

IRELAND'S LATEST UNCROWNED KING.

Paris Rumor Says That John Dillon Will Be the Parliamentary Leader.

CHILE'S REPORTED REVOLUTION

The Navy Is Disturbed, but the Army Is All Right.

SAD OCCURRENCE IN PARIS.

The Ice on the Seine Gives Way and Drowns Nine Persons.

KOCH'S SECRET TO BE TOLD.

REPORT IN BERLIN THAT HE WILL PUBLISH THE COMPOSITION OF THE LIMPH.

GREAT FIRE AT BOMBAY.

RUSSIAN FINANCES.

THE POPE AND LIBERTY.

THE CHILEAN OUTBREAK.

THE SCOTCH STRIKES.

CALAMITY IN PARIS.

CONGO BAPTIST MISSION.

THE PALATIAL.

THE CONCORD.

THE REUNION COACHES.

THE "COMET" and "METEOR."

appears to-day, says:—"Messrs. Parnell and Redmond have attempted to contradict me with regard to communications with Mr. Gladstone. On that point I am not merely the best but the only authority. I did not inform Mr. Gladstone of the contents of Mr. Parnell's manifesto. I was asked to call on Mr. Gladstone to obtain assurances with regard to home rule."

"Mr. Gladstone acquainted me with his opinions, wishes and willingness on the subject. From what he told me I was able to express to Mr. Parnell my conviction that if his manifesto was published, Mr. Gladstone would be in a position to give certain of its statements a flat contradiction. That's the whole story."

Professor Bardeleben further stated that he had got quite a decided impression that surgical operations for tuberculosis have a much better chance of success with the aid of Koch's fluid than without it. Dr. Kochler said he was convinced that lupus can be cured by Koch's method, though it cannot yet be affirmed that every case will certainly be cured. Experiments hitherto made with Koch's fluid have led to the conviction that it is well to employ only very small doses, and this will probably be the rule in future. Where an increased dose is thought to be required the addition will be but slight.

Professor Virchow's speech, which was very unfavorable to Koch's method, has produced a painful impression among medical circles here. Professor Virchow's observations are said to be based exclusively on experiments made in the Berlin Charity Hospital, where the conditions are peculiar and different from those of other hospitals.

The Sultan is said to have taken from the Turkish doctors he sent hither to study Koch's method all the fluid they took back with them to Constantinople. His Ottoman Majesty remarked that he would not let the lymph be used till it could have a fair trial in establishments which would have to be specially erected for tuberculous patients.

SPILLED TWO HUNDRED DOLARS. CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 13, 1891.—Dr. Frederick D. Owsley inoculated three patients to-day with the Koch lymph, one of them being John McMahon, a professional pedestrian afflicted with tuberculosis, who has lost forty pounds. The cautious growth on the face of Miss Hesse, treated yesterday, continued up to the edges. In handling the fluid Dr. Owsley spilled two hundred doses, nearly half of what he brought from Europe.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE MEETING. At the meeting of the National League held to-day Mr. Parnell was given an enthusiastic reception. He was repeatedly greeted with cheers, and reiterated the statement he had previously made to the effect that he informed Mr. Justin McCarthy as to the chief features of his manifesto at least twenty-four hours before it was published.

A despatch from Longford says that there has been a split in the branch of the National League there. A division took upon the question of a vote of confidence in Mr. Parnell, who there were 150 Parnellites and 105 McCarthyites present.

During the course of his remarks Mr. Parnell said that conspiracy and intrigue were next to billingsgate, the prominent features of his opponents' resources and arguments. He said he outlined to Mr. McCarthy what are known as the four points of his manifesto, Mr. McCarthy twice told him that he had consulted with Mr. Gladstone on these points—once when they were alone together and once in the presence of Mr. John Redmond. According to Mr. Parnell Mr. McCarthy said:—"All I can say is, as I have already told you, that Mr. Gladstone intends to deny point blank all your statements," which, said Mr. Parnell, showed that Mr. Gladstone was aware of the proposed points of the manifesto.

Mr. Parnell announced that the subscriptions to the National League since the last meeting exceeded £2,000, showing that the country is practically with him.

Mr. Parnell warmly urged the claims of the riveted tenants, classing them as the soldiers of the war against landlordism.

INDORSEMENT FOR PARNELL. LONDON, Jan. 13, 1891.—The Daily News to-day admits that Mr. Parnell, in his speech at Limerick Sunday, named the correct date of the letter to Hon. Cecil John Rhodes, Premier of the Cape Colony government, which, says the News, in some telling respects confirms Mr. Parnell's account of the Hawarden interview.

