallace, and his best man, Mr. T. B. Wallace, were waiting at the chancel gate.

A few brief moments and the rite was over and bride and groom led the way out of church again.

The bridesmaids came down the aisle, each escorted by a groomsman, while the choristers sang with beautiful effect a chorus from the "Rose Maiden."

The bride's gown was of ivory white satin and trimmed with white silk muslin and duchess lace which had been on her mother's wedding dress

MR. HUGO CAMPBELL WALLACE.

twenty-five years ago. The train was very long. The front drapery was of silk muslin. The neck was rounded and edged with her mother's lace. The elbow sleeves had some of the same lace edging them. She wore a diamond crescent pendant, the groom's gift. Her tulle veil was pinned down close to the forehead in the Marie Stuart style and held by a bunch of orange blossoms. A spray of orange blossoms was looped from the left shoulder to the waist. Her bouquet was of white lilacs.

The maid of honor was Miss Katherine Fuller, a younger sister not in society. Her gown was of white tulle and silk. She carried a bouquet of bridal roses. The bridesmaids, Miss Grace Fuller, Miss Flannagan, Miss Moore, Miss Swinton and Miss Woodruff, were in yellow tulle and chiffon and carried bouquets of yellow roses, tied with long streamers of yellow ribbon.

After the wedding a reception was held at the home of the Chief Justice.

The wedding supper and the bride's cake were striking adornments of the dining room.

The President and Mrs. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Dimmick and Mr. and Mrs. George Boyd, their guests, were present at the wedding.

BREWER RUBSAM'S WILL.

HIS FIRST WIFE HAS MARRIED TWO OTHER MEN, BUT CLAIMS A SHARE OF THE ESTATE.

There was a hearing yesterday before Surrogate Stephens at Stapleton in the contest over the will of Joseph Rubsam, the wealthy Staten Island brewer. The will bequeaths one-third of the estate to Mrs. Rubsam, the wife with whom Mr. Rubsam was living at the time of his death; one-third to an eleven-year-old adopted daughter and one-third to a brother in Germany.

It is contested by Mrs. Barbara Kallberg, of No.