

SERIOUS RIOT IN SCOTLAND.

Strikers Evicted in Glasgow and Fierce Street Fighting at Motherwell.

MR. O'BRIEN GETS MAD.

He Denounces in Strong Language a Fabricated Interview.

SIXTY DEAD BODIES FOUND.

The Polish Coal Pit Disaster Much Worse Than Was Supposed.

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SIXTY PERSONS KILLED.

Explosion on a Steel Ram.

THE ITALIAN TORPEDO SHIP VESUVIO DAMAGED AND SEVEN MEN HURT.

The Deadly Danube.

THE ICE BREAKERS AT BUDA-PESTH AND IT IS BELIEVED MANY ARE DROWNED.

Mr. O'Brien Speaks Out.

AN ALLEGED INTERVIEW WITH HIM IS DENOUNCED AS A FABRICATION.

MR. O'BRIEN SPEAKS OUT.

Italy is Reported to be Well Satisfied with the New Duties.

THE M'KINLEY TARIFF.

THE IRISH SITUATION.

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RECIPROCITY WITH CUBA.

AGAINST THE BUCKET SHOPS.

HOPE OF ARRIVAL IN BEHRING SEA.

MR. BLAINE NOW EVINCES A WILLINGNESS TO REFER THE MATTER TO A THIRD PARTY AND PROPOSES CERTAIN QUESTIONS.

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The government then it is by the government that it ought to be relieved, and not by the begging box.

The Express, of this city, in its issue to-day, refers to the significance of the fact that at the winter assizes cases of agrarian crimes are tried, without exception, with the witnesses and jurors discharging their duties in a courageous manner.

Archbishop Plunket, in addressing the Protestant Alliance to-day in reference to the Parnell crisis, said that God, in His mysterious dealings, was vindicating the majesty of the law or the land in bringing just retribution upon an unholly alliance.

Michael Davitt has tendered his resignation as a member of the National Club. In connection with this it is announced that Messrs. Parnell and Harrington are seeking an election to the club.

Mr. O'Malley, the manager of the Star, has been appointed manager of the new paper published in this city in the interest of the M'Carthyite faction of the Irish party.

A later despatch from Vienna says that sixty bodies of victims of the explosion have already been recovered from the coal pit.

Genoa, Jan. 5, 1891.—An accident which may be attended with fatal results has occurred on board the new steel torpedo ram Vesuvio.

The Vesuvio, launched in 1886, is rated as a torpedo cruiser, is 3,300 tons displacement, 282 feet long, 43 feet beam and draws 19 feet.

Those who were lucky enough to escape, assisted by others upon the shore, did their utmost to rescue the endangered people.

Four bodies have been recovered from the scene of the disaster. Many missing people are still unaccounted for.

Italy is reported to be well satisfied with the new duties.

Mr. O'Brien, just before leaving this evening for Boulogne-sur-Mer, said he knew nothing of the report that Mr. Parnell was going to America.

It turns out that the mysterious individual with whom Mr. O'Brien so eagerly conversed at the Grand Hotel on Friday last was Mr. Arnold Morley, the Gladstonian whip.

Mr. O'Brien has given no interviews, and any that are published are fakes. He issued the following statement to-day:

"It really seems useless to take any further notice of the inventions of a section—I hope a very small section—of modern journalists, but I find it necessary to say for just this once more that the statements attributed to me in an alleged interview in the New York World are pure fiction."

"The correspondent of the World attempted to entrap me into an interview by telling me that he had just received a telegram stating that in an interview with a correspondent of the New York World that morning, Mr. Parnell had stated that he was willing to retire from the leadership of the Irish party if he were elected in his stead. I stated that I had no observation whatever to offer on the subject. I suspected that the statement made to me by the correspondent was false, and having ascertained that it was so I declined to make any further statement whatever."

The report of the Italian Department of Agriculture shows that the crops in Italy during the past year were the largest harvested for many years.