Mr. John Morley, in a speech at Newcastle to-night, said that whatever else might happen in the next general election it was certain that the disident party would cease to exist. The situation in England was a purely personal one, and as for Ireland, her future depended upon herself alone. "I am authorized to say," continued Mr. Morley, "that after reading Mr. Parnell's speech at Limerick Mr. Gladstone maintains that he did not ask a binding assent to any proposal made at Hawarden. He naturally named to Mr. Parnell various suggestions in order to improve his knowledge of the field within which the ex-Ministers might confer with the consent of the Irish members. Neither the constabulary nor the magistracy was mentioned at the Hawarden interview, and it was not proposed to hand over the judiciary to the British government (or a decade or for any other period)."

Mr. Morley denied positively that he had ever offered Mr. Parnell the Chief Secretaryship of Ireland. He ridiculed the idea that home rule was needed in order to save the movement by every legitimate means in their power.

M. CARTHY AND THE MANIFESTO. LONDON, Jan. 14, 1891.—Justin McCarthy, in a communication to the Daily News (liberal) which

spite of their efforts and though a number of people were drawn from the river, nine persons are known to have been drowned.

FRENCH CONSULAR CHANGES.

PARIS, Jan. 13, 1891.—It is announced that the French government has abolished the office of French Vice Consul at Charleston, S. C. M. Thibaut is transferred from Charleston to Boston and De Lougray is transferred from Rio Janeiro to San Francisco.

AMELIE RIVES' HEALTH.

PARIS, Jan. 13, 1891.—Inquiries made at the residence of Amelie Rives, the American author, show that she has improved in health during the last few days. Her attending physician today pronounced her to be much better. He added that she was suffering from severe bronchitis and not from consumption, as was at first feared. Should the improvement continue she will start for Palermo on Monday, as her physician has ordered her to go to a warmer climate the moment she can travel.

PADLEWSKI IDENTIFIED.

MADRID, Jan. 13, 1891.—Despatches received from Olot, the town where Padlewski, the alleged murderer of General Silveira, was captured, state that there is no longer any reason for doubting that the man arrested is the individual known as Padlewski, for whom the European police have so long been searching. A photograph of the prisoner has been received from Paris by the police of Olot and it completely establishes the identity of the man now in custody.

WANTS A DIVORCE FROM SCHMALL.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 13, 1891.—Sarah E. Schmalla, wife of Dr. Octavius B. Schmalla, formerly a well known Chicago physician, who was appointed government physician at the Rosebud Indian Agency, commenced suit to-day against her husband for divorce. The wife is infidelly with Alice F. Morrison, with whom the wife resides, the Doctor eloped October 12, 1889. Mrs. Schmalla says she has been with the Morrison woman as her husband, claiming that a marriage ceremony was performed in Indianapolis.

LARGE INCREASE IN THE WAR ESTIMATES IN THE BUDGET.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 13, 1891.—In the Russian budget the war estimates are increased by 4,600,000 rubles. This sum is to be devoted to the construction of barracks. There is also an increase of 4,500,000 rubles in the estimates for the navy. M. Vishnegradski, the Minister of Finance, in a speech said, thanks to the Emperor, the efforts to maintain peace had been successful. All Russia hoped that the Emperor's peace loving policy, which while preserving the honor and dignity of the empire had maintained the blessings of peace in the most troublesome times, would be as successful in the future as it had been in the past.

THE RELIGIOUS SITUATION OF SOUTH AMERICA TO BE STUDIED AND REPORTED UPON.

ROME, Jan. 13, 1891.—The Pope has appointed a commission to study the religious situation of the South American republics with the view to reorganizing the episcopates on a system similar to that prevailing in Brazil, which is based on common law and religious liberty.

THE SCOTCH STRIKES.

GLASGOW, Jan. 13, 1891.—There is little or no change in the aspect of the great Scotch railroad strike. The Glasgow and Southwestern Railroad's men, who have not joined the ranks of the strikers, are enabling that road to grapple with the coal traffic, but with only partial success.

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GLASGOW, Jan. 13, 1891.—The Provost of Edinburgh has received a delegation from the striking railroad employees, and after listening to their version of the matters in dispute the Provost had a conference with the railroad directors and heard the other side of the story. The Provost is doing his utmost to bring about a settlement of the strike.

MARRY ME OR DIE!

COLUMBUS, Ind., Jan. 13, 1891.—Joseph Walters had been paying his attentions for some time to Miss Sarah Watson. He asked her to marry him yesterday. She flatly refused, whereupon he shot her through the neck. She fainted and he then shot himself dead. She will recover.

NUNS SIDED WITH HIM.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 13, 1891.—French Catholics here, some stirred up over the controversy between Father Brouillet, pastor of the Church of Notre Dame, and Father Durocher, formerly his assistant. The latter had been spiritual director of the French Orphanage, which is managed by the nuns, and was elected their confessor. Although the orphanage was founded by Father Brouillet and is partially supported by him, Father Durocher has attempted to get control of it. Father Brouillet claims, and unknown to him had incorporated.

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audience in Chicago last night that the Congo mission was to be abandoned for lack of funds. Treasurer Coleman and Secretary Merriam declare that Dr. Gordon either made a slip of the tongue or was misunderstood, for they said the statement was entirely inaccurate.

NOTES FROM SISTER REPUBLICS.

THE SALVADORAN GOVERNMENT ENCOUNTERING FINANCIAL DIFFICULTIES.

CITY OF MEXICO, via SALVADOR, Jan. 13, 1891.—A telegram from Salvador says that the Salvadoran government is now encountering grave financial difficulties.

FREED FROM HER "FAKIR" HUSBAND.

J. SEPHIE DE MOTT, THE CIRQUE HIBER, IS RELEASED FROM GEORGE H. KINES. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13, 1891.—In Common Pleas Court to-day Josephine De Mott Hines, a well known circus rider, was granted a divorce from her husband, George H. Hines, her marriage with whom had been consummated. It is alleged, by "fraud, force and coercion."

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MR. COLLYER TO STAY IN NEW YORK.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13, 1891.—The Rev. Robert Collyer, who is now here, denies the report that he intended leaving his New York pastorate and returning to Chicago. When he was reminded of the statement attributed to him in reference to his pastorate of the Church of the Messiah in New York, "I came to it too late and must go away too soon," he explained that the assertion was never intended to convey the idea that he meant soon to return home.

ELOPED WITH A LIVERY MAN.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 13, 1891.—Social circles of the west side are stirred up over the elopement of Miss Birdie Lucas, a girl of sixteen years, the daughter of William Lucas, of the Pioneer Press, with Milton Dubois, an employe of a Congress street livery stable. Her father's house, No. 510 Congress street, last Friday, telling her parents that she was going to Hamline to visit friends. As this was not the time for her to be out, she was kept in the house until she learned on Saturday that she had left Hamline shortly after her arrival there and had gone to the city with her husband.

ELOPERS STILL INVISIBLE.

BOSTON, Jan. 13, 1891.—Since his sudden disappearance nearly three weeks ago nothing has been heard of the whereabouts of Editor James B. Mason, of Mechanic Falls, Me., who, it is alleged, eloped with the wife of Mr. C. H. Cottin, also a resident of that village. Mrs. Mason is at present stopping with one of her married sons in South Boston. Since her husband's disappearance she has received a letter from her husband postmarked "White River Junction, Vt.," in which he said she might have his business. Mrs. Mason is understood to be not the wife of the man who eloped.

FIGHTING AN INSURANCE COMPANY.

DAYTON, Ohio, Jan. 13, 1891.—Solomon Blevins, of Troy, Miami county, sued the Phoenix Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, N. Y., to-day for \$25,000 damages. Blevins had a saw mill insured in the company. It burned down, and he had to work three months for nothing. Today they sued the company for damages and false imprisonment.

HURLED THROUGH THE AIR.

ASHLAND, Pa., Jan. 13, 1891.—A locomotive at Gordon, on the Reading Railroad, exploded to-day. Engineer Martin Seager was hurled 300 feet in the air and landed in a large pond. Brakemen John Smith, Irwin Bolch and Nicholas Hump were struck by the engine and killed. Engineer Smith and Bolch were killed and Hump was fatally hurt.

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SUCCESSFUL TRIAL OF THE CONCORD. In a Four Hours Trial She Shows Horse Power Considerably Above the Contract. SPEEDY, STIFF AND STEADY. An Average of Almost Seventeen Knots an Hour Easily Made.

THE PALATIAL.

BUCKINGHAM HOTEL. NOW COMPLETE. FIFTH AV., 40TH AND 30TH STS., NEW YORK. Cable address, "Buckingham, New York."

THE CONCORD.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 13, 1891.—The trial of the Concord for the purpose of developing her power was brought to a successful conclusion. There is every probability of the official report showing one hundred or more horse power in excess of the 3,400 called for by the contract. This means a very handsome bonus for the contractors, as \$100 premium is paid for each horse power in excess of the stipulated amount.

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