The formation is announced of a company under the name of the Banara Italian Steel and Tin Plate Manufacturing Company.

Madrid, Jan. 5, 1891.—The statement is made that in the report presented to the government by the

Cuban delegates a request is made for the suppression of Cuban export duties, a reduction of navigation dues and a modification of various other duties.

Delegates from Catalonia, the principal manufacturing province of Spain, have arrived here to urge the right of that province to be heard before the government begins negotiations with the United States.

London, Jan. 6, 1891.—A despatch from Palermo states that an unknown English vessel, wheat laden, has foundered on the Sicilian coast and that twenty-four of the persons aboard of her were drowned.

London, Jan. 5, 1891.—Mr. Leonard Jerome, who has been seriously ill in this city for several days past, was reported to be in a much better condition this evening.

London, Jan. 5, 1891.—The Times, commenting on M. Leon's criticisms of American financiers and the programme of the Farmers' Alliance, says in its issue of to-day:—"It is probable that old party lines in America will for some time to come prevent the distinct emergence of a third party with a programme such as that of the Farmers' Alliance."

Berlin, Jan. 5, 1891.—The German exhibition which is to be held in London this year is attracting much attention here and promises to be a success.

Berlin, Jan. 5, 1891.—The Foreign Office has sent a circular to the foreign residents of this city and neighborhood, setting forth the advantages of applying the Invalid and Aged Insurance law within their household.

The United States Minister, Mr. William Walter Phelps, has replied to this circular saying that the law appears to be beneficial and that he would advise his household to obey its provisions.

London, Jan. 5, 1891.—While an enormous crowd of holiday makers were amusing themselves yesterday on the ice-covered surface of the River Danube, between Buda and Pesth, the ice, after a series of alarming, crackling reports, suddenly gave way in several places.

These extracts show conclusively:—First, that England refused to admit any part of the Russian claim, asserted by the ukase of 1821, to a maritime jurisdiction and exclusive right of fishing throughout the whole extent of that claim from Behring Strait to the fifty-first parallel; second, that the convention of 1825 was regarded on both sides as a renunciation on the part of Russia of that claim in its entirety, and, third, that though Behring Strait was known and specifically mentioned in the Behring Sea was not known by that name, but was regarded as part of the Pacific Ocean.

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HOPE OF ARRIVAL IN BEHRING SEA.

Mr. Blaine Now Evinces a Willingness to Refer the Matter to a Third Party and Proposes Certain Questions.

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Sir Julian Pauncefote Thinks a Peaceful Settlement Quite Probable—What the English Papers Say.

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Sea was given or conceded to Great Britain by the last treaty.

What are now the rights of the United States as to the fur seal fisheries in the waters of the Behring Sea outside of the ordinary territorial limits? Whether such rights grow out of the convention by Russia of any special rights or jurisdiction over the islands and the habits of the seals in resorting thither and resting their young thereon and going out to the islands for food, or out of any other fact or incident connected with the relation of those seal fisheries to the territorial possessions of the United States?

It is not too much to claim for the Herald the credit of arresting and averting the rash determination of the President to convert the Behring Sea controversy from an international question into a partisan issue by fanning popular feeling in this country into a frenzy against Great Britain.

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St. Johns in favor of annexation to the United States, and every reference to the Republic in public meetings is enthusiastically cheered, but the people realize that England would never give up Newfoundland, and annexation therefore is out of the question.

Many leading men in both parties regard confederation with Canada as a serious question, and are sharing their course to that end. Confederation will become a live question at an early day.

When the vicinity of the jail was reached more than a thousand persons had gathered about the building, and the police, aided by constables and deputy sheriffs, were obliged to fight their way through the infuriated crowd.

Reed was captured this morning at Mannville. He had been chased all night by officers and his feet were badly frozen during a twenty mile walk. The news of his capture soon reached this city, and excited crowds gathered at the depots and crossings to await the arrival of the prisoner at five o'clock this afternoon.

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